

## OLD FASHIONED SPELLING GOES

President Will Withdraw His Order to the Public Printer.

### HOUSE OPPOSED TO REFORM.

Not Believed Attitude of General Public Would Have Been Affected By Government's Action.

Washington, Dec. 13.—President Roosevelt will withdraw his simplified spelling order to the public printer and hereafter all documents from the executive departments will again be printed in the old fashioned style.

Representative Landis of the joint committee on spelling had a conference today with the president when the president said he did not wish to have spelling overshadowed matters of great importance and expressed a willingness to revoke his order for the new spelling in case the house of representatives should go on record as opposed to the system. Accordingly late this afternoon Mr. Landis introduced the following resolution in the house:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of the house of representatives that hereafter in presenting reports, documents or other publications authorized by law, ordered by Congress or either branch thereof or emanating from the executive departments, their bureaus or branches, and independent offices of the government, the government printing office should observe and adhere to the standard of orthography prescribed in generally accepted dictionaries of the English language."

The measure was passed without a dissenting vote, although Mr. Shattuck of Massachusetts, who made a fight for simplified spelling before the joint committee on appropriations and has been regarded as the champion of the president's attitude explained that he did not wish to give the impression that he had changed his mind. Mr. Shattuck said he saw that the house was overwhelmingly against the innovation, and consequently he bowed to its will.

Reform spelling was put into effect by the president during the recess of Congress, and all public documents supplied to the executive departments have been pouring in on Congress ever since the opening day, much to the dissatisfaction of members of the house. As a result the government printing office was using two forms of spelling, the old method for Congress and the reformed method in executive documents. The committee on printing in its favorable report on the Landis resolution stated that the committee had been governed by the following considerations:

"The executive order, under which many public documents have already been printed, has been in force more than three months. It has been making issue as to the relative merits of a form of spelling. It is evident that public sentiment has not been favorable to the innovation.

"It is not believed that the attitude of the general public would be materially changed if the government in all its branches were to adopt the spelling prescribed in the executive order referred to, and only confusion and expense would result, without any commensurate advantage, even if the new form of spelling were deemed preferable. Moreover, Congress has no assurance that the next administration would not revoke the present order. Much of the matter embraced in the publications of the government is preserved in stereotyped or electrotyped plates, representing large values to the government."

## FAIR PLAY.

The American People are Noted for Their Love of Fair Play. So True is This, That It May Be Said To Be a National Trait of Character.

The man who strikes another a foul blow, or maliciously tries to injure him in his business, or in his social standing is detested and abhorred. The American people are not generally slow to manifest their disapproval of such unfair treatment when an opportunity is afforded.

Illustrative of this disposition is the fact that although base, false and malicious attacks upon Dr. Pierce, of Buffalo, and his widely celebrated Family Medicines have sometimes injured the sale of these meritorious remedies for a time, yet when such unjust assaults have been met and their falsehoods completely refuted, a natural reaction has followed and their sale has been fully restored again.

As the case of the *Ladies' Home Journal*, of Philadelphia, which, in 1904, published a most malicious, untrue, and untrue article, attacking Dr. Pierce and his *Favorite Prescription* for women's peculiar weaknesses and distressing ailments—Dr. Pierce brought a suit in the Supreme Court of the State of New York against the publishers of that paper and a verdict was given the Doctor, the judgment being for a substantial amount (\$10,000) yet not for enough to properly recompense Dr. Pierce for the great injury and injustice done him. While he and his *Favorite Prescription* were completely vindicated and the latter remedy was proven in open court to contain no alcohol, and that the *Ladies' Home Journal* was wrong in its charge, the *Ladies' Home Journal* had already moved on to a new trail, trusting that thereby they would be accorded a more just and adequate compensation for the great damage which he was made to suffer by reason of the base falsehoods published concerning him and his business.

There are hundreds of thousands of people all over this blessed country of ours who have been cured of chronic diseases through the use of Dr. Pierce's Medicines and it is only natural that such people should rise up and speak their sentiments freely from the fact that Dr. Pierce and his medicines are so unjustly attacked.

These grateful patients of Dr. Pierce are to be found in almost every hamlet and country village and in the farm houses and mechanics' cottages in every nook and corner of this great country. Common gratitude prompts such people to stand up and demand Dr. Pierce and his medicines against unjust and malicious attacks.

Dr. Pierce's Medicines have been on sale in drug stores all over this country and in many foreign lands for more than forty years and yet their sale continues to grow in a substantial and most gratifying way. This could not be the case if they were not remedies of more than ordinary merit.

### WHAT DO THEY CURE?

Dr. Pierce's *Favorite Prescription* is not advertised as a "Cure All," but admirably fulfills a singular office of purging the system and most positive remedy for a class of diseases only—those easily recognized weaknesses, derangements, irregularities and painful disorders peculiar to women. It is a powerful, yet gently acting, invigorating, tonic and strengthening nerve. For weak, worn-out, overworked women—no matter what has caused the break-down—whether it be from too frequent bearing of children or from much worry, care, or over exertion of any kind, *Favorite Prescription* will be found most efficient in building up the strength, regulating all the womanly functions, banishing pain and bringing about a regular and healthy condition of the whole female system. Thus it cures prolapse, or falling of womb, retroversion, anteversion and other displacements of the female pelvic organs, due to weakness or over exertion lifting or fatiguing over-work. In short, it makes weak women strong and sick women well.

As to Dr. Pierce's *Golden Medical Discovery* it has a very large range of application, yet it is by no means recommended as a "Cure All." It possesses marvelous alterative or blood cleansing properties and is at the same time a most invigorating tonic, or strength giving. It cures a specific, cleansing, soothing and healing effect upon all the lining mucous membranes of the female system, its great curative value in all external affections, no matter where located.

government in the saving of labor and other expense. All of these plates would be rendered worthless in a moment by an order in a succeeding administration revoking the executive order of AUG. 27, 1905.

"If the government is to have two forms of spelling, this will necessarily double composition, double stereotyping and electrotyping, double proof reading and other incidental expense. It will mean a double force of proof readers, for it is inconceivable that a proof reader could be required to keep himself up to the mark on one system of spelling with the expectation of rendering efficient service.

"In justice to government officials, it may be said, an order which takes a particular form of orthography involving a departure from the recognized standard in popular use imposes upon the head of an executive department as well as upon all of his subordinates a policy that may well be considered in many instances offensive. "In the opinion of the committee any departure from the recognized standard of orthography cannot be taken with safety, satisfaction or economy be taken until Congress and the executive shall agree upon the adoption of orthographic methods."

### HOUSE IS INCLINED TO RAISE SALARIES.

Washington, Dec. 13.—The house is seemingly inclined to raise the salaries of the members as well as those of the vice president, speaker, senators and cabinet officers. Before resuming consideration of the legislative, judicial and executive appropriation bill today Mr. Littauer of New York endeavored to have a resolution adopted providing for taking up the question of the salaries of the whole, but Mr. Underwood of Alabama objected to its consideration in committee. He said, however, he would make no objection to its discussion in the house after the bill was reported by the committee of the whole. He added that he was opposed to the increase, but said he would not block the way of serious consideration. The suggestion formed the basis of an agreement that when the bill shall be reported the question of a general advance in salaries will be taken up and voted upon by the house. The committee on the legislative bill is finally agreed upon.

There is, however, a possibility of a failure of this agreement due to a report that Democratic members will generally oppose any increase in the proposed action. The Republican leaders intimate that if anything is to be done general co-operation will be necessary. Mr. Littauer said his provision would raise the salaries of the vice president and the speaker to \$15,000, of cabinet officers to \$12,000, and of senators and representatives to \$7,500. Should the minority avoid a direct vote on the question it is the intention of Mr. Littauer to withdraw the amendment rather than have the increase accomplished by Republican votes. The agreement to debate the question in the house and not in committee, the whole blocks a point of order which ordinarily would lie against the amendment. The amendment will be offered as a last paragraph of the legislative appropriation bill.

### BODY CUT IN TWO.

El Paso, Tex., Dec. 13.—One man was instantly killed and his body cut in two and horribly mangled, another seriously hurt and several others painfully bruised, near Grayton, 100 miles east of this city, today, by the falling of a knuckle on one of the tourist cars of the Southern Pacific Sunset Limited train.

The dead man is William H. Fairclough, of Ridgeview, N. J., a retired capitalist, who was with his wife and four children, was on his way to California. When the train parted Fairclough, who was passing from one car to another, and only confusion and expense would result, without any commensurate advantage, even if the new form of spelling were deemed preferable. Moreover, Congress has no assurance that the next administration would not revoke the present order. Much of the matter embraced in the publications of the government is preserved in stereotyped or electrotyped plates, representing large values to the government."

### SPANIARDS FOR HAWAII.

Honolulu, Dec. 13.—The territorial board of immigration has decided to bring 1,000 laborers from Spain to Hawaii.

## WAGGON IS VERY UNCOMFORTABLE

Result Probably Will Be That French Clergy Will Lose Their Pensions.

### GOVERNMENT IS DETERMINED.

Will Submit to Parliament Plan to Settle Church Question Once and For All.

Paris, Dec. 13.—Today has been marked by the total absence of any of the sensational or dramatic incidents anticipated in alarmist quarters in connection with the execution of the law of separation. The parish priests everywhere celebrated mass in the presence of unusually large congregations, but the actions of the authorities were confined to noting infractions of the law and citing the priests and vicars to appear before justices of the peace.

Everywhere the question of the ecclesiastical residences, the seminaries, etc. Several of these buildings were abandoned without further ado, but a majority of the prefects announced that they would depart only under duress. In many parishes, both in Paris and the interior, laymen today filed declarations for the holding of services in the designated churches during the coming year. If this practice were generally followed it will be a distinct victory for the government, relieving it of the necessity of closing the churches and throwing on the clergy the responsibility for the discontinuance of public worship.

In the meantime the cabinet is preparing measures to be introduced before parliament tomorrow. The net result of the uncompromising attitude assumed by the vatican seems to be that the clergy will lose its pension, 33.33 of which have been granted and gazetted since the beginning of this year; that all aspirants to the priesthood will be compelled to perform military service, and that the taking of the episcopal mansions, residences, seminaries, etc., by the state department and the communes will occur immediately instead of December, 1907.

According to well informed persons, the government intends to respond to the attitude taken by the vatican by submitting to parliament a proposition to settle definitely the situation of the church in France. Under this proposal, the church will forfeit all benefits under the law of 1905, but it will be provided with an opportunity to carry on public worship in conformity to its common law. Church property is to be handed over to the civil authorities on condition that the reserved for worship, and the positions of cardinals and bishops, as foreign officials, will be dealt with later if the situation should develop to do so.

During the day summonses were issued charging illegal assemblies in the case of 69 churches in Paris. The official Journal announced that only 49 of the churches were legal, while 902 Protestant and 75 Jewish associations conform with the law. Many suits have been begun in connection with the seizure of church property, and it is expected that the celebration for the repose of the souls of the departed. About 50 seminars which refused to comply with the terms of the law are being closed.

During the day applications for permission to hold religious meetings under the law of 1881 were made at the prefecture of police by parishioners from all parts of Paris. Ten such applications were filed before 2 o'clock. Reports from other cities say that similar applications were made.

It was rumored during the afternoon that the government is indicating this course in order to insure keeping the churches at the disposal of the clergy and forcing the latter into the position of deliberately discontinuing public worship. No wonder, then, that the Ard department, where the same procedure as adopted in Paris is being followed. Notices to evacuate the edifices belonging to the state were served on the ecclesiastics and the schools, and were usually met with the response that they would yield to force.

The abbess of the church of St. Pierre du Gros Caillon, St. Quentin, and St. Roche, who are being prosecuted under the law making it an offense to utter in places of public worship words calculated to provoke resistance to the awful authorities, appeared for preliminary examination today. They denied having violated the law and their cases were postponed. It was stated that the three abbesses mentioned had returned to their resistance to the taking of inventories occurred.

The ecclesiastics charged with violations of the law have today published in celebrating mass they are within their rights. The trials will take place before the correctional court. Proceedings have been begun in behalf of the government against the Sisters of the Assumption on the charge of conducting a convent and school for the aristocracy in Paris, a violation of the law against education by religious orders.

CAUSE OF DEADLOCK. Rome, Dec. 13.—The *Observatore Romano* this evening referring to an article published in the *Journal des Debats* of Paris, repeats that the circular issued by M. Briand, the French minister of public instruction, the sole cause of the present deadlock in France.

Tomorrow the *Observatore* will discuss at length the reasons why the vatican cannot accept M. Briand's circular. The *Giornale d'Italia* today published an article in which M. Montagnini referring to his expulsion from France, is quoted as follows:

"My expulsion from France was unexpected. France is going through unhappy hours. The present situation is due to Freemasonry, which succeeded in getting the upper hand through the indulgence of the French middle class. Although deeply Catholic, these classes are unorganized."

I am the humble agent of the pope, and I only did his will. Nobody can say what the consequences in France will be, but God's will will be done. Upon returning to Rome I placed myself at the orders of the pope; these I will execute loyally."

The *Giornale d'Italia* publishes also a report that M. Pichon, the French minister of foreign affairs, is about to take steps for the preservation of the papal archives seized in Paris. According to rumors in diplomatic circles, this action is due to energetic protests, lodged by several of the ambassadors in Paris, who objected to the diplomatic documents being examined.

MURRAY ACQUITTED. He Killed Lincoln Whitney for Refusing to Marry a Wronged Sister.

Portland, Ore., Dec. 13.—It required the jury in the state circuit court 49 minutes to acquit Grand Juror Murray on the charge of murdering Lincoln Whitney. Nov. 5 last, Murray shot Whitney to death in obedience to an "unwritten law" after Whitney had persistently refused to marry Murray's sister.

Notwithstanding that just before the jury announced its verdict, Judge Gannett forbade all forms of applause when the clerk read the words "Not

## Hurry and Worry

Hurry, like a cyclone, whisks you along at a rate that quickly exhausts your energy, and leaves you a nervous, wretched, broken-down physical wreck.

Worry accomplishes the same results in another way. It drags you through the dark, gloomy tunnel of forbodings, wrecks your nerves and breaks down the constitution.

Then don't hurry; don't worry. But you will; and your nervous, exhausted condition brings headaches, neuralgia, heart, stomach, liver and kidney troubles. The thing to do is: Strengthen the nerves with Dr. Miles' Nerve.

"Six months I was bedfast with nervous prostration. I had shingles, a cold, dizzy feeling, couldn't stand the slightest noise. At times I would almost fly to pieces; stomach very weak. My husband insisted on my taking Dr. Miles' Nerve, and I began to improve before I had finished the first bottle, and to-day I am entirely cured."

MRS. JOSEPH STERNBERG, 214 Hudson St., Timm, O. Dr. Miles' Nerve is sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. If it fails, he will refund your money.

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

### SWIFTWATER BILL.

His Latest Acquisition, Kittie C. Gates, Secures a Divorce.

Seattle, Dec. 13.—Kittie C. Gates, the latest acquisition of "Swiftwater Bill" Gates, the eccentric Alaskan miner, secured a divorce in superior Judge Frater's court this morning. Suit was begun by Gates and his wife filed a cross-complaint. Bankruptcy proceedings were then brought in Gates' name and it was when the court got too inquisitive about what Gates had done in the north that the miner fled from Seattle. In Gates' absence the court granted Mrs. Gates' cross-complaint and gave her a divorce. Both the complaints alleged statutory grounds.

### CONGO ATROCITIES.

British Ambassador Calls on Secy. Root Concerning Them.

Washington, Dec. 13.—Sir Henry Mortimer Durand, the British ambassador, today called at the state department and discussed with Secy. Root reported atrocities in the Congo country and particularly the Lodge resolution, pledging the support of the senate in any action the president may take toward ameliorating conditions in the Free State. Ambassador Durand said that the agitation in England was similar to that in this country and it was not improbable that England would take some action which would be similar to that in this country. He stated that the Lodge resolution paved the way for steps to that end.

Heavy, impure blood makes a muddy, pimply complexion, headaches, nausea, indigestion. Thin blood makes you weak, pale, sickly. Burdock Blood Bitters makes the blood rich, red, pure—restores perfect health.

### THE NEW L. D. S. HYMN BOOK

Special Bindings.

NO. 1. AMERICAN MOROCCO, flexible binding, round corners, red under gold edges, postpaid.....\$1.25  
NO. 2. AMERICAN MOROCCO, divinity circuit binding, round corners, red under gold edges, postpaid.....\$1.50  
NO. 4. FRENCH MOROCCO, divinity circuit binding, round corners, red under gold edges, leather lined to edge, postpaid.....\$1.75

Just the thing for Holiday gift or to send to Missionaries.  
DESERET NEWS BOOK STORE, 6 Main St.

### LOW RATES EAST

Via D. & R. G. Dec. 18

Chicago and return.....\$4.50  
Omaha and return.....\$3.50  
Minneapolis and return.....\$4.00  
Denver and return.....\$3.75  
Proportionate rates to other points. Good returning within sixty days. See any D. & R. G. agent for particulars, or phone 205.



TOWNSEND'S ROCKY MOUNTAIN COUGH CURE CURES COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS.

DeBouze's Engraving Co. 27-29 W. 39 Temple St.

Jos. E. Taylor, PIONEER UNDERTAKER

Of Utah, Open day and night. Factory and Warehouses No. 23 E. First South and one-half block east of Theater.

## NEW CREDIT SYSTEM.

Clothing for Ladies, Men's and Boys.

A large and elegant assortment to select from at prices as cheap as the cheapest cash stores.

NO QUESTIONS ASKED. Nor do we require any reference or security. We simply trust you on your word.

All goods warranted exactly as represented and for money cheerfully refunded.

You Pay Us \$1.00 A WEEK

Goods purchased here in repair and pressed free of charge.

Call and see us. Our plan is easy. By paying us a small deposit at the time of making purchase, we allow you to take the goods and wear them while you are paying for them.

MERCANTILE INSTALLMENT CO., 74 W. Second South

If you wish to buy for cash, don't pass us by, we can save you money, that's all.



## 1906 Is Nearly Gone.

Our new rating book will tell you how people paid this year, and of those who never pay. What will your rating be? Pay now. Nothing equals the cash.

MERCHANTS PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION Scientific Collectors of Honest Debts, 5th Floor Commercial Nat'l. Bank Bldg., Salt Lake City, Utah. FRANCIS O. LUKE, Gen'l. Manager.

## OUR FEE ONLY \$10

We will cure any single uncomplicated case (except Blood Poison) during the month of December for \$10.00. We want every sick man to be made well and strong. Come now and be cured. Don't delay. Avail yourself of this special offer while it lasts. This is no false or misleading proposition. We mean what we say.

We treat and cure by the latest and best methods known to medical science, VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, SPECIFIC BLOOD POISON, NERVO-VITAL DEBILITY, BLADDER and KIDNEY troubles, and all associate diseases and reflex complications.

CONSULTATION FREE, CONFIDENTIAL AND INVITED. A personal, thorough and searching examination is required, though if inconvenient to call, write me a full description of your trouble. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m., except Sundays, from 9 to 12:30. Address or call

COOK MEDICAL CO. - 116 S. Main.

## \$1-DURING DECEMBER-\$1

DRS. SHORES & SHORES WILL TREAT ALL CATARRHAL DISEASES, INCLUDING DEAFNESS, ASTHMA, HAY FEVER AND LUNG ROUILES. DURING DECEMBER FOR THE LOW FEE OF ONE DOLLAR PER TREATMENT, OR SIX FOR A CURE. MEDICINE FREE. By Dr. Shores' Wonderful New Treatment, they are enabled to cure many mild or recent cases in a very few treatments—even the old and chronic cases may be cured.

DR. A. J. SHORES, for \$1 a treatment? Dr. Shores also treat and cure all curable Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases of men, Women and Children of every name and nature. Consultation and Advice Free and Confidential for any disease. Call or Write.

DR. SHORES' EYE DEPARTMENT for the quick cure of all Eye Diseases, and for the proper fitting of glasses is unequalled, being in charge of a Specialist on the Eye of 27 years training.

A SPECIAL DEPARTMENT FOR MEN. Dr. Shores have a Special Department exclusively for the treatment and cure of all diseases of Men no matter how caused. You may consult Dr. Shores about the most delicate troubles with the assurance that you will be given honest advice and skillful treatment, and everything will be STRICTLY PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL. Men who are weak and failing, others who have contracted diseases—the victims of Bacteria, Syphilis, etc., are cordially invited to consult this department and be advised FREE OF CHARGE.

So sure is the Cure under DR. SHORES' MODERN METHODS in all private diseases that you may arrange to pay the fee for a Cure in small weekly or monthly installments, as the cure progresses, or you may PAY WHEN CURED. No matter what your trouble is, or who has failed to cure you, consult these Master Specialists, free of charge, and learn how you can yet be cured. CALL OR WRITE.

HOME CURES BY MAIL. IF YOU LIVE OUT OF TOWN Write for their new symptom list and get their advice free.

Dr. Shores & Shores, Expert Specialists, HOUSTON BLOCK, 30 SOUTH MAIN STREET, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

## Reduced Rates from Utah and Idaho to all Points East and Return

VIA Santa Fe

FROM OGDEN AND SALT LAKE CITY TO MISSOURI RIVER POINTS.....\$32.00  
CHICAGO.....\$44.50  
ST. LOUIS.....\$39.50

PROPORTIONATE RATES FROM IDAHO AND OTHER POINTS. DATE OF SALE NOVEMBER 30TH AND DECEMBER 18, 1906. RETURN LIMIT 60 DAYS. SEND FOR LITERATURE.

C. F. WARREN, AGENT A. T. & S. F. RY., 411 DOOLY BLK., SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

## TELEGRAPH SCHOOL.

Rooms 9 and 10 High School.

Time: personal management of an experienced train dispatcher. Pupils graduated Term \$10 per month.

## "The Lagoon Road"

Salt Lake & Ogden Railway. Simon Rosenberg, President and Gen. Mgr. Time Table in effect Sept. 4, 1906. Leave Salt Lake—5:30 and 7:30 a. m. Leave Ogden—6:30 and 8:30 a. m. Leave Layton for Salt Lake—7:00 and 8:30 a. m. Leave Salt Lake—6:30 and 7:45 p. m.

## Utah's Most Popular Road.

Current Time Table.

DEPART DAILY.

LOS ANGELES LIMITED.....\$1.00  
LOS ANGELES EXPRESS.....\$1.00  
For Garfield.....\$1.00  
For Stoughton and Tintic.....\$1.00  
For Nephi and Sanger.....\$1.00  
For Garfield.....\$1.00  
For Nephi and Utah County.....\$1.00  
For Tintic and Sanger.....\$1.00  
For Garfield.....\$1.00  
New route to Los Angeles. Saves 50 miles to Los Angeles. New route to Ogden and Salt Lake. Saves 10 miles to Ogden and Salt Lake.

ARRIVE DAILY.

LOS ANGELES LIMITED.....\$1.00  
LOS ANGELES EXPRESS.....\$1.00  
From Garfield.....\$1.00  
From Stoughton and Tintic.....\$1.00  
From Nephi and Sanger.....\$1.00  
From Garfield.....\$1.00  
From Tintic and Sanger.....\$1.00  
From Garfield.....\$1.00  
From Nephi and Utah County.....\$1.00  
From Tintic and Sanger.....\$1.00  
From Garfield.....\$1.00

OREGON SHORT LINE. Time Table. IN EFFECT Nov. 19, 1906.

ARRIVE.

No. 4—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 6—From Ogden and Intermediate points. No. 12—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 14—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 16—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 18—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 20—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 22—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 24—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 26—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 28—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 30—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 32—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 34—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 36—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 38—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 40—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 42—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 44—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 46—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 48—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 50—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 52—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 54—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 56—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 58—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 60—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 62—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 64—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 66—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 68—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 70—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 72—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 74—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 76—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 78—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 80—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte and San Francisco. No. 82—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Butte