

Store spirit shines through store-and-vetting. In modern stores it's no longer "Sell—and forget it," but it is "Sell—and stand back of it."

10 PAGES—LAST EDITION.

## BARRICADES RAISED IN WARSAW STREETS

City Has Appearance of a Military Encampment, Soldiers Being Everywhere.

## STRIKERS SHOOT WORKMEN.

Jewish Districts Are in Full Revolt, And Serious Bloodshed May Occur At Any Moment.

## LODZ DECLARED IN STATE OF SIEGE

The Number of Victims of Last Week's Outbreak Is More Than Twelve Hundred.

WARSAW, RUSSIAN POLAND, June 26.—The city has the appearance of a military encampment. Infantry and Cossacks are bivouacked in the streets and patrols are circulating everywhere. The shops largely are closed but cars and street cars are still running.

Barricades have been erected at the corner of Ogrodowa and Zelazna, and occasionally the crack of a rifle can be heard as strikers shoot at men going to work.

JEWS IN FULL REVOLT.

WARSAW, RUSSIAN POLAND, June 26, 10 a. m.—The Jewish districts are now in full revolt. The shops and stores are closed and traffic has ceased. The street cars have been overturned to form the means of barricades. Strikers are assembling in the streets, and the ugly temper of both the populace and the troops threatens to break out in bloodshed at any moment. Thirty-four battalions of infantry are stationed in the town. A bomb was thrown last night at a carriage house occupied by the office of M. Pavlyuk, the town of constachowka government of Pierkow. The chief of police and seven other persons were seriously wounded.

Gen Maximovich, the governor-general of Warsaw, was appointed March 6. On March 26, an imperial decree was issued authorizing him to elaborate police reforms. On April 3 the governor-general summoned the editors of the Warsaw papers to the castle and talked to them freely and in the most friendly manner, especially on the question of censorship, inviting them to come to him in case of any trouble.

The next day Maximovich prohibited the sale of revolvers, pistols and cartridges throughout the whole territory under his administration. A plot to assassinate the governor-general was discovered in the middle of April and soon afterwards it was reported that he had tendered his resignation but had been overruled by the czar. On May 19 a bomb, doubtless intended for the governor-general, was exploded in Miodowa street at noon, killing its possessor, a workman, and two detectives and inflicting 23 persons, including three women, one student and two school boys. The governor-general was severely scolded at the meeting, a few yards away from the scene of the explosion. Many threats have been made against the governor-general particularly since the May-day disturbance.

LODZ IN STATE OF SIEGE.

LODZ, RUSSIA, June 26.—The governor-general has proclaimed a state of siege at Lodz.

The victims of last week's outbreak total over 1,200. Thus far the bodies of 342 Jews and 218 Christians have been buried. The wounded number over 700.

Some semblance of order has been restored and the workers are gradually returning to the factories.

RED FLAG OF REVOLT RAISED.

SALT LAKE CITY, June 26.—The red flag of revolt has been raised at Warsaw, Lodz, and other places in Russian Poland, and of course the authorities are trying to put it down at Lodz and so far as these cities are concerned the situation cannot approach the dignity of open rebellion. The news received at St. Petersburg is meager on account of the vigorous censorship, but it is evident that the troops are being resisted and that the rebels are fighting an encounter at Lodz is anticipated. The three big socialist parties in Russian Poland are well organized and have some arms, but the authorities claim they have no chance of success single handed. Neither the Jewish Socialists, called the band, nor the short-sleeved Socialists, nor the ones who are known as the Polish Socialists, but they are all bitterly opposed to the existing government. The affair at Lodz seemingly has accidentally precipitated a crisis, but the authorities declare there is no machinery for a general insurrection behind it. This, however, does not stop the authorities from putting the nutcracker to the outbreak. Many people believe that Gen. Maximovich is hardly equal to the task, but so long as the disturbance is confined to Russian Poland the authorities believe it can be kept in hand. The main danger lies in its spread to socialist organizations in other parts of Russia, and those in Russian Poland are closely allied. In the meantime the Caucasus is aflame with an insurrection on a big scale. The Muscovites are actually besieging the Armilians in some of the towns. Peasant uprisings have also occurred in several provinces, notably Kharkoff, where the rebels, who are said to be a dozen regiments, have armed themselves with arms, wounding several of the soldiers.

No Strike of Tailors.

NEW YORK, June 26.—Officers of the Brotherhood of Tailors have voted that there shall be no general strike in this city this summer, although the open season has been declared.

An American of Scotland Yard said to the Associated Press that he had been compelled to give many of these American suspects orders to leave England, but nevertheless reports are received daily of operations of confidence men and car thieves.

He stated also that Dr. Charles L. Scudder, one of the Boston physicians, had returned home this forenoon. The other, Dr. Fred T. Murphy, will remain for a day or two in case unexpected symptoms should develop.

See, Hay began to be in pain early yesterday. Remedies which have given relief on previous occasions were applied but failed to help him and Dr. Cain, was called from Newbury. He found that the patient, lying in the chair of Washington to the cool temperature of the Lake Sunapee region, the secretary had taken a severe cold and that organs weakened by previous attacks had been variously affected. Upon learning this Mr. Hay desired that specialists be summoned at once, and as soon as possible Doctors Scudder and Murphy were on the way here to special train from Boston.

The Boston & Maine railroad cleared its tracks from Boston to Concord, N. H., and the special made fast time between those two cities. The train then proceeded to Newbury by the Concord & Montreal branch. A guard was in waiting to convey the secretary to the bedside of the secretary at about midnight. A quick but complete examination of the patient was made, and it was seen that his condition, while exceedingly painful, was not for the time being serious. Under treatment the patient soon showed improvement and the necessity of an operation, which had been discussed, was averted.

During the latter part of the night See, Hay grew steadily better, and by morning had regained the strength of health. He was visited by a number of incessant pain. On account of the galls affected by the cold, however, the physicians ruled that the secretary remain in bed for a day or two. Dr. Scudder then left for home, placing Dr. Murphy in charge with Dr. Cain.

See, Hay said today that the members of Mr. Hay's family were greatly alarmed because of the fact that the usual remedies failed to give relief.

"I understand," said Dr. Cain, "that See, Hay's present illness is of a different character. This is the reason we went abroad for treatment and for which he took the baths at Badenbaden."

Should attacks such as he has experienced yesterday occur frequently there is no doubt but that there would be justification for grave anxiety, but Mr. Hay seems to have got clear of all trouble in the present instance."

Just before noon it was learned from See, Hay's bedside that the patient was "resting comfortably with every thing favorable."

# DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

MONDAY, JUNE 26, 1905, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

HISTORIAN'S OFFICE.  
Church of Jesus Christ  
of Latter-day Saints.

If you are an advertisement reader you KNOW things. What price—you don't guess very often, but if you do you guess right.

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MAZAMAS CLIMBING CLUB.

Will Make Ascent of Mount Rainier This Year.

Portland, Ore., June 26.—The twelfth annual outing of the Mazamas, a mountain climbing club of this city, will occur at Mount Rainier this year, and the club will be accompanied by an unusual number of prominent scientists and college professors.

Among these several members of the Appalachian club and the American Alpine club, including Prof. L. C. Russel of the University of Michigan, who has made a special study of Mount Rainier, and Prof. C. T. Tufts of Tufts college, Mass., who has extensively explored Alaska.

The Sierra club of California will send a party of 100 or more, among whom will be several prominent scientists and professors from the University of California, Stanford and other colleges of that state.

The party will be accompanied by U. S. Forest Service, chief geologist of the United States government; Gifford Pinchot, chief forester of the government; Prof. J. S. Diller, chief geologist of the government, and Dr. Henry Gannett, chief geographer of the government.

The mountain climbing expedition will leave Portland about the middle of July, arriving first at Tacoma, Wash., and will go to Ashford, Wash., and then by conveyance to the base of the mountain.

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As a precautionary measure pending the settlement of the crisis, the Swedish council of state has decided not to discharge the time-expired men from the navy until further notice.

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SAFETY

## Bond Meeting Of Mayor With the Farmers.

Chief Executive and Attorneys of the City and for the Farmers Confer with the Latter as to Payment of Acre Bonus—Bonds Have Arrived—Will be Promptly Signed And Probably Taken to New York by Recorder Critchlow.

UNIQUE EXPOSITION.

To be Held in New York by Italians of United States.

New York, June 26.—An unique exposition will be held in this city during the month of May, 1906, by the Italians in the United States. The Italian chamber of commerce is promoting the idea, and a committee of 18 representative Italians, manufacturers, merchants, importers, and bankers, has been appointed to organize the joint stock company whereby it is proposed to represent the country.

The great feature will be the exhibition of the leading art works and articles manufactured in or grown from the soil of Italy. Exports from that country to America are valued at over \$100,000,000 yearly, but the members of the chamber believe this sum will be largely increased after the Italian products shall have been properly put before the public.

## SECY. HAY TAKEN SUDDENLY ILL.

Prostrated by an Attack of Uraemia At His Summer Home in New Hampshire.

## SPECIALISTS GO FROM BOSTON.

Boston & Maine Railroad Cleared Its Tracks for the Special—No Serious Results expected.

Stockholm, Sweden, June 26.—See, Hay was prostrated by an attack of uraemia at his summer home here last evening but early today his condition had been relieved by a local physician and two specialists who had come from Boston by special train and it was expected that the secretariat would be soon in his usual health. The attack which was similar to others experienced by Secy. Hay during recent years was attributed to a cold contracted on his journey from Washington to Newbury last Saturday. Dr. J. G. Cain, the local physician who was the first one called to attend the sick man, said at 9:45 a. m. today:

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SAFETY

Has Been Given Complete Control of the Army in India.

## MUCH EXCITEMENT IN SIMLA.

In London it is Not Believed Resignations Will be Accepted or Insisted Upon.

Simla, India, June 26.—It is freely admitted that the victory, Lord Curzon or Kedlasson, has either already tendered his resignation or shortly will do so in consequence of the home government's decision to withdraw him from the command of the Indian army.

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