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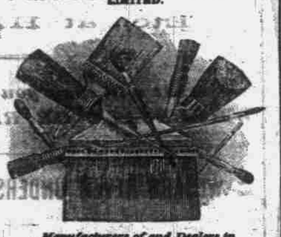
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XLIX CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 25.—Edmunds introduced in the Senate to-day a bill providing for the inspection of meats for exportation and prohibiting the importation of adulterated articles of food and drink, and authorizing the President to make a proclamation in certain cases. The bill gives the President authority to retaliate whenever our products are unjustly discriminated against in foreign countries. In view of what he (Edmunds) thought, it was clear that it was time to introduce this bill.

The Senate resumed consideration of the bill to provide allotments of land in severalty to the Indians. The bill was passed.

Hale gave notice that after George's remarks on the education bill, he (Hale) would move for an executive session upon some matters of importance that would probably occupy the remainder of the day. It is understood that Hale referred to the nominations of Pillsbury and Chase to be collectors of internal revenue respectively at Boston and Portland, which are reported adversely.

At 2 o'clock the education bill was laid before the Senate and George took the floor to continue his remarks in favor of the bill.

Brief remarks were also made by Coke, Blair and others.

Allison suggested an amendment which he said he would refer at the proper time, providing that in each State where there shall be separate schools for white and colored children, the money paid shall be apportioned and paid out for the support of such white and colored schools in the proportion that the illiteracy of the white and colored persons bear to each other as shown by the census. Allison thought the bill should be so amended as to be precisely what it was intended to be, and there should be no room left for a doubt to arise when the provisions of the bill came to be applied in practice as to the proportions of money to be applied to the white and colored schools respectively.

The debate here closed and the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 25.—Hewitt presented a memorial of 122 Savings Banks of New York State representing 1,165,000 depositors asking for the repeal of the silver act. Referred.

The committee on commerce reported the bill to incorporate the Atlantic & Pacific Ship Railway. Referred to the committee of the whole.

The committee on military affairs reported the military academy appropriation bill. Referred to the committee of the whole. The estimates for 1887 are $412,075. The committee recommends an appropriation of $297,805 or $114,270 less than the estimates.

The committee on postoffices and post-roads reported the postoffice appropriation bill. Referred to the committee of the whole.

In the morning hour the House resumed in committee of the whole the consideration of the Hennepin canal bill.

The House then resolved itself into a committee of the whole on the pension appropriation bill.

After debate adjourned.

AMERICAN.

Wired from Washington.

WASHINGTON, 25.—The collector of customs at San Francisco has been instructed to take measures for having new contracts made for the customs cartage service to take effect at the expiration of the present contract, April 30.

The joint resolution heretofore introduced by Mr. Berry was passed by the Senate to-day requiring that the leases of the bath houses, etc., at Hot Springs, Arkansas, shall not be renewed unless the Forty-ninth Congress shall adjourn without having legislated with reference thereto.

The House committee on Territories discussed the Oklahoma Territory bill to-day and appointed a sub-committee to examine the treaties made with the Indian tribes with a view of ascertaining if there would be any conflict between the treaty provisions and the proposed legislation.

Representative Swinburne, to whom all matters relating to cattle fever in the Western States and the Texas fever or cattle plague in the Southern States were referred by the House committee on agriculture, has made a report on the subject, in which he makes a thorough investigation of the question. He says the condition of the infected cattle and the symptoms before death, combined with the appearance of the animal after death, all lead him to the belief that there is a strong analogy between the cholera of the human race and the so-called Texas plague in cattle. In the manner of its mode of propagation and its spread among cattle, as well as the very many conditions and symptoms in common with yellow fever, it would seem that a disease like cholera is spread by the excretions of the infected cattle in the course of transportation, and that the cattle which have been apparently free from the disease have possessed the germs which they develop in the course of transportation, which have been received by and infected other cattle. Should this be true, the report says, the remedy would be very simple and may be made effectual by an efficient quarantining of all the diseased cattle, or cattle that have been exposed to the disease. In this case a board fence separating the well from the sick would be a sufficient preventive. Dr. Swineburne expresses the opinion that the infected Northern or Western cattle do not transmit the disease one to another. He recommends an appropriation for a scientific commission to investigate the plague and discover, if possible, its cause. He also recommends the enactment of a law requiring the transportation of cattle in cars or boats constructed for the purpose in which the comfort of the cattle could be secured and overcrowding prevented; and that all railroad and steamboat companies engaged in such traffic be required to provide proper yards at stated distances where cattle could be unloaded and supplied with water and good food, and that at such points the cars or boats engaged in such transportation be thoroughly cleansed and disinfected. It is further recommended that on the appearance of disease among cattle either in infected sections or among cattle in the process of transportation, a system of strict quarantine be established, and that no infected cattle, or cattle exposed to infection, be permitted to leave the quarantine or be offered for sale within forty days, or until the extreme period of incubation has expired.

The Cabinet meeting to-day was attended by all the members except Secretary Whitney. The question of making some reparation to the Chinese residents of Rock Springs, Wyoming, for losses sustained by them in the riots there last fall, was again considered. It is probable that the matter will be brought to the attention of Congress with a recommendation that the sufferers be recompensed for their losses.

Mr. Carter, Hawaiian Minister, said to-day in regard to the statement furnished to the Ways and Means Committee by Mr. John Searles, Jr., about the Hawaiian treaty, that it is nearly four years since Searles visited Hawaii, and that the report, which he then signed with the other two Commissioners, was considered very favorable to the treaty and has so mentioned by Secretary Folger in his annual report for 1883. Minister Carter said that the statement that the duties remitted would pay for the exports to Hawaii might be made in regard to our trade with almost any other country. You might as well say that the duties remitted by the United States Government on coffee would pay for all the American exports to Brazil. One might as well say that in any bargain he had made a gift by not charging more than he had charged. He added that a counter statement would shortly be made before the Ways and Means Committee by his counsel. He regarded the attack upon the treaty as the outgrowth of business jealousy between the refiners of New York and San Francisco.

The amount of standard dollars in the Treasury, after deducting the silver certificates in circulation on February 20th was $82,681,746, as compared with $67,727,842 in the Treasury July 31, 1885.

The House Committee on Territories has directed an adverse report to be made on Representative Townshend's bill to organize the entire Indian Territory into the Territory of Oklahoma.

The substitute for Mr. Reagan's bill to incorporate the Atlantic & Pacific Ship Railway Company, was reported back to the House to-day. The changes of interest made to the original bill by the committee are as follows: The requirement that the railway shall transport a vessel of 3,000 tons burden instead of 2,000 tons before the liability of the Government begins; the provision that the obligation of the government shall cease unless the company shall keep the road in good repair which shall be evidenced by its safely transporting vessels which with its cargo shall weigh not less than 1,000 tons; an amendment making the lawful currency of the United States or its equivalent, and in case Mexican vessels are transported, then Mexican silver dollars, receivable for tolls—(the original bill provided for payment in gold)—a provision for trial before the United States Circuit Court in controversies arising in this country between the company and its stockholders or the United States, excluding questions arising in Mexico or affecting the company's territorial rights.

The bill now before the House committee on naval affairs on increasing the naval establishment, which was prepared by Chairman Herbert, after consultation with the Secretary of the Navy and the Chief of Construction and other bureaus of the Navy Department, is nearly ready to be reported. Its main features have been foreshadowed.

The Southern Pacific.

NEW YORK, 25.—The official statement of the Southern Pacific Company for December shows the gross earnings to be $2,655,136; operating expenses, $1,228,318; net earnings, $1,426,818. The interest on the bonded debt, the sinking fund and all other expenses and charges amounted to $1,216,380, and the expenditures for construction and improvements were $183,242.

Sale of the Surface Railway.

ALBANY, N. Y., 25.—A bill was introduced in the Senate to-day annulling the privileges and franchises of the Broadway Surface Railway, and providing for the appointment of commissioners to take possession of all its property and sell the same, including its franchises, at public auction.

The Mongolian Must Go.

MARYSVILLE, Cal., 25.—News reached here to-day that about 1 o'clock this morning a body of masked men from Wheatland compelled the Chinese on three ranches near Wheatland to leave their sleeping quarters and marched them to Wheatland, where they were turned loose. The ranches visited were H. Raddon's, Mrs. Fogg's and C. D. Woods. At the last place the Chinese quarters were fired and destroyed with their contents.

Shot Dead on the Street.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., 25.—Dr. Edward H. Coates shot and probably fatally wounded Dr. A. B. Keith at the corner of the 4th and Pine Streets this morning. Both men are dentists and it is stated that jealousy has existed between them a long time. Coates has been trying for a year past to get a divorce from his wife but has been unsuccessful. Dr. Keith has in the meantime been the defender and sympathizer of Mrs. Coates and although he is 60 years of age, has been accused by the lady's husband of improper relations with his wife.

Coates has been despondent for some time and this morning announced his intention of drowning himself and started to the river to carry out his purpose, but upon emerging from his house he met Dr. Keith and after interchanging some hot words he accused Keith of having caused all his unhappiness and the latter denied it. A struggle ensued, both men falling to the ground. Upon Keith arising and attempting to walk away, his antagonist drew a revolver from his pocket and discharged it with the above result.

Later—Mr. Keith was taken to the City Hospital where his wounds was pronounced fatal and he died at 1:40 this afternoon.

Revolving Round a Shaft.

READING, 25.—A man named Lillie owns a mill at Shamokin Hill. His twin daughters Kate and Susie, aged six years, strayed to an up-stairs room in the mill where the shaft was revolving. While at play the little ones ventured too near the machinery and their clothing caught in the shaft and they were drawn around it with each revolution. After being thrown around for an hour they were found by an older sister who had come to look for them. When the machinery was stopped their bodies were found to be terribly lacerated. The skull of Katie was badly fractured and her body in other ways much mutilated, causing her death. Susie still lives, but her chances of recovery are small. Her entire body is more or less injured, several bones being broken.

To Forfeit the Charters.

SAN FRANCISCO, 25.—The Attorney General to-day filed with the Clerk of the Supreme Court information for the purpose of procuring a writ in the nature of a *quo warranto* to forfeit the charters and dissolve the corporations of the following railways: Hastings & Dakota, Minnesota Central, Southern Minnesota Railway Extension Company and St. Paul, Sioux City, upon the ground that they have each sold the railroad, for the building and maintaining of which they were incorporated, and that they have each suspended their lawful business and have not executed any of their franchises since the conveyance of the road, and that they are kept in existence for the sole purpose of holding their land grants exempt. The proper orders have been issued by Judge Dickinson, and the writs have been granted. The writs further call for the reversion to the State of the lands retained under each charter.

FOREIGN.

Water Famine in Vienna.

VIENNA, 25.—This city is suffering from a water famine and is much agitated over the question of water supply. The monopoly of the supply is held by the municipal council, and the water is all brought from the celebrated Hochquelle and Kaiserbrunn springs. The quality of the fluid is excellent and the quantity was ample before the recent enormous growth of the city. Lately, however, the springs have frequently proved inadequate and much inconvenience resulted. Several private companies have for years pressed for the right of supplying the city with water, which they proposed to bring from the river Danube, whose main stream is two miles from the town, but the municipal council has always resisted these attempts. The other day, owing to the long continued frosts both springs became impeded, and Vienna has been on a short allowance of water ever since. The Council has issued an edict ordering the greatest possible economy in the use of water until the frost releases its hold on the sources of supply. It is now proposed to reserve the water from the springs for drinking purposes and to draw upon the Danube for the supply for other needs.

The London Socialists.

LONDON, 25.—In the hearing in the case of Burns, Hyndman, Champion and Williams, the magistrate after the witnesses had concluded their testimony yesterday, announced his intended to commit all the prisoners for trial, and Mr. Williams of counsel, upon this arose and contended that his client was outside the indictment. The lawyer argued that the words used by his client were not so strong as the language in almost daily use in the press, and pointing to Chamberlain, counsel said: "When the Right honorable member for Birmingham has employed in the House of Commons even stronger language than that imputed to my client, he has been applauded." This panic and persecution counsel declared are intended to shield Childers, the Home Secretary, and the police, who are answerable for the whole trouble.

Wyndman, who defended himself, replied that there was a case against either himself or his companions.

Mr. Chamberlain consented to be sworn as a witness. When he had taken the oath, Champion asked him what were the Government's intentions with regard to relieving the distress among the unemployed, and whether he himself favored a revolution in the land laws of England. The magistrate refused to allow the questions, as put, to be answered by the witness.

The prisoners were remanded until Saturday, when they will be committed for trial for misdemeanor.

Burns, Hyndman, Champion and Williams have subpoenaed Ex-Chief Commissioner of Police Henderson to appear as a witness next Saturday, when their case is to be called for final hearing. They expect to obtain from Mr. Henderson testimony tending to show that the Trafalgar Square riots were the result of, or greatly more to the inefficiency of the police than to anything in the speeches of the orators of the day.

Workingmen's Congress.

PARIS, 25.—The Socialist members of the Chambers of Deputies have joined in sending telegrams to the "British Workmen" in the House of Commons proposing a joint international movement in the interest of laboring men. The main objects of the proposed movement are to be the securing of the reduction of the hours of labor, the improvement in the sanitary condition of the workshops, the proper limits to work demanded of women and minors and the absolute prohibition against allowing children of either sex under fourteen years of age to work at all, in shops or factories. The telegram suggests that the British workmen join those of France in asking the workmen of America and Europe to send delegates to the Congress to be held next September in some place to be hereafter designated for the purpose of discussing means "to emancipate the workmen of all countries."

Parliamentary Proceedings.

LONDON, 25.—Howard Vincent, member of Parliament for Sheffield, has been offered the office of Chief of Police Commissioner of the City of London. Mr. Vincent once held the office of Director of Criminal Investigation.

Mr. Childers, Home Secretary, will introduce in the House of Commons to-morrow a bill to compensate the sufferers by the recent riots in London.

In the House of Commons committee of supply, Mr. Healy, nationalist, refused to grant £1,200 for medals for the volunteers who took part in the campaign against Louis Riel. He said that if Canada chose to go to war with Riel, she ought to pay for the medals.

Mr. W. H. Smith and Lord Randolph Churchill denounced Mr. Healy and praised the volunteers.

Mr. Gladstone urged that the rejection of the proposed grant might possibly create bad feelings in Canada. The sum for the medals was agreed to by a vote of 200 to 86.

The Parnellites are irritated at Captain O'Shea's action in opposing Mr. Healy's position on the question of granting medals to the Canadian volunteers.

Slandering the Queen.

MADRID, 25.—The Supreme Council of War confirmed the sentence imposed on Don Enrique De Borbon, Duke of Seville and Lieutenant-Colonel of a regiment of Alfonso. This placed Don Enrique on the half-pay list. His offense was the utterance of disrespectful and abusive language against the Queen regent. He attempted to force his way into the presence of the Queen at a time when she had given orders that she would receive no one but Cardinal Benavides. It was claimed by the offender's friends that he was under the influence of liquor, but he was on military duty at the palace as a guard, and when repulsed from the Queen's door slandered her. This subjected him to court-martial, and the Borbon family felt the disgrace of the young Duke's conduct so keenly that they offered no intercession to secure the military procedure against their relative, who all during the trial was treated as an ordinary officer. The Duke's father, also named Don Enrique Borbon, was, it will be remembered, killed (some historians say murdered) by the Duc De Montpensier, the father of Mercedes, Alfonso's first wife, in one of the most remarkable duels ever fought. This took place on the artillery grounds near Madrid, on March 12, 1870, and after each combatant had fired two ineffective shots and Don Enrique had wasted his third, the Duc De Montpensier took deliberate aim and shot his antagonist through the head, killing him almost instantly.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

A memorial service, in honor of Gen. W. S. Hancock, was held at Governor's Island last night, under the auspices of the military service of the institution.

A San Francisco merchant to-day will give the statistics of the exports of California wine. These will show the total export for 1885 to be nearly four and a half million gallons more than for 1884.

A Lewiston, Maine, dispatch says: Moses Roberts of Cushman & Co., Bengeley, Stout & Co., shoe manufacturers of Auburn, have followed the example of Asa Cushman & Co., by entering into an agreement with the Knights of Labor, which shall govern their relations with their employes. Other firms will probably follow.

A committee of the Hungarian Diet has given its approval to the bill for the suppression of Socialism. Under the provisions of this measure summary dealings with all Socialists are authorized and severe punishment will be visited upon any person having letters in his possession declaring Socialistic tendencies or on anyone providing rooms for the meetings of the Socialists.

A PARIS dispatch says: M. Vallon, president of the agricultural group in the Chamber, called upon M. Lockroy, Minister of Commerce, yesterday, and urged him to postpone the prohibition of the importation of American pork products. M. Lockroy replied that before submitting the subject to the Chamber of Deputies he would wait for the hygienic committee a report, which would decide the question of the alleged presence of trichinæ in American pork.

A Madrid dispatch says: A sensation has been caused here by the discovery of a conspiracy to affect the stock market for speculative purposes. Bogus telegrams were sent to the principal stock brokers at Barcelona reporting fictitious quotations at Madrid and ordering large sales. The result was that the markets were badly disturbed. The authors of the telegrams have not been found. The government is investigating the matter. It is feared that a similar trick has been played elsewhere in Spain.

General Hazen, chief signal service officer, is now suing George Jones, proprietor of the New York Times, to recover $50,000 damages for an alleged libel, it being charged that that newspaper published libelous statements concerning the plaintiff's character as signal service officer and also concerning his connection with the recent arctic expedition.

Consumptives Containing opiates are dangerous. Red Star Cough Cure is safe.

VISIT TO THE PENITENTIARY.

Some of the Legislators Take a Trip Out to the Bastile.

SALT LAKE CITY, February 24th, 1886.

Editor Deseret News:

This morning Hons. Martin Slack, Samuel Francis, A. H. Lund, John Q. Cannon, W. C. A. Smoot and R. H. Baty, members of the Council and House Committees on Penitentiary and Reform Schools, paid a visit to the Utah (or U. S.) Penitentiary. They were accompanied by Hons. R. W. Heybourne, John Rider, John Houston, Wm. Creer, Don C. Young, Joseph Kimball and Joseph Hall.

Leaving this city shortly after 10 o'clock, a drive of about 30 minutes landed the party at the door of the notorious institution, where they were met and kindly and courteously received by Warden Dow, by whom also they were escorted first up the stairway and

UPON THE WALL

which surrounds the dismal-looking enclosure that contains so many offenders against the laws—from men whose only offense is that they have the courage of their religious convictions, in obeying which they harm no one, to the real criminals of various grades, such as the house-breaker and the red-handed murderer who would take the life of his fellow man for the sake of pelf.

From this wall we had a full view of the prison yard. The prisoners, or many of them, were in the open space, engaged in various pastimes. Their attention was at once attracted by our appearance, and by many of them most of us were recognized, but of course the prison discipline did not permit them to show any sign of recognition.

Descending from the wall we were conducted

INSIDE THE PENITENTIARY,

where we viewed and examined the offices, the culinary departments, the washing and bath house, the dining room and the sleeping apartments—three in number. The latter contain, all told, berths for 150 lodgers, and to-day there were 136 berths occupied. This evening another prisoner arrived from Weber County, leaving room for only thirteen more sleepers in the pen.

We also looked into the

"SWEAT BOXES."

They are about as big as a good-sized dog kennel, and are appropriately named. We gazed into the cell of Hoyt, the assassin; but he was not there—he was in another room adjoining it, appeared quite unconcerned, and looked with a kind of patronizing air at those who exchanged a glance with him.

In the north end or side of the yard is the cell of another man-slayer. He is insane, and is the source of much annoyance, trouble and pain. When he is seized with one of his rabid fits, it requires quite a number of strong men to manage him. He fights viciously, and has broken some of the ribs of several of the inmates in his encounters with them. He appeared to "meet of seriously" impress one of the members who thought it an "exhibition" had occured at that time it would have gone hard with the Legislative body there assembled. The patient is a rather tall, muscular, well-built man. He was taking exercise in the yard under the protection of a guard. He walked to and fro with quick pace, his keen eyes wandering from one to another of the visitors, as though he was "taking their dimensions;" but he gave no "exhibition," nor showed any signs of an outbreak, so the members felt comparatively safe.

The Warden informed us that if we desired to have a

CONVERSATION WITH SOME OF THE PRISONERS

we could name them and they would be called to us. Immediately after was heard singing through space, "Rock of Ages," and Messrs. Stewart, James H. Nelson, William G. Saunders, of Ogden; also John Nicholson, H. B. Clawson, A. Miner, H. Dinwoodey, and others. These gentlemen responded with alacrity, and were soon enjoying a warm grip and hearty handshaking with their friends, followed by a social conversation for a few minutes. They all looked remarkably well, and expressed themselves as satisfied with their lot. These prisoners have all been convicted of violating the "Edmunds Law," in cohabiting with their wives and for this offense they were each sentenced to six months' imprisonment, besides being fined $300 and costs of the prosecution. But they prefer to suffer pains, penalties, bonds and imprisonment for a season for obeying the high behests of heaven, rather than to enjoy liberty purchased by perjury, and violating the sacred covenants they have made with their families and their God.

They speak in term of commendation and praise of the conduct of the warden and officers towards them, who appear to be willing to do all they can consistently with the rules and discipline of the institution, to promote the welfare of the prisoners.

J. H. Evans was out herding the turkeys. We understand that formerly the convicts enjoyed a bath once in two weeks, but now, we were told, they can indulge in that luxury twice in one week.

Their "zebra suits" are made to order by the tailors who are inmates of the establishment. Neat little sums are earned by these and other prisoners who follow sundry pursuits to turn an "honest penny."

I regret to say that we found father Gale of Beaver

MUCH INDISPOSED.

He has been sick nearly all the time since he arrived at the pen.

The pen is so well known to your numerous readers that I will not inflict upon them a description of the dilapidated mud buildings; besides, I would be almost afraid to write it as for fear that, ere my ink was dry, the thing would crumble even. For a graphic portraiture of this celebrated asylum for sinners, those who desire it are referred to Hon. D. W. Rowers.

Shortly after noon we thanked the Warden for his courtesies, entered our vehicles and returned to this city, where we arrived with keen appetites, which were soon appeased, after which the solons repaired to the Hall and resumed their labors of projecting, making, and nearly repairing laws, on as short notice as their numerous qualifications will warrant. WEBER.

To be scourd in wind and limb rub often with St. Jacobs Oil. It never fails to cure.

COAL! COAL! COAL!
Weber, Rock Spring, Pleasant Valley and Red Canyon—All the Coals sold in the Salt Lake market. Our Weber is from the celebrated Grass Creek mines and we are mining better coal than ever before. No other Weber brought to this market can compare with it. All our coals are nicely screened and cleaned.
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Magnolia Balm
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Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
Possesses the greatest possible power to heal and control affections of the throat and lungs, with absolute safety for children or adults. The experience of years has proven it to be of inestimable value as a household medicine, and for professional use. Thousands of physicians and families testify to its great worth. Jas. E. Molling, Hillsland, Ohio, writes: "I have used Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in my family for twelve years, and have found that, as a remedy for Coughs, Colds, or Sore Throats, it

Is Unequaled.

J. P. Miller, editor of the "Lutheran Home," Lurray, Va., writes: "I advertise nothing that I do not know to be good. I was saved from the grave, I am sure, by the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and have recommended it to others with the happiest results." L. J. Addison, M. D., Chicago, Ill., writes: "I have never found, in thirty-five years of continuous study and practice in medicine, any preparation of so great value as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, for treatment of diseases of the throat and lungs; and I constantly recommend it to my patients. It not only breaks up colds and cures severe coughs, but is effective in relieving the most serious bronchial and pulmonary affections."

John J. Uhlman, Brooklyn, N.Y., writes: "Twelve years ago, I was afflicted with a severe bronchial trouble, pronounced by a skilful physician to be very dangerous, and liable to terminate in Pneumonia. After using one bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, I found great relief, and as occasional use of it since that time has, I think, extended my life ten years at least." Mrs. V. M. Thebaud, Montreal, Canada, writes: "Last spring my daughter was attacked by membraneous croup, or diphtheria. The doctor prescribed Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, which cured her of the diphtheria. Being still very weak and sick, she began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which restored her to vigorous health."

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