

THE PRESIDENT

to-day acted on the applications for pardons in three cases:

Wm. Sweeney, convicted in February, 1883, of robbery, and sentenced to five years in the Albany penitentiary, was pardoned on account of his good record, it being his first crime and the fact that he was the support of an aged mother.

Leonard Smiley, a counterfeiter, sentenced in 1883 to five years in the house of correction, was pardoned because he is dying of consumption.

The application of Oscar J. Boney, sentenced for money order frauds in Texas was denied.

By direction of the Secretary of War, Major Dan S. Bash, paymaster U.S. army,

IS SUSPENDED

from duty and ordered to his home to await further orders. Major Bash is the officer who was robbed of \$73,000 at Antelope Springs, Wyoming, March 18, 1887, by Charles Parker, a cowboy. It is understood Paymaster Bash is relieved from duty until the amount is made good to the government, this being the custom in such a case.

The Treasury Department to-day received an application for the prepayment of interest on bonds amounting to \$310,550, making the total to date \$992,280.

The President to-day assured Senator Harris that he would visit Memphis, Tennessee, during his western and southern trip this fall.

J. R. DODGE,

statistician of the department of agriculture, in a pamphlet entitled "Products and Prices of Wheat," which will be published with the department's August crop report, says: "The official records of imports of wheat to the United Kingdom for the first half of the present year show a large increase in the proportion furnished by the United States: 68 per cent, against 53 per cent in the first six months of 1886 and 1887. Counting flour as wheat, the proportion is 73.5 per cent, against 60.8 in a similar period of 1886, and 50.6 in 1885. There is a great reduction in receipts from Russia, a decrease from India of 50 per cent, as compared with the first half of last year, and a decrease from Australia. The quantities imported from January to June inclusive, with the value and average price expressed in measures of this country, are

AS FOLLOWS:

Bushels.	Dollars.	Value per Bushel.
Russia..... 2,782,003	2,847,311	\$1.02
Germany..... 1,113,729	1,226,154	1.10
U. S..... 32,713,276	31,870,614	1.07
China..... 1,063,011	1,101,369	1.04
India..... 6,725,790	6,670,429	.99
Other countries, 3,660,170	3,726,848	1.02
Total..... 48,058,984	50,442,725	1.05

The value of wheat from this country is eight cents per bushel more than from India and five cents more than from Russia. It is higher than that of any non-European country, and yet the quantity furnished is twice as much as that supplied by all the other countries. This is a satisfactory showing, especially as the prices average

FIVE PER CENT. HIGHER

than for a similar period last year. While India is the principal competitor of the United States in the world's market, her importance as a competitor is greatly overrated. The occurrence of a famine year would reduce to zero her exports. So fixed are the industrial usages of the people that a great enlargement of the wheat area is next to an impossibility. There has never been a material increase as the result of exportation in the surplus of the last ten years, notwithstanding the extension of railroads. It might not be fair to say that these shipments have produced no effect. If any, they have been very small. The reports of ten years include nearly the sum of India's record of exportation, and would scarcely equal

THAT OF EUROPE.

An average 10 per cent surplus than could be depended on in a crop half as large as ours cannot take the place of our surplus, which is more than half as large as India. The crop of South America has greater possibilities as a competitor, though its area in wheat is small as yet. If circumstances should favor, it could easily produce a surplus much larger than that of India. The present indications point to more than an average of European crops. Russia and Austria crops are especially fine. The promise of that of Spain is mediocre. In Germany, France and England all reports are generally favorable. The

INDIAN CROP

harvested a few months ago will be 20,000,000 bushels less than the preceding year, say 238,000,000. The product of the world promises to be quite as much as for each of the two preceding harvests. A close calculation cannot be made while such uncertainty exists. The present indications do not promise a material increase of prices. They certainly do not demand increased prices.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 10.—The Bulletin of the American Iron and Steel Association, commenting on the statement of imports and exports of the United States for the fiscal year ended on June 30th last, says: The figures relating to our export of iron and steel

has never been exceeded in magnitude, except in the fiscal year 1880. The total imports in 1887 were nearly 100,000 tons greater than in 1885 and 1886. In 1887 we imported 1,524,604 gross tons, against 1,445,941 tons in 1885-86. Our imports of iron ore in 1887 were also larger than both 1885 and 1886, amounting in 1887 to 1,141,774 gross tons, against 1,127,110 tons in 1885 and 1886. The

FOREIGN VALUE

of said imports in the fiscal year 1887, amounted to \$42,251,583, but to this foreign cost must be added the cost of freight and insurance duties and the brokers' profits, making a probable addition of 50 per cent to the above figure, making a total of \$63,000,000 actual cost to our people on one year's import of iron and steel. It must be noted, too, that the figures we give do not include the export of machinery, firearms and other manufactures of iron and steel, the statistics of which, if given, would very considerably increase our last year's contribution to the iron and steel manufactures of Great Britain and the continent.

DENVER, August 10.—Telegrams from Alamoosa, Col., state that the report which reached here day before yesterday that William Carson, the sheriff of Conejos County, and the eldest son of the famous "Kit" Carson, had been murdered in Taos Valley while attempting to arrest an outlaw named Vigil wroves to be untrue. The victim was "Kit," a young brother of Sheriff Carson.

PARIS, August 10.—The Russian Princess Oranowski and her companion, Mdle. Founne, have been tried before the police tribunal

FOR STEALING

from shops in the Louvre. The Princess was discharged, but Mdle. Founne was found guilty, and sentenced to one month in prison.

BUTTE, August 10.—A Melrose, Montana, special to the Miner says: This morning C. C. Maddox, a prominent merchant, got into an altercation with C. A. Clayton and Chas. Powers, ranchmen residing four miles from town, about meadow land. All three were armed, Maddox with a shotgun and the others with Colt revolvers. A shooting bee ensued, in which Maddox was fatally shot through the body by Clayton, and Powers through the head. Clayton gave himself up and is being

BROUGHT TO BUTTE.

Maddox belongs to an old and historic family of Virginia.

BUTTE, Montana, August 10.—W. P. Schuster, an old Philadelphian, who was a brother in the B. & O. telegraph service in that city, shot himself dead here to-day. He had lost some \$700 on the Butte races and other gambling, and in despair ended his life. He stood high in nearly all the orders in the Territory.

CHICAGO, August 10.—Dr. John McDonnell and his wife were found in their room at the Briggs House tonight with bullets in their heads. He is fatally and she is dangerously wounded. Both are unconscious and no particulars of the affair can be learned. By the circumstances it appears that he shot her and then attempted suicide. Jealousy is supposed to be the cause.

LEXINGTON, Ky., August 10.—John, the only remaining son of Henry Clay, died at his farm near this city this afternoon of heart disease. He was 67 years old. He had no children. John Clay possessed but few of the characteristics of his illustrious father, being a plain farmer, devoting much of his time to raising thoroughbred horses.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—Several of the cable companies are suffering from broken cables. On July 25th the French cable parted off Grand Banks. The steamer Mackay-Bennett reached the scene of the break yesterday. One of the Western Union cables was interrupted some time ago, and the steamer Farraday has just left this port to repair it. One of the Anglo-American cables broke last winter in mid-ocean. The steamer Minja has just been dispatched to the scene, and an effort will be made to pick up and repair the broken wire.

LONDON, August 10.—At the Lord Mayor's annual banquet to the ministers, given at the Mansion House this evening, Premier Salisbury, in a speech, said the government has done everything to give effect to the country's mandate to preserve the unity of the empire. Extra power had been placed at the government's command and the country had a right to complain if these powers had not been used discreetly, but firmly. This is believed to signify that the government will proclaim the Irish National League.

BOSTON, Aug. 10.—The Evening Record publishes an article charging that horrible desecration of the graves of the dead in the heart of the city of Boston have been going on for nearly a week. A week ago the electric company began to dig a trench along Boylston Street for the purpose of laying their wires. As the workmen ascended the hill they encountered the tops of graves and vaults which extend from the burial grounds on the common, under the wall and into Boylston Street. The roofs of the graves were broken in and their contents thrown out on the side of the street, with earth, brick and stones. Scattered all along the side of the trench, says the Record, may be seen leg, thigh and arm bones, ribs, portions of skulls and other parts of human skeletons. Some of these bones have been dug up on

the fence of the common, where they are the object of scurrilous jests and are pointed out to the passers-by. Workmen have been selling the skulls to whoever wished to purchase.

LONDON, Aug. 10.—A number of tory peers threaten to reject the amendment to the land bill introduced in the Commons, especially the clause providing for the revision of judicial rents. They have also warned the government not to attempt to deal with the question of arrears. The attitude of these lords has paralyzed the cabinet's action in further amending the land bill to satisfy the Parnellites. Gladstonian whips have sent notice to members in the country to be ready to return if the peers mutilate the bill, and the Parnellites have been ordered to muster in full force. Lord Salisbury and the ministrals are exciting the utmost pressure to suppress a revolt of the peers.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 10.—It is semi-officially stated that owing to a change in Bulgarian affairs, the Porte has abandoned its projected circular to the powers. It is further stated that if Prince Ferdinand assumes power, the Porte will expect the powers to withhold their cognizance until Turkey recognizes the prince.

LONDON, August 10.—The German Crown Prince arrived in Edinburgh to-day and spent the day in sight-seeing. Before the prince left London Mr. McKenzie performed another operation upon his throat. Electricity was applied to the larynx, and the last traces of the excrescence in the throat were successfully removed.

NEW YORK, August 10.—The announcement that a block of stock belonging to Henry S. Ives would be sold at auction, drew a number of Wall Street men to the Real Estate Exchange to-day. The stock represented a monetary value of \$335,000. The auctioneer was about offering the stock for sale when he was requested by a party interested to

WITHDRAW IT.

which was done. The reason for the withdrawal was that Ives had made satisfactory arrangements with the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railway.

The directors' committee and the creditors' committee held a joint meeting to-day at the office of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railway for the purpose of ascertaining if possible the exact financial condition of the road. The committee also called upon Messrs. Stayner & Ives. The situation is said to be much complicated owing to the close relations this road had to the Vandalia line, composed of the Terre Haute & Indianapolis road and its branches, the financial transactions of which were carried on through the banking house of

IVES AND CO.

A member of the committee said to-day not less than two weeks would be required to straighten the accounts and as Ives was about the only person thoroughly acquainted with the present complications it would be necessary to employ him for months to come. There is one road of which Ives did not resign the presidency—the Mineral Range Railway Company of Northern Michigan—and to-day rumor had it that one of the stockholders was in the city making inquiries into the management of the road.

The investigation by the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton committee was continued to-day, but the work of treating the preferred stock was suspended and attention was turned to the Vandalia line. Counsel for the committee state that

IVES IS INDEBTED

to the road for a very large amount of money, but whether \$1,500,000 or not, as the street has it, he declined to state. Negotiations are now going on for taking up all of Ives' loans secured by the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton collateral, and one creditor, Irving A. Evans, has been paid \$96,000 and left at once for Saratoga. Wm. Fellows, of Morgan & Co., who carry the \$2,000,000 loan, were asked to compromise on their claim, but refused. Other creditors are now considering the offer made. It is expected that all of Ives' claims will be paid up in a few days, but the largest creditors insist on payment in full.

THE INVESTIGATION.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 10.—Lloyd Tevis, president of Wells, Fargo & Co., produced before the Pacific Railway Commission to-day two contracts between Wells, Fargo & Co. and the Pacific Express Company, which latter went out of existence. Tevis stated that by the terms of the consolidation of the express companies the Central Pacific Company received no consideration, but one-third of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s stock was transferred to Stanford, H. D. Bacon, Charles Crocker, Hopkins, Huntington and himself. Tevis also stated that since the consolidation, Wells, Fargo & Co. had the exclusive express business over the Central Pacific. Tevis admitted he was asked to take stock in the Central Pacific in the Contract and Finance Company,

BUT DECLINED.

"Why did you not accept?" was asked. "I looked at it from a business point of view, because I thought it would lead to embarrassment. Further, I was apprehensive that if the road did not go through, I would be liable to my pro-rata for the debts."

of construction of the Central Pacific, was recalled and examined in regard to the cost of construction and labor at the time the road was built, but his testimony did not differ materially from that given yesterday.

CHICAGO, August 11.—Dispatches from Peoria say an excursion train of 15 cars en route to Niagara Falls on the Toledo, Peoria and Western Railway went through a bridge at Chatsworth during the night, and 100 people were killed and injured. A relief train of 24 cars has gone to the scene of the disaster from Peoria.

THE DETAILS.

A dispatch from Chatsworth says the train left Bloomington last night for Niagara Falls on the Illinois Central, the intention being to go by that road as far as Chatsworth and from thence by way of Toledo, Peoria and Warsaw. The change was made in Chatsworth, in Livingston County. Soon afterward, as the train neared Piper City, a small town in Ford County, the bridge crossing Vermillion River gave way, plunging the engine and several cars down a steep embankment into the stream. The cars caught fire from the lamps and a

FEARFUL PANIC

ensued. On investigation it was found that nearly one hundred excursionists were killed.

The conductor of a Chicago and Alton passenger train, which has just arrived at Chicago from Bloomington, where the Toledo, Peoria & Warsaw and Chicago & Alton Railways connect, learned from one of the conductors of the first named road that the accident occurred near Piper City, a small station east of Chatsworth. The excursion train, while on the bridge near Piper City, came

IN COLLISION

with another train going in the opposite direction. The cars of the excursion train were piled upon each other in a frightful condition and from the shock of the collision the bridge gave way and several cars were precipitated into the stream. The conductor says the killed numbered between 40 and 50 and that the injured are more than twice that number. The accident occurred sometime between midnight and 4 a.m. A relief train with physicians was sent from Peoria this morning.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

CHATSORTH, Ills., Aug. 11.—The Niagara Falls excursion train on the T. P. & W. Railway, consisting of 17 coaches and sleepers, crowded with passengers, from Peoria and points along the lines, was wrecked 2 1/2 miles east of Chatsworth by running into a burning culvert. The engines were completely wrecked, together with ten coaches and a baggage car. Engineer McClintock was instantly killed, the two firemen and the other engineer escaping serious injury. The ten cars were piled on top of the two engines, being telescoped and piled across and on top of each other.

IT IS MIRACULOUS

how any one escaped, as the coaches and engines do not occupy over two car lengths of the track. In one coach not a person escaped. In another only a lady. Seventy dead have been taken out up to this time and 100 wounded are now in Chatsworth town hall, the school house, depot, etc. At Piper City there are a large number of injured, over 50. The dead are estimated at

OVER A HUNDRED.

The cars caught fire but were put out by train men and passengers. A heavy rain set in about two hours after the wreck before the wounded could be taken away, raining two hours. The people are doing all they can for the wounded.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., August 11.—The Union Labor Convention reassembled this morning. The report of the committee on resolutions was read, recommending the adoption of the Cincinnati platform with one plank left out.

Those Complaining of Sore Throat or Hoarseness should use BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES. The effect is extraordinary, particularly when used by singers and speakers for clearing the voice.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. FOR SALE at Z. C. M. I. Drug Store.

DISEASE INFUSIBLE.

Yes; utterly "impossible" when all malarial poisons are driven out of the system, leaving the Blood New, Rich, and Pure. No place for eruptions, ulcers, or Rheumatism, when all Blood taint has been eradicated by the use of BROWN'S SERRA-PAPILLA and Dandelion with Iodide of Potassium. Thousands of witnesses, among them the best Druggists and Physicians, testify to the wonderful cures wrought by

BROWN'S SERRA-PAPILLA, all discharges of the Blood, Liver, and Kidneys. Use only the pure Serrapapilla.

If you make it a rule to flavor all your cold drinks with 10 or 15 drops of Angostura Bitters you will keep free from malaria and summer diseases and have your digestive organs in good order. But be sure you get the genuine article, manufactured only by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.

A Good Nurse

Should not hesitate to wait upon those ill with such diseases as the small-pox, cholera or scarlet fever. There is little to be feared by persons waiting on the sick if they will use Darby's Prophylactic Fluid freely. In sick-rooms it should be exposed on a plate or saucer, and the patient sponged off with the fluid diluted. For safety, cleanliness and comfort in the sick-room the fluid is indispensable.

An End to Bone Scraping.

Edward Shepherd, of Harrisburg, Ill., says: "Having received so much benefit from Electric Bitters, I feel it my duty to let suffering humanity know it. Have had a running sore on my leg for eight years; my doctors told me I would have to have the bone scraped or leg amputated. I used, instead, three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and my leg is now sound and well."

Electric Bitters are sold at fifty cents a bottle, and Bucklen's Arnica Salve at 25c. per box at Z. C. M. I. Drug Store.

Good Results in Every Case.

D. A. Bradford, wholesale paper dealer of Chattanooga, Tenn., writes that he was seriously afflicted with a severe cold that settled on his lungs; had tried many remedies without benefit. Being induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, did so and was entirely cured by use of a few bottles. Since which time he has used it in his family for all Coughs and Colds with best results. This is the experience of thousands whose lives have been saved by this Wonderful Discovery.

Trial Bottles Free at Z. C. M. I. Drug Store.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:

One light red STEER, about 2 years old crop off left ear, branded (7) on left hip. One red line-back STEER, about 1 year old, white under belly, under half crop in right ear, slit and underbit in left ear, and branded (7) on left hip.

If not claimed within 10 days, they will be sold on Monday, August 15th, 1887, at 10 o'clock a.m., to the highest cash bidder, at the Kanosh estray pound.

ANTHONY PAXTON,

District Poundkeeper, Kanosh, Millard County, Utah, August 5, 1887.

**\$1 000 REWARD** for any medicine in the world that will cure a case of Itching, Ulcerated and Bleeding Piles as will one fifty-cent box of Dr. E-mail's Magic Balm of Healing Ointment. It acts as a soothing lubricator, absorbs the tumors and allays the intense itching at once as nothing else will. No pile ever acquired so large a sale in so short a time. Sold at every drug store, or sent by mail. Address Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution, Salt Lake City. Cleveland, Ohio, January 21, 1887.—Send me five gross E-mail's Magic Balm soon as possible. This will make nearly one hundred and fifty dozen I have bought since July 15, 1884. I now sell more of your Balm, or Ointment, at retail over my counter than of all other balms and ointments combined. It sells better than any medicine I have in my store.—S. P. Churchill, 30 Euclid avenue. d&w (1)

Hay Fever CATARRH

is an inflamed condition of the lining membrane of the nostrils, tear-ducts, a runny throat, affecting the lungs. An acid mucus is secreted, the discharge is accompanied with a burning sensation. There are severe spasms of sneezing, frequent attacks of headache, watery and inflamed eyes.



CREAM BALM—A positive Cure.

A particle is applied to each nostril and is agreeable. 50 cents at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cents. ELY BROTHERS, 235 Greenwich St., New York. d&w

Soldiers, Attention!

ALL SOLDIERS ENTITLED TO PENSION, INCREASE, COMMUTATION, RESTORATION, or to Arrears of Pay and Bounty. Correction of Mistake, Removal of Charge of Desertion or to a duplicate Discharge, can have their CLAIMS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO, by addressing the undersigned.

Special Attention will be given to CLAIMS OF WIDOWS AND MOTHERS AND REJECTED CLAIMS with merit, and especially when new evidence can be furnished. Specialty made of INCREASE.

BOUNTY LAND DUE TO SOLDIERS of the Old War and Three Months' Extra Pay, and PAY FOR HORSES turned over to the Government during the last war, can still be collected.

The Address and Service of Old Mexican Soldiers Wanted.

The undersigned has had 14 years' experience in GOVERNMENT CLAIMS AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL. Address

BEVIA A. LOCKWOOD & CO., 820 F Street N. W., Washington, D. C.