

affairs during the illness of Prince Gortschakoff, hence there is a more pacific aspect of the situation.

A Vienna correspondent hears that the Russians are on the point of withdrawing from San Stefano. They will leave one regiment to guard their stores.

The attitude of the Serbian people is increasingly menacing. They are entirely averse to another alliance with Russia.

A telegram from Agram, Croatia, announces that an order has been issued to commence the concentration of 26,000 men towards the Bosnian frontier.

A Bucharest dispatch says: The latest information is that the 80 trains mentioned yesterday are intended to convey Russian troops and material to Galatz, where reports, from Russian sources, state that the Grand Duke Nicholas will ultimately take command.

LONDON, 4.

The *Times*, commenting on the appearance in the United States' waters of the steamer *Cimbria*, with Russian officers and men on board, says: There are good reasons why we should regard proceedings of this kind without alarm. The chief one is, that the United States government, which has always prided itself on fulfilling neutral duties, has been placed under special obligations in this respect by the Washington treaty, by virtue of its rules we were condemned to pay a fine of £3,000,000 for depredations committed by the *Alabama* and her consorts, and the United States government, by accepting that fine, has further pledged itself to observe, on its own part, the new rules of the treaty. It was an unwelcome penalty to us at the time, but we have the advantage of additional protection now. We may, in fact, be confident that the United States will act honorably up to its obligations in this respect, and the Russians will consequently find it difficult to execute enterprises they appear to have planned.

The *Bassiret* newspaper, of Constantinople, says: That in case of war between England and Russia, Turkey will remain neutral, but adds that the question is too much involved to allow of a definitive conviction on the subject.

LONDON, 4.—Peace or war seems still to be trembling in the balance, with little progress except in preparations for war. Meantime the practical consequences of a possible struggle begin to impress themselves upon the public mind. Mercantile interests are suffering a severe chill under the authentic news of Russia's preparations to simply stand on the defensive ashore, while striking her antagonist in her commerce on every sea. Russia, they see, is comparatively inaccessible, while no amount of brave effort can save British commerce from destruction. Except that England takes little counsel of prudent fears when she reaches her present condition of passionate stubbornness, this newly recognized danger might be expected to cause a halt. It still remains to be seen whether the Czar can offer England any acceptable guarantee that he will not threaten the British roads to India. Meantime no European congress will be allowed to put her in bonds. Bismarck really seems to have retired from his mediating efforts, but his heavy hand continues to restrain Austria, so England shall have no ally if she persists in war, simply to cripple Russia's power to seize upon India. While war logically ought not to come out of this situation, it will be wise to reckon its changes when considering the future of your crops and the profits of their export.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 4.—Sadyk Pasha has declared that Turkey will observe neutrality in the event of war between England and Russia, and cause her own territory to be respected.

LONDON, 5.—Hobart Pasha dined with the Queen at Windsor Castle, yesterday.

The British government has ordered a million pounds of lint and other appliances for the wounded.

A telegram from Constantinople states: That Moukhtar, Osman and Mehmet Ali Pashas have gone to San Stefano.

A special envoy has gone to Batoum with instruction for Dervish Pasha from the Porte.

Prince Labanoff is expected to leave for St. Petersburg on Tuesday. Chakir Pasha will start thither on the 13th inst.

Servian detachments are advancing gradually towards the Pristina, Mitrovitz and Salonica railway, at

Uskup. Their progress has been impeded by the guerrilla warfare of the Mahometan arnaouts.

A Bucharest special says: It is understood that Russia has proposed a new military convention by which she will be empowered to construct camps at Plojesti and Fokschan, engaging in return to remove her headquarters and other establishments connected with her troops, from Bucharest. Roumania has refused to assent.

ST. PETERSBURG, 5.—The *Agence Russe* says: A much better impression prevails respecting the prospect of negotiations. It is rumored that the approaching arrival of Count Schouvaloff here on a visit is connected with a friendly exchange of views resulting from the *pourparlers* between London and St. Petersburg.

The Turks have evacuated Artirn in the Pashalik of Trebizond. This is considered a commencement of the execution of the treaty of San Stefano.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 5.—A Russo-Turkish convention has been concluded arranging for the return of the Turkish refugees to their homes. Only those will be sent back at present who belong to the localities occupied by the Russians outside of the principality of Bulgaria. The Russian troops will accompany the refugees to protect them and restore their property. The expenses will be borne by Turkey.

VIENNA, 5.—It is officially announced that the Austrian and Hungarian ministers have come to an agreement on the Austrian-Hungarian compromise.

The compromise will be submitted to Parliament for ratification next week. Count Andrassy, at the cabinet council, said the realization of the vote of credit was urgently required to give power for speedily concentrating troops on the Transylvanian and Bosnian frontiers.

LONDON, 6.—A special, dated Constantinople, Friday, says: Safvet Pasha has persuaded General Todleben to grant six days delay in regard to the evacuation of Schumla and Varna only.

A report is current in Vienna that famine prevails in Eastern Russia.

A special from Alexandria reports that preparations are making to disembark Indian troops at Port Said and Suez, and measures are being taken to secure the transit of three English ironclads which are expected at Port Said on Tuesday.

Another special from Alexandria says: Admiral Hornby, with the ironclads *Minotaur*, *Defence*, *Black Prince*, and *Pollux*, is expected at Port Said on Tuesday.

The situation is creating great excitement in Egypt. It is generally believed that arrangements have been concluded to land the Indian troops there.

A Berlin correspondent states that Russia has sent a fresh communication to London and Vienna specifying the concessions she is willing to grant, and again expressing her willingness to enter into special negotiations.

A Vienna correspondent says: The most direct and shortest way seems to have been chosen for a resumption of *pourparlers*, namely, through Lord Augustus Loftus. The correspondent confirms the report that England's first reply produced a favorable impression at St. Petersburg.

A St. Petersburg correspondent telegraphs: It is believed in well-informed circles that Count Schouvaloff will shortly come to St. Petersburg for a few days. The object of his visit is unknown, but is assumed to be important. Some say he will not come unless he can bring definite proposals from the British government. It is known here that negotiations for the congress continues, but extreme reserve is maintained.

A San Stefano dispatch says: Nothing has been decided as to the transfer of the Russian headquarters from here, reports to the contrary notwithstanding.

A correspondent at Vienna intimates that England has not abandoned her claim in regard to the submission of the whole treaty, but has almost consented to enter into an exchange of ideas concerning the merits of the treaty, while *pourparlers* to find a formula for the congress continue.

The few days delay anticipated by the *Agence Russe* on Thursday, in obtaining any news of renewed negotiations, is explained by the supposition that negotiations on above topics and the withdrawal

from the vicinity of Constantinople were proceeding simultaneously, so that the understanding about the one will depend on that arrived at about the other.

The Turks have not ever deemed the offer which the Russians apparently made to retire beyond Tchataldja, sufficient compensation for the evacuation of the fortresses. They point to other unfulfilled treaty stipulations, such as the non-return of the Ottoman prisoners and the constant reinforcement of the Russian army, the sick and wounded being sent home, and allege that part of the Russian-Asiatic army has already landed at Burgas. The Turks are unlikely to yield easily in regard to the fortresses.

3 p. m.—An enormous fire is now raging in Manchester. Owing to the want of water, two large timber yards and nine or ten houses are already destroyed.

A Constantinople special says: Sadyk Pasha, president of the Turkish council of ministers, and Safvet Pasha, minister of foreign affairs, had an interview with General Todleben, yesterday.

A Vienna dispatch says: Count Andrassy will leave, to-day, on a shooting excursion.

The political situation is unchanged, and the course of negotiations between St. Petersburg and London continue uneventful.

A Constantinople correspondent says: Another palace revolution is threatened. It is difficult to say what would be the attitude of the Russians in case of a revolution, but there is great danger that Russian and English troops would come into collision in such an event. English influence is believed to be uppermost in the councils of the Sultan. The majority of the Pashas and all the late ministers are against the Sultan, and the people are discontented. There has been violent speeches against the tax on bread, which is now at a famine price. The Pasha's are all ready to fly at each others throats. Osman Pasha is cursed on all sides by the other Pashas as a fool and traitor. Without English or Russian support the Sultan could not remain on the throne a single day. The correspondent says: "I have just heard that the Porte has sent a note to the Powers, maintaining that it cannot evacuate Shumla, Varna and Batoum, until the Russians retire, according to the treaty of San Stefano, the surrender of Adrianople. The Russians claim they cannot withdraw until the Turks evacuate the fortresses."

The coming week will be a busy one at the English arsenals and dock yards, and ship owners, who hitherto have been privileged to berth their vessels in proximity to the Admiralty moorings, opposite the victualing yard at Deptford, have received notice to remove them to-day, as all the room available is to be reserved for transports. The reports of recruiting offices for the past month show a remarkable increase in the number enlistments for the army, and the increase is still advancing at a steady rate. Parliament was re-opened, to-day. In the House of Commons notice was given of various questions regarding the employment of Indian troops. Northcote, in reply to a question of the Marquis of Hartington said: "I can only say negotiations with Russia continue. It would be disadvantageous to the public interest to discuss them now."

PANAMA, April 27.—The steamer *Pelican*, now named *Ivazu*, arrived at Punta Venas, Costa Rica, on the 21st. Her machinery is out of order, and she will have to be sent to New York or San Francisco, for repairs.

SASH, DOORS, Blinds, Mouldings,

And Everything in the HOUSE BUILDING LINE, Wholesale and Retail.

Window Glass OF GREAT VARIETY OF SIZES, BY LATIMER, TAYLOR & CO.

NOTICE.

THERE will be a school meeting in the 24th School District, at the School-house on Monday, May 20th, 1878, at one o'clock p. m., to determine the per cent. to levy a tax to finish the School-house, build a coal house, a fence, and other necessary improvements.

DANIEL SIMPER,
E. B. TRIPP,
JOE READING,
School Trustees.
South Cottonwood, May 7, 1878.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I Have in my possession:

One dark bay HORSE, 3 years old, no marks or brands.
One white STUD, 3 or 4 years old, no marks or brands.

The above animals if not claimed before May 8th, will be sold at the estray pound, Fillmore City, at 5 p. m.

JOHN ASHMAN,
District Poundkeeper
Fillmore City, April 29, 1878. ds&w

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It will cut 6 feet easier than any SIDE-CUT Mower will cut 4 feet. Average draft of 19 Side-cut mowers per foot, 44.63; Eureka only 28.68. I have examined the machine and talked with those who have used it. They pronounced it the very best in use.

For particulars address, A. MILTON MUSSER,
Box B, Salt Lake City.
General Agent for Utah and Neighboring Territories.

July 12, 1877.—I find the Eureka works admirably, and with my hoister and transporter 30 tons per day can be taken from the standing grass, and either ricked or mowed with less than One-half the labor usually employed.—Geo. Hersman, Hersman, Illinois.

Oar Mills, 7 miles north of Bath, N. Y., Aug. 4, 1877.—After cutting 125 acres, I will say that if parties will agree to furnish me with the best side cut mower that I have seen for four years, Free of Cost, I could not afford to accept their offer and I say the Eureka side. Last Tuesday and Wednesday (hot days) we cut with one light team 25 acres in 18 hours working time.—H. S. Easton.

Eureka Mower Company—Gentlemen: Your agent wanted to sell me one of the 6 feet cut Eureka Mowers, but I had a good "Buckeye" that would have done my work for at least two or three years to come, and I told him I did not want to buy a machine. But he prevailed upon me to try one, and sent it to me. We began work about 8 a. m. with it, and cut that day about 14 acres, which is about double the number of acres I had ever cut in the same time with the Buckeye. The horses did not seem to do any harder work. The machine left the cut grass in the best possible condition to cure, without the use of tedder.—Hugh F. McNair. Mr. McNair is one of the most extensive farmers in Western, N. Y.

August 6, 1877.—The party to whom we sold the Eureka says he would not accept any other mower as a gift and agree to use it, provided he could buy a Eureka. He has tested it in timothy, clover, barley, and slough grass, and says it works well in each place.—J. G. Ruff & Co., Ohio, Bureau County, Ill.

Dansville, Livingston Co., N. Y., Sept. 1877.—After using different kinds of side-cut mowing machines we have each purchased and used the Eureka Mower two years and we consider it superior to any side-cut mower for the following reasons: First—It has no side-craft and is the lightest draft machine, making it easy work for the team. Second—Having large driving wheels, wide apart, it is easy work for the driver, and cut being directly in front of both driving wheels, the work is more easily seen and controlled by the driver than with side-cut and rear cut machines. Third—As the horses are hitched to a long double tree directly in front of the machine, they walk just outside of the cut, (no grass is cut behind them), the space between them only being cut the grass tangled forward by one horse & cut clear on the return cut on the same side of the field, leaving the cut hay together more convenient to draw in. Fourth—As neither the horses nor the machine go on the grass after it is cut it is left lighter and will cure from one-fourth to one-third quicker and more evenly than when cut with other machines.

Henry Hartman, John H. Campbell, Wm Hartman, Benjamin Kiehle,
Edward Traxier, Benjamin Roberts, Warren Patchin, Chas Clayton,
Stephen Kemp, J. S. Krelley, Jesse Roberts, C. Clayton,
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Buy the Improved Schuttler, the best proportioned, lightest draft and most durable Wagon in the market. It is built of better and more thoroughly seasoned timber than any other make of Wagon. Every one fully warranted.

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The leading machine in the hay or harvest field is the

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And with this season's improvements will be better than ever. Warranted to give perfect satisfaction. Is strong and durable. The simplest machine of its class built. All gearing fully protected from dust and sand. Has the best adjustable reel. They do their work better and cheaper than any other make of Reaper and Mower. You can always get Extras for the Buckeye, as also for the

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Which without doubt give better satisfaction than any other Thresher. The improved END SHAKE SWEEPSTAKES is a complete success, as witness the work they did last season, which was the best ever done by any Threshers. Another great success is the

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