

O. S. L. BUYING MORE REALTY

Paying Out Options Which Expire On January 31.

IS EQUAL TO TWO BLOCKS.

Property bought to be secured in Salt Lake City and Four Long.

Judging from present appearances Mr. Link, the agent for the Oregon Short Line, is securing options in the aggregate upon two city blocks of realty north of the Oregon Short Line depot. In every case he is paying out the sum of \$200 to secure the deal which falls due on the first inst.

The contemplated purchases of the Short Line embrace the entire west half of the blocks which lie between Third and Fourth West and Fifth North and First North streets, taking in a portion of the Morrison, Merrill Lumber company's big yards, a number of private residences, the Anheuser-Busch bottling works and a portion of the property owned by the Utah Sheep factory.

Among these holders who have already sold outright or have accepted options are W. A. Schaefer, John H. Harkness, Ernest Nelson, Desert Savings bank, Rosella N. Stokes, Pricella W. Richards and Elias A. Smith, and others. As the consequence of the sale now being made a burden to them by the enterprising real estate men who are camping on their trial with the object in view of selling them new homes.

There are a number of theories being advanced as to the action of the Short Line in buying up property in the city which will cost several hundred thousands of dollars, among which is the revival of the old story regarding the erection of modern and up-to-date shops in Salt Lake. Inquiry at headquarters, however, elicits the information that the Short Line needs more yard room and truckage to accommodate the business that will accrue as soon as the line is connected with the California extension and the big new depot is erected.

The Short Line is offering a fair price for the properties it is seeking to secure and the indications are that there will not be any condemnation suits following the effort to enlarge the company's holdings of taxable property in Salt Lake.

RIO GRANDE CONSTRUCTION.

Gangs of Men Secured and Now Waiting to Go to Work in Utah.

The long deferred work on the Layton cut-off on the Rio Grande main line between Salt Lake and Ogden will be commenced very soon as the weather permits. With this object in view one gang of 50 Greeks has already arrived in Salt Lake, and are being taken care of while more men are being secured here. At the present time there is another gang of 80 men on the desert laying 35-pound steel. This gang will be transferred to Salt Lake at an early date to commence operations on the laying of the second track to Brigham Junction.

Last week the Denver & Rio Grande officials were given the go-ahead by the result that orders were given to get ready for the broad gauging of the track up to Delta.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC CHANGE.

Commencing Sunday S. P. Trains Enter Ogden via Brigham City.

Present plans are carried out on and after Sunday the Southern Pacific trains will leave the main line at Ogden and enter the new branch of track from that point to Brigham City, thence over the Oregon Short Line tracks into Ogden. After this change has been made gangs will start to work tearing up the rails between Corinne and Ogden and relaying them on the Lucin cut-off. With this change, a full description of which has already appeared in the Evening News, the branch line between Ogden and Brigham City will be one of the busiest in the West. From forty to sixty-five trains will be sent over it every day.

THE BRAKEMAN'S STORY.

How Mike Came to Stay With the Runaway Train.

When railroad men congregate around the hot stove there is generally a good story or two on tap. The following yarn was furnished at Hegney's yesterday by a jolly-faced brakeman who made more out of the story than is apparent in cold type.

"We picked up a new Irishman," he interjected, "and set him to work braking on a construction train at 3 cents a mile for working on the rails between me and me was on the train he got away on a down grade, and the first thing we knew she was flying down the track at about 30 miles an hour, with no man in sight but the ditch digger hunting grounds when we came to the end. I waited them down as hard as I could all along the tops, and then of a sudden I see Mike a crawling along toward the end of one of the cars on all fours, with his face the color of milk. I thought he was getting ready to jump, and I see his finish if he did. 'Mike,' I says, 'for—sake don't jump.'"

"He clamps his fingers on the running board to give him a chance to turn around, and looking at me contemptuously, answers:

"Jump, is it? Do you think I'd be after jumpin' an' me makin' money as fast as I can?"

SPICE AND RAIL.

George Perkins of the Colorado Midland is in Denver.

Contracting Agent McCarthy of the Oregon Short Line has returned from a trip east.

Commercial Agent Foley of the Illinois Central is expected to return from Chicago tomorrow.

The Florence Roberts company goes to Park City over the Rio Grande tomorrow and after playing there will continue east via Delta.

General Agent C. A. Walker and Traveling Agent J. H. Mandersfield of the Chicago & Northwestern, have gone south on business bent.

The Rock Island has placed an order for 25 locomotives, to be divided when delivered between the passenger and freight service. The total cost will be about \$4,000,000.

On Feb. 9, 1911, the Union Pacific will handle a number of Chinamen who are to assemble at the job house at Evanston for New Year's celebrations. Quite a number will go from Salt Lake.

The storm report received by the Oregon Short Line from its agents was interesting this morning. The man at McCammon reported that it was snowing an inch a minute between that point and Coveville.

Eruptions

Dry, moist, scaly, tetter, all forms of eczema or salt rheum, pimples and other cutaneous eruptions proceed from humors, either inherited, or acquired through defective digestion and assimilation.

To treat these eruptions with drying medicines is dangerous. The thing to do is to take

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Which thoroughly cleanse the blood, expelling all humors and building up the whole system. They cure

Hood's Sarsaparilla permanently cured J. G. Jones, of Salt Lake, from a skin which he had suffered for some time, and Miss Alvina Weber, Box 212, Algonia, Wis., of pimples on her face and back and chafed skin on her body, by which she had been greatly troubled. There are many testimonials in favor of Hood's than can be published.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

next week in her private car Olympic. This car was originally made for the use of President McKinley and in it he made his tour of California and west. It was also in this car that the body of the martyred president was taken from Buffalo to Washington.

It is reported in railroad circles that a movement is on foot to draw the Gould-Walsh line into the "community of interests" arrangement of the Pennsylvania, the Reading and the Baltimore & Ohio. The Gould engineers have suggested for a connecting line between the West Virginia Central and the Western Maryland from Cherry Run, W. Va., to Cumberland, Md.

Work was commenced yesterday in extending the Arkansas Valley & Western (Frisco) from Elgin, Okla., toward Denver, Colo. The contract for the extension has been let as far as Afton, Okla., a town on the Panhandle branch of the Santa Fe, 60 miles from Elgin. It is announced by the Elgin yardmaster that the Rock Island also had a force of graders ready there for an extension to a Denver connection.

DEATH OF JOHN B. FORBES.

Well Known Salt Lake Business Man Succumbs to Heart Failure.

John B. Forbes, secretary and financial man of the Salt Lake Hardware company, died suddenly at 5 o'clock this morning in his rooms at the Richelieu hotel, corner of Second and Third East streets. He got up, feeling sick at his stomach, and immediately fell over and became unconscious. Capt. Goodspeed, his companion, and for years his associate in business, found him in this position. He was taken to the hospital, but he died before the doctor could reach him.

Mr. Forbes was 45 years old and unmarried. He came from the east 29 years ago, and for a long time was associated with the late George A. Lowe before entering the service of the Salt Lake Hardware company. He was able to attend to business yesterday as usual, and as a general thing his health has been fair, but his heart was not strong, and his sudden failure was the cause of death. Mr. Forbes leaves a brother, George M. Forbes, of the Utah Implement company. The body will be taken back east for interment.

MRS. COULTER'S VOPE.

Lady Member of the House Tells Why She Supported Smoot.

Mrs. Mary G. Coulter, the lady member of the house from Weber county, complains that she is still being annoyed by unfavorable criticisms as to her vote in favor of Hon. Reed Smoot for United States senator. It is almost needless to say that her criticisms come from members of her own sex. No man, be he Republican or Democrat, has yet been heard to question her right to vote as she did nor to impugn her motive in so doing.

Mrs. Coulter says that prior to the convention her first choice was Sutherland, although she was not pro-nounced in favor of any candidate. The convention that nominated her was in favor of Smoot and her constituents who elected her by a plurality of 100 votes over her competitors were favorable to him as was one of the issues in the campaign. She owed her election to the friends of Mr. Smoot and all the opposition to her within the Weber county was by her own choice.

Mrs. Coulter's course in the Legislature has proven that she has a clear head on her shoulders. She is a watchful legislator, a good parliamentarian, ready in debate and conscientious in her actions. She is a credit to her sisters and an example to her brothers, in the broad sense of the term.

AMUSEMENTS.

The ticket sale for the Salt Lake Symphony orchestra concert, which occurs at the Salt Lake Theater one week from tonight, opened at the Salt Lake Theater this morning. Willard Weber has been engaged as the soloist. He will play Max Bruhn's great concerto in G minor.

"The Unwelcome Mrs. Hatch," played for the last time by Miss Roberts last night drew the biggest house that has assembled at the Theater during her engagement. With single exception of the "Sapho" night, indeed the receipts have grown with every performance since the opening night, with this exception, and it is not too much to say that this evening when "Maga" is to be the bill, will show no diminution.

"The Burglar and the Wait" closes its engagement at the Grand tonight, and tomorrow evening "A Runaway Match" opens for the last half of the week. There will be the usual matinee on Saturday.

SOUTH TEMPLE PAVING.

New Petition Will Likely Reach the Council Next Monday.

A new petition for the paving of South Temple street from the State to Eighth East street will probably be presented to the city council on Monday by the petitioners. The petition is signed by about one-half of the abutting property owners. The estimated cost of the paving is about \$100,000.

CONDITIONS PUT ON FOOD MAKERS

Their Products Must be Labeled In Full.

CLAUSE IS BEING OPPOSED.

Opposition of Manufacturers Rouses Suspicion—Statehood for Oklahoma, New Mexico and Arizona.

A requirement that is likely to be expected of those who manufacture food stuffs that is to be used in the state of Utah, is that they label every can or package with a complete list of every ingredient contained in the contents of the package. This will be the law to the manufacturers, if senate bill 17 is passed, for which there is every likelihood, as the senate committee on manufactures and commerce will report favorably on the bill, with the conditions already stated.

This requirement applies to all food stuffs, whether simple, compound, mixed or blended. The bill was taken up by the committee on manufactures and commerce yesterday afternoon.

There was no one present outside of the committee, except Food and Dairy Commissioner Heiner and Secretary of State Hammond. There are several agents here, representing California manufacturers, and a number of Utah manufacturers, who put into the clause being put in the bill requiring them to label their packages of food stuffs, as already indicated. They are given a hearing by the committee later this afternoon, but it is not believed that they will accomplish their object, for, as Senator Loomis put it, "their very opposition to the clause has determined them to work for its insertion into the bill."

It developed during the consideration of the bill, that while the trust was fighting the manufacturers who put into their bakers' powder, the trust itself was putting corn starch into its product and representing it to be pure cream of tartar, baking powder.

The following new bills were introduced in the senate yesterday afternoon: S. B. No. 48, by the salaries committee. The act fixes the salaries of justices of the supreme court at \$4,000 and judges of the district courts at \$3,500. Substitute for S. B. 15 and S. B. 49, by McKay. The act amends section 2062 of the Revised Statutes of 1898, with the result that deputies and assistants in the offices of county assessors may receive a compensation not to exceed \$3 a day. The compensation allowed by the present law is not to exceed two-thirds of the salary of the county clerk. Outlying counties, this amount is regarded as too small.

S. B. No. 50, by Johnson, (by request of Utah Bar association). An act providing for the payment of district judges in the district courts, and repealing chapter 103 of the session laws of 1901, providing for the payment of mileage to judges and district attorneys.

RELATING TO OSTEOPATHY.

S. B. No. 51, by Hamberger, (by request). The act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the state of Utah by establishing a board of osteopathic registration and examination. The board is to consist of five members, appointed by the governor, to serve four years. To be eligible for membership on the board a candidate must have received a certificate from the Utah osteopathic society to the effect that he is a graduate of a reputable school of osteopathy, and that he is engaged in the practice of osteopathy in the state of Utah. The board will be allowed a secretary at \$3,000 a year and a per diem compensation of \$10 a day for each member for time actually spent in service of the state. A bond of \$500 will be required of the treasurer of the board.

The penalty for practicing osteopathy in the state, without a license issued by the board, is a fine of from \$50 to \$100, or imprisonment for not more than six months, or both fine and imprisonment. The same penalty applies to anyone using any of the titles or degrees of osteopathy, or attempting to obtain a license by fraudulent representation.

REGULATING LICENSES.

An applicant for a license is required to pay a fee of \$25, and to present a diploma from a standard school of osteopathy, and to pass an examination in "osteopathy, anatomy, physiology, histology, pathology, diagnosis, hygiene, surgery," and all other subjects taught in all well founded schools of osteopathy. Each applicant who secures a certificate is required to have his license recorded in the office of the county recorder in the county in which he proposes to practice. Licensed osteopaths are subject to the same regulations as other professions, and are required to report to the board of osteopathy, deaths, births, etc.

NEW BILLS INTRODUCED.

S. B. No. 52 by Lawrence. Amending the statutes so as to allow administrators and executors to lease or give options on mining claims.

S. B. No. 53, by Lawrence, amending section 2060 of the Revised Statutes relating to the practice with reference to replies to counter claims.

SUPPORT OMNIBUS BILL.

The following telegram was sent to the Arizona territorial legislature:

"The state senate of the Utah Legislature acknowledges greeting of the twenty-second legislative session of Arizona, and in reply to a message by which we have this day passed memorial indorsing that omnibus state bill now pending before the United States senate, and have requested our representatives to heartily urge its passage."

COMMITTEE REPORTS.

The committee on live stock reported favorably on S. B. No. 39, by Johnson, an act making sheriffs live stock inspectors and providing a penalty for shipping live stock from the state without inspection.

Senator Hamberger's bill No. 5, providing for the care and treatment of habitual drunkards at county expense, was reported on favorably by the committee on county and municipal corporations.

The committee on salaries reported on Senator Hamberger's bill No. 33, amending it by fixing the salary of the supreme court stenographer at \$1,200 instead of \$1,000, as recommended in the original bill.

Senate resolution No. 2, by Lewis, was

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Consumption can certainly be cured. Not all cases, but very many. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is the principal medicine. The oldest doctor knows from experience. The youngest, just from college, knows from theory. Both uphold us.

25c, 50c, \$1.00. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Introduced. It provides for the printing of the senate docket. The committee on irrigation and agriculture reported favorably on house joint resolution No. 9 by Representative Condon extending a welcome to the irrigation congress to be held in Ogden.

S. B. No. 37, by Lawrence, providing for the transfer of articles of incorporation from the office of the auditor to that of the secretary of state, under the provisions of the rules was read the second and third time and passed by the senate.

On request of Senator Sherman, S. B. No. 47, by Lewis relating to the commission and appropriation for the Lewis and Clark expedition, was transferred to the committee on manufactures and commerce.

MEMORIAL IS PASSED.

The Johnson joint memorial to congress in favor of the admission of Oklahoma, New Mexico and Arizona, as states, was reported favorably by the committee on federal relations. On motion of Senator Bennett the rules were suspended and the memorial passed. Senator Sherman cast the only negative vote.

Many amendments were recommended by the committee on agriculture and irrigation, to Senator C. P. Larsen's grasshopper bill that the senate decided to have the bill reported.

DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.

Committee Concludes to Kill the Whitmore Bills.

The district attorneys have won. Their office will not be abolished. That is if the report of the senate committee on the Judiciary is adopted by the legislature, and there is every reason to believe it will be.

The committee met yesterday afternoon to consider the senate committee on the Judiciary. The bills that are aimed at the district attorneys, and after a careful canvass of the bills and the situation, the former were turned down. In the argument of the district attorneys, that many of the county attorneys had not even been admitted to the bar, prevailed with the committee, and it was decided that the district attorneys should be kept.

The position of Senator Murdoch was that district attorneys were not as necessary as district judges, "and moreover," said he, "let us give the young men of the state a chance to climb up the ladder. The district judges are a splendid opportunity that the office extends to young men, in the instance of one of the chief justices of the state, who has a grand opportunity to climb up the ladder. The district judges are a splendid opportunity that the office extends to young men, in the instance of one of the chief justices of the state, who has a grand opportunity to climb up the ladder."

BREAKING ALL RECORDS.

Smallpox Situation Such in Salt Lake—A January Report.

The smallpox record in this city will undoubtedly go glimmering this year if the pace set by the month of January is kept up. At the close of office hours yesterday there had been 75 cases of the disease reported to the health department, and the number is increasing rapidly.

The records of the office now being compiled by Clerk Horace Smith for his annual report to the mayor, shows that in 1899 there were only four cases of smallpox in the city. In 1900 there were 12; 1901, 64; 1902, 120. Comparing these figures with the number already reported to the board this month and it will be seen that the year 1903 is at present in the race for the record.

Of the 120 cases last year, 97 were residents and 23 were non-residents, and out of the 97 residents who contracted the disease 45 were males and 52 females. Ninety-six were white and one was colored. Eighty-eight of these were never vaccinated; vaccination having been refused by 16, and having six cases had been vaccinated, but had long passed the period of immunity.

The new record of those afflicted was as follows: between 1 and 5 years there were 17 who had the disease; 6 to 18 years, 22 cases; 19 to 25 years, 25 cases; 26 to 45 years, 28 cases; 46 to 65 years, 4 cases; over 65 years, only one case.

Twenty-two cases out of the 23 non-residents who caught smallpox were male and one was a woman. Twenty-one of the non-residents were from England. Sixteen of them were between the ages of 18 and 25, and 7 were between 26 and 45 years of age. All of them were whites.

NEW CASES OF SMALLPOX.

Three cases of smallpox were reported to the board of health today and one late yesterday afternoon. They are Mrs. E. J. Brain and baby, residing at 427 North Second West street; Miss Adams, 827 Fourth street; and Miss Adams, 704 West Third North street.

SMALLPOX AT HERRIMAN.

County Superintendent of Schools Ashton received word today that there are three cases of smallpox in Herriman precinct. The school as yet has not been interfered with and is still open.

OBJECTS TO DISCRIMINATION.

To the Editor: To an intelligent person reading the papers the last few days and reports of the proceedings before the senate committee on the pure food bill, it would look as though the manufacturers of baking powder in the State of Utah were a lot of scoundrels and were trying to rob the public by imposing on them articles of food unfit to eat; on behalf of the manufacturers of this state, we desire to enter our protest against such injustice and the discrimination which is being used against us.

The only objection particularly we have entered against the food bill is a clause in section 34, which gives the

food commissioner the power, if he felt so disposed, to discriminate against one product in favor of another, which would be unjust, and all we wish is that the food commissioner's duty shall be fully defined as the home manufacturer should receive the same treatment as the foreign manufacturer in eastern and western states. Mr. Heiner and Mr. Love, seeing the justice in this, said they were willing to eliminate the clause.

The morning papers came out and say that strenuous efforts were made to get the manufacturers before the senate committee, but they were afraid to appear, which is ridiculous and entirely unbecoming. The justice of our position being apparent made it unnecessary for our appearance, and we being used against such language being used by the manufacturers of baking powder in the State of Utah, for we claim and can demonstrate the fact that the baking powder made in this state are just as healthy and good as the baking powder made in other states, and the chances for something to be done are considered good yet unless—and just here comes expressions as to uncertainty because of what the steel trust may or may not do.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Matter Was Discussed Fully at the Episcopal Convocation.

At the Episcopal convocation which closed yesterday afternoon, the discussion was quite general on the proposition to change the name of the church, some suggesting one name and some another, the idea being to recommend the adoption of some title which would be comprehensive and sufficient to cover all the various denominations of the church in this country.

Dean Eddie called up the question by moving that the convocation proceed to its consideration and expressed the opinion that this district ought to have its part in the forward movement to correct the name which everybody believed to be inadequate and misleading.

Rev. A. Miller of Ely, Nev., favored the name "American Catholic church." The President, a layman of Provo, thought the best designation was that of the creed, "The Holy Catholic church;" that if we believed in it as we asserted whenever we repeated it, why not prove our belief by discarding other names and holding to that.

Rev. Mr. Gunn of Montrose was in favor of effecting a change as soon as a fair consideration of the matter could be given. He suggested "The Anglican Church in America," as a suitable name.

Rev. L. B. Ridgely, by invitation of the convocation, gave his views on the proposed change at this time, fearing ill-considered action. He disliked the proposition "American Catholic church," and thought that "Holy Catholic Church in the United States" would be far preferable, "if the time should ever come to exchange for another present name, which with all that had been said against it, had served us very well."

Rev. Mr. Stoddard of Provo favored simply "Episcopal church" or "American Episcopal church." Others opposed any change now.

Rev. Mr. L. Ritchie favored "The American church," with a proviso leaving it to the general convention to supply any qualifying word necessary to properly express the mind of the church in its motion. This suggestion was finally adopted.

The questions submitted by the commission of the church having the subject in charge and the answers given at the Salt Lake convocation are as follows:

Questions (in substance): 1—Do you desire that the name of the church be changed?

2—Do you favor such change at the present time?

3—What name do you wish to have substituted?

Answers: 1—Yes.

2—No, but as soon as the general convention can decide upon the change.

3—We propose the name, "The American church," with such qualifying word or words as shall in the judgment of the general convention adequately express the apostolic character, the catholicity and continuity of the church.

MRS. BOULTER'S FUNERAL.

Impressive and Well Attended Services Held Yesterday at Sandy.

The funeral of Mrs. Eliza Boulter, of Sandy, was held in the meetinghouse at that place yesterday afternoon and was attended by a large gathering of friends and relatives. The deceased was the wife of John M. Boulter and was 40 years of age. She had been in ill health for some time and on last Friday it became necessary for her to undergo an operation. The operation was performed at St. Mark's hospital and she died on Saturday. Mrs. Boulter has been in the United States for some time, where she was converted to the Latter-day Saints' faith.

COMMITTED TO THE ASYLUM.

Mrs. Jemima Farrar of Murray was examined as to her sanity today by Deputy County Clerk Eldridge and Drs. Mayo and Odell, and committed to the insane asylum at Provo.

ADJUDGED BANKRUPT.

Judge Marshall, on the findings of Referee Baldwin, today adjudged the following as bankrupts: A. H. Parsons, Salt Lake; Alex. Rangelist, merchant, Payson; Thomas McEvoy, Iverlyman, Salt Lake; B. A. Montgomery, farmer, Weber; Robt. W. Davidson, locomotive engineer, Tucker.

EDUCATORS IN SESSION.

The joint committee from the University of Utah and Agricultural College are holding a meeting in Governor Wells' office this afternoon, discussing the advisability of altering the courses in the two institutions so that there will be no conflict in the studies taught. An agreement will probably be reached whereby the recommendations for appointments from the two institutions will be altered in accordance with the new courses adopted by the committee. The committee is composed of Dr. Kingsbury, Trustees Sharp, Pierce and Lund of the University of Utah, and President Kerr, and Trustees McCornick, Adams and McAllister of the Agricultural.

LATE LOCALS.

The "dip" last night in the electrical lighting service was due to a slip on the Telluride lines, which, however, was shortly thereafter repaired.

The death of John Lyle, the pioneer silk manufacturer, occurred at the Holy Cross hospital yesterday afternoon. A few days ago Mr. Lyle underwent an operation for cancer, but he had become so serious that slight hopes were entertained for his recovery. He was well known in this city, and he had carried on the silk business for many years. The funeral arrangements have not yet been completed.

Kodak Makes You Strong.

Prepared only by E. C. L. W. & Co., Chicago. Use Kodak. Kodak makes you strong.

men who are seriously thinking of investing. The next time a deal is made the price of these properties will be put at \$500,000.

There are various reports current as to the explanation of the recent option on the steel trust, a firm stating that two prominent eastern men were about to enter the iron county scheme with Messrs. Buhl and Kimberly, when the steel trust made an offer to purchase the land, and they did. The query is, "Must capitalists desirous of developing the great iron county deposits be prepared to stand off the trust in order to put the thing to rest? There are many other valuable iron claims there besides the Taylor group, such as the 1,500 acres of the McGurris Bros., the 150 claims of the Miner syndicate, those owned by M. H. Walker, Matt Cullen and others. The attention of the iron and steel manufacturing world is being attracted more and more to Utah's vast iron fields, and the chances for something to be done are considered good yet unless—and just here comes expressions as to uncertainty because of what the steel trust may or may not do.

CHURCH NOTICES.

The meeting of the home missionaries of the Salt Lake Stake of Zion will be held in room 21, D. S. university, Wednesday, Jan. 28, 1903, at 7:30 p. m. Send in your report of visits if you cannot attend.

CLERK OF STAKE.

The ward missionaries in the Jordan stake will meet at Sandy, Wednesday, Jan. 28, at 7 o'clock p. m. and report their labors.

CLERK OF STAKE.

The home missionaries of the Granite Stake of Zion will please take notice that