

with his tariff views, lived in the United States, he would be a republican." The speaker concluded as follows: Give us a response from the State of New York on November 3d, similar to what we gave in Ohio on October 13th. Allant John Wise in Virginia will break the back of the Solid South, so that we can say we have not only Ohio and New York, but we want the whole North, Virginia included."

Senator Edmunds, of Vermont, was then introduced amid the cheers and shouts of the multitude. When at length quiet was restored, he said, "If you gentlemen, who are making such a noise to-night, will only wait until next November, you will have a chance to shout yourselves hoarse over the great republican victory in New York. Applause.] I do not intend to repeat the arguments already advanced by General Foraker. I have only this to say. Nearly every democrat in the State twenty years ago voted against the doctrine of equal rights. What doctrine of democracy is this? If there is anything in this country worth preserving, it is the right to think and speak as one pleases. If a man wants to be a democrat, let him be one; I am not. Let every man be true to himself, and allow others to do the same. I am glad to hear that in this State the name of party, is losing this year its significance. We are beginning to think without reference to the consideration of party. I want to say a few words about the civil service. The Republican party in its last platform, had a civil service clause inserted therein. The Democratic party had a platform of most elastic character. It could be in everybody and yet have room for more. There are—I suppose there are a hundred thousand offices in the United States. The President cannot select men to fill all these offices. He must trust to the advice of those who are his counselors. The members of his Cabinet are expected to act with capacity. If Cleveland had selected the seven right men for the positions in his Cabinet there would not be an uproar of discontent against him among those who wished to secure selection and are dissatisfied with the manner in which the offices have been filled. Are we to have this great country filled with workmen contented and happy, busily employed, or are we to let the evils of free trade and factories and bringing misery and want to the great laboring classes of our country? [Cries 'No, No.'] I believe and the majority of the workmen of this country believe with me that a fair protective tariff is what is needed."

Edmunds closed his brief address in a voice scarcely above a whisper. There were loud calls for Evans, and when he appeared on the platform he said to the audience called out: "Arrah for our next President!" Cheers followed this rally and the speaker excused himself from making a speech, as also did General Carr, the candidate for Lieutenant Governor. The meeting then adjourned.

SAN FRANCISCO, 23.—The steamer *City of Rio Janeiro* arrived this morning with Hong Kong dates of September 24th and Yokohama of October 1st.

Judge Denny, ex-United States Consul-General at Shanghai, has accepted a position of foreign adviser to the Chinese government at a salary of \$1,000 per month.

The Chinese government has decided to maintain a standing army of 600,000 men, to be increased in war time to 1,000,000. Four new iron-clads have been ordered.

So Tsung Tong, the celebrated Chinese General and leader of the anti-foreign party in China, died on September 24th.

Floods have destroyed the second crop of rice in the Kevangtung province of China.

Japanese advices state that cholera is less prevalent in Nagasaki, but is increased in other parts of the island.

News has been received at Yokohama of the loss of the American bark *Cushman*, south of Kagasheme. The United States vessel *Ossipee* went in search of the crew.

Advices from Yokohama to the Associated Press state that the two principal steamship companies, Mitsui and the Union Steam Navigation, have been consolidated under the name of the Japan Mail Steamship Company. The government is a large shareholder in the consolidation and guarantees eight per cent. on the capital stock.

There were five deaths from cholera among the crew of the United States vessel *Ossipee*. Names not given.

Mr. Yoshida, formerly Japanese minister to the United States, has been appointed Vice-Minister of Agriculture and Commerce.

NEW YORK, 23.—The directors of the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company today ratified the sale of \$1,500,000 five per cent. bonds issued at the rate of \$1,000 per mile on 700 miles of the road. The bonds sold to-day will be used to take up the \$1,200,000 scrip certificates bearing eight per cent. interest, one half of which mature on November 1st proximo, and the other half, November 1st, 1886, but all of which will be paid off November 1st, next.

TORONTO, 24.—A dispatch from London to the *Globe* says: The Imperial Post office authorities are now advertising for tenders for the conveyance of mails from Coal Harbor, British Columbia, to the Island of Hong Kong. The advertisement calls for a fortnightly service by way of Yokohama,

both outward and homeward. The present contracts for conveyance of British mails to China terminate January 31st, 1888. Tenders in response to the present offer may be sent in up to March 31st, 1886. This is regarded here as an important recognition of the Canadian Pacific route.

ST. LOUIS, 24.—Hugh M. Brooks, or as he is better known W. H. Lennox-Maxwell, the murderer of C. Arthur Preller, met his father, Samuel Brooks, for the first time this morning in the office of the Circuit Attorney at the jail. The elder Brooks had come all the way from Hyde, England, to be with his son in his coming trial, and had been kept in seclusion for the past two days by the murderer's attorneys. When the father and son met this morning, they at once fell into each other's arms and embraced each other warmly. Then both burst into tears. All the spectators withdrew save the deputy sheriff who had the prisoner in charge. The father and son had a protracted talk lasting about half an hour, after which the father withdrew and the son was taken back to jail. The Elder Brooks refused to give particulars of the interview, but stated that now he was more convinced than ever that his boy was innocent.

NEW YORK, 24.—The trial of Ferdinand Ward was continued to-day. The Courtroom was crowded. The work of obtaining a jury was resumed. Ward was well dressed but looked harassed. As he took his seat U. S. Grant, Jr., looked savagely at him but Ward avoided his gaze and his counsel engaged in conversation with him to divert his attention. Up to one o'clock, the twelfth juror had not been secured. The twelfth juror was obtained after 1 o'clock and the panel sworn in, after which a recess was taken.

After recess, one of the jurors was excused and the work of examining another for his place begun. Up to 3 o'clock the vacancy had not been filled. The examination in the Warner case was continued to-day. No witnesses were examined, but a number of checks were put in evidence. These were identified by ex-Cashier Spencer of the defunct firm of Grant & Ward, as being in the handwriting of Ward and made payable to his order. The case was then adjourned.

ALBANY, N. Y., 24.—Teemer won the toss for position, after the toss the betting changed from six to four on Hanlan and 5 to 4 in Teemer's favor. The boats were taken out at 4:47. The delay was occasioned by the anchoring of the stake boat. Teemer caught the water first and gained a length on Hanlan. This advantage he retained at half a mile.

Teemer wins the race.

ALBANY, 24.—Probably 10,000 persons witnessed the single scull race for \$1,000 a side at Pleasure Island this afternoon between Edward Hanlan of Toronto and John H. Teemer of McKeesport, Pa. The weather and water were nearly perfect. There was three feet of a freshet in the river however which rendered it hard work for the oarsmen going to the stake boat. The course was three miles with a turn. In betting Hanlan was a hot favorite and many private wagers were laid at odds of \$100 to \$80 and \$80 on him. In the pools sold on the Island Hanlan sold first choice at \$50 to \$20 and \$30 even. After Teemer had won the toss for position Teemer selected the inside position which was a considerable advantage. At 4:30 p.m. the men were ordered out by the referee James F. Ormond of Boston. At seven minutes before 5 o'clock the word was given. Both men were in fine condition.

Hanlan got a trifle the best of the start, rowing 36 to Teemer's 34 strokes to the minute. An eighth of a mile from the start Hanlan had the nose of his boat to the front, but was glancing nervously over at his rival as though he was afraid of him. The race was decided before the scullers had gone half a mile. Soon after leaving the quarter mile point Teemer by grand work drew up on his rival and took the lead, which he never afterwards surrendered. Three-quarters of a mile from the start Hanlan was an open length astern of Teemer and was taking his wash. Teemer increased his lead to the stake boat, which he reached three or four lengths in advance. He turned in 11.32 1-5 and Hanlan 11 seconds later. Hanlan struck the buoy lightly in turning and gave up the contest.

Teemer rowed leisurely home, stopping twice while opposite the island to throw kisses to the spectators and dip up water from the river with his hands. He was wildly cheered. He passed the island, and Hanlan rowed down 15 minutes later. He acknowledged that he was fairly beaten by a better man, and had no excuses to make. The official time was 21.13. A few minutes after Hanlan had repaired to his quarters, an Associated Press reporter called to see him and propounded the question: "Mr. Hanlan, what do you think of Teemer now?"

Hanlan looked up, betrayed signs of unusual emotion as he said: "I am glad to be defeated by a man like Teemer, but I don't like the idea of falling out of my boat."

"What would have been the result had you steered safely?"

"Opinions and results differ," he replied. "I think I could have won on the home stretch."

Teemer, in response to repeated calls, mounted the roof of his boat house and said: "Gentlemen, I rowed this race to win and have done so. I shall endeavor to do likewise hereafter. That is all I have to say now."

A very large amount of money was won and lost on the race and the Pitts-

burgers, who were here in full force, go home hilarious and with their pockets well lined.

Hanlan's shell, when it fouled the stakeboat, upset and the oarsman was thrown into the water. He was rescued by the people in the judges' boat, who righted it and replaced Hanlan in it. Hanlan then rowed down to the finishing point. Hanlan says the collision with the stake boat was caused by the strong current.

CINCINNATI, 24.—The game to-day between the St. Louis Browns, the champions of the American Association, and the Chicagoans, the champions of the National League, was the decisive one in the series between these two clubs for the championship of the world, and resulted in an easy victory for the St. Louis team. It was Clarkson's day to pitch, but he appeared on the ground five minutes late and Captain Anson ordered McCormick, who pitched yesterday, into the box. Two hits were made off McCormick yesterday. To-day he was hit for a total of sixteen bases, and this, with the miserable fielding of the Chicagoans, decided the game.

The Chicagoans took a lead of two runs in the first innings on hits by Sunday and Kelly and an error of Barkley. In the third inning Welsh made a three-bagger and crossed the plate by Dalrymple's poor fielding. Barkley and Comiskry made hits and Barkley scored while Comiskry was forced out by Robinson. Robinson stole second and came home on a passed ball. The St. Louis team won in the fourth inning by hitting McCormick safely five times. The fielding of the League champions in this was the worst seen here for some time. Anson made two bad muffs, Williamson a wild throw and Dalrymple a wild throw and Flint had two passed balls. The result was six runs for the St. Louis team, only two of which were earned. In the fifth inning the Chicagoans made two unearned runs but they had no chance to overcome the lead of their opponents and the game thereafter was devoid of interest. The attendance was 1,200.

Score: St. Louis, 12, Chicago 4.

FORT WORTH, Texas, 24.—Reports reached here last night from Clarendon, Donley County, and other points on the Panhandle, of the most devastating prairie fires ever known in this State. It is believed the number of acres burned over will approach 500,000. The country in which the fires are raging extends from the Canadian river 100 miles south. It is impossible as yet to give any idea of the individual losses. In some places the cowboys were obliged to ride into the lakes to save themselves. Judge Brown of Clarendon was severely burned while endeavoring to save his summer crop of millet, which was destroyed, together with fully one-fourth of his range.

CINCINNATI, 24.—The official count of Hamilton county has been completed and the papers were sent to the Secretary of State to-night. Certificates of election were issued yesterday, though it was not generally known until this afternoon. Suits have been brought by the Republican candidates for the House of Representatives to restrain the clerk from issuing certificates to Democratic candidates. The claim is made that certificates issued before the count is declared—that is, signed and delivered by the clerk—are void, and that these certificates were issued before the additions were completed which alone could determine who were elected.

WASHINGTON, 24.—Senator John Sherman was to-night tendered a serenade by his friends in this city. The Marine Band furnished the music for the occasion, and a large crowd of persons listened to the speeches. Senator Sherman was introduced by Ben Butterworth and spoke for half an hour. The purity of the ballot was the principal theme of his discourse. He declared that every national election since 1868 had been tainted with fraud and terrorism, and asserted that last year, by unlawful combination and fraud, Grover Cleveland had been elected President of the United States, when, if there had been a fair vote and a fair count, James G. Blaine would have been elected. The speaker dwelt at some length on the recent election in Ohio, and charged the democrats with perpetrating gross frauds against the purity of the ballot. He believed Congress should pass a wise election law to govern the election of members of Congress and Presidential elections, and if such a measure failed to protect the negroes in their right of suffrage, then the republican party would take care that the Southern States were not allowed representation based on their negro citizens.

ST. LOUIS, 25.—Another street railway explosion took place to-night, but luckily, it was harmless. It occurred on the Jefferson Avenue line, near a bridge which crosses the Missouri Pacific railroad tracks, about 10 o'clock, and broke one front wheel off the car, but did no other damage. Several passengers were in the car, but aside from the fainting of one or two ladies no one was hurt.

The street car strikers had a parade this afternoon and held a secret meeting to-night, the result of which has not yet transpired.

A letter to the *Globe-Democrat* from El Paso, Mexico, says there is a good deal of private talk among intelligent property owning Mexicans in Chihuahua in favor of annexation to the United States of the northern tier of Mexican States. No open movement has yet been made, nor has the press touched the subject, but the letter asserts that there is a strong under current among the classes above named in

favor of linking their destiny to that of the great northern republic.

EL PASO, 25.—The report of the murder of Conductor Samuel Dunbar, of the Mexican Central Railroad, by Apaches while prospecting in Abinal District, proves to have been unfounded. He was in the vicinity of the hostiles, but evaded them. Many Apaches have lately crossed into Mexico, and reports from towns in Chihuahua show that great apprehension exists that Indians will raid ranches and mountain villages. One hundred miles south of here, the Apaches attacked a ranch and killed two Americans. Four Indians were killed in the encounter.

ALBANY, 25.—Mrs. Parnell addressed a mass meeting at the Leland Opera House to-night. Addresses were also delivered by several of the local Catholic clergy. Resolutions expressing sympathy with the cause of Ireland and admiration for Mr. Parnell were unanimously passed. A subscription of \$2,500 was raised by the audience to help elect Irish representatives to Parliament.

GALVESTON, 25.—A dispatch from Denison to the *News*, says: An attempt was made at an early hour this morning to lynch Grimes, the colored man who was arrested yesterday charged with assaulting two little girls. The jailor frightened the masked visitors away by firing a pistol several times. It is believed another attempt will be made to-night. Both children claim to identify Grimes.

WASHINGTON, 25.—Three petitions have been presented to the Department of Justice asking that suits in equity be brought to vacate the Bell patents now owned by the American Bell Telephone Company. Two of these petitions were presented by the Globe Telephone Company, and the other by the Washington Telephone Company. The Department of Justice has referred the petitions with accompanying papers to the Department of the Interior for "report, advice and recommendation of the Secretary of the Interior." The Secretary of the Interior in turn has referred each to the Commissioner of Patents for his "report and opinion." Mr. Montgomery has not reported to the Secretary of the Interior, but has submitted to him a brief summary of each case. Secretary Lamar directs and will order that inasmuch as his advice, opinion and recommendation are invited, he will ask all the interested parties to appear before him, and the Commissioner of patents, exhibit all the facts and answer the following questions:

First—Has government the right to institute and maintain such a suit for such a purpose, and

Second—If it has, do facts as they shall be presented warrant or demand that such a suit be brought. All the proceedings will be had publicly.

PITTSBURG, 25.—While intoxicated to-night, Robert Wiggins attacked his wife and daughter and was cruelly abusing them when George and Chas. Stewart, brothers of Mrs. Wiggins, interfered and beat Wiggins over the head with a revolver until he was insensible. They then threw him into the street, where he was found some time later by the police. His injuries are believed to be fatal. The Stewards have been arrested.

NEW YORK, 25.—Walter Chadwick, a well known citizen who has been missing from home for many days, was found drowned near Hammill's Wharf this afternoon. Chadwick had a string around his head and chin, to prevent his shouting for help, had tied his legs, put on a belt with several bricks inside, put bricks in his pockets and tied his hands.

ST. LOUIS, 25.—Another sensation was produced in street railway circles. While a car was coming down from North St. Louis on the Bellfontaine line it ran over some object on the track on 14th between Bremer Avenue and Farrek Street, which exploded with a loud report, and shattered one of the front wheels of the car and otherwise injured it. From the effects of the explosion on the track and ground it is supposed the explosive was dynamite. Only one passenger was in the car and he and the driver were thrown from the car but neither were injured.

MONTREAL, 25.—The authorities are meeting with considerable opposition in the work of isolating smallpox patients. To-day a carter named Trepanier called a number of his neighbors to his assistance, and together with a mob drove off the posse of sanitary police which had come to remove one of the carter's children to the hospital. Trepanier will be summoned before the new court, which has been established for the trial of such cases. At another house to which the officers went for a similar purpose, a man drew a knife and kept them at bay until he was reasoned out of his folly.

QUEBEC, 25.—This evening in all the protestant and Catholic churches a letter from the corporation board of health was read calling upon members of the different congregations to be vaccinated at once.

TORONTO, 25.—The first death in Toronto from smallpox occurred to-day. The victim was a boy. It is supposed that he caught the disease from his father who had been unpacking infected gloves from Montreal.

CHATTANOOGA, 25.—John C. Thompson, who murdered James C. White, leading merchant of Glen Alice, Tennessee, was captured to-night at Oneida. He will be lynched before morning it is thought.

AUGUSTA, Me., 25.—Dr. Young, of the State board of health who visited the inspection station of the Morse River last week, says that a large number of French Canadians passing

through the place are not inspected or vaccinated, unless this has recently been done, and that many escape by passing in the night. A night watch will be employed to stop them and notify the inspector. Dr. Thornton is building as speedily as possible a fumigating station where the clothing of emigrants is to be disinfected.

MONTREAL, 25.—With reference to the charges made by Father Cushing and the American boys who left St. Laurent College on Saturday, the authorities of the College will to-morrow publish a statement signed by the mayor of St. Laurent College. The physicians and the physician to the board of health, stating that there has not been a single case of Smallpox in the College this year. With regard to bad food, several students from Massachusetts have been examined and state that the food is all that could be desired.

BOSTON, 26.—At about 8 o'clock this morning a gang of 20 track men on the Massachusetts Central Railroad were being conveyed, to their work by an engine and flat car. The men were sitting on the sides of the car, 10 on each side; when near Oakdale, without a second's warning, all the men on one side were swept off in some way at present unknown, but probably by a fallen tree or telegraph pole. Nine of the men were either killed or injured. Ambulances were ordered at the Massachusetts General Hospital to be in readiness for the injured men, who it is expected will arrive here this afternoon.

BOSTON, 26.—A morning paper tells a sensational story in connection with the arrest of a woman here on Saturday night. The prisoner is said to be the principal in a conspiracy to murder a prominent young lady of the West End. The young lady is said to be the heiress to considerable property and by getting rid of her, the property would fall into their hands. Some time ago the conspirators started to put their plans into operation by attempting to poison her. Although the young lady suffered considerably she finally recovered. Her would-be murderers then decided to adopt another means of taking her life. For two weeks detectives have been watching every move made by the conspirators, and on Saturday afternoon they had such a strong case against the woman that they decided to arrest her. The police are hard at work collecting evidence and very startling developments are expected.

CINCINNATI, 26.—Judge Buckwalter's little court room was crowded to its utmost capacity this morning by attorneys, candidates and others interested in the result of the legal proceedings before him in connection with the delivery of certificates of election to the four candidates for senator from Hamilton County. The matter had been argued and submitted to him on demurrer, and on motion to dissolve the restraining order hereafter issued by him in favor of the four republican candidates on their petition. He rendered his decision at considerable length, holding as to the demurrer.

First—There was a misjoinder of the parties; that the four candidates could sue together or separately.

Second—The Court had no jurisdiction to declare who should hold office, for that was clearly the province of the legislature upon a contest, but to declare who was entitled to a certificate, for that was a personal right separate from the title to the office. He also held that it was not necessary, in order to obtain aid of court, to prevent irreparable injury to do more than make out a prima facie case. While in this case the averments of fact in the petition were insufficient, yet the plaintiffs were entitled to amend in that particular if necessary, and in any case they were entitled to an order to stay the hand of the clerk until the merits of the case could be determined in another court. The injunction was therefore continued in force, and the mandamus case involving the same points was taken up by the circuit court.

MONTREAL, 26.—The official returns show 37 deaths in this city on Saturday from smallpox.

CHICAGO, 26.—Judge Pendergast this morning ordered the sale of the *Current*, a magazine founded by E. L. Wakeman, to T. J. Grover; the price to be paid is \$2,500.

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