The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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SAVAGE WARFARE

If the Chinese Official Reports Can Be Credited.

EUROPEANS KILLED LIKE DOGS.

The Transport Sank by the Japanese, Flying the English Flag—A Japanese Ironclad Disabled.

SHANGHAI, July 30.—The following is the latest Chinese version of the sinking of the troopship Kow Shung. The Japanese cruiser sent a boat alongside the transport with a prize crew to convoy her to Japan. Captain Galsworthy, a Englishman, refused to obey the order and the Japanese withdrew. The cruiser then opened fire, using the machine guns mounted in the tops of the Japanese ship. This fire soon cleared Kow Shung's decks. The cruiser then discharged two torpedoes at the transport, sinking her and drowning nearly all the 2,000 souls on board.

Col. Von Hanneiin, Gerlaux, formerly the Viceroy's aid-de-camp, and other foreign officers were among those killed by the torpedoes which were discharged. According to the reports received here two German passengers on the way to Corea to settle up their business affairs before the war was begun, succeeded in swimming to the Japanese cruiser, but in spite of their appeals were shot. The Chinese were saved by the other boats the same fate. The French warship, Lion, rescued some of the unfortunate Chinese soldiers, but all foreigners are reported killed. The Japanese are said to have behaved with utter disregard to the laws of civilized warfare.

INVADING COREA.

A large Chinese army has crossed the northwestern frontier of Corea and is marching down the peninsula. A second army is being hastily equipped. No details have been received of a battle said to have taken place at Asan, between the Chinese and Japanese troops. It is reported that several Chinese steamers have been captured and others destroyed at Takiu. Torpedoes have now been placed in the channel which connects the Ying Tse Hiang river in order to compel vessels to pass within an easy range of the Woosung forts.

PARIS, July 30.—The following is the Chinese official version of the engagement between the Chinese and Japanese fleets: The collision between the Chinese and Japanese ships occurred in the Prince Jerome gulf, in the inlet on which Asan is situated. The Japanese attacked the Chinese vessels while a portion of the troops, consisting of three thousand men, had disembarked from Takiu to reinforce the Chinese army at Asan. The Japanese opened fire, the Chinese fleet at first did not fire but it fire unless they were attacked, or if the landing of the Chinese troops was opposed. The result of the action was that one Japanese torpedoed was disabled by the Chinese battle ship Chen Yuen.

The Kowshung, which was sunk by the Japanese, was a chartered transport flying the British flag. No news has been received here of the loss of the Chinese war ship Tsao Kiang, said to have been captured by the Japanese.

THE CHINESE LEGATION SATISFIED.

LONDON, July 30.—The news that the Kow Shung was flying the British flag when sunk was received with great satisfaction at the Chinese legation. It was said that Great Britain and Germany were bound to notice this breach of neutrality.

DESTRUCTIVE STORM.

Habitations so Large as Walnuts—Several Persons Injured.

MASCOUTAH, July 30.—From 8:30 yesterday afternoon until 9:30 this morning the city was entirely cut off from the outside world by telegraph and telephone, as the result of the most disastrous storm in this section in years. At Lake Mascotee, four miles from the city, the storm wrecked buildings, tore down large trees and destroyed much property. There were scores of pleasure boats on the lake and it is feared that some did not reach the shore. Two small steamers were reported sunk and another wrecked. At Coldtown, hailstones as large as walnuts fell. As far as learned no lives were lost, although several persons were injured seriously.

Arbitration Meeting Postponed.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Owing to the delay of John Mitchell reaching Washington, the meeting of the commission to investigate the causes of the recent railroad strike did not take place today. The commission will convene at 11 o'clock tomorrow.

A New Minister Crisis.

SYDNEY, July 30.—The ministry present over by Sir George Dibbs has resigned. Mr. Reid, leader of the opposition, has consented to form a new ministry.

For a National Park.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Senator Squire has prepared a memorial to Congress for a national park surrounding the celebrated Mt. Rainier (Mount Tacoma). Eminent scientists have given their cordial endorsement.

SHAKEN UP BY AN EARTHQUAKE.

Religious Service at Los Angeles Hastily Interrupted.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 30.—The city was shaken by an earthquake this evening at 8:11 o'clock. The direction was from the northeast to southwest, though it is of the opinion was more of an undulating than oscillatory character.

In one of the churches the services were just beginning Sunday and were conducted in rather instances in a more hasty than dignified manner. In the New Era church a tremendous congregation started at once to stampede, panic-stricken by the violent rocking motion of the building, but the ushers by an act of cool-headedness succeeded in calling the flight a moment, which was sufficient to bring the people to their senses.

At the hotels there was some excitement among the guests, but not many had retired.

In one of the high-storied blocks of the city, panes of glass were broken and things generally shaken. Telephone reports show that the shock was felt as far east on the line as El Monte and to the coast. It is described as a sharp shock, but not doing damage at all places. At Santa Monica, Redondo and San Pedro it is said waves were broken by the disturbance but no indication of one was noticeable.

At Acton there were three distinct shocks, the most severe ever felt in that region, but no particular damage is reported. The peculiar feature of the affair at that place, however, was that immediately after the vibrations occurred a large meteor, similar to the one which attracted so much attention on Friday night here, was seen to fall in the north. It appeared like an immense ball of blue fire and apparently moved from the zenith to the north in a rapid way.

FAVORS A STRONGER ARMY.

Major General Howard Thinks the Regular Forces Insufficient.

The Increase in Numbers of the Criminal Class as Well as Foreigners a Menace to the Country.

NEW YORK, July 30.—"I am in favor of almost any plan to increase the regular army," said Major General Howard, commanding the division of the Atlantic, in speaking of General Schofield's proposition to increase the army to 30,000, 40,000 or 50,000.

The General's idea is to give the President power to enlist a large force at his disposition seems to me a valuable one and the result of mature thought. I should think it would meet with general approval. I believe that a bill should be passed by which each state should have an additional 1,000 regulars assigned to it. The Gerard affair, I say, now in the East, we have a few million. The efficiency of the New York regiments is well-known and I want to refer other troops that I saw in camp in New Jersey a few days ago.

But out West the situation is entirely different. There, for the members of the militia have their daily work to do, and it is a great hardship for them and the other employers that they should be called upon at frequent intervals. Where it is considered that it takes fully 1,000 men to guard the government's property, one realizes how insignificant our force really is. When the Pullman strike occurred was made in Chicago, even Fort Sheridan was practically without a garrison. As the men at that time numbered 24,000, the government had to rely on the militia to protect their lives and the government buildings in Chicago were absolutely unprotected.

There is another point which must be taken into consideration. Our criminal class is steadily increasing, as well as our foreign population. Ultimate the number of convicts will serve their time and are summarily unable to get work. Then assume that this class should organize, and there should be an uprising on their part, at such a time as during recent lawless troubles. New York city could hold down, but what other city could? Please quote me as favorable to an increase in the size of the regular army.

Provisions for China.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—The Call says the National English vessels now in port unable to secure charters will be loaded with flour at the owners' risk and sent to China. An order has been placed with a canning company for 15,000 cases of beef for the same market. The Rio Janeiro, which sailed a few days ago took out a large cargo of flour, as did the two preceding steamers. The Australian steamers of the Inter ones which that their country is stocking up with provisions.

Prospecting Indians and Railroads.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—General Armstrong, assistant commissioner of Indian affairs, has commenced a general investigation of the Indian reservations.

The annual tour of inspection of the Union and Central Pacific railroads by Commissioner of Railroads Wade Hampton will be begun August 15th.

New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, July 30.—The week opened on the stock exchange irregular as to prices with fairly active speculation. In the early dealings sugar rose 1, consolidated gas broke 3 per cent to 117.

In the general decline the Northwestern fell 1; Rock Island 1; Burlington 1; Gas 1; distilling and sugar, one-third. During the last half hour the market has been strong, sugar rallying 1; per cent and the rest on the call remained stationary.

The afternoon consolidated gas broke six additional points, being a total recession from Saturday of 9 per cent. It subsequently recovered 2; sugar 1, received 3-8, and again lost 3-4.

China Buys Boats in Germany.

BERLIN, July 30.—China has ordered four torpedo boats of German firms.

TATENO'S RECALL.

Not Due to Friction Between the United States and Japan.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Baron Tateno, the Japanese minister, presented his letters of recall to the President today. There was the most exchange of speeches which made clear the fact that the minister's recall was in no way due to friction between the two governments.

SOLDIERS FIGHT.

A Brigadier Arrested and a Commissary Sergeant Shot.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 30.—An Ainsworth special from Tacoma, Washington, says:

Brigadier-General Curtis, commander of the National Guard of Washington, has knocked out Commissary Sergeant Tom Rice, of the First cavalry troop, in a saloon and arrested him.

When the Right Reign Curtis was ordered to Adjutant General O'Brien at the state capital at Olympia, and ordered the arrest of Rice, the latter struck him with it because Rice called him a liar. O'Brien secured the rifle, and Rice told Curtis to apologize or he would hurt him even if he was an old man.

Curtis responded with a blow in Rice's face. Then both fired on his coat and fired another round in his short sleeves. Rice escaped away, and Curtis ordered him to the head of the stairs with his walking sticks. The fight was the result of an old difficulty. Rice has been reduced to the ranks. Rice is a mean larger man than the white-haired general.

Troops Sent Home.

SACRAMENTO, July 30.—Company C of Marysville, and F of Oroville, eighth regiment National Guard, left for their homes last night. It is thought that by night all the militia now here will have been sent home.

The regulars will remain here for a while, as there are some points along the line of railroad where guards must be maintained in order to help to check a few more of the more reckless and vindictive class who seem disposed to be troublesome.

Quarrelsome Italians.

CHICAGO, July 30.—Duke Kotses and Mike Palmi, Italians, quarreled last night in front of 15 West Polk street, over a growler of beer. Ann Tomi Pelelo lies in the hospital in a critical condition with a knife wound in the abdomen, and Kotses is here at the police station to await the result of his wounds.

Died of His Injuries.

TACOMA, Wash., July 30.—Harry N. Overson, the fireman injured in railway morning's wreck at South Prairie, died at a little before midnight last night. The unknown man killed was nonetheless late last night to be William W. Willen, whose parents live at Springfield, Mo. He was 22 years old and an only boy. The remains are to be the coroner's charge.

ON FIRE AGAIN.

Many Portions of the City of Phillips Burning.

PHILLIPS, Wis., July 30.—The fires last night broke out afresh along the docks and in many portions of the city. The breaking out afresh of the fire makes the people think the fire will not be stopped until it burns itself out and the city is left in ashes. Help from abroad was asked for and sent an engine will be here today. Forest fires are still raging in the north and west of here and it is reported that several small stations between here and Ashland on the Central have been wiped out. The town of Worcester, a few miles west of this, has been reported to have been destroyed. The family of John Sticker, consisting of himself, wife and five children, came to city morning and reported that their home and all their crops burned. They say the town was burned, but as it only consisted of a few houses wholly scattered the loss is not heavy. The danger is that some of the families may have been scorched to by the fires in the woods and have lost their lives. From all directions there are reports of destruction and suffering among the people.

Bad Affairs in a Bank.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Mr. Eckles, comptroller of the currency, has been night that the government has a grievance against the president of the National Chemical Bank in Chicago and that it will investigate.

The condition of that bank when it went into liquidation, he said, was exceptionally bad. There was outstanding in it over $1,000,000 of its stock, and had been sold to the stockholders at the bank and at that amount there remains unpaid $600,000. There have accordingly been assessments upon the holders that the expenses of liquidation have been so great. The average expense settlements of banks has been about 10 per cent. The expense account of the Chemical Bank has been 23 per cent.

Rain and Wind Storm.

BURLINGTON, Iowa, July 30.—The worst rain and wind storm experienced here for some time visited Burlington last evening. The rain fell in torrents and the wind swept through the city with terrific force, uprooting shade trees and overturning some buildings. The roofs of several dwellings were partially demolished.

Return to Work.

CHICAGO, July 30.—Two thousand five hundred men went to work at the Illinois Steel company's plant today. One thousand more will be employed soon.

Probably Drowned.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., July 30.—Thomas Dobell, his son Edward, and James Martin yesterday went out in a sail boat on the Hudson. As they did not return, it is supposed that during the squall they were drowned.

The Britannia Was.

FALMOUTH, July 30.—The Britannia and Saxonia sailed the royal Cornwall yacht club course, 97 miles, today, for a prize of $2,000. The Britannia was by 15 minutes.

Drowned During a Storm.

NEW MARKET JUNCTION, N. H., July 30.—During a heavy thunder storm on the great bay last evening, a small boat containing William Byrne and Michael Carroll was capsized and both were drowned. Another boat capsized and the occupants, name unknown, were also drowned.

Enormous Live Stock Receipts.

CHICAGO, July 30.—The live stock receipts today are the largest ever known. Hogs, 36,000; cattle, 20,000; sheep, 12,000; total, 92,000. The extraordinary movement is attributed to the failure of the corn crop.

Drowned in the Hudson.

NEW YORK, July 30.—A small yacht carrying six persons capsized yesterday in the Hudson river, opposite Hastings, during a thunder storm. George Dipper, Henry Helmbs and Jacob Schmidt, young men, were drowned.

UNABLE TO AGREE.

The Conference Committee on Tariff Adjourns

TO MEET AT CALL OF CHAIRMAN.

The Democrats of the House Will Hold a Caucus if It is Evident that a Deadlock Exists.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The full conference committee on tariff met shortly after 10 o'clock, and on the suggestion of Wilson decided to adjourn, to meet at the call of the chairman. The statement is being made that the Democrats are unable to agree among themselves as yet.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Representative Springer is proceeding with a petition for a House caucus on the tariff. "If it becomes apparent today that there is a deadlock, then a caucus will be held tomorrow," he said. "While the Mills bill was pending we caucused almost daily. In the present contest Democratic members have been caucusing constantly and their conclusions are known to the rest of the caucus. It is rather singular, however, that there should be any question as to the certainty to have the House Democrats to get together. Springer has not consulted Speaker Crisp or Chairman Wilson as to a caucus and said he did not feel called on to do so. Chairman Holman, of the Democratic caucus committee, agrees with Springer that the meeting may be put off for a day to let the Democratic members generally