MAYOR'S REPORT

Deception and Bad Faith Attributed to Mr. Bowman,

IN THE JOINT BUILDING CONTRACT.

Mayor Scott Says He Should not be Allowed to Proceed Further with the Work of Construction,

EVEN THOUGH HE FURNISH THE CITY AND COUNTY A GOOD BOND.

A Review of the Affairs of the Various Departments of the Municipality.

Following is the full text of Mayor Scott's annual annual report submitted to the City Council last night and read by himself:

To the City Council Salt Lake City:

Gentlemen—In discharge of the duty imposed on me by the city ordinances, I submit to you my second annual report. The business of this city has become so extensive and its departments so numerous and important that it is impossible to condense into a brief report, and yet a considerable part of the details of the city business and affairs, I am relieved from the necessity of such an attempt by the reports from the various departments of the city government made to me, and which I submit herewith as a part of my report. These department reports are ample to show all the details of the business of the city in the several departments. The expenditure to each, from what source

THE CITY INCOME

has been derived and how and for what it has been disbursed. Any citizen desiring any information in relation to the operation in any department can obtain it from these reports, and I recommend that they be printed in full for the information of the public. I shall therefore limit additional statements to matters of general interest and purpose, and to the general effect of our management of the affairs of the city during the past year.

The general stringency of the money market during 1891 affected the city business adversely. Its immediate effect was felt in the sale of our

CITY BONDS,

and although its effect was less severe in Salt Lake City than in most other cities, it has considerably affected our general revenues through its depressing effect in general business. We have no reason for discouragement at our financial situation. While we have needed, and still need, considerable sums for permanent improvements, the reports show that we have kept our cash and the

FUTURE GROWTH

and development of the city provided for, its revenues with a moderate rate of taxation will meet its expenses and interest on the bonded debt.

Within a few years the city will have a large revenue from water service. At present the revenue is comparatively small on account of the water credits given for assessments to extend the system. As these credits are paid off the cash revenue from the water service will annually increase and the water system will represent a large capital invested and yielding revenue. Two years ago and even earlier it was evident to all that extensive public improvements were required to accommodate far in excess of what the annual revenue with a reasonable rate of taxation would meet, and that local money required from expenses should be extended under a credit system, and it is time to see the growth and prosperity of the city begin to compare very favorably.

THE WHOLE

BONDED DEBT OF THE CITY

is now $1,050,000, with the increase in wealth and population which the city must surely have, will not be burdensome in the future and the interest in the meantime will be within the means of the city. Of all the needs of the city, it is universally agreed, that an adequate supply of water is the first and most important. With this, the citizens can continue the work of other improvements and without it, other improvements are of little purpose. Of the revenue expended last year the sum of $408,341.26, over four-fourths of the whole expenditure was expended in extensions and maintenance of the water service; $134,147 to the Capitol Hill reservoir, and $195,[illegible] for water supplies, including work to develop an increase of water. The Bailey's conduit is now almost completed, and is a

PERMANENT AND SUBSTANTIAL

piece of work, and reflects great credit on the city engineer and board of public works under whose supervision the work has been done. During the past two years the city has been growing so rapidly, especially more than doubled, and the growth of the city provided for till the population is doubled, when it is now, but for the growth and requirement of future years further provision should be made and the full and comprehensive report of the city engineer on the subject is worthy of careful consideration, in view of the importance of the matter to and the interest felt in it by the public. I quote a portion of his report "in connection herewith:

LITTLE HAS BEEN ADDED

to the work during the year 1891 and fully described in my last annual report. The work then done has proved most serviceable the past season, as without the water supplied from the source the scarcity of former years would have been experienced. In my last annual report it was recommended that Bailey's creek be brought into the city by means of a masonry conduit at an estimated cost of $[illegible], this was subsequently authorized by the City Council and the work has been practically completed at a cost evidentially below that estimated and authorized. As a full report of this important work could be made at the time of such a partial report, would be misleading, I will make it a subject of a special report as soon as the work shall have been completed. Under consideration.

I ASSURE YOU

that this is the most profitable and enduring work ever undertaken by the city and must remain a perpetual monument to the wisdom of the Council under whose authority it was inaugurated. Through it a stream equal in quality and exceeding in volume that of City Creek has been added to our water supply through the pipe system, which is double what it was one year ago, and increasing the supply of two years ago by more than one hundred and fifty per cent. Even the streams now made available we have an ample supply in seasons of greatest scarcity for a population of 100,000. All is of the

PUREST MOUNTAIN WATER,

brought in by gravitation through works of the most substantial and enduring character, and requiring the least possible outlay for operation and maintenance. In brief, the change effected in our water supply during the past two years has been to provide a economic and at all times ample and pure supply for a population of 100,000 in place of a scanty and impure supply for a population of 30,000.

Of the amount expended in 1891, for extending the water service, the sum of $101,355.20 was collected by assessments and water credits given for its equivalent as previously explained. The details of the

WORK FOR THE YEAR

in preparing water are set forth in the city engineer's, water master and superintendent of water works reports.

The water mains and service have been extended to some parts of the city not yet thickly inhabited. This in the end will prove to be a good policy. When the demand for city lots for occupation becomes active, their improvement will be greatly facilitated by the fact that water is within their reach. No one will hesitate to try to occupy a lot where water cannot be procured, and nothing more strongly invites improvement than a good water supply.

The reference to expenditure for water supplies and service above made are

EXCLUSIVE OF THE AMOUNT

expended for the maintenance and improvement of the irrigation system, for which the sum of $62,[illegible] was expended in 1891.

The want of good sidewalks was one of the things which required special attention. During the past year there have been constructed nearly eleven miles of permanent sidewalks. The average length of the city for assessment as share of the sidewalks is 27,[illegible] against 2,[illegible] for the purposes to 1890. The good result of this work is so apparent that no comment is necessary, and the sidewalk system is now in such a forward condition that it will not require large city outlay in any one year, and if can be carried on yearly as circumstances may require.

The sewerage is one of the important things required in the system of improvements. It was begun more than two years ago, the past year $23,938.[illegible] was expended for this purpose, of which $11,732.[illegible] was received from special assessments. The system is well organized and in

CONSTANT EXTENSION

as fast as local districts call for it and are ready to meet their share of the expense. When the system is completed and the flow to be materially increased, and it is not impossible, and most difficulties in the handling and disposition of the sewerage at the outlets may arise and necessitate considerable expense unless some practicable method of converting the sewerage to be found. The length of sewers so far constructed is 80,758 feet, or to 15-100 miles.

BUT LITTLE HAS BEEN DONE

toward paving the streets. So many things were required that all could not be done at once, and water, sidewalks and sewerage naturally come before paving. But few streets were ready for paving or the people ready to incur their share of the cost. The work of paving Commercial street with asphaltum was begun late last fall and was completed this spring, and to date has given quite satisfaction. A contract has been awarded the Pacific Paving company of Utah for putting down a bituminous rock pavement on State street between South Temple and Fourth South streets. Considerable preparatory work has been done and the work will be hurried to completion as soon as favorable weather will permit.

The report of the police department shows the force has been active and efficient in its public service. The expenses of the department has been $[illegible],[illegible] an excess of $[illegible] over the expenses of 1890. There has been at times a want of harmony in the force which resulted

IN A DISPOSITION

very greatly to be regretted. It is believed harmony has been restored and there is no reason to think it will not be maintained. The force is smaller compared to the population than that of most cities, and the large districts covered by the city in connection with its population prevents any efficient patrol beyond the central part of the city. It is probable the force will have to be increased to some extent, and the auxiliary force provided for under the charge of the department to patrol parts of the city which the limited force can not efficiently reach. A comparison with some of our neighboring

WESTERN CITIES

may not be out of place to show our city has not as large a police force for its size and population as it should have. Salt Lake City, total number of police 58, Portland 150, Denver 120, and Omaha 91.

The fire department is in a most efficient and satisfactory condition. It was reorganized and well organized in 1890. In 1891 its expenses were $47,[illegible] being $10,[illegible] less than in 1890. Of the amount for 1891 $[illegible] was for permanent improvement, leaving only $[illegible] for maintenance. When it is known that Denver appropriated for the year $175,000 for the support of its fire department, Omaha $[illegible], and Portland, Oregon, $135,000, it will be seen after making allowance for the difference in population that the department is on an exceedingly economical basis.

The large amount of work done on the streets in 1890 has shown good results in 1891. They have been kept in good repair and a large amount of new work done at a cost, including

PRISON LABOR,

of $[illegible] this is per auditor's report of $[illegible] less than $[illegible] paid for similar work in 1890. The expenditure on streets for 1890 was $[illegible]. It is found that it is easier and cheaper to keep sprinkled streets in repair than those not sprinkled, and that in addition to the increase of comfort arising from sprinkling and its value as a sanitary measure it lessens some expense in aiding to keep the streets in good condition. Last year the street sprinkling service was increased considerably, at a cost of about one half more than in 1890.

The amount of $[illegible] was expended in work and improvements on the city cemetery. It has been greatly improved in the last two years, and further improvement can now be undertaken with a prospective outlay.

After perfecting and accepting delays in regard to the erection of the joint city and county building on Eighth Ward Square, the contract for construction was let and the concrete work required in putting in the foundation is nearly completed. It was recently ascertained that the contract for constructing was not secured by a bond with the sureties the contractor had agreed to give and that he had not in this respect complied with the terms of his bid and contract. The defect in the bond was one which would not be suspected or discovered by ordinary care and it tended to show

DECEPTION AND BAD FAITH,

and leads me to believe, and, I think the joint committee will come to the same conclusion, that it is unsafe for the contractor proceed with the work even under a good bond.

Buildings for the construction should be advertised for at once and contracted, so that there may be as little delay as possible in carrying out the work. There is no pecuniary loss as a full payment for the work done has not been made.

The committee appointed by this Council to act jointly with a committee from the Chamber of Commerce to prepare a new or amended charter for the city have completed their work and it is now before the Legislature. If this is adopted

IMPORTANT CHANGES

in the city government and in the methods of conducting its affairs will follow. The many defects in our present charter, the want of power to enable the Council to pass and enforce many ordinances which would be of benefit to the city and its citizens, the dissatisfaction arising out of the method of assessing and collecting taxes—these and other defects the committee have sought to remedy in the new charter. It will also give the Mayor powers which rightfully belong to the office. Under the present charter the mayor's power is exceedingly limited and he is frequently blamed and held responsible for evils which it is not in his power to cure.

I have only referred to some of the more prominent departments of the city work, but the reports of these, with review or even summaries the departmental reports. Anyone desiring information as to the

WORK AND EXPENDITURES

in any department will find all the details in the accompanying reports and will not be satisfied with an imperfect summary. Whatever may be the result of our control of the affairs of the city during the past two years, we are approach the end of our term with the consciousness that we have labored for the good of the city, nor do I think we need fear an examination of our stewardship of our work. We found a city rapidly increasing in wealth, population and business activity when all kinds of public improvements were needed. Its water supply was inadequate for any considerable growth; its has been increased one hundred and fifty per cent, and the flow to be nearly doubled. The streets have been greatly improved and a considerable part of them sprinkled. The sewerage system of the streets has been bettered and greatly extended. The city was practically without sidewalks, and it now has over thirteen miles of permanent walks. The sewerage system has been carried on and extended as fast as practicable. The fire department has been enlarged, reorganized and maintained in an effective and satisfactory condition. An efficient board of public works

HAS BEEN ORGANIZED,

also a board of health, so that the sanitary condition of the city has been greatly improved. Every part of the city and every branch of the public service will show that we have not been idle, and we may justly claim the city which our citizens knew two years ago is not the city of today. My personal thanks are due to the members of the council not only for the assistance they have rendered to me in the discharge of my official duties, but also for the uniform kindness and courtesy extended to me, and I feel assured you will unite with me in tendering our joint thanks to the officers of the various departments of the city government for their fidelity to the interests of the city and for their assistance and courtesy in our official relations. GEO. M. SCOTT,

SALT LAKE CITY, Feb. 2, 1892. Mayor.

On motion of Councilman Lynn the report was received and filed and two hundred copies ordered printed.

THE DEMOCRATS RATIFY.

They Hold a Large and Enthusiastic Meeting in Walker's Pavilion.

More than three thousand persons attended the ratification meeting of the Democrats in Walker's Pavilion last night. Every inch of available space was occupied and many persons were turned away for lack of room.

The speaker's platform was tastefully draped with the stars and stripes, and stirring strains of beautiful music enlivened the occasion.

CHAIRMAN SHOEMAKER

called the meeting to order in the following language: "He whom the people delight to honor first made the Democratic party. We have made the "Liberals" mad, and we will destroy them on Monday. If there is any enemy, let him speak or ever after hold his peace. The Young Men's Democratic Club of the Second precinct numbering 300 solid voters, every one of whom voted for Grover Cleveland two years ago. I have now the honor to offer for your endorsement the following name of the Democratic ticket."

That gentleman assumed charge of the meeting.

Speeches were made by F. H. Dyer, Judge Judd, Judge Henderson, Colonel Lee, J. B. Toomey, Ex-Governor West, Colonel Merritt, G.W. Snow and G. A. McLean. They arraigned the "Liberal" faction in strong terms for its broken pledges, reckless expenditure of the city's finances and open encouragement of vice and crime.

Good news to Kidney Disease Patients, say "Dr. Hall's Home Pamphlet." Price $4.00. George Gadsby and Agent. 5

Wall paper, Varnishes, Etc.

Albert Lindemann, by terms a Pole, is professor of mechanical engineering, and having a passion for children will undertake the work's fair. The other are already here formerly employed in the Washington patent office. Mr. Eichmann observed a long time ago the great quantity of lignite on the Indian reservation. Lignite is an inferior kind of coal which nobody wants and which has no market or the city. Lignite is collected in broken forms or in lumps from the allied coal, on the earth. A recent process, something like that where coke applies to coal, has been invented for the lignite and believe it will do for fuel, and concrete cake so to that the operation is completed.

Eichmann started for Iowa and secured the earth for chemicals which could do quickly what coke and oil do, apply lignite to make fuel. Eichmann's process is simple. Lignite is a fuel of no drawbacks. Lignite not first class fuel. He asserted, he said that the coal possessed a magnetic power which draw heat. It is could get to gether plants that contained to a great degree the elements of heat, gas and fuel, they not inflame them to powder, like those with the powered lignite and thus make tremendous pressure. Even the whole mass into brick shaped solids, so would have a magnificent fuel that could be produced at a cost of one dollar a ton. The Mr. Eichmann evidence to his does not that his new fuel burns without smoke. Let us all hope this good story is true.

One of the anomalies of late out of the century was presented at the annual ball of the United Working Girls' circle of New York city. There were eighteen girls, who danced with nearly 1,000 girls, who danced. The ball was held in the great, brilliantly lighted Madison Square garden, and was a crowding room. Miss Dodge and the lady managers approved of, meanwhile grace and beauty at the ball, and asked the girls to bring their sweethearts, parents and male cousins and friends. But the girls answered, "No, we don't want any men around in the way," and the men were accordingly excluded from the fabulous bliss of an evening. The modest proved bashfully by tying handkerchiefs around their arms, to distinguish them from the girls' partners. The working girls ball last year there was the same strange refusal to admit masculine partners. In view of this fact the office of The Deseretnews may well ask: What have the men been about?

The greatest cold on record was at Jakutsk, Siberia, Jan. 25, 1892, when tested spirits thermometers ran down to 75 degs. below the zero point of Fahrenheit.

STRIKE WHILE THE IRON IS HOT

Or in other words, do the right thing at the right time.

Begin the new year right. Do not be indifferent to the welfare of your home. See that a good shoe does your work and that it is comfortable. Insist that he use the best in doing his job. The best judgment, the best shoe, the best nail.

The best judgment comes only from being shaty. The best shoe is the shoe best adapted for the peculiar needs of your feet. The best nail? There is but one real horse nail, the "Putnam."

There are some who, for the sake of a little pelf, use fit to attempt to stray thoughtless under the same banner, but when the facts are known, their puerile efforts fall to the ground.

There are the facts. All other nails are made by taking a squeezed blank, rolling it cold and clipping a V shaped piece from the end to form the point.

Such a process is directly contrary to what experience has taught us to be beneficial to the metal, and it stands to reason such a nail cannot have the toughness of a Hot Forged nail. Its Ebics are mangled and distorted, and great liability when driven exists.

Perhaps you do not realize that a split nail is likely to penetrate into the sensitive part of the hoof, among the delicate nerves, causing a sensation much the same as when sliver is run beneath the finger nail, and that lameness and death confront a horse so unfortunate as to be the victim of such an accident.

On the other hand, the Putnam Nail will give no jolting, not shorten the life of your horse, by causing him to stand and increasing his usefulness.

Hot Forged Nails are all of the best Swedish iron rods while at a welding heat, scalped by the water process without the use of acids, and Hammer Pointed, it follows and imitates the old hand process. In three are compacted, a perfect oneness is maintained, and it is impossible that a Putnam Nail should split or stiffen.

Quality and finish are on the side of the Hot Forged nail, or it is obvious that some inferior manufacturers of cold rolled and clipped nails would not make every effort to increase their trade by vain efforts to avail themselves of the reputation of the Putnam Nail.

Strike while the iron is hot. We, too, Other and manufacturers so say. Insist on the use of the Putnam, the only Hot Forged nail and therefore the only safe nail to drive.

Send to the PUTNAM NAIL CO., NEPONSET, BOSTON, MASS., for samples.

For the Children.

"In buying a cough medicine for children," says H. A. Walker, a prominent druggist of Ogden, Utah, "never be afraid to buy Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. There is no danger from it and relief is always sure to follow. I particularly recommend Chamberlain's because I have found it to be safe and reliable." 50 cent bottles for sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept. 4s

La Grippe!

The tendency of this disease toward pneumonia is what makes it so dangerous. La Grippe requires precisely the same treatment as a severe cold. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is famous for its cure of severe colds. This Remedy effectually counteracts the tendency of the disease to result in pneumonia, provided that proper care be taken to avoid exposure when convalescent from the attack. Careful inquiry among the many thousands who have used this remedy during the epidemics of the past two years has failed to discover a single case that has not recovered in that has resulted in pneumonia. 50 cent and $1 bottles for sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept. 4s

MILK CRUST ON BABY

Kept Spreading Until His Face Was a Raw Sore. He Scratched Until Blood Ran.

Best Physicians Said No Cure While Teething. He Was Cured Promptly by Cuticura.

[illegible] years ago, and ever since the rash appeared on my face and head I have had a most severe case of milk crust to suffer with. My face was a raw sore. I scratched until blood ran. The doctors said I was teething and that I would outgrow the rash. I had tried many remedies and had spent much money for medicine, but I was not cured. My face was a raw sore. I was recommended to try Cuticura. I did so, and the first application of Cuticura Ointment gave me relief. I used the Cuticura Resolvent and Cuticura Soap, and in a few weeks I was cured. This has been nearly two years since, and no symptoms of the disease have appeared since.

JACOB SPIECELE,
[illegible] Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo.

Scaly Humor 17 Years.

I was troubled for seventeen years with a scaly humor which appeared on my face and head. I tried many remedies and spent much money for medicine, but I was not cured. I was recommended to try Cuticura. I did so, and the first application of Cuticura Ointment gave me relief. I used the Cuticura Resolvent and Cuticura Soap, and in a few weeks I was cured. This has been nearly two years since, and no symptoms of the disease have appeared since.

JACOB SPIECELE,
[illegible] Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo.

Cuticura Resolvent,

The new blood and skin purifier, internally and Cuticura, the great skin cure, externally, cure every humor, from pimples to scrofula, from infancy to age, when all else fails. Cuticura Ointment, 50 cents; Cuticura Soap, 25 cents; Cuticura Resolvent, $1 a bottle. Sold everywhere. Potter Drug and Chemical Corporation, Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Humors," 32 pages, 50 illustrations, 100 testimonials, sent free.

PIMPLES, blackheads, red, rough, chapped and oily skin prevented by CUTICURA SOAP.

HOW MY BACK ACHES!

Sore and lame, Kidney Pains and Weakness, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Sharp, Shooting Pains relieved in one minute by the CUTICURA ANTI-PAIN PLASTER.

As Simple as Coffee.

"Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is as simple as coffee in this vicinity. It has done an immense amount of good since its introduction here." A. M. Nuttall, Maple River, Minn. For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept. 4s

A Little Girl's Experience in a Sight-House.

Mr. and Mrs. Loren Truesell are keepers of the Gov. Lighthouse at Sand Beach, Mich., and are blessed with a daughter, four years old. Last April she was taken down with Measles, followed with a dreadful Cough and turning into a Fever. Doctors at home and at Detroit tried her, but in vain, she grew worse rapidly, until she was a mere "handful of bones." Then she tried Dr. King's New Discovery and after the use of two and a half bottles, was completely cured. They say Dr. King's New Discovery is worth its weight in gold, yet you may get a trial bottle free at A. C. Smith & Co's Drug Store. 5*

Commencing Monday, Feb. 1, 1892, the Utah Central Railway will run Passenger and Freight Trains to Park City. Passenger train leaving Salt Lake at 5 a.m., Freight train at 8.10 a.m.

Strength and Health.

If you are not feeling strong and healthy, try Electric Bitters. If "La Grippe" has left you weak and weary, use Electric Bitters. This remedy acts directly on Liver, Stomach and Kidneys, gently aiding these organs to perform their functions. If you are afflicted with Sick Headache, you will find speedy and permanent relief by taking Electric Bitters. One trial will convince you that this is the remedy you need. Large bottles only 50c. at A. C. Smith & Co's Drug Store. 5*

Pure Drugs—Johnson, Pratt & Co., 32 Main St.

Does Protection Protect?

Certainly, in one instance, it does. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the great protection against the ravages of impure blood, and it will cure or prevent all diseases of this class. It has well won the name of the best blood purifier by its many remarkable cures.

The highest prize has been won by Hood's Pills for their easy yet efficient action. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cents per box. 4

Pure Drugs—Johnson, Pratt & Co., 32 Main St.

Good Cooking

is one of the chief blessings of every home. To always have good cake, puddings, sauces, etc., use Cold Borden "Eagle" Brand Condensed Milk. Directions on the label. Sold by your grocer and druggist. 1

Dentistry.

Dr. J. THOMAS, SURGEON DENTIST, No. 18 Main Street. All work guaranteed. Anesthetics administered. Friends and patrons invited. 4

Pure Drugs—Johnson, Pratt & Co., 32 Main St.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Darkness Makes Safe.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. C. Smith & Co.

Pure Drugs—Johnson, Pratt & Co., 32 Main St.

SETS OF TEETH $5 FROM $5 UP

TEETH FILLED 50 CTS. UP

EXPERT DENTAL CO.

Dr. J. Thomas, Surgeon Dentist, No. 18 Main Street.

R. K. THOMAS

26, 28, 30, 32 East, First South Street.

SHOE SALE

SHOE SALE, SHOE SALE, SHOE SALE, SHOE SALE, SHOE SALE

To CLOSE OUT a Few Lines of Shoes we offer the following

BIG REDUCTIONS

They are here advertised under our Stock Number. By calling for the same you can get them Just as Advertised.

STOCK NO.				
338	Ladies' Serge Bals,	-	$1.25	were $1.50
384	Old Ladies' Hand Sewed,	-	1.25	" 1.75
304	" "	Cong,	1.00	" 1.75
331	Ladies' High Cut Goat,	-	2.25	" 3.00
271	Misses' " " Kid,	-	2.50	" 3.50
222	" " " Goat,	-	2.00	" 3.00
302	Ladies' Standard or Sl. Lt. Screw, Lace,	-	1.25	" 1.50
301	" " Button,		1.50	" 1.75
356	Ladies' High Cut French Kid,		3.50	" 5.00
361	" Dongola,		3.50	" 4.50
355	" " "		3.50	" 4.50
200	Misses' High Cut Spring Kid,		2.50	" 3.50
295	Children's " " " "		1.75	" 2.50
294	Child's 4-7 " " " "		1.50	" 2.00
350 / 326	Ladies' Kid,	-	2.50	" 3.75
313	Ladies' High Cut Kid,	-	2.50	" 3.00
229	Misses' Hand Sewed, Fch. Kid,		3.00	" 3.00
2001	" Pat. Tip. French Kid,		2.50	" 3.25
343	Ladies' Flexible Goat,	-	2.50	" 3.00
303 / 304	Ladies' Dongola Kid,	-	2.50	" 3.00

SLIPPERS.

1019	Ladies' Dongola Pat. Tip,		1.50	were 1.85
187	" Chamois Bl. Sew'd Opera		1.75	" 2.25
186	" Bronze Oxford,	-	1.75	" 2.25
1016	" Dongola Pat. Tip,	-	1.75	" 2.25
1052	" Pat. Leather Oxford,		2.00	" 2.25
1054	" Pat. Tip Hd Sewed Ox.		2.00	" 2.25
1044	" Dongola Common Sense,		1.50	" 1.85
1047	" " Oxford	-	1.00	" 1.25
1043	" " "		1.50	" 1.85
1045	" Opera Toe Flexible,		1.50	" 1.85
175	" Ooze Top Pat. Vamp,		2.00	" 2.50
1023	" Pat. Leather Ooze Top,		2.00	" 2.25
1051	" " " Oxford,		1.35	" 1.85
1050	" Dongola Pat. Tip "		1.75	" 1.85

MEN'S SHOES.

660 / 629	Vici Kid, Bal. and Cong.,		4.00	were 5.00
443	Fine Enameled,	-	3.50	" 4.50
65 / 636	" Russia Calf Bal. & Cong.		5.00	" 6.00

Now is the Time to Buy Shoes.

R. K. THOMAS