CHINESE PREPARING FOR A GREAT WAR

Hurrying Troops to Resist Foreigners-Mystery of Pekin-Charges of Chinese Duplicity.

London, July 26, 4 s. m .- Conger's cablegram, the substance of which has been transmitted to the United States secretary of the navy through Capt. Thomas of the United States cruiser Brooklyn, has increased the belief in Lendon that there is no hope for the forcien legations in Pekin, and that the elaborate fabric of the dispatches which the Chinese are building to persuade the civilized world that the minsame the civilized world that the hills-isters are still alive is only intended to enable them to gain time to com-plete preparations for warfare.

FOREIGNERS ALL DEAD.

The Shanghai correspondent of the bally Mail asserts that a Chinaman hawas employed at the British lega-on as a writer and interpreter has compared writer and interpreter has escaped from Pelcin to Niu Chwang, and that he declares that at the time he left Pekin most of the members of the legations were dead and the condition of the others was hopeless. He says that Sir Robert Hart, director of the control modifies a property modifies.

The correspondent goes on to say;
"No other dates are given in the messee from Niu Chwang. The Chinese newspaper here pub-ished yesterday a disputch declaring that it was all over with the members

he president of a minor board at Pekin stole to a relative in Shang-hal under date of July 9th, saying: "The foreign legations are still uncaptured, but owing to the daily fighting it is rumored that only about 300 persons are left alive in the legations, and if there is any delay in the arrival of the relief force. I fear that none will

This letter is regarded in Shanghai as authoritative. Strange enough, it says nothing of any assistance to the legations by Prince Ching or Gen. Lung La."

GREAT WAR AHEAD.

While these brief side lights as to while these strey and lights as to the fate of the Europeans leave little ground for hope. Shanghai sends a batch of reports indicative of prepara-tions for hopelities on the part of the tions for hoghlitles on the part of the Chinese. It is alleged that the Yang Te-viceroys have sent deputies to Sharghal to haquire as to the prospect of raising a foreign loan, ostensibly to pursue military operations against the Boyers, whose movement is extending specific southward, with constantly rapidly southward with constantly growing strength and had reached a point where the provinces of Shang Tang Ho Nan and Shan Si meet, leavnd murdered Christians.

Simplianeously there is a movement northward of southern Chinese troops to join the main army gathered to op-

now estimated at 300,000 men. It is believed that about three weeks must clause before the Chinese preparations are completed. It is rumored that 200,000 Chinese troops and more are ng sent to reinforce the garrison of entrance to the Yang-tse-Klang, ninety miles east of Nanking.

SIGNS ARE BAD.

Chan Chi Tung, viceroy of Wu Chang on the Yang-tse-Kiang, tele-graphs that he is apprehensive that he vill not be able to restrain his troops for more than another ten days. He says that he has thrown the breachblocks of the guns commanding San-

These signs of unrest in the southern provinces are coinculent with Li Hung Chang's presence A. Shanghai. They are supposed to be the beginning of a general declaration against foreigners. In this connection, the Canton correspendent of the Telegraph, wiring Tuessends the following important

MEANS WAR.

Viceray Tak Su today published the following mandate: "An important imperial decree was issued on the 23rd of the sixth month, it says: We have lost Tien Tsin and great precautions are taken in Pekin. can be obtained without going through a war. In the time of Chung an agree-ment was made that no murder can be is a month since the minister of Germany was assassinated by Boxers and orders have been given for the afrest of the murderers. We are trying our utmost to preserve the lives of the other ministers and they are still in Pekin. We fear that the viceroys and governors may misunderstand the ention of the decree, relying on the safety of these ministers as a ground or making peace and taking no heed whatever to prepare for attack and de-fense. The neglect to fortify the districts under their jurisdiction will bring Viceroys and gover ors are to pay all attention to and to preparations for coast attack and defense and they are to take the ng last entirely through their delay and mismapagement.

SITUATION CRITICAL NOW.

Europeans here understand thor-oughly the last part of the edict, which brans that the viceroys and governors are compared. ided by the empress dowallied powers, Viceroy Tak anti-foreign and he is inarmy and armaments, milaval. He has made an ob-such the prefect of Kwan four small gunboats, two American and one British, and he asks that they be and the Hogue forts, as will be unmusked short-

lied powers ascertain deffacts concerning the massa-

gunboats infest the channel ick of the Shameen and nese gunboats lie awalting the imperial government Cantonese are daily becom-ostile and the situation is lass is almost at a standprosy and plague claim fresh

hristians assert that the Black Flag, Chief Lan, who everses on the French in the command to go north the Boxers. His soldiers are and compose the crews of the gun-

outs in the Shameen." LI HUNG CHANG SCHEMING.

According to the Shanghai correcondent of the Times, Li Hung Chang Issuling at the residence of Liu, who as the civoy of the empress downers in the civoy of the empress downers are the civoy of the empress downers are the civoy of the empress downers and the civoy of the empress downers are the civo of the civo of the civo of the civo of the ci in the secret mission to Japan. He has received secret instructions to ren hegotiations with a view of pre-With this accumulation of evidence of the news of disagreements between the powers and the foreign commanders, nowers and the foreign commanders, which threaten to hamper united action and to encourage Chinese resistance, A conference of the admirals at Taku, called to settle the question exarding the management of the restored railway, decided in favor of the Russian control, only the British and American atmiral discenting

admirals dissenting. ALLIES NOT AGREED.

The Tien Tsin correspondent of the Daily Mall insists upon the necessity of a single leader and of a general head-quarters, with an intelligence office. He says: "Much valuable time is wasted by the present system. Little scouting is done and yet few middes are one. is done and very few guides are em-ployed. The allies have no intelligence regarding the position or numbers of the enemy. The supplies of food and medical stores, as well as the number of surgeons, are insufficient."

The morning papers do not comment upon the reported differences of policy between the United States and Europe, probably preferring, as the Daity Graphic says, to wait for more authentic information on the subject.
There appears to be a difficulty, ow-

ing to the Russian censorship to get an accurate idea of the situation in Manchuria. The government dispatches block the available wires, and little private news comes through. Neverthe-less, there are rumors that the situa-tion is more serious than it is officially represented to be, and that the Russian save the southern portion of the eastern

RUSIANS WITHDRAW.

The Chinese have burned Lavoang to prevent Russian concentration there and are now trying to smash communication between Port Arihur and Niu Chwang. The critical situation has forced the Bussians to withdraw a number of troops from Tien Tsin, while 2,000 troops have been sent from Port Arthur. It is reported that an entire army corps is being mobalized at Odessa for transport to Take by the recurs sa for transport to Taku by the volun-

It is reported from Niu Chwang that the Russians are concentrating forces at a point fifteen miles east of that fort, and raising reinforcements before ad-vancing on Moukden, Manchuria. The Boxers have wrecked the bridges of the Shanghai, Kwan and Kin Chau section

Saselee are consulting at Wel Hal Wel TO BOMBARD CHINESE TOWNS. London, July 25.-The Express has the

following from Si. Petersburg:
"Admiral Skreydloff, commanding the Russian squadron in Chinese waters, has received precise instructions to bombard the Chinese coast towns im-mediately on receipt of confirmation of the report of the massacre at Pekin."

MYSTERY DEEPENS.

Washington, July 25.—The receipt at Tien Tsin of apparently a genuine ries, sage in autograph from Minister Conger has done nething to dissipate the loubt as to the situation at Pekin. The message, which was first forwarded by the naval officers at Tien Tsin, Taku and Che Foo, has served only to deepen the darkest and saddest mystery of the century. The conclusion remains un-changed, of course, but it is admitted that a careful scrutiny of the autograph message, in comparison with the famous cipher message from Minister Conger, admits of the belief that the two messages were indicted by Mr. Conger at about the same time.

The situation at the British legation is represented to be the same in each case, and as Mr. Conger declares that relief must come quickly, if at all, there is ground for the suspicion that the crisis is over. The assumption that this reasoning is correct involves the further conclusion that Mr. Conger's cipher message, if genuine, was redated and, of course, if redated at all, that was done by Chinese officials.

THE HOPEFUL SIDE.

On the other hand, and in support of On the other hand, and in support of the state department's position, came today a message from another of the great Chinese viceroys, Tak, at Canton, who took charge after Li Hung Chang's departure. It was a cablegram from Consul McWade at Canton saying that Viceroy Tak gives assurance that all the foreign envoys at Pekin were alive and well on July 21st.

This, it will be seen, also affirmed solemnly the safety of the legationers and, coming from so many different sources and from such an important Chinese official these dispatches claim attention.

FEARS FOR RUSSIANS.

St. Petersburg, July 25 .- In the opinion of Russian general staff, the pro-tective force on the railway between Charbin and Ti-Lien must be in a critical position, since no definite news of the situation there has been received. All that is known is that the wives and hildren of the workingmen have fled to

The detachment, while numbers 200, were at the end of June, threatened by 15.900 Chinese, with artillery. As late as July 17th, it had not been heard of either at Charbin or Sungari, and it is feared that the force has been annihilated Col. Artamonoff of the Russian gen-

eral staff, a well known traveler, has been ordered to proceed to Kwang Tung and then to place himself at the disposition of the governor of Port Ar-

DOCTOR'S FOOD TALK.

Selection of Food One of the Most Important Acts in Life.

Old Dr. Hanaford of Reading, Mass. eays in the "Messenger:" "Our health and physical and mental happiness are so largely under our personal control that the proper selection of food should be, and is, one of the most important acts in life.

"On this subject, I may say that I know of no food equal in digestibility, and more powerful in point of nutriment, than the modern Grape-Nuts, four heaping teaspoons of which is sufficient for the second of the control of the second of t cient for the cereal part of a meal, and experience demonstrates that the user is perfectly nourished from one meal to

"I am convinced that the extensive and general use of high class for this character would increase the term of human life, add to the sum total of happiness and very considerably im-prove society in general. I am free to

mention the food, for I personally know of its value."
Grape-Nuts food can be used by babes can be served instantly, either cold with cream, or with hot water or hot milk poured over. All sorts of puddings and fancy dishes can be made with Grape-Nuts. The food is concentrated and very economical, for four heaping teaan impending big struggle comes also of a meal.

CHINESE TROUBLE SPREADING SOUTH

Hongkong is Full of Refugees, Who Call for Aid.

WANT AMERICAN WARSHIP.

Chinese Governor of Hai Nan Says He Cannot Protect Foreigners Longer.

New York, July 26-A special to the Journal and Advertiser from Hongkong SLYS:

Consul General Wildman has been informed that the Chinese governor of the island of Hai Nan has served notice on the consuls that he is unable to protect. the foreigners any longer.

The American missions have appealed to Consul Wildman to send a war ship to Ho! How to bring away the foreign-

It is believed that three men, three women and three children belonging to the American Presbyterian boards mis-sion at Nodoa, Hai Nan, have been murdered by Chinese imperial troops. The last news from there was dated July 12, at which time they repelled the attack of the Boxers. Hongkong is full of refugees. An out-break is expected on the West river.

GEN. DORWARD BLUNDERED. He Admits His Mistake, and Praises Americans

Tien Tsin, July 16, via Che Foo, July 24 - (Copyright, 1990, by the Associated Press.)—General Dorward, the British commander, has sent to the American commander a letter in which he says:

"I desire to express the high appreciation of the British troops of the honor done them in serving alongside of their comrades in the American army, and of the high honor accorded me in having them under my command.

having them under my command.
"I blame myself for the mistake made in taking their position by the Ninth regiment, not remembering that troops fresh to the scene of action and hur-ried forward in the excitement of atthe position they took and gallantis a large body of the enemy from turning the right of the attacking force and inflicting serious loss on the French and

General Dorward also expressed his sympathy with the Americans in the loss of Colonel Liseum, commander of the regiment, and Cantain Davis of the marine corps. He commended Lieuten-ant Butler and Lieutenant Leonard of the carine corps, and Lieutenant Lawton of the regiment and praised Lieu-terant Colonel Coolidge for his skilfu management of the regiment.

Whereabouts of Missionaries.

New York, July 26.-The letters from be n received recently throw light upon the preciae whereabouts of several nilssionaries about whom there has been uncertainty. It is now known that nev. Hornes Pilkin, Miss Annie A. Gould and Miss Mary S. Morrill, of the American board (Conventional) were American board (Congregational) were, when communication was cut, at Pauling Fu. Rev. and Mrs. William P. Sprague were at Kalgan and it is believed they can escape through Russian territory. All those connected with the Congregational college at Tung Cho, Rev. Dr. Chauncey Goodrich, his Cho, Rev. Dr. Chauncey Goodrich, his wife and three children, Dr. James H. Ingram, his wife and two children; Rev. E. G. Tewksbury, his wife and two children; Rev. Howard S. Gait and wife and Miss Mary E. Andrews, Miss Jane G. Evans, Miss Abbie G. Chapin, Miss Luella Miner and Miss V. C. Mur-dock M. D. were taken to Pekir under dock, M. D., were taken to Pekin under escort. Besides those stationed at Tung Cho, there were several other Congregational missionaries there at the time the Boxer outbreak occurred, attending the annual meeting of the North China mission. Among those known to have attended this meeting from other points were Rev. and Mrs. F. M. Chapin, of Lin Ching; Dr. and Mrs. Arthur H. Smith and the Misses Roberts and Rev. Mark Williams of Kalgan. These went

Letters from Miss Meranda Croucher and the Rev. Frederick Brown received at the offices of the Methodist missionfrom Fekin and those who could not get

a.way. away,
Rev. George R. Davis, Rev. Frederick
D. Gamewell, Dr. George D. N. Lowery
and Rev. W. F. Walker, Mrs. Charlotte
M. Jewell and Dr. Edna G. Terry are among those taken to Pekin. There have been various rumors as to Miss Terry's fate, one being to the effect that she was murdered. This is the first definite news that she was in Pe-kin. Among those who left Pekin on the last train to go to Tieu Tsin before the line was torn up were Miss Miranda Croucher, Miss Anna D. Gloss, Miss Ida M. Stevenson, Rev. J. H. Pyke, Rev. J. Frederick Haynes, Rev. Dr. N. S. Hop-kins and Rev. Frederick Brown.

A TERRIBLE EXPERIENCE. Peter Smith is Swept in the Drainage Canal Maelstrom.

Chicago, July 26.-Drawn into the nacistrom of the great windage basin of the drainage canal at Lockport, car-ried twenty feet beneath the surface in the whirlpool; rising again, only to be caught by the current that was pouring jundreds of thousands of cubic feet of water into the valley below and hurled through the great sluice gate opening and carried 200 feet through the foaming rapids of the open channel, to be finally rescued alive and in a fair way to recovery, was the experience of Peter Smith of Joliet.

Michael Ryan, who is superintending the work at the controlling works, and his assistant, John Herman, escaped the ame perflous journey by the narrowest

The whirlpool in the windage basin had been caused by the raising of the bear trap dam and the opening of the sluice gates, through which it was originally intended that the greater portion of the 360,000 cubte feet of water should flow every minute. The bear trap has been raised above the surface f the basin in order that the big force of men working on the false work of the proposed suspension bridge could pro-ceed with the operations without en-

dangering their lives. Smith, Ryan and Herman were in a boat crossing over the basin and had their backs to the whirlpool. Suddenly the boat was sucked into the mael-

Herman and Ryan sprang into the water and swam to the shore, but Smith was thrown by the force of the whirling out into the whiripool, disappearing rom sight instantly

She was the fond mother of a fine baby. But it was a crying baby. She unclothed it and looked for pins. Nothing



was hurting it She looked to the baby's food. It was sweet and wholesome But the baby still cried and wailed. Then

child and said "The child is crying for food." will take." "The question of starva-tion" replied the doctor, "is not how much food is taken but how much is assimilated and goes to nourish the body. Pain in the body is often only the outcry of starvation. You eat enough but the stomach is not doing its work, and

the nervous system is starving. Put the stomach right and the pains will cease, together with the uncomfortable consequences of the condition. There is no nedicine made which can equal Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery in the quickness of its action on the stom-ach. It cures diseases of the digestive and nutritive system, increases the action of the blood-making glands, and so induces a proper and perfect distri-bution of the necessary nourishment to blood and bone, nerve and muscle throughout the whole body. There is no alcohol, opium or other narcotic contained in "Golden Medical Discovery.

rapids and carried 200 feet through the swiring, turbulent waters, tossed about like a rubber ball. Finally Smith's feet struck the rocks in the shallows and he managed to hold on until rescuers reached him.

SMALLPOX SPREADS.

Report of the Disease at Cape Nome and Elsewhere.

Vistoria, B. C., July 26.—Smallpox has come out from Nome, notwith-standing the vigorous quarantine, ac-cording to the report given by the pas-sengers on the Manauepse, which has arrived from St. Michaels.

When they were at Dutch Harbor, where they delayed three days owing to a coal famine, the pasengers had a re-port that a man who swam ashore from a schooner off Unalaska had pread the disease there. One case was

The Manauense reports that a stam-nede took place July 13 from St Michaels to a point ten miles from the city, where gold bearing sand was said to have been discovered. Many returned that night and reported that they had

found little gold.

C. R. Clow of Chicago, a passenger, came from Koyukuk district. When he left there on July 5th, there were about 500 people in the district.

The Nome Gold Digger of July 7 says: Quarantine Officer Call said last night that notwithstanding all reports there were but thirteen cases now in the

lke the influenza or grip, which has already caused several deaths and threatens to be fatal with many others.

and across from the Diomedes on the Siberian shore a few months ago. THE CUBAN FRAUDS.

It is the same disease, apparently, that attacked the natives at Point Barrow

Neeley's Theft Will Amount to Nearly \$150,000.

Washington, July 25.—The postmas-ter general has made public the report of Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow, who investigated the Cuban postal frauds. Mr. Bristow finds that Neeloy's embezzlements aggregated at least \$121,713, and says he was justified in recommending the re-moval of Director General Rathbons.

Whether or not the latter was guilts no doubt that in the matter of author-ized per diem, allowance of personal expenses and warrants cashed and ac-counted for, he unlawfully appropriated to use the money of the United States. For this, Mr. Bristow says, he believes Lathbone should be required to

The report says that no accounts of the unbonded postmaster were required, remittance being entered as cash sales, and the only information the auditor's office had of these transactions came from Neeley himself. There was no check whatever on his transactions. From the accounts as-signed, the report says the minimum of Neeley's embezzlements may be summarized as follows:

Shortage as shown by his own rec-ords, \$20,600; excess of credit by des-truction of surcharged statements definitely ascertained, \$101,113; total,

This will be increased by the discovery of sales of surcharged stamps, but will not exceed \$150,000 in the aggre-

The report says that Rathbone pointed Neeley, who had custody of the stamps; Reeves, the only man who could have a check on Neeley's trans-actions, and D. Warfield, chief of the bureau of registration, a commission to destroy the surcharged stamps, of which Neeley had \$52,000, and that Nee-ley and Reeves entered into a conspiracy to report a larger quantity of stamps destroyed than were actually

But, the report says, Neeley's fraudulent transactions were not confined to these embezzlements and while the amounts were small compared with the latter, they show the same declivity and utter disregard for interests of the pub-

The report also calls attention to a warrant for \$500 drawn by Rathbone, June 30, 1899, for which no accounting was made, and another \$500 warrant was drawn in May. It says:

"There stands against him, therefore, the charge of volawfully appropriat-ing \$1.000 of the Cuban postal funds for his own use.

The report also calls attention to many other expenses by Rathbone for which no vouchers were filed, although they could have been easily obtained. For some months miscellaneous expenses aggregated as much as \$850 Such Items as "repairs, \$250;" "freight Such items as 'repairs, \$220'. Treight, 1450." Reeves explained that he passed such accounts because they had been allowed by the director general. The report does not credit this, saying:

"The evidence is too strong of collusion between Neeley, Rathbone and

Another Ship to China.

Vallejo, Cal., July 26.—Orders have been received at Mare Island to fit up the U. S. S. Montean for duty on the Down through twenty feet of water he shot. With tremendous force he was caught by the current and hurled through the gates. Luckily, his knee was the only part of his body to come in contact with any of the masonry; otherwise he certainly would have been crushed to death.

Below the gate he was caught in the

BOTH SIDES REST ON THEIR ARMS.

Armistice Agreed on by Hostile Armies at Panama.

FIGHTING WAS DESPERATE.

Citizens of Panama Believed at the Brief Respite from Shooting Government Reinforcements.

New York, July 26 -A dispatch to the Herald from Panama July 25, says: Fighting between the government troops and the revolutionists which began early yesterday morning, when the rebels attacked the outskirts of Panama continued all night with heavy casualties on both sides.

Efforts begun yesterday to bring about an armistice, in order that the dead might be buried and the wounded collected, were kept up during the night and proved successful this morning, It was agreed by the feaders that

hostilities should be suspended for nostricties should be suspended for twelve hours, so that each side might care for its dead and wounded. After firing had esased under this agreement, Hezekish A. Gudger, the American consul general, and the Brit-ish consul, acting in behalf of the enish consul, acting in behalf of the en-tire consular corps, had a long and important conference with the revolu-tionary leaders. Through their inter-vention both sides consented to exten-the armistics until mosa temorrow. The consuls are using every effort to prevent a bombardment of the city by the insurance consultant.

the insurgents. Consul Gudger is e pecially active in this work, because the treaty obligations which require the United States to insure the neu-trality of the Isthmus of Panama, anpreserve freedom of transit on the rallroads.

Gen. Cambo Zerrano, governor of Panama, has arrived in Colon, with 1,000 troops from Barranquilla. He is expected to reach Panama with these reniforcements during the night. The armistice has brought great relief to the panic-stricken citizens of Panama. It has enabled them to appear in the streets with safety, which could not be done while the firing continued, for stray builets were constantly dropping in the city. Several persons were wounded by these builets.

The ambulance corps from the British The ambulance corps from the British cruiser Leander, which was asked by the government to help in attendance upon the wounded, landed this morn ing and rendered valuable assistance. Every physician in the city, sisters of charity, and many private citizens, joined in this work.

conned in this work.

Fighting became desperate several times during the night and both the regulars and insurgents lost heavily in officers. Among the revolutionists killed were Generals Temistocles Diaz killed lando Linares and Captain Pedro Pachio were killed.

Procured Her Father's Pardon.

Des Moines, Ia., July 25.-John Mac Donald, a former resident of Creston la., while in Montana five years ago a man. He claimed he acted in self-defense. He was convicted of murder and sentenced to the penitentiary for

lies daughter, now 12 years of age, lives at Creston. Knowing that ex-Senator Clark would be at the Democratic national convention, the gir raised enough money to buy a ticket and went to Kansas City. She called on Senator Clark and told her story. He made her his guest and promised to

Later, after investigation, structed his attorneys in Montana to present the case to the board of par-dons. Word reached here today that a pandon had been granted MacDonald.

Tragedy in New Orleans.

New Orleans, July 26 .- About 3 o'clock this morning in the French section of the city, Eaptiste Thilo, colored, aged 75, was killed and an unknown negro was so badly shot that he cannot re-

More Troops from Cuba. New York, July 26.-The transport

Crook will sail today for Cuba to ship the members of the First United States infantry, which is under orders to re-turn to the United States to prepare for foreign service. She' Permitted the Inquest.

Chicago, July 26.—The funeral of Charles Newbury, a prominent real estate dealer, ever whose body his widow stood guard with a revolver to prevent the holding of an inquest, has taken place. Mrs. Newbury was finaly prevailed upon to permit the inquest. The coroner had stated he would not allow the funeral to proceed unless he was first permitted to determine the family residence Monday.

The coroner's jury found that death was caused by locomotor ataxia, occur-ing while Newbury was bathing.

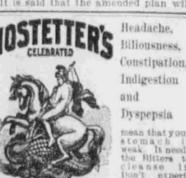
Reorganizing the Flour Trust.

New York, July 26 .- At a meeting of the reorganization committee of the United States Flour Milling company, he plan for the rehabilitation of ompany was amended in several important particulars, affecting principally the amount of issue and application of the newly created securities.

The capitalization of the company un-der the amended plan has been reduced from \$23,000,000 to \$17,250,000. This has been effected by reducing the authorized issue of first mortgage 5 per cent gold bonds from \$9,500,000 to \$5,750,000 and of preferred stock from \$10,000,000 to \$6,900,000. The proposed issue of common stock has been increased from \$3,500,000 to \$4,600,000.

Of the total authorized issue of \$5,-750,000 gold bonds, \$3,482,000 a re to be issued and the remainder are to be held in reserve to retire prior liens on underying property and for reorganization purposes. The holders of the present onds of the Flour Milling company to take the preferred stock in exchange for their security.

It is said that the amended plan will



Constipation, Indigestion Dyspepsia

mean that your stomach is weak It needs the Ritters to of leanse it.

Dun't experiment with socalled remodes. Insist upon having the
genuine this item of \$75,190 annualty.

structions from the war department of purch military offenses. There are about 30 military prisoners on the island today, to examine all general prisoners in conficers, which is ordered to meet on Alcairaz Island today, to examine all general prisoners in conficeral prisoners in conficeral prisoners. general prisoners in confinement at

reduce the fixed charges, including the | nesses, he they prisoners or others, cog. sinking fund of \$45,000 annually to cleant of the facts. The report of the \$555,100, instead of \$430,810, a saving in boar I is to be rendered as soon as pos-To Release Military Prisoners.

San Prancsico, July 26.—Unier in-

It Saved His Leg.

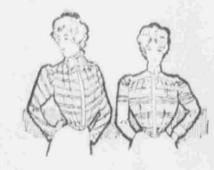
P. A. Danforth, of LaGrange, Ga., suffered for six months with a fright-ful running sore on his leg; but writes that station and submit is commenda-tions looking to the release of such prisoners as deserve elemency. The board is instructed to make careful inquiry into the merits of each case so far as can be done with the light of the records on file. When possible the statements will be taken of any wit-

WALKER'S STORE.

Shirt Waists at Half Prices.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

TWO LAST DAYS. Much interest has been shown in the Shirt Waist selling at Half Prices: hundreds went away faster than we could count them, almost, but there were thousands to select from, so you may yet pick as handsome a waist as on the first day. The most charming waists made for



this season's wear came to the Walker Store-many just recently. Entire stock of White and Colored Shirt Waists, regularly priced 50 cents up to \$12.00 each, two days more-

HALF THESE PRICES.

Men's Ties and Underwear Reduced.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.



Men's baibriggan shirts and draw finished, exceptional quality at 37 1-2 cents

Women's \$1.25 Kid

Gloves-75c.



After a while, in the cooler weather, such an offer as this would crowd the glove store for every woman finds abundant use for white kid gloves, but there surplus lots have about disappeared. These are white suede, pretty, soft kid-skin quality, perfect fitting, all the sizes, just to reduce stock somewhat, a two days' sale, and inster

Hammock Chance.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

For all that our hammocks have walked off pretty lively because of the low prices put on them, entire stock is not yet cleared away. Good variety still to pick from, and low prices are made

SITH TOWER TOL TWO ORDERS	
All \$3.00 hammocks	82.1
All \$2.75 hammocks	82.5
All \$2.50 hammocks	81.5
All \$1.75 hammocks intend	\$1.3
All \$1.50 hamme ks	\$1.1
All \$1.25 hammocks or	
All \$1.00 hammocks	87
All 75c hammocks	., 5

Curtains Small Lots. FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

Possibly fifty pairs

of ruffle border musiin vide and 3 yards long that have become slightly wolled, nothing won't cure. enough though be used at or which we want close out quickly, so, instead of \$1.56, \$1.75 and \$2.90, you may choose a pair of any,

One Third Off These Prices Seven pairs of colored stripe grenaline curtains, just slightly soiled, but will clean perfectly, while they last reduced from \$3.00 and \$5.00 a pair

Children's \$1.50 and \$1.75 Tan Shoes 83c.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

Children's tan shoes, neat and dressy, made of excellent leathers, sizes 5 to 8, regular prices are \$1.50 and \$1.75 a pair, 83 cents

Knit Underwear and Hosiery-Half Prices.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

Women's black lisle thread hose, cluster ribbed, drop stitch effects, pretty and good stockings that were \$1.90, for 50 cents Children's polka dot stockings, re-

50c grades are 25c, and the 25c kinds, two 25 cents

A small broken lot of children's black cotton stockings, ribbed, two days, in-stead of 25c the pa)r-Women's vests in the plain bailerig-gan wears, less neck, short electes, with drawers to match, regularly priced

30 \$1,00 the garment, two day 50 cents Women's white gauge vests, flat weave, high neck and long sweves, or short sleeves, reduced from 25 cents

Women's white liste thread vests, lace

ior edge on neck and sleeves, 2 Walker Brothers Dry Goods Co.

GARDNER DAILY STORE NEWS: Suits for Stout and Slim Men Very Cheap.

We picked out about 80 odd suits from our stout and slim stocks the other day, Suits that sold regularly for \$10.00 to And worth every cent of the original Some of the snits are in round cut sack and some in cut-away frock style.

The fabrics are cheviots and black, and gray clay worsteds. The prices are reduced like this:

\$10.00 suits to \$7.00; \$12.00 suits to \$9.00; \$14.00 suits to \$10.00; \$15.00 suits to \$11.00; \$17.00 suits to \$13.00; \$18.00 suits to

PRICE J. P. GARDNER, 136 and 138 Main.

Got Dandruff? We'll cure it for 50c with our Anteseptic Hat Pad.

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