TELEGRAPHIC.

GOLD AND SILVER.

The World's Production of the Precious Metals for One Year.

A CONSERVATIVE ESTIMATE.

The Yield of the Mines for 1894 Exceeding that of Any Previous Year.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 14.—The director of the mint, H. E. Preston, estimates the world's production of gold for the calendar year 1894, in round numbers, of the value of $181,510,000, against $158,958,000 for 1893, showing an increase during the year of $22,574,000.

The greatest increases in the production of gold during the year were: Africa, $11,400,000; Australia, $9,000,000; United States $5,000,000; Mexico, $1,000,000.

Mr. Preston estimates the world's production of silver for 1894 at $165,000,000 for coinage, of the coining value of $213,000,000; the bullion value of the same at the average price (.6697) of silver for 1894, was $110,554,000; showing a difference between the coining and bullion value of $102,192,000. The increase in the production of silver in 1894 over 1893 was $22,000,000 ounces.

The greatest increase in the production of silver was: Bolivia, 10,000,000; Africa, 3,000,000; Peru, 2,000,000; Japan, 1,000,000; Chosen, 1,400,000.

Both the production of gold and silver in 1894 exceeded that of any prior year in the world's history.

Mr. Preston is of the opinion that an estimate of gold and silver production of 1894 is a conservative estimate, while in of the opinion that were the exact facts known they would show an increase even greater than stated.

Is Odds for the Whisky Trust Plan.

CHICAGO, June 14. The representative committee offers to purchase the plant of the Whisky Trust for $9,000,000, providing the court order the receiver to allow, as commissioning, each proportion of the said fund as would be divided among the $317,687 shares of stock held by the reorganization committee. This offer is made in the form of a bonus for early action of the body effects which was filed in the United States circuit court yesterday, and the receiver of the corporation, upon the terms proposed, is to be authorized to continue the valid agreement. Morris and Moore on the stand testified in behalf of the bonus. A committee was appointed with the petition, stating that the trusts has an excess of assets over all liabilities of $10,000,000.

SILVER CAMPAIGN.

A Most Important Step Taken by Democrats.

MEMPHIS, TENN., June 14.—The movement inaugurated last night for the formation of a silver propaganda within the lines of the Democratic party, is believed to be a step of the greatest importance in the silver campaign—Senators Harris, Jones and Pugh were named as a committee to meet the members of a national executive committee, consisting of one man from each state.

Senator Harris said today: "The league will be purely a Democratic organization, for purposes of securing a perfect organization of the silver Democrats in the country for the purpose of controlling the performance of the next national Democratic convention upon the financial question. I have no doubt but that the great majority of the people are in favor of free coinage, but unless they organize, it will be impossible for them to make the next platform.

"The gold men have more brains. They have little use for the vendors providing for conventions, and it is therefore possible that while our people are lying in their fields and workshops, a very small but powerful organization of our opponents might go to the county and state conventions, control them, and in so doing, lay the plan for controlling the national convention, and thereby a very small, well-organized minority will be able to defeat the disorganized majority. It is to defeat this that we propose to organize this American Bimetallic league.

Senator Harris also emphasized the fact that the national bimetallic league is not a Democratic organization.

KELLEY CURE SECRET.

A Patient Thought to be Insane When Discharged.

PITTSBURG, June 14.—In the taking of testimony today in a cause wherein the widow of Daniel Wetling, the wife murderer, on the ground that he was insane when he committed the crime from the fact that he had taken the Kelley cure, Dr. E. F. Wiles, who for years had charge of the Kelley institute here, for the first time gave the secret of the formula of the celebrated gold cure. He said the treatment consisted first of an internal treatment of simple tonics, of which strychnine was the principal ingredient. The second part of the treatment consisted of the hypodermic injection of what is known as the red mixture. This, he said, was composed of eight to ten drops of hydrocyanic and a solution of phosphorus, one grain to the drachm, with morphine to suit the condition of the patient.

The doctor said the pilocarpine was a strong relaxant, and the other drugs caused a form of blood that was particularly dangerous to men who suffered from fatty degeneration of the heart. He said he believed Wetling was insane when he was discharged from the hospital.

The position of Dr. Price's Baking Powder as the leading baking powder of the world is now established.

Senator Clarkson's Stroke.

FRANKFORT, KY., June 14.—Senator Clarkson suffered a large amount more than tonight. He was heard to work not be necessary for him to speak to his colleagues, as he had intended. Hence he visited Lex and Danville elsewhere. Every newspaper writing the caller at his manor, every singer and storekeeper had combined with the administration and money power to cause his defeat. Senator Lindsay told them last night that he (Clarkson) was speaking nearly. Carlisle had been sent here, and he thought it would be more civil if the President would make the position complete and let the door of the White House and come himself.

Carlisle was taken to task for every he had never treated from any unlimited coinage. He set up his side and thought he heard him vote for the Bland silver bill on November 5, 1878, and vote and speak for the act of 1891 and he would give the last member of his body if Carlisle had not been the oldest advocate of free and unlimited coinage of silver. But Senator tells you that he had not, and surely Senator is an honorable man.

Carlisle said in his three speeches there was but $5,000,000 in silver dollars coined between 1792 and 1873, while the truth is, there was $200,000,000 of silver money coined. Carlisle was also accused of misrepresenting by $92,000,000 the amount of gold in circulation.

The greatest portion of the speech was devoted to a severe criticism of Cleveland, Carlisle, Lindsay and the press.

CARLISLE REPLIES.

Fall in the Price of Silver Not Due to Legislation.

LOUISVILLE, KY., June 14.—The large personal following of Secretary Carlisle in this city, and the interest felt by all classes in the currency question, filled the Music hall this evening with such a crowd as never before was congregated on a similar occasion. Long before the hour at which the address was to be given, the hall was filled to overflowing, the well-dressed and well-mannered men jostling with the laborer and mechanic for a convenient seat. Nor was the meeting a gathering of Democrats to honor a party leader. Republicans were out in force.

Promptly at 8 o'clock Mr. Carlisle came forward and was presented by Charles R. Long. His reception should have satisfied the most exacting. When the tremendous applause subsided, in his clear, incisive voice, Mr. Carlisle voiced immediately into his subject.

Mr. Carlisle repeated his argument that the universalized moral would be driven out of the country by the adoption of a bimetallic system, and at a ratio highly good effulgence to the claim that the value of the silver was due to a demonetization. He said:

"It is instead, it is obvious that the fall in the price of silver is attributable to the legislation in Germany, the United States, France and various other countries, which, from the year 1873, and most flagrantly it is believed that, notwithstanding the enhanced price of that metal is the result of uniformly action of a great many governments, acting in concert and with a united purpose, the United States can alone restore the value of silver. Of course, it is required the action of scores or thirteen different governments to bring the price of silver to its proper state, it would seem quite obvious that no one of those nations is competent to do it.

"If the depreciation in the value of silver, as compared to gold, has been caused solely by the adverse legislation complained of, it follows that if that legislation had never taken place the value of silver, as compared to gold, would now be the same as it was in 1873, before that legislation occurred. What, then, would have been the result? Not a single dollar of full legal tender silver would be in circulation in the United States—the time or any other time since 1873, because at that time the bullion contained in the silver dollar was worth about 3 per cent more than the bullion contained in the gold dollar, and the two could not circulate together.

"The same law which drove silver out of circulation under the date of 1853 and 1873 would have kept it out, and instead of having in circulation among the people about 350,000,000 legal tender silver dollars, as we have now, we would have none.

"The fall in the price of silver was not due to the legislation complained of, but to an enormous overproduction. The average annual production of silver in the world during the five years next preceding 1873 was about 20,000,000, while in 1893 it was over 200,000,000, an increase of 217 per cent, much greater than the increase of business or the population of the world.

"Notwithstanding the fall in silver, silver mining continues to be a most profitable industry. While the farmers and other producers are struggling to live comfortably, for the sake of silver mines have accumulated enormous fortunes.

"It is not necessary to discuss what might be the effect of the permanent or temporary establishment of an international table of agreement of the commercial nations of the world, because the free coinage people repudiate the suggestion that any other nation should be consulted, and all that is necessary is for the United States to proceed independently of others. If the fact of a single government insufficient to impart value to a coin or any other commodities, perhaps these gentlemen are right, but the whole world has been wrong for thousands of years, and all the labor and all the taxation to which the people of the world have been subjected in the past has been unnecessary and unpalatable.

"That the fiat of the government does not cause money, was illustrated by the history of the trade dollar. That was coined free of charge, and delivered at expense to the owners of bullion, and contained thirty-six more grains than was contained in two half dollars or four quarters. It was legal tender for all debts up to $5, just as half dollars and quarters were. The trade dollar was thus intrinsically, but without the credit of the government, sank to its value, while the less valuable coins were maintained at a full par. What happened to the trade dollar was exactly what would happen to all other silver dollars if free and unlimited coinage were adopted."

Mr. Carlisle will leave here tomorrow over the Cincinnati & Ohio for Washington.

After the speaking tonight the secretary was tendered a reception at the Waterson club.

The Chief Chemist of the U. S. Department of Agriculture, as head of the World's Fair jury, conferred the highest award on Dr. Price's Baking Powder.

HOPE ALMOST GONE.

Small Chance for an International Silver Congress.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 14.—The representatives of nations among people who have been studying the question in the course of the foreign department for an international conference looking to the establishment of silver as the international money, such a congress in the coming year are very slim. There are few who believe that such a conference will be held this year, and many express the opinion that it will be postponed indefinitely.

The action of the majority of the German Federal government, which is reported to have been adverse to the bimetallic movement, is the principal cause for this opinion. Chancellor Hohenlohe is known to be opposed to the silver movement, and the most that he ever promised Count Mirbach and others, who have been pressing upon the German government the propriety of Germany's taking the initiative in calling the conference, was that he would consider the question in connection with the different state governments of the empire, and now that there appear to have spoken against silver, it is intimated that the chancellor probably had a shrewd idea of the possible result, and adopted it as a political device to avoid assuming direct responsibility on the question. Hence the belief that unless the German bimetallists can succeed in showing the direct interest of Emperor William, they will find it necessary to give up the prospect of securing immediate action through a conference called by that government. Some of the advocates of an international movement, who have placed their faith in Germany, profess to believe that the emperor may be brought to take the matter in hand, but the prevailing opinion is that he will not interfere.

Still another obstacle is discovered in the attitude of England, and in the general understanding that Germany is likely to be largely influenced by that nation. It is generally believed that some of the German bimetallists themselves have declared that it was inexpedient to take any steps without the co-operation of England, and it has been made very clear by Sir William Vernon Harcourt that while the present government remains in power in England there will be no encouragement by that country of a change from the gold standard.

Marion for President.

NEW YORK, June 15.—"I have not said an for nomination heretofore, but you may state emphatically that I am for Marion for President." So said ex-Speaker Hamilton Fish to a Herald reporter. "I never knew so the evidence of his availability as a candidate and his fitness for office. He is the only logical candidate in sight. The majority of 150,000 that he received in this state for governor establishes his claim to the nomination. He is stronger in the state today than he was then. As an executive he has made no blunders. The party workers, as well as the rank and file of the party, are enthusiastic for his nomination."

To get the best is always the cheapest. That is why every one should use Price's Cream Baking Powder.

Deadly Typhoid.

NEW YORK, June 15.—The Herald this morning says:

There have been 400 typhoid fever cases in Stamford, Conn., since April 23. These figures are the official question. There is every reason to believe that at least 50 deaths out of 400 cases would be correct.

Town Clerk Waterbury, of Stamford, has 52 death certificates in which typhoid is given as the cause. A boy from Litchfield, 19 years old, who was in the city for a day drank a glass of milk at a Stamford bakery and died three weeks later at his home. A young girl from Rye who was visiting friends in Stamford drank the infected milk in coffee, and when the fever developed, was taken home to die. Many other cases of a similar nature are reported.

YOU HAVE SEEN
POZZONI'S
POWDER
advertised for many years, but have you ever tried it? If not, you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER IS.
POZZONI'S
Medicinal Face Powder is the highest standard, because refreshing, soothing, healthy, invisible, and adhesive. It is the production to the last during hot weather.
It is sold everywhere.

Is Not the Cockroach.

Mr. J. H. Cobb, publisher of the Star, at Interlaken, N. Y., says: "For nearly two years the Star has been publishing the advertisement of Chamberlain's Remedies. A few days ago the writer was suffering from a bowel trouble and tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy which did not prove the cockroach finally he tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy and two doses did the business, cured him completely. For sale by druggists.

Jno. Lobb, of Le Roy, N. Y., says: "I have been troubled with indigestion and biliousness for years. Parks' Tea has cured me." For sale by F. J. Hill & Co., and Nelden Judson Drug Co. 2

We guarantee every bottle of Parks' Cough Syrup. For sale by F. J. Hill & Co., and Nelden Judson Drug Co. 2

AN OPINION GIVEN.

Recently Mr. D. D. Thomas, of North Dakota, visited the Shenandoah Valley, Virginia, and after carefully examining the country located in Winchester, he writes to Mr. V. Blackburn, Land and Immigration Agent, Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, Baltimore, Maryland, as follows: "I have been in nearly every state and territory of the United States, and am frank in my opinion that this valley surpasses all other sections in the Union. The lands are low in price, and produce profitable crops. I thank you for directing me here, and solicit those seeking pleasant and profitable homes to locate in this country."

GARFIELD BEACH TRAINS.

Effective May 31, 1895.

Leave Salt Lake.	Arrive Ogden.	Leave Ogden.	Arrive Salt Lake.
7:00 a.m.	9:45 a.m.	7:00 a.m.	9:45 a.m.
10:00 a.m.	12:45 p.m.	10:00 a.m.	12:45 p.m.
2:00 p.m.	4:45 p.m.	2:00 p.m.	4:45 p.m.
5:00 p.m.	7:45 p.m.	5:00 p.m.	7:45 p.m.
7:00 p.m.	9:45 p.m.	7:00 p.m.	9:45 p.m.

* Daily except Saturday.

Music by Gossin's orchestra every afternoon and evening. Depot, corner First South and Fourth West. Fare for round trip 50 cents. City ticket office, 201 Main Street.

D. E. BURLEY,
Gen. Agt. Pass. Dept.

SPECIAL EXCURSIONS EAST.

Via the Union Pacific.

June 17th the Union Pacific will sell excursion tickets as follows:

Omaha, Council Bluffs, Kansas City, Sioux City ... $20 00
St. Louis ... 25 00
Chicago ... 25 00

Tickets will be good for return until September 8th.

City Ticket Office, 201 Main St.

Mr. D. Wiley, ex-postmaster, Black Creek, N. Y., was so badly afflicted with rheumatism that he was only able to hobble around with canes, but even then it caused him great pain. After using Chamberlain's Pain Balm he was so much improved that he threw away his canes. He says this liniment did him more good than all other medicines and treatment put together. For sale at 50 cents per bottle by druggists.

Children Loosen always cure coughs. Prepared at Globe Pill Drug Store.

RETTUB.

Best butter 25 cents pound, six for $1.00 at Beeson-Clardy Co.

Buy all your medicines at Globe Pill Drug Co.

GARFIELD BEACH TRAINS.

Effective May 31, 1895.

Leave Salt Lake.	Arrive Ogden.	Leave Ogden.	Arrive Salt Lake.
7:00 a.m.	9:45 a.m.	7:00 a.m.	9:45 a.m.
10:00 a.m.	12:45 p.m.	10:00 a.m.	12:45 p.m.
2:00 p.m.	4:45 p.m.	2:00 p.m.	4:45 p.m.
5:00 p.m.	7:45 p.m.	5:00 p.m.	7:45 p.m.
7:00 p.m.	9:45 p.m.	7:00 p.m.	9:45 p.m.

* Daily except Saturday.

Music by Gossin's orchestra every afternoon and evening. Depot, corner First South and Fourth West. Fare for round trip 50 cents. City Ticket office, 201 Main Street.

D. E. BURLEY,
Gen. Agt. Pass. Dept.

CLEVELAND AND RETURN.

Only $15.00, on June 15th, via the Oregon Short Line Railway.

Two through fast train daily, at 8:00 a.m. and 7:45 p.m., carrying Pullman Palace and tourist sleeping cars and free reclining chair cars.

TEACHERS' EXAMINATION.

The examination of teachers for the public schools of Salt Lake County, will be held in the University building, beginning at 9 a.m. Tuesday, June 18th, 1895. D. R. ALLEN, Chairman Board of Examiners.

HEART DISEASE 30 YEARS!

Short Breath, Palpitation.

Mr. C. W. McKinney, postmaster of Kosciusko, Ind., and a leading merchant, says: "I had been actually troubled with heart disease over 30 years, having the worst of it the closest of life into war. I was troubled with palpitation and shortness of breath. I could not sleep on my left side, and had pain around my heart. I became so ill that I was much alarmed, and for months my attention was called to

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

I decided to try it. The first bottle made a decided improvement in my condition, and the bottle I now complete cured me."

C. W. McKINNEY, P. M., Kosciusko, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on a guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists keep it. If your druggist has not it, he will obtain it for you or you can write to the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Ashland, Ohio.

Sold by all Druggists.

A Good Appetite

Always accompanies good health, and an absence of appetite is an indication of something wrong. The loss of a natural desire for food is soon followed by loss of strength, for when the supply of fuel is cut off the fire burns low. The system gets into a low state, and is liable to every sickness or disease. The universal testimony given by those who have used Hood's Sarsaparilla, is to the great merits it possesses of restoring and invigorating the appetite, of imparting healthy action of the digestive organs, and as a purifier of the blood, it imbibes the strongest recommendation that can be urged for any medicine. Those who have never tried Hood's Sarsaparilla should surely do so this season.

Make Your Wants Known

ONLY 5c A LINE.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO DO IT.

WANTED.

EVERYONE TO KNOW THAT I AM ... [illegible]

LADIES, DO ALL DEALERS TELL YOU ... [illegible]

WANTED—LADY OR GENTLEMAN TO ... [illegible]

HAVE YOUR CARRIAGE, GRIPS ... [illegible]

LOOK HERE!

A FINE, LARGE BUILDING, ... [illegible]

NOTICE.

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION ONE ... [illegible]

THE UTAH JUNK HOUSE.

WILL PAY CASH FOR ... [illegible]

MONEY TO LOAN.

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE, STOCKS ... [illegible]

I LOAN ONLY MY OWN MONEY, HENCE ... [illegible]

RUSSEL L. TRACY.

PROFESSIONAL.

RICHARDS & RICHARDS,
Attorneys at Law
Rooms 201 to 205 McCornick Block.

JAS. H. MOYLE,
Attorney at Law,
Rooms 243 to 249 Constitution Building.

ALEX McMASTER,
Attorney-at-Law.
Rooms 45, 46, 47, 48 Commercial Block.

L. M. WADDELL & THOS. ADAMS,
Attorneys at Law and Land Attorneys.
Rooms 43 to 48 McCornick Block, Salt Lake City.

J. F. CHIDLEY, CITY ATTORNEY.
Rooms 20 Commercial Block, Salt Lake City.

CHAS. M. CANNON,
Dentist.
Rooms 406-7 Constitution Building.

DR. E. M. KEYSOR,
Dentist.
Rooms 1 and 2 South Auerbach Building, 111 Rooms, 170 Main St.

DR. J. THOMAS,
Surgeon Dentist.
10 Main St. Anesthetics Administered.

Chicago Dental Parlors

McMAHAN'S
Detective Agency.
22 East Third South Street, Room 3 Tabernacle Block, Salt Lake City.
P. O. Box 31.
J. A. McMAHAN, Supt.

WISCOMB & COMPANY,
Stable, Fancy and Green Groceries.
56 East First South Street.

SPRY,
Practical
TAILOR.
Room 413,
CONSTITUTION BUILDING

F. Auerbach & Bro.

Our extremely low prices during this

Great Midsummer Sale!

Seemed to have reached the lowest point, but this week we make an extraordinary cut in

LACES.

Such a drop of prices never was dreamed of in the late world. You will never have an opportunity to buy so cheaply again.

LACES.

White and Ecru Oriental Laces, five inches wide worth 15c, at 10c yd.

Seven inches wide, worth 20c, at 12½c yd.

Nine inches wide, worth 25c, at 20c yd.

Extra Venetian Lace, with net top, five inches wide, worth 25c, at 15c.

Eight inches wide, worth 35c, at 20c.

Fine Silk Bourdon Lace, three inches wide, worth 25c, at 15c.

Five inches wide, worth 40c, at 25c.

Real Venetian Point Lace. A magnificent assortment, in ecru and white, in all designs, worth 75c, at 50c yd.

25 inch India Flouncing, pink, blue, lavender and white ground, in figure and stripe, price per yard, silk warp, sold elsewhere at 75c, for 50c yd.

Dark Satin Light and dark grounds with stripes, dots and figures, new colors, entirely new styles, for 12½c yd.

Fine White Piqué for dress skirts, 27 inches wide, at 12½c.

Lace Striped Dimities, in loveliest of the new color combinations, paraded as bargain elsewhere, at 25c, for 15c.

Fine and Sheer Tape Striped Dimities, that everybody wants, beautiful quality, instead of 25c, we make them 15c.

Manchester Percales, in white grounds with colored figures and stripes, the most serviceable wash fabric, our regular 10c quality, on this week to 15c.

Beautiful Imported White Lawn, satin corded combination stripe, worth 25c at 15c.

Latest and Finest in French Piqués, white grounds with colored figures, cost 50c to import, slashed to 25c.

All out Black Laces from our buying, in 4 inches wide, all over net at prices that will astonish and please you.

SPECIALS IN WASH GOODS.

36 inch White India Linen, you would willingly pay 10c yard, for this week 6½c.

36 inch White Lenox Lace Stripes, by 5 inch apart, worth 12½c, at 8½c yd.

Fast Black Lawn, in small and large checks, 27 inches wide, value 12½c, at 6½c yd.

32 inch India Percale, pink, blue, lavender and white ground, in figure and stripe, price per yard, silk warp, sold elsewhere at 12½c, for 9c yd.

Dark Satin Light and dark grounds with stripes, dots and figures, new colors, entirely new styles, for 12½c yd.

Fine White Piqué for dress skirts, 27 inches wide, at 12½c.

Lace Striped Dimities, in loveliest of the new color combinations, paraded as bargains elsewhere, at 25c, for 15c.

Fine and Sheer Tape Striped Dimities, that everybody wants, beautiful quality, instead of 25c, we make them 15c.

Manchester Percales, in white grounds with colored figures and stripes, the most serviceable wash fabric, our regular 10c quality, on this week to 15c.

Beautiful Imported White Lawn, satin corded combination stripe, worth 25c at 15c.

Latest and Finest in French Piqués, white grounds with colored figures, cost 50c to import, slashed to 25c.

SELECTIONS FROM OUR

SPRING STYLES

Make Your Appearance Faultless.

Our stock ranks first in importance.
Important because of best quality.
Important because of splendid assortment.
Important because of low prices.
Important because at latest styles.
A grand combination of circumstances to save you money.
In no previous season have we been able to collect an assortment so well adapted to the wants and requirements of this country as we now offer in our seasonable stock of

MEN'S AND YOUTHS' CLOTHING, HATS AND GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

Selected especially for you and each article marked at a price you can hold to pay.

A close examination turns the tide of trade to our counters and the savings into your purse.

Take time to think, then turn your thoughts to our store, where the value is there, and you will make no mistake.

We are not cragging about $3 suits, we don't handle them. We have a good one, though, for $5, worth $10.

A better one $8, worth $15. And all other grades at similar reductions from former values.

CONHAIM'S CLOTHING PARLORS,

205 Main and 10 E. Second South. E. CONHAIM Proprietor.