

Possibly Your Advertisements Are Already Too Good Enough—But They Are Not Yet BIG Enough.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 16, 1904. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

"Calamity is Man's True Touchstone;" and to Live Your Job is Often to Find One Twice as Good if You Try the "Want ad. Way."

FIFTY-FOURTH YEAR

10 PAGES—LAST EDITION

ANOTHER CRUSHING BLOW FOR RUSSIA

News of Defeat of Vladivostok Squadron Felt as a Great Disaster.

PORT ARTHUR SURELY DOOMED.

Shells of Japanese Land Batteries Are Falling on the Harbor.

SHIPS CAN STAY NO LONGER.

Admiralty Has Little News as to Whereabouts of Five Russian Battleships and Three Cruisers.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 15, 3:18 p. m.—The news of the defeat of the Vladivostok squadron has added another crushing blow to the reverse before Port Arthur. No public announcement has yet been made of the sinking of the Turuk.

The Chefoo report of the sortie of Russian warships from Port Arthur naturally cannot be confirmed, and the admiralty is puzzled to know whether it refers to the ships which remained in the harbor, when the main squadron went out Aug. 10, or to ships of the late Admiral Witthoef's original squadron. In either event, however, it is construed as evidence that the shells of the Japanese land batteries are falling on the harbor, rendering it impossible for the ships to remain there any longer. It is also interpreted in some quarters as indicating the eve of the storming of the fortress.

NO NEWS OF BATTLESHIPS.

The admiralty has little information regarding the sea fight of Aug. 16, or the whereabouts of five Russian battleships and three cruisers which escaped from the harbor. It is still believed that they escaped and have reached an appointed rendezvous.

LOWERING OF CZAREVITCH'S FLAG.

Russia has been officially informed of the lowering of the flags over the battleship *Czarevitch* and the two destroyers at Tsingtau, and in consequence with Germany's position that the ships must remain there until the end of the war. While ordinary ship repairs may be allowed by Germany within the harbor, no removal or repair of their armament or guns will be permitted. The reports that the United States and Great Britain have taken exception to Germany's decision in this matter do not receive credence.

ALEXIEFF VISITS VLADIVOSTOK.

Viktor Alexieff has arrived at Vladivostok. His army organ believes the Japanese army may move against the city any day and does not believe the reports that the Japanese divisions have been drafted to Port Arthur. It thinks the Japanese are likely to spread their reports in order to mislead the Russian government.

THE PALLADA TORPEDOED.

Tokyo, Aug. 16, noon.—It seems certain that the Russian protected cruiser *Pallada* was torpedoed and sunk during the naval battle of Aug. 10. She failed to return to Port Arthur and has not been reported since Admiral Togo's fleet departed on various missions the night of Aug. 10, when the Russians retreated.

Czar Will Recall Stakelberg.

London, Aug. 16.—A dispatch to a newspaper from St. Petersburg says Emperor Nicholas has decided to recall Gen. Stakelberg, who was defeated by the Japanese at Tsingtau, and Tefanovitch, who was killed in an attempt to relieve Port Arthur.

CORPORAL PUNISHMENT.

Abolished in Russia as Act of Grace Signaling Heir's Birth.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 16.—Ope of the acts of grace signaling the birth of an heir to the throne will be the abolition of the punishment of the corporal. A ukase to this effect is expected to be issued tomorrow.

Maneuvers at Camp Atascadero.

Camp Atascadero, Cal., Aug. 16.—Forty-five hundred men turned out this morning and the maneuvers at the big army camp commenced in earnest. There were six divisions engaged, composed of regular troops and California militia.

Cloudburst in Colorado.

Kingman, Ariz., Aug. 16.—Report by telegraph from Layne Springs, 11 miles north of here, says that between 5 and 6 o'clock last evening a cloudburst fell on Summit Creek mountains, sending a flood of water 15 feet deep down through the canyons, carrying everything before it. At the Night Hawk mine a house was carried away and two men drowned. George M. Bowers, a well known mining man, escaped from the building, but was injured in the fall. The body of John Conner, another victim, has not yet been recovered.

At the Alpha mine, 100 yards to the north of the Night Hawk, ore dumps were carried away and huge boulders piled up in the portals of the tunnel. At Stockton hill and all along the range shafts are filled with water and debris and much damage has been done.

General rain is falling here today.

THE PIMA INDIANS.

President Orders a New Investigation of Their Condition.

Washington, Aug. 15.—The poor condition of the Pima Indians of the Gila river reservation in Arizona, was the subject of a conference today between President Roosevelt, Commissioner of Indian Affairs Jones, and Rev. Thomas M. Moffitt of Tucson, Ariz. The president has directed a fresh investigation regarding the Indians, whose crops are affected by the diversion from them of the waters from the Gila river. In accordance with the agreement reached at the White House today, Commissioner of Indian Affairs Jones will shortly accompany a representative of the Presbyterian board of home missions to the reservation.

Disastrous Fire in Spokane.

Spokane, Wash., Aug. 16.—The most disastrous fire that has visited this city for years broke out at daybreak this morning near Riverside and Washington streets, in the retail business district. The loss is estimated at \$100,000. The fire was discovered about 4:30 a. m. in the smoke house of the Stanton Cold Storage company by night Engineer Huber. He tried to extinguish it, but owing to greater heat it spread rapidly. When the fire department arrived nearly the entire building was blazing. The flames spread to the Washington liquor company's building and event the storehouse of the other-Rankin Furniture company. Here it was checked. The principal losses are estimated as follows: Grote-Rankin company, furniture \$75,000, covered by blanket insurance; Washington liquor company, building, \$20,000, fully insured; E. H. Stanton, stock and building, \$20,000, insurance \$8,000; T. E. Westlake, stock, \$8,000; insurance, \$3,000.

Chief Encounter Jap Fleet.

Don't Aug. 16, (6 p. m.).—The Russians, it is reported, did not encounter the Japanese fleet. Nevertheless, they returned to Port Arthur.

ENGLAND OBJECTS TO RUSSIA'S CONTRABAND LIST.

London, Aug. 16.—What is considered in government circles to be not the least important feature of the latest British note delivered to Russia today is that dealing with the question of contraband. Great Britain reiterates the suggestion verbally made by Foreign Secy. Lansdowne to Count Benchenhoff, the Russian ambassador to Great Britain, that the regulations issued by the emperor defining the rights of Russian warships towards neutral vessels carrying alleged contraband should be modified and particularly urges a revision of the list of articles declared contraband. Because of her dependence on foreign countries for food Great Britain made an especial objection to the inclusion of rice and foodstuffs generally. During the exchanges of communications it has been the contention of Russia that in her regulations such foodstuffs only become contraband if intended for use as "purposes or if sent at an enemy's cost or order." Russia further points out that this is a long line laid down by the United States in the case of the steamer *Mashona* at the time of the Boer war. Russia also represented to Great Britain the difficulty in communicating the real destination of a cargo because private firms in Japan are acting in behalf of the government.

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Looking For Port Arthur's Fall.

At St. Petersburg the Expectation is That It May Occur at Any Moment—Sending Away of Gen. Stoessel's Family Regarded as Very Significant.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 16.—The expectation here is that Port Arthur will fall at any moment. Special significance is ascribed to the fact that Lieut. Gen. Stoessel's wife and children went to Chefoo on board the torpedo boat destroyer *Ryeshitneli*.

Chefoo, Aug. 16, 4 p. m.—A creditable report states that the Russian protected cruiser *Pallada* was sunk by a torpedo during the engagement on the night of August 10th.

GREAT PARADE OF CIVIL WAR VETERANS

G. A. R. Men Marched Through Streets of Boston, Which Honored Occasion as a Holiday.

TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND IN LINE

Forty-two States and Two Territories Were Represented—Each State A Division.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 15.—Today dawned clear and fairly cool for the great parade of the veterans of the Grand Army of the Republic, and in honor of the occasion the day was generally observed as a holiday by all classes of business. During the night many trams came in with posts and delegations and early in the day when the crowded specials from points within 100 miles of Boston began to arrive, traffic at both the big terminals became choked. The people jammed the train sheds and then, spreading out, began to fill the sidewalks along the line of march. There was a prospect of warmer conditions as the day should grow, but the clear skies and bright sun cheered alike the hearts of veteran and spectator.

Early in the forenoon arrived the last division of the invading Grand Army. From California to Maine and Massachusetts and from the states between a host had come and at 10 o'clock, the line of march to the parade, 25,000 men were in line.

Along the line of march at every available point, viewing stands had been built and these began to fill early. Arrangements had been made for veterans who were physically unable to engage in the parade, or who did not care to do so, to view the procession from the stand in Winthrop square. During the night the final decorative touches were placed and today the display of the city was one mammoth display of flags, bunting and streamers of red, white and blue.

The formation of the parade Edward H. Kinney, post of Boston, was given the place of honor, that of Capt. John C. Black, commander-in-chief of the G. A. R., Charles N. McConnell was chief of staff.

Forty-two states and two territories were represented in the column besides the Potomac division, made up of the old guards of Washington, D. C. Each state comprised a division with the exception of Massachusetts, which had two divisions, there being 135 posts in line from this state. New England posts numbered about 7,000 men. New York had two battalions. California was represented by two posts, and Oregon by one. It was estimated that the column would require about three hours to pass the point.

The parade moved from Arlington street to Beacon street, up Beacon hill, past the state house, where it was reviewed by Gov. Bates and state officials. At this point the column was reviewed by Mayor Collins and the city council. At the junction of Temple Place and Tremont street, the veterans met the most spectacular and picturesque feature of the parade, the 2,000 school children. Alternating ranks of girls wearing red and white dresses, and boys in blue uniforms, while squares of blue bunting were carried in a field, in which 45, carrying white stars, were placed in a way to give the effect of resting on the base of azure.

As the line passed the children sang patriotic hymns. Along Tremont street to Boylston street, where one continuous stand had been erected on the Common, 15,000 people viewed the parade, for the most part delegates to the G. A. R., and affiliated organizations and their friends. The applause for the soldiers, which had been spontaneous and loud along the line of march, became a tempest as the veterans moved past the continuous mass of people. At Boylston street, near Park square, Commander-in-Chief Black left his place at the head of the procession, and from a stand near by reviewed the line.

Golf at Newport.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 16.—With the match between the east and the west for the national championship in doubles and two rounds in singles, scheduled for today, the All-Comers tennis tournament under the auspices of the United States National Lawn Tennis association was started on the Newport Casino courts with a rush. Ward and Wright won the eastern championship in doubles at Longwood this year, while the western title was secured at Chicago by Little and Collins. As the present holders of the national title, H. L. and R. F. Doherty of England will not defend their honors, the winner of today's match will be awarded the championship.

Stenographers' Convention.

St. Louis, Aug. 15.—The convention of the National Shorthand Reporters' association convened today with about 400 delegates present.

The convention will be in session for four days.

RUSSIA FILES HER PROTEST.

It is Against Japanese Violation of Chinese Neutrality.

IS IN NATURE OF A CIRCULAR.

Formal British Protest Against Treatment of Neutral Ships Delivered To Russian Government.

Paris, Aug. 16.—Russia's protest against the Japanese violation of Chinese neutrality at Chefoo has been transmitted to the mikado's government by the French legation at Tokyo, acting purely as the intermediary of Russia, which has not made any representations to France on the subject. The latter, as a neutral power, is not directly concerned and has no reason for intervening in any manner at the present time. The impression in well informed circles here is that the whole question is not urgent, and that it will be solved diplomatically.

The news that the Russian legation at Peking has protested to the Chinese government on account of the latter's permitting a breach of neutrality in its territory is officially confirmed.

PROTEST FROM RUSSIA.

London, Aug. 16.—Ambassador Lamsdorff, carrying out the instructions of Foreign Minister Lamdorff, presented this morning to Foreign Secy. Lansdowne an official protest from his government against the "flagrant violation of international law and neutrality" by the Japanese torpedo boat destroyers at Chefoo. The protest is in the nature of a circular to all the powers and recites the facts as already published.

The St. Petersburg government asserts that the Japanese had no right even to examine the *Ryeshitneli* to determine whether she was dismantled, without first obtaining the permission of the Chinese admiral.

So far as can be learned Lord Lansdowne will merely acknowledge the receipt of the protest, reserving possible action on the part of Great Britain until all the facts are ascertained. There is reason to believe that the inquiry commenced by the British authorities after the capture of the *Ryeshitneli* has been extended so as to take in the entire question of the neutrality of China.

FORMAL BRITISH PROTEST.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 16.—The formal British protest against the treatment of the Japanese torpedo boat destroyers at Chefoo, which followed the lines of Foreign Secy. Lansdowne's and Premier Balfour's recent statements on the subject in parliament.

CHINESE OFFICIALS ALIENATED.

Tien Tsin, Aug. 16, 7 p. m.—The reported violation by the Japanese of the neutrality of China in the capture of the Russian torpedo boat destroyer *Ryeshitneli* at Chefoo has resulted in alienating to a great extent the sympathy of Chinese officials for Japan.

This applies even to officials connected with the pro-Japanese party.

Corbett and O'Brien to Fight.

New York, Aug. 16.—Jim Corbett and Jack O'Brien today signed to fight a six round bout in Philadelphia, Sept. 6.

SERIOUS TROUBLE THREATENED OVER TRIAL OF NEGROES.

Savannah, Ga., Aug. 16.—A special from Statesboro says trouble over the trial of negroes there is imminent. Several soldiers have been forcibly disarmed by the citizens. Judge Daly, who conducted the trial, is on the courthouse steps at this hour (4 p. m.) pleading with the people for quiet.

The mob is growing in number and a lynching is feared at any moment.

The riot call has been sounded in this city (Savannah) for the militia to assemble.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 16.—The officials of the Western Union Telegraph company have been advised by the manager of their company at Savannah that the mob at Statesboro have seized the telegraph office at Statesboro.

It is impossible at this time to communicate with Statesboro by telegraph.

SITUATION ON THE RIO GRANDE

Salt Lake Lady Tells of Experience Coming from Denver West.

FARMERS ARE MAKING MONEY.

All Kinds of Vehicles and Teams Used in Transporting Passengers Over Washouts.

There is deep and abiding grief in the operating department of the Denver & Rio Grande in Colorado right now owing to the effects of cloudbursts during the past week. Miss May Anderson, secretary of the Primary associations who arrived from St. Louis this morning in company with Mrs. Louis B. Felt, the president of the association, tells an interesting story of conditions, of annulled trains, others that have been tied up from 10 to 24 hours on account of washouts and weak trestles over watercourses.

"Men are out patrolling the track day and night while the train simply crawls along feeling its way," she affirmed. "The bridge at Eden where the accident occurred has been abandoned and Rio Grande trains are now running into Pueblo over the Santa Fe tracks.

On Friday night a freight train went through a bridge at Florence, while right along through the Royal Gorge and near Ruby there are dozens of washouts. At one place we had to stop while the crew got out and shoveled out about a foot of mud from the track and the trackwalkers told how they had to jump for their lives and scramble for high ground to get out of the way of the rushing water.

"The train which left Salt Lake on Saturday night arrived in Colorado Springs yesterday morning.

The situation is now well in hand and big gangs of men are repairing the damage done last week, so that all's well that ends well.

SHIPPERS COMPLAIN.

Chicago Jobbers Make Written Application to Hill and Harriman.

The following from the New York Commercial would indicate that Utah jobbers have not been the only ones to complain after the recent adjustment of freight rates from Chicago to the east to the northwest territory about Spokane.

"The Chicago Shippers' association has made a written application to the Hill and Harriman lines for important changes in the recent adjustment of freight rates from Chicago to the east to the northwest territory about Spokane."

The complaint is that the recent differences between the railroad rates and the less than carload rates from Chicago to the northwest is so great that Chicago merchants are unable to compete successfully with Spokane jobbers. Recently Spokane shippers came to Chicago and secured a readjustment of certain rates which, it is said, gives them a somewhat wider jobbing market.

"The effect of the rates, it is set forth in the application, is that Spokane jobbers can buy in Chicago, ship to Spokane in car lots and job from there in less than carloads cheaper than the Chicago jobber can reach the same points in less than carload lots."

Schlacks in Denver.

Denver, Aug. 16.—Charles H. Schlacks, vice president of the Rio Grande railroad, returned from New York today, where he has been in consultation with President E. T. Jeffery. While Mr. Schlacks would give no details, he admitted that his trip to New York was in the interest of extensive improvements on the Rio Grande system which will be carried out in the near future.

Mr. Schlacks said that his information about the disaster at Eden was too general for him to give any expression at this time. When he familiarizes himself with the details he will give a statement.

GEO. BIBLE ASSAULTED.

Rock Island Man Gets a Ladder on Top of His Head.

There was a profound sensation on Railroad row this morning when it became known that the members of the married men's nine had made a dastardly assault upon George Bible of the Rock Island, who has been selected to hold down the third sack for the bachelors. There was some talk of swearing out a complaint against the parties implicated. It appears that both sides went down to Walker's park last night to practice. In order to get into the grounds a long painter's ladder was secured and all went over the fence. Upon the homeward trip Davis

of the Burlington and Douglas of the Short Line thought that they were the last ones to see the ladder and accordingly they threw the ladder over the 12-foot fence. Before it reached the ground it alighted on Bible's head, much to the detriment of the ladder. Then it was that the trouble started. Among the other casualties during the practice was a bat in the eye for Douglas, a badly contused arm for Jim Beher, a kicked neck for Davis, Bible got under a fly and received it on the back of his head, while Frank Groeschel wrecked a pair of trousers. Arnie is now the favorite perfume of the railroad gang. As yet no umpire has been secured, but umpire or no umpire the game will be called at Lagoon on Saturday afternoon next.

SPIKE AND RAIL.

The Union Pacific main line between Rawlins and Laramie is being ballasted with Sherman hill gravel.

General Agent C. A. Walker of the Chicago & Northwestern is at Logan on a business trip.

A Raymond-Whitcomb party of 30 from Yellowstone is in the city today and will go east tonight over the Rio Grande.

The sale of tickets to Portland, San Francisco and Los Angeles yesterday and today is exceptionally heavy. This morning a sleeper to the coast was practically packed.

Business is picking up on the Union Pacific. At the present time there are 11 extra brakemen employed on the seventh district. The same conditions prevail all along the line.

N. S. Ritter, formerly of the Rio Grande passenger department in this city, now with the Pacific Coast Steamship company in San Francisco, is spending a few days in this city.

The Rio Grande this morning brought in a big excursion from Bingham on the occasion of Eagles' day at Lagoon.

General Agent Neslen of the Burlington left this morning with his family for San Francisco.

The Utah Fuel company has added a further 160 acres of patented coal land to its previous holdings in Emery county, by purchasing the above amount of William Nelson of Salt Lake and E. H. Cowie of Colorado. The land lies in Huntington canyon, is in section 35, township 14 south, and range 6 east. The consideration is nominal—Emery County property.

PROSPECT FOR SETTLING STRIKE NOT REASSURING.

Chicago, Aug. 16.—Despite the mayor's intervention prospects for peace in the packing house strike were far from reassuring today. The packers at a meeting held last night in Swift & Co's offices appointed a committee consisting of Edward Tilden, Thomas E. Wilson and Thomas E. Connors to represent them at a conference with the mayor, but today an official of one of the big companies, assured an anti-strike President Donnelly declared he did not expect to be present at the time the conference was to meet. He said his reason was that at the hour named he had to address the hog butchers' union.

"And the hog butchers are a great deal more important to me than the mayor," said the head of the strikers. "Harris was too long getting in. He has heard our say for fair police treatment and has ignored it. He need not think that now he can snap his fingers or whistle and have us come to do his bidding."

Without waiting for the time set, the packers sent a committee to Mayor Harrison and informed him it would do no good to arrange a joint conference with the strike leaders. The committee contended that the packers had already won the strike and had no reason to meet the strikers. The packers' cause, they declared, was that they controlled Chicago's greatest industry and had such vast interests at stake that they could not be dominated by their employees, that they could not accept anybody's intervention. The mayor is reported to have said in reply that he was satisfied his good offices were useless and that he would make further efforts to bring about a meeting between the packers and strikers.

Western Golf Championship.

Highland Park, Ill., Aug. 16.—Play in the sixth annual championship of the Western Golf association at the Excelsior club began today. W. F. Pillsbury, University club champion, and Frank Weber of Toledo, drove the first balls in the qualifying round of 36 holes.

Golfing conditions were favorable, the course was in excellent condition and Exmoor took good care of the biggest tournament the association ever gave. The list of eligibles is 106. Pairs were made at intervals of five minutes.

The 32 making the best medal scores constitute the qualifying list to continue at match play. In all 33 of the 61 clubs of the United States Golf association were represented in the list of starters, including Walter E. Egan, of Exmoor, who gained the title at Cleveland last year and will defend it this time. Experts predicted a gold medal score for the qualifying round of about 155, while it may be that 175 will be the limit for the qualifying total.

Exmoor's course is a true test of golf, although slighting the cutting of the rough is not realized to the extent that it is on other 18-hole courses. The playing length is 5,880 yards and bogey is 42-40-32. Following is the bogey card:

Out 4 5 3 5 4 6 5 5 5 42
In 4 3 5 5 4 4 5 4 4 40-32

Former Western Champion H. Chandler Egan, of the home club, took was in the interest of extensive improvements on the Rio Grande system which will be carried out in the near future.

Former Western Champion H. Chandler Egan furnished the sensation of the first half of the qualifying round by breaking all records for the course, with a marvelous score of 70, missing a put by one inch on the home green for a 69. Robert Southam of Riverside had the professional record of 72 which was equaled last year by Egan in a match play event. Fay Ingalls of Cincinnati, the Harvard golf champion, who was paired with Egan, totaled 73 for 18 holes. The score follows:

H. C. Egan, Exmoor:
Out 4 5 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 35
In 3 5 5 3 3 4 4 5 3 30-65

Fay Ingalls, Cincinnati:
Out 5 5 4 4 5 4 5 4 5 38
In 3 5 7 5 4 5 4 4 4 30-68

Ex-Gov. Lounsberry Dead.

Bridgefield, Conn., Aug. 16.—George E. Lounsberry, who was governor of Connecticut in 1879 and 1890, died today.

DUBOIS WENT DOWN IN DEFEAT

Idaho Democratic Convention Refused to Adopt His Anti-Polygamy Plank.

VOTE WAS 153 AGAINST, 131 FOR

In Committee and in Convention Fight Went Back and Forth For 14 Hours.

MAY BE UP FOR RECONSIDERATION

Opponents of Resolution Pointed Out That No Countenance Had Been Given Polygamy Since Manifesto Issued.

Lewiston, Ida., Aug. 16.—After a heated debate which lasted far into the night, the Democratic state convention refused to adopt a plank introduced in the shape of a resolution by United States Senator Dubois, denouncing in vigorous terms the practice of polygamy. In committee and before the convention the fight was carried back and forth for almost 14 hours, speakers becoming exceedingly acrid if not personal in their language.

VOTE TAKEN.

At 1 a. m. a vote was taken which defeated the motion. It stood 153 against and 131 for. The convention adjourned at once, and it is likely to be late today before the convention gets down to business, as the supporters of the resolution announced after adjournment that the fight would be continued today in the shape of a motion to reconsider.

DUBOIS WAS RADICAL.

United States Senator Dubois, who was defeated as a delegate in his own county and succeeded in being chosen by Custer county, proposed a radical Anti-Mormon resolution. Dubois' own friends largely objected to his attitude, and his resolution has been softened to denouncing polygamy and the mixing of church and state; and promising to favor legislation to carry out the resolution. The prospect now is that this resolution will be defeated and the national Democratic plank be simply reaffirmed. Should the Dubois resolution fail, it is anticipated, it is considered likely that ex-Senator Henry Helfield of Lewiston, who today was regarded as almost certain to be nominated for the governorship, will be nominated by Maj. James H. Hawley, of Boise, though ex-Gov. Frank Steuneger is now being vigorously upheld for the candidacy by members of all factions.

CONSERVATIVE ELEMENT.

The conservative element in the resolutions committee triumphed, and the "Mormon" resolution in the moderate language suggested by Dubois' friends, was adopted by the committee by the close vote of 10 to 8, and reported back to the convention. The fight that had been going on in the committee room was only preliminary to that which was to occur in the convention. For hours the battle waged.

IN FAVOR OF RESOLUTION.

Those in favor of the Dubois resolution argued that conditions in Idaho were such that it was necessary to warn the Church that if the alleged "Mormon" resolution failed, they were not stopped, legislation along the line of disfranchisement would follow. Opponents of the resolution argued that the "Mormon" Church since the manifesto of 1900 did not countenance polygamy and that the alleged interference of the Church in politics was only along the same lines as ministers of other denominations practiced. It was admitted that there were residents of Idaho living in polygamy, but that the number was limited, and applied to cases where the marriages