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32 PAGES—LAST EDITION

DOES UTAH FAVOR PARKER OR HEARST?

Agents of the Latter Are Active Throughout the Different Counties.

HOPE TO GET DELEGATION.

Canvass Among Leaders, However, Indicates a Preference for Lawyer Over Newspaperman.

SOME CONVENTION CANDIDATES.

Talk of Instructing Delegation for Hearst—If That Is Done There Will Be Strong Resistance.

Do Utah Democrats favor Judge Parker, lawyer, or William Randolph Hearst, newspaper publisher, for the presidency of the United States?

This is a question that is in process of formulation, if indeed, it has not already been formulated. It is a question, too, that will doubtless have to be answered in the very near future. The reason is that Hearst advance agents are actively at work in most if not all of the counties of the state. The machinery is supposed to have been started by National Committeeman D. C. Dunbar who arrived here from Chicago some weeks ago, with, it is claimed, instructions in the premises. To date, however, the leaders of the party have been very wary of any open expression or endorsement. Do they lean towards Hearst? Apparently not many of them. Will they do so when the state convention meets? Perhaps some of them will. In fact a number of them will do so. But from a pretty careful canvass by representatives of the Deseret News it seems that Judge Parker is regarded with greater favor than the wealthy newspaper editor who has a chain of great newspapers stretching across the continent, sounding his praises and fitness for the exalted position.

INSTRUCTION TALK.

Incidentally it may be stated that there has been some talk of an attempt to secure the Utah delegates for Mr. Hearst. That may be done but if it is done there will be as merry a war in the convention as the Republicans are expected to have when the Kearns and Suberland forces meet each other in the battle array at their state gathering in the city on the 5th inst., and who doubts that there will be a royal clash of arms on that occasion, unless there is complete capitulation on the part of the senior senator's supporters, for it is apparent to every observer of political events that the ex-congressman and his friends have outpointed the other faction of the party in every recent move. They are modest about it, but they are not. It is a revolution of political bossism in their favor and against the other fellow—a legitimate, natural, and to-be-expected resistance to undesirable imported methods.

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES.

The probabilities are that ex-Senator Hawkins will be chosen unanimously as delegate to the Democratic national convention. Ex-Senator Frank J. Cannon, chairman of the party in Utah, may have a similar honor conferred upon him. Other names that are talked of are those of Judge O. W. Powers, George Whitmore, Judge H. P. Henderson, Judge C. S. Varian and Hons. James H. Moyle, L. R. Martineau and Moses Chace. One thing appears certain and that is that the delegation will be principally if not entirely chosen from among the names given above.

WHERE THEY STAND.

Inquiry as to where these men stand, that is, for whom they would vote in the national convention, was time lost. Not one of them cared to express an opinion on the subject except to give the impression by implication that Parker should be elected. It is quite generally understood in Democratic circles that Chace and Nebeker can be counted on rather probably that Powers would not be unwilling to cross the channel to the convention in the same boat. But the man who can get the judge to tell the public just where he stands at this juncture of the night must be a greater adept at cross-examination than the judge himself.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

The date of the Democratic convention has not yet been fixed. The place likewise is unknown, but under a notice from Chairman Cannon the convention will meet in this city on April 9 to determine these and other matters of interest to the party, which will receive consideration and be acted upon at that time.

NATIONAL CONVENTION.

The national convention will meet at St. Louis in July. Owing to the fact that at that time the probabilities are that a good many Utah people will be absent in addition to the delegates and alternates that will be sent from this state.

FOUND DEEP SNOW.

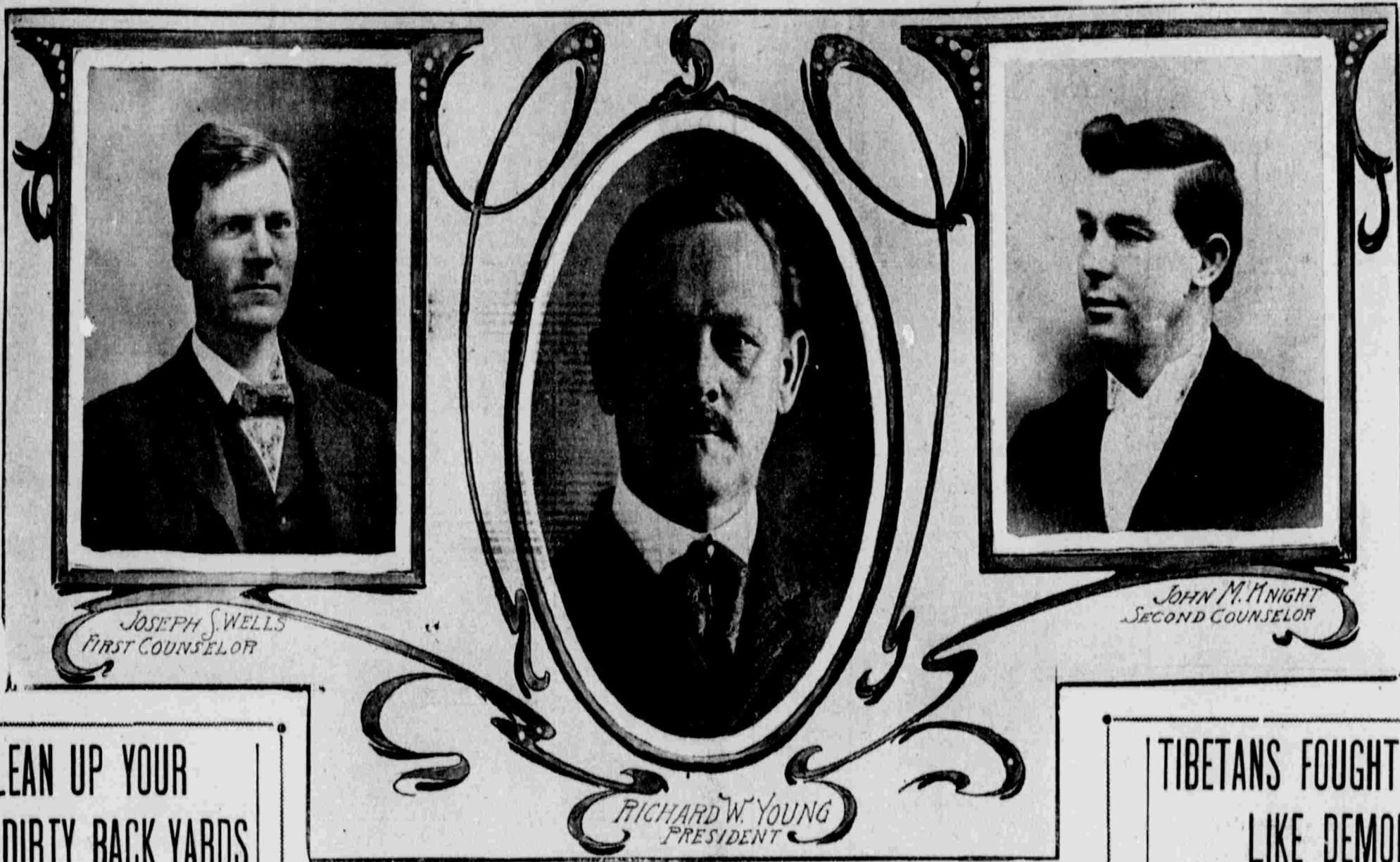
W. E. Pack who was coming in to conference from Kamas was obliged yesterday afternoon to leave his team on the other side of the Park City summit owing to the depth of the snow and the heaviness of the roads occasioned by the thaw that has set in. Mr. Pack also reported that an R. G. Hardy's ranch in Parley's canon, near the coach was replaced by a severe snow storm on the 1st of April, and that the remainder of the run to this city made without incident.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

SATURDAY, APRIL 2, 1904. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

PERSONNEL OF THE PRESIDENCY OF ENSIGN STAKE.



CLEAN UP YOUR DIRTY BACK YARDS

Commercial Club Committee on Public Sanitation Makes An Appeal.

NOW IS THE ACCEPTED TIME.

If This Request is Complied With It Will Reduce Disease and Sickness to a Minimum.

The Commercial club committee on public sanitation and public welfare, by Herman Harms, chairman, makes the following appeal to the citizens of Salt Lake:

The spring season is at hand as well as the "spring cleaning." During the fall and winter months more or less rubbish, dirt, old cans, ashes, etc., have accumulated around your home, in the back yards, alleys, vacant lots and other places. It is a well known fact that if this filth and dirt are allowed to remain undisturbed, it will soon become the breeding place of innumerable germs and eventually the causing of more or less sickness in the community.

While commending the good work done by our boards of health, yet it is impossible for a few individuals to look after all the premises of this city. It is for this reason that the Commercial club, through the columns of our daily papers, make an earnest and urgent appeal to you and every citizen of this city to give your premises, at once, a "thorough cleaning up." The back yards should be freed from all accumulated rubbish, the grease traps, cess pools and out-houses cleaned out and disinfected. The disinfectant may be optional, but a cheap and effective one, within the reach of all is common burning lime, or a still better one, chloride of lime. An abundant sprinkling of either, wherever needed, will soon destroy germ life and thus eradicate the cause of a great deal of sickness and death. Salt Lake enjoys exceptional natural advantages from a sanitary standpoint and there is no reason why, with the united efforts of all, our city cannot be freed from the periodical returns of sickness and disease. She appeals to you to do your part and the community, relying on one, can and will make Salt Lake City the cleanest, prettiest and healthiest city on earth.

Do your duty, clean up and the results will not be wanting.

PROTHERO'S FATHER HERE.

Visits His Son in the County Jail—Will Not Claim Reward.

F. M. Prothero, father of Percy Prothero, who is detained in the county jail as a witness in the Shockey murder case, is in the city and called on his son yesterday. Mr. Prothero is on his way to Idaho where he owns some land. He states that he is not here to take any action in connection with the recovery of the reward due his son for the apprehension of the murderer of the two street car men who were killed on Jan. 6, as he thinks that his son is perfectly able to handle that matter himself. Mr. Prothero may remain in the city until after the Shockey trial which is set for next week.

COACH LEFT THE TRACK.

Exciting Experience of Passengers from Park City Yesterday.

Hon. Ward E. Pack of Kamas is in the city for conference. He reports the roads very bad through Parley's park, being neither suitable for wagon nor sleighs. The roads over the summit are wholly impassable, owing to the depth of soft snow on the dugways. Mr. Pack says the train from Park City yesterday was delayed about one hour in the vicinity of Hardy's station, caused by the front trucks of the passenger coach, which was filled with passengers, leaving the track and running for some distance bumping over the ties. Though the passengers were considerably shaken up no one was hurt. The coach was somewhat damaged, but the trainmen were able to get it back on the track and come on to Salt Lake with it.

Utah's Tree-Planting Day is April 15th.

Governor Wells So Proclaims to the People of the State in an Official Paper Given To the Public This Afternoon.

Following is a complete copy of Gov. Wells' Arbor day proclamation which was issued today:

BY THE GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF UTAH, A PROCLAMATION.

In accordance with the provisions of law, and the grateful memories of established custom, it is hereby proclaimed that Friday, the 15th day of April, 1904, is a legal and public holiday, to be observed by the people throughout the state as "Arbor Day."

The breaking of the icy bonds of winter, followed by nature's glad re-awakening, suggest at once the appropriateness and the significance of the occasion, as well as the purposes for which it is by statute designed. These are: the planting of trees, shrubs and vines, the promotion of forest growth and culture, the adornment of public and private grounds, and such other efforts as shall be in harmony with the general character of the holiday. To all the people, both young and old, the fulfillment of these purposes is earnestly recommended, to the end that the day's observance may conform in the completest degree to the spirit of the statute, and supply the heartiest evidence of appreciation of the wisdom of those who enacted it.

No phase of industry offers more beneficial and pleasing results to mankind in general than those which flow from the intelligent culture and preservation of tree life. No inhabited region of this broad land offers warmer invitation to this industry than our mountain walled commonwealth of Utah. An arid desert reclaimed to splendid fruitfulness and made beautiful by honest toil—our state has still much to desire along the lines of arboriculture. The scarcity of timber has already in great measure impressed upon us the sacredness with which must be regarded the life of a tree. On this approaching holiday let us seek to inculcate this lesson with still more zeal, and both by precept and example contribute to the preservation as well as to the increase of our growing woods and vines. This duty is especially enjoined upon those who preside in our schools. In inviting the youth to join in planting and pruning and adorning, not only our private possessions but also our public places and ways, let them also be taught that though one may plant and another may water, the Great Creator will surely give the increase, in pleasure and health and profit to those who shall in due time be permitted to enjoy the fruits of these labors. Thus shall the love of home and country alike be stimulated; thus shall our beloved state become more prosperous and beautiful, and thus shall we of today come to the acquisition of that great inheritance—the gratitude which shall cause future generations to rise up and call us blessed.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of the State of Utah to be hereto affixed, this 2nd day of April, 1904.

(Seal.)

HEBER M. WELLS, Secretary of State.

J. T. HAMMOND, Secretary of State.

By the governor.

the other companies have done. Argument was of no avail, and by a vote of 59 to 30 decided not to reconsider their previous action. The objectors declared that the courts had given them 30 seconds and they proposed to hold out for that amount. J. D. H. McAllister and Walter Commissioner J. Peterson Smith, Jr., showed the meeting that if the South Jordan company had received only its fair proportion last year it would have received a trifle over 53 second feet; but that did not good, and the 50 second feet proposition was defeated. Col. E. F. Holmes, State Engineer Doremus and F. S. Richards of the general committee were present and advised action similar to that taken by the other companies, but to no purpose. The general committee will meet next week to decide what to do.

CONFERENCE TO BEGIN TOMORROW

Marked Interest in the Great Annual Event is Manifested in Many Ways.

VISITORS FROM ALL SECTIONS.

Meetings Will be Held Sunday, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday—Other Conference Events.

The seventy-fourth annual conference of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints opens in the Tabernacle tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock. That the conference will be largely attended is evident from the fact that the past day or so the railroads have been taxed to the utmost to handle the crowds coming this way. From all points of the compass covering a radius of between 700 and 800 miles the passenger business has been exceptionally heavy and a prominent railroad man is authority for the statement that the conference will be the best attended since the dedication of the Salt Lake Temple 11 years ago.

Tomorrow here will be two general meetings, morning and afternoon, while in the evening the general conference of the Deseret Sunday School Union will be held. There will also be meetings on Monday, April 4, and Wednesday, April 6, the latter date commemorating the organization of the Church 74 years ago.

During the conference season the different missions and conferences of the Church will hold reunions, nearly all of which have been duly announced in these columns. Another event of the season, usually hailed with delight by conference visitors, will be the big concert in the Tabernacle Tuesday night in aid of the fund for the erection of the Stockholm meetinghouse. A splendid program has been arranged and doubtless the entertainment will be liberally patronized.

CANAL DEADLOCK.

South Jordan Farmers Again Blocked Irrigation Project Yesterday.

ONE YEAR FROM MARCH 1 NEXT.

The Uintah Indian Reservation Will be Thrown Open to Settlement.

UTAH DELEGATION ASSURED.

All Who Fought in the Black Hawk War Will Likely Receive A Pension.

(Special to the "News.")

Washington, D. C., April 2.—Senator Smoot, accompanied by Senator Kearns and Representative Howell, have had an interview with the secretary of the interior relative to the date of opening the Uintah Indian reservation to settlement. It has been finally decided that the opening shall occur March 1 next. In the meantime an effort will be made next week to secure an appropriation of \$5,000 to cover the extra expenses of the office and preparation for opening. During the summer Chief Pinchot of the forestry bureau will go to Utah to look over the Uintah lands with the view to determine which portion, if any, shall be added to the forest reserve.

Senator Smoot today had a final conference with other members of the committee on pensions and amendments have been formulated which will be added to the Kearns bill for pensioning of the surviving veterans of the Black Hawk wars. Amendments were prepared after consultation with the pension commissioner and it is believed that a bill will be reported. It will ensure a pension for every citizen of Utah who fought in the Black Hawk war, in spite of loss of muster rolls.

FISH HATCHERY FOR UTAH.

Senator Smoot this afternoon called up and had passed the bill to provide for the establishment of a fish hatchery in Utah. The bill appropriates \$25,000 for a site, building and equipment.

EASTER HATS SAFE.

The weather office predicts fair weather and moderate temperature for Easter Sunday, and fair weather seems to prevail over the entire west.

INQUIRING INTO BEEF TRUST OPERATIONS.

St. Louis, April 2.—A corps of agents of the United States department of commerce is in St. Louis, inquiring into the operations of the so-called beef trust. Their names and movements are kept secret.

According to information they have been sent here by Secy. Cortelyou, in accordance with a resolution of Congress, instructing him to investigate "the cause of the alleged low prices of beef cattle in the United States in July, and the unusually large margin between the prices of beef cattle and the selling of fresh beef."

The resolution directs Secy. Cortelyou to ascertain and report whether the prices have been manipulated by any corporate combination, management or otherwise, and if so, what the profits of such combination are. From St. Louis the inspectors will go to Chicago, Kansas City, St. Joseph and also probably Omaha.

TIBETANS FOUGHT LIKE DEMONS.

Though They Met With A Terrible Magazine Rifle Fire They Never Once Faltered.

RETIRE SLOWLY STEADILY.

A Terrible Trail of Dead and Dying Marked the Line of Their March.

Tuna, Tibet, April 2.—The Tibetan general, the whole of his personal escort and five high Lhasa officials were among the hundreds killed in the fighting of March 31 at Guru, Tibet.

The small British losses are accounted for by the fact that the Tibetans were so huddled together that the majority were unable either to use their swords or to fire. The swordsmen in the front rank could not reach the other two, thus saving Mr. Candler, the men in the middle of the mob could not reach the enemy but many of them probably killed each other in the mad excitement. The scene recalled old time fights in cockpits, the grim, determined faces of the Tibetans, lighted with devilish savagery expressing contempt for the Sikhs whom they outnumbered six or seven to one.

When the Lhasa general fired the first shot the Tibetans with wild shouts drew their swords, fired their matchlocks and surged forward. About a dozen swordsmen made a desperate attempt in the direction of Col. MacDonald and a small knot of officers. Four Tibetans attacked Mr. Candler, the correspondent of the London Daily Mail, but Col. MacDonald seized a rifle and shot down two of them at a few yards and another officer killed the other two, thus saving Mr. Candler's life. Those of the Tibetans who tried to climb the wall were met with a terrible magazine rifle fire but they did not falter, those behind springing over the heads of dead and continuing the fight until riddled with bullets. When finally the Tibetans retired they tramped back slowly and steadily, though followed by a hail of bullets. A mountain battery was brought into action and tore the retreating lines with shrapnel. A terrible trail of dead and dying marked the line of march. At length the last wounded, limping Tibetan turned the corner, some 400 yards from the scene of the grim tragedy where the best of the Tibetan army had perished.

BRIG-GEN. ALLEN.

U. S. Military Observer With Japan Army to Return to Manila.

Seoul, Korea, April 2, 12 noon.—Brig-Gen. H. T. Allen, United States military observer with the Japanese forces, is about to start for Manila. Gen. Allen was recently stopped by the Japanese authorities at Ping Yang with the request that he go no nearer the Japanese outposts and the correspondent of the London Daily Mail reported two days ago that the Japanese had requested Gen. Allen to return from Ping Yang to Seoul until such time as they could provide fitting accommodations at the front for the military attaches. Gen. Allen is chief of the Philippine constabulary.

Burton's Bill of Exceptions.

St. Louis, April 2.—The bill of exceptions to be filed by the defense in the steps taken to secure rehearing of the case of United States Senator Burton of Kansas, was not submitted to the government this morning. United States Dist. Atty. Dyer said to the Associated Press: "I expect to receive the bill of exceptions before the day is over. I intend to go through it very thoroughly, and it may be Tuesday before it is formally filed with the court. Senator Burton or his proxy, does not report to the court daily, of course, that was the regular order of the court, but we know he is in the city and will come into court any time he is summoned."

PACK TRAIN RELEASED.

Seoul, Korea, April 2.—(Noon).—A pack train, carrying specie to the American gold mines at Unsan, which had been held up by the authorities south of Anja, has been released and permitted to proceed. The mining company does not anticipate any further difficulty in its transportation operations.

One Ad. in the Home is Worth a Hundred on the Highway. Our Circulation is Home Circulation.

FIFTY-FOURTH YEAR.

SHOTS EXCHANGED WITH RUSSIANS.

Japanese Navy Department No Informed as to Latest Attack On Port Arthur.

MAIN FLEET WAS NOT ENGAGED

Ships Sunk in Attempt to Block the Channel May Yet be Raised.

RUSSIAN VIEW OF TIBET INCIDENT

St. Petersburg Bourse Gazette Says Purpose is to Take Country and Run a Railroad Through China.

Tokio, April 2, (5 p. m.).—The navy department has no information concerning the reported Japanese attack on Port Arthur March 30-31, and the officials doubt that a general attack occurred. It was added that it was possible that a few Japanese cruisers are in the vicinity of Port Arthur, and that there may be an exchange of shots with the Russians, but it is certain that the main Japanese fleet was not engaged at the time referred to.

ALL QUIET AT PORT ARTHUR.

Port Arthur, April 2.—All is quiet here and there is no change in the situation. The weather is warmer and the sick and wounded are making good progress toward recovery. The Japanese who were killed in the last attack on this place were buried today in the Chinese cemetery outside the town with military honors.

THE TIBET INCIDENT.

St. Petersburg, April 2, (2:50 p. m.).—A Tokio dispatch received here reporting the members of the United States legation there, as making enthusiastic speeches on the occasion of the Perry banquet given at Tokio March 31, arouses much comment here in view of President Roosevelt's proclamation enjoining the strictest neutrality of word and speech on the part of all government officials.

The speech of the viceroy of India, Lord Curzon of Kedleston, March 30, at Calcutta, when he reviewed the last five years of Indian administration and referred to the government's watchful policy, attracts more attention than Col. MacDonald's victory in Tibet. It was considered to have been especially inopportune just at a time when English baiting in Russia is decreasing, as it tends to revive animosities, but coming from Lord Curzon, the words carry less weight, perhaps, than they would from other quarters, as he is looked up as having his own special policy for India as Cecil Rhodes had for southern Africa.

The Bourse Gazette, in an editorial entitled "A Voice from India," says: "All of Lord Curzon's speeches have the fundamental idea of the shadow of Russia on the Indian frontier. Lord Curzon says: 'We do not want Tibet, but no other country shall have it.' 'Lord Dufferin says the same thing about Nepal, Burma and Kashmir. British arms have already carried death into Tibet, which is part of the Chinese empire. The purpose is to take Tibet and run a railroad through China, in order to better place troops there quickly. We wonder how France, in view of the projected Anglo-French entente will regard Lord Curzon's avowals of the designs cherished on southern Persia and Siam.'"

The editorial concludes: "The powers having interests in China will well meditate upon these things." "The Svet, while acquitting Great Britain of responsibility and declaring that the British government is correctly observing neutrality, expresses regret at the speech of Lord Curzon, 'whose words ring like a challenge.'"

FOUGHT THE FLOODS.

Two Men Bring Word from Waters Surrounded Russellville.

Vincennes, Ind., April 2.—The first word from Russellville, Ill., for three days was received today when John Hill and Allen Callender arrived in a boat after a desperate fight with the current. They say that during their entire nine mile trip from Russellville they found but one house that was not under water, and that one was sheltering 10 families. The town of Russellville is all under water. The people have no provisions except meat which is plentiful. The men wanted to charter the boat Belmont to take a load of provisions to Russellville but the owners think it is too dangerous to send her out in the heavy current.

KOREAN FOREIGN MINISTER.

Kim Ka Jin Appointed in Place Of Park Che Sun.

Seoul, Korea, April 2.—(Noon).—Kim Ka Jin has been appointed Korean minister of foreign affairs, following Park Che Sun in this office. Park Che Sun was, until recently, Korean minister to China. Before the office of foreign minister was given to Kim Ka Jin it was declined by Pak Che Sun, who said he did not wish to officiate. Kim Ka Jin is a very prominent man in Korea and has in the past been head of several ministerial departments. He was a member of the progressive party in 1894. He was until very recently chief of the privy council, but he has not enjoyed high favor because of his progressive principles. His sympathies are with Japan.

Murderer Refused to Escape.

Des Moines, Ia., April 2.—Charles W. Graves, under indictment charged with murdering his wife and burning her body, refused to leave his cell today and escape with his fellow prisoners. Graves was walking up and down in his cell when the turnkey discovered that he was a member of the progressive party in 1894. He was until very recently chief of the privy council, but he has not enjoyed high favor because of his progressive principles. His sympathies are with Japan.