EVENING NEWS.

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CHARLES W. PENROSE, EDITOR.

Monday, December 17, 1888.

THE SPIRIT OF ANNEXATION.

THE inhabitants of portions of the world lying contiguous to the United States are more or less envious of the beneficent forms and institutions of our government, hence more or less willing to live under it; and annexation talk is freely indulged it. The long standing possibility of the northern tier of Mexican states being absorbed into the great American Union does not wane, nor does the fear that such an event may occur grow less in the capital of Mexico, and the proposition to annex Canada is being discussed with increasing freedom and earnestness.

In line with all this comes a revival of the scheme to annex Cuba. The following from the New Orleans *Times-Democrat* borrows interest from the spirit of the times, though it may be doubted if the reference to President Cleveland's aims is made upon good authority:

"It is asserted in New York that Mr. Cleveland will himself enter the annexation field by suggesting the purchase of Cuba, and that Perry Belmont was appointed Minister to Spain with the special purpose of purchasing that island; that Mr. Cleveland wants to make his administration historically conspicuous by associating it with some important event, and that he regards the annexation of a rich and fertile island as having that effect and adding to the strength and wealth of the country. In ante-bellum times this proposition to purchase Cuba was frequently made, and on one occasion, at least, seriously considered by Spain and a price fixed, not beyond the resources of our treasury. There can be no reasonable doubt that the annexation would have come about but for the war, interrupting, as it did, the project and greatly checking the aggressive Americanism formerly prevailing, and which insisted that all America must become a part of the United States. Now that the war is laid at rest, these old ideas and projects come up again, and we may expect to see them vigorously pressed."

Cuba has long been for sale, and Spain once offered the Island to the United States at a price which was not too great for our treasury. The negotiations were, however, interrupted by the breaking out of the rebellion, but for which event it is quite likely that Cuba would today have comprised one or more states of the American Union. The *Atlanta* (Georgia) *Constitution*, in reference to the annexation of Cuba, suggests that Spain may offer the Island to Germany or England, and that our government would object to its purchase by either of those powers.

There is no doubt that the great majority of the inhabitants of Cuba would hail with pleasure a prospect of becoming a portion of the United States. The only class who would object would be Spaniards actuated by national pride. Annexation is a prominent topic of the times.

CHANGING CIRCUMSTANCES.

THE Boulangist journals of France bitterly denounce the refusal of the Chamber of Deputies to lend government aid to the Panama Canal scheme, pronouncing it ruinous to investors and a blot upon the nation itself. This would seem to argue two propositions—that the followers of Boulanger are disposed to, as the minority of the British Parliament do, oppose the governmental policy as a matter of course, and that they uphold the doctrine of a strong paternal government. A certain amount of protection to the individual and to private interests is expected of every nation, and it is its duty to extend it whenever required, but it would be difficult to explain why France as a government should become interested in a project the prosecution of which is the certainty of an enormous outlay and the successful outcome of which is at least questionable; or, supposing the limit of expense were demonstrated and France could afford the outlay, either as a cash advancement or by certain guarantees, it would even then be a questionable enterprise. Let the undertaking of separating the two continents become a national instead of an individual movement, and the Monroe doctrine will become conspicuous among the public themes on this side the Atlantic; indeed, it has already been raised and discussed, but probably no real intervention would take place if the character of the enterprise remained as it began. France had one lesson in respect to interference with foreign soil in the early sixties, when Maximilian, backed by it, sought to effect the overthrow of the Mexican Republic and establish himself as an Emperor. And the excuse of collecting a debt then existed, whereas now a very different condition of things, the contracting of a debt and a big one being evidently the consummation awaiting the further movement toward the completion of the Panama Canal.

De Lesseps has a hard time of it, and individually is entitled to sympathy. One day he weeps over prospective success; the next, his tears flow because failure stares him in the face. No one can tell what a day may bring forth in France, but it looks now as if the scheme had received a quietus.

SAMOA.

SOME of the leading newspapers of the Pacific Coast are urging the propriety and necessity of action on the part of our government looking to the preservation of the right of the Samoans to govern themselves. There is strong evidence on which to base the suspicion that Germany desires to take complete possession of the Samoan Islands. As a naval station they would be of great value, and their commerce is no inconsiderable inducement to own them. There is no doubt that England would also like to make a province of this group of Islands, if her way to do so were clear. But the commercial and other interests of the United States have induced former administrations to take an interest in the affairs of Samoa, particularly with a view to preserving the autonomy of the Islands; and it is urged that the existing condition of things on them requires prompt action on the part of our government to preserve existing treaties with and relating to them, and to maintain the self-government of the natives. Germany is taking a part which affords both England and the United States grounds for objection, and if not restrained she may acquire a foothold in the islands adverse to the interests of this country and England.

Were Germany to acquire control in Samoa, it is probable that full religious toleration would no longer exist there. It is therefore to be hoped that the right of self-government will not be taken from the natives, particularly by such an iron government as the German Empire.

VOTE PURCHASING

THE New York *World* is entitled to credit for its enterprise in the matter of unearthing the systematic purchase of votes in the late election. It has already shown that the extent to which this evil was carried is greatly in excess of that of any other time, and wishing to obtain expressions of opinion from authoritative sources, it recently addressed a circular inquiry to the Governors of all the States with that object in view. Answers to the great majority of them were duly received, and these are printed in its issue of the 13th instant—last Thursday. The different opinions therein expressed form a very entertaining *potpourri*. Most of the executives are decidedly against the system of vote-buying, regarding it as the greatest menace to free institutions; others are milder in their denunciation, others have "no personal knowledge" of anything of the kind having taken place, and a few abruptly decline to answer. It is noticeable that none of them deny the awful charge outright, and this circumstance is of itself somewhat significant.

SHOULD GO SLOW.

THE coroner's jury sitting on the bodies of the murdered Mrs. Hawes and her two daughters, at Birmingham, Alabama, have succeeded in finding that the husband and father, R. R. Hawes, was the author of the crimes in each instance. It was the belief on the part of the populace that he was the guilty man that caused the attempted lynching and fearful tragedy at that place a few days ago, and upon the heels of that awful affair a jury of any kind would be apt to yield to the pressure and construe doubts against the prisoner. Hawes may be guilty; in fact, circumstances are said to point so strongly to him as the perpetrator of the crimes charged that such a conclusion is irresistible; and if that be the case his punishment is certain. It is as well, however, to give him a fair and impartial trial, for appearances are frequently deceptive and he *may be* innocent. In any event the people have nothing to lose by quieting down and letting the majesty of the law have full and uninterrupted sway. The fact that the sheriff who resisted the gathering with such terrible results has been twice arrested and is now held in jail on the charge of murder for having done only what seems at this distance his plain duty, shows that the whirlwind of passion engendered by the belief that Hawes was guilty, and reaching the point of all but irresistible fury immediately after the conflict with the sheriff occurred, has not yet entirely subsided, and Birmingham would not seem to be the place where a jury to try the case should be drawn at any time. The manner in which the coroner's panel skimmed over the surface of the case in the matter of findings to reach the solemn conclusion that death was inflicted by Hawes, when the evidence was purely circumstantial, illustrates the foregoing conclusion with tolerable clearness.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Religious services were held in the Tabernacle, Salt Lake City, Sunday, Dec. 16, 1888, commencing at 2 p.m., President Angus M. Cannon presiding.

The choir sang:

Peace, troubled soul! thou need'st not fear,
Thy great Provider still is near.

Prayer by Elder George F. Gibbs.

The choir and congregation sang

Come, come ye Saints, no toil nor labor fear,
But with joy wend your way.

The Priesthood of the Eleventh Ward officiated in the administration of the Sacrament.

ELDER SEYMOUR B. YOUNG was called to address the congregation. He sincerely trusted that the Saints would lift their hearts to the Lord, that His Holy Spirit might give that instruction necessary on the proper occasion. We judge of the quality of the temporal food we receive for our bodies, and we should also know of the quality of the spiritual food offered unto us. Today we are partaking of the emblems of the sufferings and death of our Lord Jesus Christ, who fulfilled a mission in an earthly probation, descending below all things that he might ascend above all. He came to earth a helpless infant, in the humblest station in life. He did not behold the light of day in the habitation of man; but a stable was the birthplace of the Redeemer of the world.

Adam and Eve were placed in the garden of Eden, and talked with God face to face. Through transgression they were cast out of the garden; sin having begotten the shame they felt. When they were expelled from the garden, they went forth to toil for the necessaries of life; death had been pronounced upon them for their transgression. By their own action they had been banished from the presence of God and became subject to mortality. But there was a providence in all this, as the Prophet says, "Adam fell that man might be, and men are that they might have joy." The Lord had prepared for this in providing a plan of salvation for mankind. The children of God were given the privilege of coming to earth, having their own agency, and being given power to again enter the presence of their Father. Adam built an altar, the location of which was pointed out by the Lord to the Prophet Joseph Smith; at this altar Adam offered sacrifice, because the Lord commanded him.

To redeem man from the fall Christ came into the world, and in commemoration of His sacrifice we partake of the sacrament. When we do so we covenant to keep His commandments in all things. We covenant to offer to Him a broken heart and a contrite spirit. We should ask ourselves, "Do we partake of these emblems worthily? are we keeping the covenants we have entered into?"

When Jesus was born, and the wise men of the east came to worship Him, Herod desired to learn where He was, but the wise men were warned by an angel to return to their land by another way, and Joseph was directed to take the young child to Egypt. Herod was defeated in his design against the Lord. In later years Jesus manifested the divine powers He possessed, on numerous occasions, both in the presence of His disciples and others. Before His crucifixion, He gave the charge to Peter to feed His sheep. In reference to John the Baptist, Jesus said not a greater prophet had been born of woman, and He received baptism at John's hands. It was becoming to the Savior of the world to be baptized, to fulfil all righteousness—to obey the commands of His Father. When he had been baptized and came out of the water, a light descended from heaven, and a dove came down and rested upon Him—the Holy Ghost in the form of a dove. At the same time a voice from heaven said, "This is my beloved Son, in Whom I am well pleased." Subsequently He went unto the mount, where the transfiguration occurred, and Moses and Elias communed with Jesus. Peter wanted to always maintain the spirit he felt there, and to build altars to Jesus and Moses and Elias. Jesus would not permit this, for He knew that His time was not to be spent on the mount, but that He must descend into the valley of the shadow of death.

When He came before Pilate, after having been scourged and crowned with thorns, He was asked, "Art Though indeed the King of the Jews?" He replied, "Thou hast said." Pilate himself wondered at the treatment accorded by the Jews to One who had come to be their friend and benefactor, who had performed so many miracles among them. Is it any wonder that Pilate expressed his surprise at the condition of humiliation to which Jesus had been brought? Even John, who had heard the voice from heaven declaring that Jesus was the beloved Son, thought it necessary to send a messenger to the Lord to inquire, "Art Thou He that should come, or look we for another?" Jesus replied to the messenger, to tell John that the sick were healed, the deaf made to hear, the blind to see, and that the poor had the Gospel preached to them. In His dying agony Jesus pleaded for the forgiveness of those who were clamoring for His life; they knew not that He was the Lord of life, though He had declared it unto them. Thus throughout His whole career He showed forth the divine spirit which He possessed. The sufferings heaped upon Him, the ignominious death to which He was condemned, the reviling, the scorning, had no effect to turn Him from obeying His Father's will. When one of the thieves who were crucified with Him upbraided the other for his revilings, Jesus spoke consolation to the penitent heart.

At the moment of dissolution He felt the darkness of despair upon Him, and exclaimed, "My God, why hast Thou forsaken me?" It was necessary for the Spirit of life to be withdrawn from Him for a time, that death might have power over Him for the accomplishment of the purposes of the Almighty. Jesus suffered an agonizing death, but His course was in the path to life eternal—to an everlasting triumph over sin and death. The third day after He was laid in the tomb His body and spirit were united, and by the resurrection became "the first fruits of them that slept." He appeared to His disciples after His resurrection and gave them additional instruction; finally, they witnessed His ascension to heaven, and heard the angel declare that He would come again to earth.

In this dispensation the Gospel has been restored preparatory to His great and second coming, when He will take possession of His kingdom and reign Lord of lords and King of kings. The restoration of the Gospel prior to this great event was foretold by the ancient Prophets. It had been driven from the earth through the wickedness of men, and it was necessary that an angel should come to restore it. At the same time, God's judgments were to commence to go forth among the children of men.

When Joseph Smith went into the woods and prayed, the Almighty made known to him His Son. As the presence of God proclaimed to Peter that Jesus was the Christ, so was the same proclamation made to Joseph Smith. In obedience to the commands of the Lord, Joseph proceeded, in the organization of the Church, and the preaching of the Gospel to the inhabitants of the earth. As on the day of Pentecost the Holy Spirit rested upon the servants of God, so also has it rested upon them in the present dispensation. By this spirit has come to the Saints the testimony of the Lord Jesus.

May we retain that testimony and be faithful in all things, walking nearer to God as life passes on, that we may ever have His blessings with us, and our hearts and hands be pure before Him. May no cry of the poor, of the widow, or of the orphan, go up to the Lord through our neglect. Let us bring joy to the hearts of those called to suffer and mourn, and maintain our integrity in all things. Let us unite, from the least to the greatest; for the hour of God's judgment has come. Let us live that His mercies may rest upon us; that we may demonstrate that we truly love and serve Him.

The choir sang:

As the dew from heaven distilling,
Softly on the grass descends.

Benediction by Patriarch John Smith.

LAST NIGHT'S NEWS.

Terrible Storms.

PARIS, Dec. 16.—Terrible storms have been raging for three days in the department of Pyrenees Orientals, flooding villages and causing wrecks and much loss of life.

The Daily Explosion.

BRADFORD, Pa., Dec. 16.—A dynamite magazine three miles from Bradford, containing 800 pounds of dynamite, blew up this morning, doing great damage to surrounding property. No one injured.

The New Minister.

BERLIN, Dec. 16.—The Emperor today gave audience to Count Rascon, the new Spanish minister, who presented his credentials and Count Debnomer's letters of recall.

Insanity the Cause.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 16.—At Toddtown, Jno. Ferguson shot and killed his wife this morning then shot himself. Both died immediately. Temporary insanity.

A Bloodthirsty Chief.

LONDON, Dec. 16.—Advices from South Africa say the King of Sivaseyland recently caused the massacre of his premier and six chiefs and their people, who were supposed to be concerned in a plot to dethrone him in favor of his brother.

Hawes Again Found Guilty.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Dec. 16.—The coroner's jury today held an inquest on the body of Irene Hawes, found in the lake yesterday, and returned a verdict that deceased came to her death at the hands of her father, R. R. Hawes.

A Useless Expedition.

BERLIN, Dec. 16.—The *Fressininge Zeitung* and other newspapers argue that if Osman Digna's reports are true the Wissman expedition will be useless. Some journals argue that it would take at least four months to cover the distance which the reports must travel from Lado and that therefore they must be false.

The Anarchists.

CHICAGO, Dec. 16.—Two or three small meetings of anarchists and socialists were held today, but they developed nothing sensational.

Mrs. Parsons, contrary to announcement, did not arrive home tonight from her trip to Europe. A committee of her friends who were to meet her at the depot were notified last evening that she would not reach the city till tomorrow.

The Sports.

TORONTO, ONT., Dec. 16.—Wm. O'Connor has challenged Henry Searle, of Australia, to row a three-mile race for the championship of the world and £1000 a side, the race to take place on neutral water.

PRIZE FIGHT.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16.—Mike Cushing, of Brooklyn, and Pete Walsh, of Pittsburg, weighing 130 pounds each, fought a game fight to a finish at Rutherford, N. J., this morning. The contest was short, sharp and decisive. Cushing having the best of the battle all the way through, though Walsh was game and took his mauling well. Walsh was knocked out in the fourth round.

Indians are Amenable.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 16.—Judge Ross, in the United States Court yesterday, rendered an interesting decision as to the rights of Indians living on their own reservation to exercise tribal laws and pass sentences of death. The case was that of Billy Whaley, Pouchy Francis, Scott Lake and Pete and John Chino, Tule River Indians, charged with the murder of their medicine man, Juan Baptiste, because twenty of his patients had died under his care, and the Indians believed he was systematically

POISONING THEM.

To defendants was assigned the task of disposing of the doctor, which they did by shooting him. They were allowed to plead guilty of manslaughter, but their counsel raised the point that the court had no jurisdiction.

Judge Ross, in his decision, decided that under the act of Congress of 1882, all Indians committing crimes against the persons or property of other Indians or other persons within the territory of the United States, are amenable to the laws of the United States, whether living on their own reservation or not. The defendants were sentenced to five years' imprisonment and fined $1 each.

A cheap sleeping-car service is being introduced on the Union Pacific for the benefit of purchasers of tourists or second-class tickets. Seventeen cars of this description have been placed in operation between Omaha and Ogden, and it is proposed to place a line between Denver and Kansas City. The berths are furnished with clean linen, good blankets and mattresses. Attendance is in attendance, and the entire cost is 50c. per night. The enterprise is conducted by an Omaha firm.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAMS

Indians Declared Amenable to the Civil Law by Judge Ross, of California.

Riddleberger Perpetrates Another of His Specialties in the Senate.

Boulanger Sympathizes with Lesseps. —A Lottery Scheme to Aid the Canal.

The Phonograph Successfully Used as a Witness in an English Court.

Gov. Alger, of Michigan, En Route to Maine, with an Important Message, Etc.

By Telegraph to the NEWS.

Bright Relapses.

LONDON, Dec. 17.—John Bright has suffered a relapse.

Canal Shares.

PARIS, Dec. 17, 1 p. m. — Panama Canal shares, 83 francs 75 centimes.

Bill Approved.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—The President has approved the act making a deficiency appropriation for contingent expenses of the House.

Dead.

COLUMBUS, O., Dec. 17.—Dr. James Scott, author of the famous Scott liquor law, died at Lebanon yesterday, aged 73.

Lucy Parsons.

CHICAGO, Dec. 17.—Lucy Parsons, the anarchist, arrived home secretly this morning, but left again without saying where she was going.

To Wind It Up.

LONDON, Dec. 17.—The stockholders of the Lake Superior Copper Company have decided to wind up the affairs of the concern.

Freight Rates Restored.

NEW YORK, Dec. 17.—Freight rates both east and west bound, were restored by the trunk lines this morning.

A Postmaster.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—The President has nominated John W. Dawson postmaster at Phillipsburg, Montana.

Disastrous Wreck.

LONDON, Dec. 17. — The steamer *Jasper Workington*, for Glasgow, has foundered off the Wigtown coast. The crew of 11 were drowned.

Tremendous Default.

PARIS, Dec. 17.—A Bourse speculator named Bex, whose operations were principally in copper, has defaulted for 12,000,000 francs. Another failure is expected.

A Veteran Dead.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 17.—James C. Morford, aged 93, the last member of the Association of Old Defenders of Baltimore, is dead.

Boulanger and Lesseps.

PARIS, Dec. 17.—Boulanger has sent a message of sympathy to Lesseps on the failure of the canal bill. Boulanger says the rejection of the bill is deplorable and the crowning sin of the Chamber.

A Lottery Favored.

PARIS, Dec. 17.—A meeting of shareholders of the company has been convened. It is expected to be very large and will favor a gigantic lottery scheme to relieve the necessities of the company.

Severe Enough.

MEMPHIS, Dec. 17.—Officials of the Southern Express Co. say their loss by the train robbery on Saturday night near Duck Hill, Miss., will not exceed $30,000. The train which followed had $59,000 in the express car.

The Phonograph's Work.

LONDON, Dec. 17.—During the trial of a trade mark suit in the law courts today, a phonograph was introduced to reproduce a letter and other papers. The instrument worked successfully.

Whites vs. Blacks.

ZANZIBAR, Dec. 17.—The French man-of-war has arrived.

The Sultan has returned; he has been absent directing religious and sacrificial ceremonies designed to defeat the schemes of the whites.

To Pension Veterans.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—Some days ago Lawler, of Illinois, introduced a bill in the House pensioning veterans when they reach the age of 60 years. Today he introduced an amendment reducing it to 50.

The Veteran Poet.

DANVERS, Mass., Dec. 17.—Whittier, the poet, today reached his 81st birthday. Many friends and neighbors called to pay respects. A large number of congratulatory telegrams were received. Whittier is in fairly good health.

Distinguished Chinese.

CHICAGO, Dec. 17.—Ling Liang Quan, secretary of legation at Lima, Peru; Chin Shia Yis, consul-general at Havana; Ling Ting Chan, consul-general at San Francisco; Yi Keng, attache of legation at San Francisco, are in this city and leave tonight for the coast.

O. S. L. Earnings.

BOSTON, Dec. 17. — The Oregon Short Line Railway Co's statement for October shows the earnings to be $288,000, an increase of $117,000; surplus, deducting expenses, $149,000, an increase of $83,000. For ten months prior to Oct. 31st earnings $2,184,000, increase $537,000; surplus $999,000, increase $433,000.

Jewels Seized.

DETROIT, Dec. 17.—Gilbert Larrois, a clothing merchant of Nicaragua, arrived here this morning from Europe with $35,000 worth of diamonds, which he had not paid the duty on. They were seized. Larrios says he was ignorant of our customs law and intended the jewels for his betrothed.

They Like Protection.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Dec. 17.—A committee of six prominent manufacturers leave here for Indianapolis to present an address to Harrison setting forth that political parties in the South can now divide on practical issues, and that the signers are pleased with the triumph of protection. They ask Harrison to recognize the best element of the republican party in making appointments in the South. It has been signed by about fifty prominent manufacturers and business men, most of them democrats.

Another Riddlebergerism.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—In the Senate today, President pro tem Ingalls laid before the Senate the resolution of Riddleberger, proposing a reorganization of the Senate after January 1st and the action spoke in support of it. He said its object was to put more other than the senator from Kansas in the chair, asserting that he had been the chief figure in the most disorderly scenes he could recollect occurring on the Senate floor. He said a change was necessary in order that the faith of the republican party, pledged to the consideration of the British extradition treaty in open session, might be kept.

At the conclusion of his remarks, Riddleberger asked leave to withdraw the resolution, but objection was made by Harris, of Tennessee, who moved to lay it on the table, and called for the yeas and nays after paying a high tribute to Ingalls' impartiality and ability.

Finally, the senator from Virginia was permitted to withdraw his resolution, and the incident closed.

It Looks Like Blaine.

BOSTON, Dec. 17.—Salem special: General Alger, of Michigan, passed through here yesterday on his way to Augusta, Maine, to meet Blaine. At Ipswich he sent a dispatch to Blaine asking him to meet him at the station that evening. It is understood that Alger comes direct from Harrison with an important message for Blaine.

A Huge Enterprise.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 17.—A dispatch from the City of Mexico says: In Congress Saturday night the Union Light, Fuel and Glass Co. of America, in which St. Louis, Chicago, New York and Detroit parties are largely interested, obtained a concession for the introduction of water, fuel and gas into all the cities and government buildings throughout the republic.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FLOUR AT COST!
We have a car load for our patrons during the Holidays.
G. W. DAVIS, Agent.

CARPENTERS TAKE NOTICE!
There will be a meeting held at Temple of Honor Hall, on Tuesday eve, Dec 18, 1888, at 7 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of organizing a union. dlt

No remedy for blood disorders can equal Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Though concentrated and powerful, this medicine is perfectly safe, and may be taken by children as well as adults. Physicians recommend it in preference to any other. Price $1. Worth $5 a bottle.

EYE AND EAR.
Dr. Ira Lyons has removed to 42 West, 3rd South, one-half block west of Clift House.

PEOPLE'S EQUITABLE CO-OP.
Our principle is to divide profits with our patrons.

Plush Cases, the cheapest in town. Johnson, Pratt & Co., 48 Main St.

The rush to the People's Equitable Co-op. is caused by the low prices at which the goods are sold.

Nearly all colds are slight, at first, but their tendency is to so lower the system that the sufferer becomes a ready victim to any prevalent disease. The use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, in the beginning of a cold, would guard against this danger.

FIRE!
Go to the Rock Springs Coal Co. Agency, for Rock Springs, Pleasant Valley, Grass Creek, Bear River and Red Canton Coal.
A trial is a guarantee of future patronage. W. S. HARRIS, Agent.

F. Auerbach & Bro. are closing out their Mather Kid Gloves at $1.00 and $1.25, former price $1.75 and $2.00.

FOR SALE!
A good Farm in Summit County for sale, or exchange for city property or land in the 5 or 10 acre plat.
Apply to W. W. RITER, 346 Fourth East Street.

The prescription trade a specialty at Johnson, Pratt & Co.'s, 48 Main St.

FRARS' Soap secures a beautful complexion.

SAM LEVY,
Manufacturer of Fine Havana Cigars
171 & 173 s. Main Street.

C. C. Amussen is selling out his Jewelry Stock. See his advt.

Send the children for Drugs to Johnson, Pratt & Co., 48 Main St.

Everything at People's Equitable Co-op. first-class, except prices.

WHEN you desire a pleasant physic, try St. Patrick's Pills.
Sold by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

FOX & SYMONS,
Artistic Photographers.
FINEST $8.00 per doz. Cabinet Photographs $3.00 per doz.
In Salt Lake.
We WILL sell cheaper than any other house in town, and we WILL guarantee all our work. Remember our new address—just South of Clift House, the only Gallery in the city on the "Ground Floor" and contains the largest lot of accessories necessary for Artistic work. Call on us when you want Fine Photographs and the Cheapest in Salt Lake.

The purest Drugs obtainable at Johnson, Pratt & Co.'s, 48 Main St.

MANY persons contract severe colds during the early winter months and permit them to hang on persistently all winter, weakening the lungs and paving the way for catarrh, chronic bronchitis, or consumption. No one can afford to neglect a cold. A single bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy will cure the most severe cold, and costs but 50 cts.
Sold by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

For good, clean and fresh groceries, go to Waite & Sperry, 24 W. First South St. dfm

No monopoly at People's Equitable Co-op. It is the people's store, they receiving part of profits.

COAL! COAL!!
Rock Springs, Red Canon, Weber and Pleasant Valley. Order from the Union Pacific Company. C. E. WANTLAND, agent; office corner Main and Second South.

FAMILIES
Desiring Fine Winter Apples, free from worms, at a very low price, should correspond with Provo's Grocer, J. R. Boshard; he can give you just what you want.

The dry, cold weather of the early winter months is productive of a great deal of croup among children. Mothers should be on the look out for it and be prepared to arrest it as soon as the first symptoms appear. True croup never comes without warning; a day or two before the attack the child becomes hoarse, and that symptom is soon followed by a peculiar rough cough. If Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is given as soon as this hoarseness or cough appears, all danger and anxiety may be avoided; it has never failed, even in the most severe cases. There is no danger in giving the remedy, for it contains no injurious substance.
Sold by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

Highest price paid for all kinds of produce at C. B. Durst's. Notations from the country promptly responded to. C. B. DURST.

WHY WOMEN FADE.
Women lose their beauty because colds undermine their life. Dr. Acker's English Remedy for Consumption is an absolute cure for colds.
Sold by Z. C. M. I. Drug Store.

HOW DOCTORS CONQUER DEATH.
Doctor Walter K. Hammond says: "After a long experience I have come to the conclusion that two-thirds of all the deaths from coughs, pneumonia and consumption, might be avoided if Dr. Acker's English Remedy for Consumption were only carefully used in time." This wonderful Remedy is sold under a positive guarantee by
Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

DOCTORS' BILLS.
Nearly all diseases originate from inaction of the liver, and this is especially the case with chills and fever, intermittent fevers and malarial diseases. To save doctors' bills and ward off disease take Simmons Liver Regulator, a medicine that increases in popularity every year, and has become the most popular and best endorsed medicine in the market for the cure of liver or bowel diseases.—*Telegraph*, Dubuque, Iowa.

ALL WOOL!
Childs', Misses' and Ladies' Hose.
Men's and Boys' Socks, Mittens, Leggings, Shawls, Yarns, Blankets, Flannels, Etc.
JOHN C. CUTLER & BRO., Agents Provo Woolen Mills,
No. 36 EAST TEMPLE ST.

THE VERDICT UNANIMOUS.
W. D. Salt, druggist, Bippus, Ind., testifies: "I can recommend Electric Bitters as the very best remedy. Every bottle sold has given relief in every case. One man took six bottles and was cured of rheumatism of ten years' standing." Abraham Hare, druggist, Belleville, Ohio, affirms: "The best selling medicine I have ever handled in my twenty years' experience is Electric Bitters." Thousands of others have added their testimony, so that the verdict is unanimous that Electric Bitters do cure all the diseases of the Liver, Kidneys and Blood. Only half a dollar a bottle at H. C. Smith & Co's drug store.

War Department, Signal Service.

DAILY WEATHER BULLETIN.

At Salt Lake City, Utah, on December 17, 1888. Observations taken at 8 a. m. 105th Meridian time, at all stations.

PLACE OF OBSERVATION.	Temp. of Air	Change in 24 Hours.	TIDE OF LAKE. Water.	TIDE OF LAKE. Month'n	WIND. Direction.	WIND. Force in Miles per Hour.	State of Weather.
S. L. City..	42		38	8	E	Light	Cl'dy
Helena....	34		30	8	W	12	Cloudy
Ft. Custer.	34		32	8	W	8	Fair
Boise City.	26		34	8	E	Light	Foggy
Washakie.	14		14	W		Light	Clear
Win'em'cca							
Rawlins W.	30			W		Light	Fair

Signal Service, reports taken at 11 a. m.

S. L. City ..	42		N	W	Light	Clear
Ogden	40		N		Light	Clear
Stockton ..	40				Calm	Clear
Bingham ..	40				Calm	Cl'dy
Park City..	36				Calm	Clear
Provo.....	44				Calm	Cl'dy
Alta	32			W	Light	Clear
Garfield..						
Lake Park.						
Brighton's.						

Salt Lake City, Barometer 30.30.
Rainfall during last 24 hours, 0.20 inches.
P. H. FITZMAURICE, Serg't Signal Corps.

SALT LAKE THEATRE.

H. B. CLAWSON, Manager.

FRANK DANIELS!
ONE NIGHT ONLY!
—"OLD SPORT,"—
The Favorite Comedian,
Will give vent to his feelings of humor
WEDNESDAY EVE., DEC. 19,
In presenting his Funny Comedy,
Little Puck!
—ASSISTED BY—
MISS BESSIE SANSON!
And a Carefully Chosen Company of Artists, Comprising:

Mr. Harry Courtaine,	Miss Marie Donnelle
Mr. Ignacio Martinetti,	Miss Marie Hilton,
Mr. Harry Conor,	Miss Emma Hanley,
Mr. Harry Mack,	Miss Jennie Stetson,
Mr. John E.Ince,	Miss Leona Clark,
Mr. Wm. White,	Miss Mamie Curtis,

UNDER the BATON of Mr. WM. WITHERS, Jr.

This piece stands alone and pre-eminent, and is the only legitimate Farce-Comedy in the United States.
A production entirely free from Vaudeville and perfect in every detail.
Sale Seats Tuesday, 18. No Change in Prices.

SITUATION WANTED.
AS STENOGRAPHER AND TYPE Writer, by a competent young man. Address "H," this office. dtf

FOR RENT.
2 NEW BRICK HOUSES WELL FINished, with bay windows, 4 rooms, pantry and closet each, 4½ blocks west of Temple Block. Apply to C. MERKLEY, 270 w. North Temple Street. dtf

FOUND.
A HORSE-HAIR BRIDLE. OWNER can recover same by calling at General Tithing Office. dtf

FULL LINE CHINESE AND JAPANese Goods, Chinaware, Silks, Silk Handkerchiefs, Novelties, Toys, etc.
TSUE YUEN CHUNG.
No. 30 Commercial Street.

CURE FOR SICK HEADACHE.
Z. C. M. I. Drug Store gave Free Samples of Dr. Gunn's Liver Pills. Cure without fail; removes Pimples in the Face; relieves Biliousness, and improves Digestion. Only one for a dose. 25 cents a box. d&s

IS THIS A TORY GOVERNMENT?
A KEY to the solution of the political maze in which we are enveloped can be found at the shops of JOB BARKER, Democrat, Parliamentarian and Mormon, 20 Commercial St. He can also provide any other kind of Key, or Lock, or Gun, or Fittings that may be desired, and make repairs neatly and cheaply. Republicans and other sinners are made welcome. Tithing orders taken for work. Drop in. dtu s&w tf

ESTRAY NOTICE.
I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:
One light red COW, 3 years old, branded [illegible] on left ribs, square crop and swallow fork in right ear, square crop and underslope in left ear, and has a calf with her.
If said animals are not claimed and taken away before Monday, December 24th, 1888, will be sold as the law directs at my corral in Leeds, at 10 o'clock a. m.
Dated this 10th day of December, 1888.
WILLIAM STIRLING, Poundkeeper, Leeds.

ESTRAY NOTICE.
I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:
One bay HORSE, about 6 years old, branded OO on left thigh, a little white in face.
One bay MARE, about 6 years old, branded [illegible] on left shoulder, a little white on left hind foot.
If the above described animals are not claimed within 15 days, will be sold to the highest cash bidder, at the estray pound, Wednesday, December 26th, 1888, at 10 o'clock a. m.
GEORGE T. COTTAM, Poundkeeper.
St. George, Dec. 10, 1888.

ESTRAY NOTICE.
I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:
One own horse, branded [illegible] on right shoulder, left fore leg crooked, saddle and collar marked.
One sorrel horse, bob-tail, no brands visible, left hind foot white, white star in forehead, saddle marked.
If the above described animals are not claimed and taken away on or before Dec. 26th, 1888, they will be sold at public auction, at the City Estray Pound, Washington Square, to the highest responsible bidder, at 2 p.m.
M. SHELMERDINE, City Poundkeeper.
Salt Lake City, Dec. 11th, 1888. 231

ESTRAY NOTICE.
I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:
One bay HORSE, branded M C on right thigh; between 3 and 4 years old, right hind foot white.
If damage and costs on said animal be not paid within 15 days from date of this notice, it will be sold, to the highest cash bidder at Big Cottonwood Precinct Pound, at 10 o'clock a. m., December 31st, 1888.
Dated at Big Cottonwood Precinct, Utah, this 16th day of December, 1888.
F. McDONALD, Poundkeeper of said Precinct.

PLEASE REMEMBER
THAT WE STILL CARRY A COMplete line of
"Disston's Celebrated Saws,"
CONSISTING IN PART OF
Cross Cut, Drag, One Man, Upright Mill, Hand, Rip, Panel, Veneer, Framing, Compass, Butchers, Cook, Keyhole, Etc., Etc.
ALSO
Circular, both Solid and Chisel Point Teeth, and "Triumph,"
For Felling Timber with, and are Selling at
LOWER PRICES
Than ever; also a Full Stock of their celebrated FILES and RASPS always on hand.
Z. C. M. I.

Z. C. M. I.

1888 MERRY CHRISTMAS —AND— HAPPY NEW YEAR 1889

—OUR PATRONS WILL FIND OUR—

GROCERY DEPARTMENT

Fully Stocked with the Following Choice Goods:

RAISINS, Royal Dehesas, Black Basket Dehesas, London Layers, Loose Muscatels, Valencias and Sultanas,
Finest New Zante Currants & French Prunes
Citron, Orange and Lemon Peel,
HOME-MADE and IMPORTED CANDIES
WALNUTS, ALMONDS, PECANS, FILBERTS, BRAZILS, PEA NUTS.

Z. C. M. I.

—COMPLETE LINE OF—
Cross & Blackwell's FINE GOODS,
—AND—
Southwell's Celebrated
CALIFORNIA ASSORTED JAMS & JELLIES.

—FULL LINE OF—
Canned Fruits and Vegetables.

Very Choice Bear Lake and Other CHEESE

Large Shipment Just Received of the Favorite PEERLESS HIGH PATENT and GEM STRAIGHT GRADE
FLOUR.

Z. C. M. I.

CHINA, GLASS AND QUEENSWARE
FOR THE HOLIDAY TRADE.
Fine Dinner and Tea Sets, Toilet Sets, Vases, Cups and Saucers.

ELEGANT SILVER PL