ESTABLISHED JUNE, 1850.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

THE OLDEST NEWSPAPER — THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 209 — THURSDAY, JULY 30, 1891, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY. — VOL. XXIV

THE REPUBLICANS.

Meeting of the National Republican Committee Members Present, Business Transacted.

SENATOR QUAY'S RESIGNATION READ AND ACCEPTED.

W. W. Dudley Tenders His Resignation of the Office of Treasurer of the Committee.

(By Telegraph to the News.)

QUAY AND DUDLEY

Resign Their Positions in the National Republican Committee.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—The National Republican Executive Committee met here this afternoon. Of the thirty-two members there were present Messrs. Clarkson of Iowa, M. S. Quay of Pennsylvania, Vice-Chairman J. S. Clarkson of Iowa, Secretary J. S. Fassett of New York, Treasurer W. W. Dudley of Indiana, Samuel Fessenden of Connecticut, Barrett A. Hobart of New Jersey and J. M. Hayes of Maine.

The first business was the consideration of sentiments growing out of the last campaign, submitted by Treasurer Dudley.

United States Senator Cullom made a speech in favor of holding the next Republican National Convention in that city. A large mass of correspondence was also laid before the committee. Many active politicians in different parts of the country had suggestions to make and much sense to draw from the outcome of the last Congressional election. Some pointed out the dangers of the Alliance movement in their State, and submitted ingenious plans to meet the threatened inroads on the party's strength. Others referred to the various sidetracking causes of dissatisfaction among the Republicans, which might be overcome by proper treatment.

Some discussion followed as to the time and place of the meeting of the full National Republican committee, and it was finally decided to entrust the selection of a place of meeting and exact date to Chairman Quay and Secretary Fassett, with a proviso that the meeting shall take place in November, if the time honored custom allowing six months' notice of the meeting of the nominating convention is to be observed.

This action is an indication that the next National Republican convention will be held much later than May next.

After the election of W. J. Campbell of Illinois as a member of the committee in the place of Gen. R. Davis of the same State, the committee took a recess for two hours.

Tonight's session was held with closed doors. The first business was the consideration of the following letter:

WASHINGTON, July 28, 1891.

Hon. J. Sloat Fassett, Secretary National Republican Committee:

DEAR SIR—This is to suggest to you that I have today forwarded Hon. William Andrews, chairman of the Republican State committee of Pennsylvania, my resignation as a member of the National Republican committee from this State.

Yours truly, M. S. QUAY.

Upon motion of Mr. Clarkson the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That we accept against our judgment and with much doubt as to the wisdom and propriety, for the party's interests, the action of Senator Quay in his resignation as chairman and member of the national committee. In accepting it, with the profound reluctance and regret, we desire to express from our own knowledge of the valued and long service to the party, and sense of the deep obligation thereby which he has placed the Republican party and the cause of good government, and the hope that his patriotism and ability may yet be spared to the country. We understand the leadership of a doubtful cause in a time when the Republican party was disorganized and the Democratic party confident in the power of supposed control in the government and nation and when the odds of the contest seemed against our party, and by the matchless power, unequaled skill in resources, genius to command victory, we go for his party an unprecedented victory in the face of expected defeat. We know, as no one else can know, that the conduct which he waged was the sole means under God and his wisdom as of invincible power and triumphant victory, and that it was won largely by the power of his superior generalship and the inspiration of a patriot leader. In the great contest of 1888, in the months of severe effort, and under the pressure of often seemed accusation with him, we have learned to know the nobility of the man, and we desire in this conspicuous manner to place on record our profound gratitude, as an enduring answer to the partisan assaults of the defeated enemy, our testimony in appreciation of his public services and personal worth.

The auditing committee reported that, after a thorough inspection of all the money it has disbursed during the year, and recommended that the treasurer's accounts be approved, and the committee tender to him the sense of its great obligation for his faithful and efficient services.

The chairman then read the following letter, dated at Washington:

To Executive Committee Republican National Committee—Dear Friends and Associates—Inasmuch as you are about to reorganize the executive committee for immediate preparatory work pending the approaching Presidential election of 1892, and as my business engagements will demand all my time and attention during the coming year, I am compelled to sever the pleasant relations which have existed and still exist between us. I therefore tender my resignation of the office of treasurer of your committee.

Respectfully yours, W. W. DUDLEY.

The committee immediately adopted the following:

Resolved, That while we are left by Mr. Dudley's own wish, no other course than consent to his retirement from the committee, we feel his action deprives the committee and party of his invaluable and loyal services of one who proved himself one of the ablest and most faithful of public men of his time. In every field of honorable counsel and patriotic purpose, as a soldier winning in his behalf the state of a grateful nation, in Congress, as a public officer serving with equal fidelity his country in resolutions above, in the political field with a like solicitude for the nation's good, he has proved himself always worthy of the respect and admiration of the country. In his whole public career, in specially active and with conspicuous success, he has given fully time and labor, never thinking of private profit or personal emolument; his whole life is a conscious consecration, purpose and patriotism as a citizen. Speaking from what we know of his capabilities and unequal service to party and country, we would express the grateful evidence of what we know the Republican party owes to his services in so many of its contests, and especially in the memorable struggle of 1888. We part from him officially with sincere regret, and in taking a leave on the record of the committee this expression of the party's gratitude and personal friendship, in which we know he is so worthy to be held.

The resignations of Chairman Quay and Treasurer Dudley were then formally accepted and laid on the table subject to the approval of the full Republican National committee, at the next meeting. Mr. Clarkson was elected chairman of the executive committee and Mr. Hobart vice-chairman, in place of Clarkson. The chairman was authorized to select a treasurer and appoint Dudley. The committee then adjourned.

Power the Cause of the President.

CAPE MAY, July 28.—General John W. Foster left here this morning for Washington. During his stay he was the guest of the President and the gentlemen were busy the entire time considering regarding the reciprocity treaties being negotiated with various countries.

No confirmation or denial of the reported signing of the reciprocity agreement between the United States and San Domingo July 22, could be obtained here. The President, when approached upon the subject stated that all such information must come from the State department.

The President, this morning, acted upon several pardon cases, one of which was that of Captain George J. Armes. The occurrence which led to the trial by court martial of Armes created considerable comment at the time. Armes, of the 10th U. S. Infantry, and President Harrison, was a colonel army officer, living in Washington. On the inauguration day Armes received a telegram from home from some Pennsylvania officials.

A few evenings afterwards he met Governor Beaver of Pennsylvania in the lobby of the hotel and publicly insulted him, even going so far as to spit in his nose.

Captain Armes was tried by court-martial for conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman, found guilty and sentenced to dismissal from the army.

The President subsequently remitted the sentence and ordered that Armes be restored within a limit of thirty miles of the District of Columbia for three years.

Upon the recommendation of the Secretary of War the President has now remitted the sentence and Armes in future can go where he pleases.

Italy Receives Names.

LONDON, July 28.—The Chronicle's Vienna correspondent says Italy has concluded a loan of $10,000,000 with a Berlin syndicate.

As an Alliance Barbecue.

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 28.—At an Alliance barbecue at Prosperity, November 12, in commemorating the affray occurring between James Hunter and the Marlboro. It was caused by an old feud between them. Hunter was shot in the head with a club and seriously injured. George Morris received a bad cut in the face and neck, which may prove fatal. H. M. Stigley claimed he was in the fight and was seriously, perhaps fatally, cut in the throat. Julius Young was cut on the back of the hand in trying to stop the fight, and several others received minor injuries.

A Destructive Storm.

LANCASTER, Pa., July 29.—Last night's storm was very destructive in this county. Hail fell heavily, completely ruining the lower meeting of the Lancaster County Agricultural Society, and scattering the crowd. Over three inches of rain fell.

The Rock Island-Union Bridge Case.

OMAHA, July 28.—Justice Brewer today granted the application for injunction in the Rock Island-Union Pacific bridge case, and made a decree requiring the specific performance of the contract and enjoining all the officers and employes of the companies concerned to refrain from in any manner interfering with the proper enjoyment of the terms of the contract.

The question of the Rock Island that the rules of the Union Pacific be taken to governed in the movement of trains until other rules and schedules could be prepared was denied. The effect of the denial practically gives the Rock Island and Milwaukee trains from crossing the bridge until next Saturday, at by that time the court will have had time to take some of the great obligation for his faithful and efficient services.

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Maryland Democrats.

BALTIMORE, July 28.—The Democratic state convention, which will meet tomorrow, will, it is stated, adopt a resolution, pledging the support of the party in the legislature to the reelection of United States Senator Gorman. Frank Brown for governor is nearly the whole ticket. July 31, Hiss for attorney-general is mentioned.

San Jones' Reception in Houston.

HOUSTON, Tex., July 28.—While speaking to a large audience here tonight, and when in the middle of his discourse, some people on the outside turned out the lights and disappointed the Rev. Sam Jones and his audience most of whom were indoors. There is great indignation and trouble may ensue.

The Davis Trial.

BUTTE, July 28.—The Davis trial today was occupied by the closing of Colonel Sanders' address for the defense and the examination of the first witness for the prosecution, J. C. Broome, the only living witness of the dynamite well. He testified to having seen A. J. Davis, the late millionaire, sign the will in the presence of himself and others, giving his the farm of Judge Davis in Iowa. The testimony was not shaken on cross-examination.

A Passenger Train Wrecked.

ST. LOUIS, July 29.—A Republic special from Searcy, Arkansas, says: At 1 o'clock today a passenger train on the Iron Mountain was wrecked about a mile south of Judsonia. Wet weather made the road bed soft, causing the rails to spread. The train left the track on a curve. Slaughter to report, nobody was killed and less than a dozen injured. It is thought that of those injured none will prove serious.

Badly Damaged by Fire.

CHICAGO, July 28.—The Second Regiment Armory on the lake front was badly damaged by fire this morning. A large number of uniforms and arms were entirely ruined by the fire and water. The Hibernian rifles and a troop of the First cavalry also lost their accoutrements. The loss will exceed $25,000. The firemen had a desperate fight, as the regimental powder magazine is in the building, but by a plentiful use of water they succeeded in keeping the fire away from it.

Battery G Armory adjoining escaped injury.

Prohibitionists.

BALTIMORE, July 28.—The Prohibition state Convention today nominated Lieutenant Governor Jackson, Colonel Hughes, of Baltimore; Comptroller Jordan, Lawyer of Baltimore; Attorney General Jackson, Mr. Mosher of Hagerstown; Clerk of Court of Appeals, Lewis S. Stokes of Baltimore.

Bank Robbery.

SAN RAFAEL, L. I., July 28.—During a circus procession here today the Peoples bank was robbed of $1,000. All the clerks in the bank were at the circus watching the procession, and that was how he was able to enter the premises through the rear door unseen.

The robber was followed by a dark man, who had a package of money and ran in the same way he entered, being seen by the bank clerks. The robber has not been captured.

A Letter from the Pope.

ROME, July 28.—A letter from the Pope to Cardinal Gibbons which is to announce the suppression of Herr Cahensly and the St. Raphael society has been received by the archbishops of the Catholic bishops in the United States of the same nationalities as the people to whom spiritual work they minister, has been published here.

An Interview with Admiral Gervais.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 28.—The Novoe Vremya publishes an interview with Admiral Gervais of the visiting French squadron, in which he declares that he has not seen anything to indicate that it is necessary to notify the friendly sentiments of the French government and its people, which are strengthened by each fresh sign of the cordiality of the Russian sentiments as analogous to Gorchakoff the minister of the Dominions, and purely offensive.

Conspiracy to Sell the Czar.

LONDON, July 29.—A Geneva paper says the St. Petersburg police recently arrested two Greeks who came into Russia with a conspiracy to kill the Czar and force the Czarewitch to establish a constitutional monarchy. The officials, all but one of whom were nihilists, offered a desperate resistance to the police, and seven of the nihilists were killed and seven more escaped.

Choked to Death.

OLEAN CITY, L. I., July 28.—Barbara Cloverfield, correspondent of Hawkeye, a village three miles inland from here, recently employed two negroes, David Hanson and Thomas Cornell, to work on his farm. They quarreled together in the morning and fell on each other.

During last night they fought in their room and Cornell was almost to death by Hanson. Cornell, who is married with wonderful, says because he refused to take a drink of whisky from a flask offered by Cornell, the latter became enraged and struck him a blow. Finally Hanson succeeded in choking his assailant and was compelled to choke him to death.

H. B. Fish of Chicago Dead.

CHICAGO, July 28.—H. B. Fish, senior member of the firm of H. B. Fish & Co., died here today. The firm is the oldest commission firm in the United States, dated founded. He has been in upper Mississippi and was one of Chicago's wealthiest merchants. He was aged 74 years.

Sunny and Billy.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 28.—Sunny Needham and Billy Mahan, the champions of San Francisco and the light to a finish for a $500 purse, at the Occidental Club, tonight. Odds was their favorite, Needham having to defeat Mahan in forty-three rounds at Seattle last fall. Mahan weighed 130, Needham 126.

Needham was quick to score on the boss in the first, but stopped a rush in the second with a right which floored Mahan. Mahan pushed Needham with both hands in the succeeding rounds. Needham landed two hard rights in the ninth, ringing blood from Mahan's mouth. Mahan continued to lead, and the first good exchanges came in the eighteenth. Mahan was then bleeding in the ear and exhausted. Needham's condition was good.

The nineteenth was a hot round. In the twentieth Needham met him with his left and right, winning his left eye and bringing blood from his nostrils. Mahan was apparently groggy when the round closed, while Needham was fresh as at the beginning. Needham refrained from pushing matters. Mahan freshened, but he left hand jolts did less damage than Needham's occasional rights, which seemed to fail to raise a lump or draw blood. Mahan several times tripped apparently to avoid being punished, and at the close of the twenty-fourth he came to the centre of the ring and said he had a terrible pain under his heart and it was impossible for him to stand the punishment longer, and he would give up the fight.

He was cheered by many of the spectators who had bet on him, but the gameness he had shown. His face been times of overwhelmed punishment, while Needham, save by a reddening on the cheekbone and a slight puffiness of a rib, was apparently untouched.

Naval Matters.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—The navy department has approved the report of the board of examiners for erection of master mechanics at Mare Island navy yard, and has filed all the petitions by the appointees of the candidates which that board recommended.

With reference to certain Union Iron Works apprentice training in building hulls of modern steel vessels, the board respectfully states that, in its opinion, none of the apprentices presenting themselves were possessed of the special knowledge desirable. Eighty-five candidates in all were appointed.

Noted Minister Dead.

CHICAGO, July 28.—Daniel Kinder, LL. D., of Evanston, died for many years president of Garrett Biblical Institute, died this morning, aged 78.

ABOUT THE FARMERS.

Almost Two Million and a Half Farms and Homes Encumbered by Mortgages.

NUMBER OF HOMES HIRED OR OWNED FREE.

The Average Debt on Farms in Some States and Homes in the Western States.

(By Telegraph to the News.)

VALUABLE STATISTICS

Relating to Farms and Homes in the United States.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—The count of farm and home statistics made in accordance with the mortgage collection clause of the census act has been completed by the census office. There were returned by enumerators 2,691,537 farms and homes occupied by owners, which were distributed by mortgages. This includes some about which the enumerators made no report and which belong partly to the class of hired and partly to the class owned, they are not to be partly in the class owned and encumbered. Until this enumeration quantity, due to the failing of enumerators to eliminate, it may be regarded as approximately true that two and a quarter million farms and a half million families of the United States occupy such farms and homes, and that two and a quarter million families occupy farms and homes either hired or owned free.

The proportion of hired and owned free homes and farms will be known when the population division completes the count of returns pertaining to them.

The preliminary results indicate that the average debt for farms in Iowa is $1,000 per farm. The author of this investigation, Superintendent Porter says, has been far beyond the anticipation of the most experienced statisticians, and the result will be of the same interest and value to the nation.

The first volume relating to the reported indebtedness will probably go to press this year. Incomplete returns from several Western States indicate that farms and homes are mortgaged for about one-third the value put upon them by their owners.

Oil Works on Fire.

BALTIMORE, July 28.—A fire broke out last night in the Imperial Union Oil Works of Canton, and is still burning. Two tanks containing 45,000 barrels of oil are out of the fire is burning. There is danger of other tanks and surrounding property being destroyed.

Mexican Mines.

ST. LOUIS, July 28.—Late advices from the City of Mexico state that two American papers published in that city are holding a candidate for the vice-president ticket of the so-called Prince Yturbide, which is now used as the war cry by the Clericals party, which seems to have some opposed candidate against Diaz, and is using this fetish, ignorant boy and his backer, Yturbide, to carry out their purpose.

The creation of three new archbishoprics and five new bishoprics by the Pope is considered significant. The bishops, with three exceptions of the population, are very loyal to the clergy.

President Diaz is again well enough to be back at his executive business, but he looks thinner of record suffering. His wife wishes him to go to Europe for rest, but his ambition keeps him here and will for some time yet.

The press is more restricted than ever.

The governors of the different States being here, they have to report to the President General. All this gives rise to many rumors. The President is known to have had a serious misunderstanding with the minister of Finance.

Letters from Guatemala say that two attempts have been made on the life of President Barillas and that a revolution is inevitable.

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DAIRY MEN MEETING.

A Proposition Submitted by Chief Bachelor of the World's Fair Agricultural Department.

MILK TESTS BY CHEMICAL ANALYSIS.

Prizes to be Given at the Fair.—Different Views of Representatives of Various Breeds.

(By Telegraph to the News.)

WORLD'S FAIR.

The Columbian Dairy Committee and Others in Session.

CHICAGO, July 29.—The executive committee of the Columbian Dairy Association and the committee from the various dairy societies and clubs in attendance at the World's Fair met here today. The committee from Association met this morning to consider the proposition recently by Chief Bachelor of the World's Fair agricultural department, the proposition being that the World's Fair authorities furnish the necessary building and feed and water for fifty head of cattle of each of the various breeds during the exposition, and in return take all the products of the cattle.

It was considered that the different breeds of cattle, and the different breeds of cattle, and the different breeds of cattle, and