

## IDAHO'S BALANCE SHEET FOR 1904.

Retiring State Auditor Makes His Report to the Legislature.

OUTGO EXCEEDED THE INCOME.

He Advises That Judgments Against The State Rendered by Supreme Court Be Paid.

Special Correspondence.

Boise, Ida., Feb. 3.—Theodore Turner, the recently retired state auditor, has completed his biennial report, which is expected from the printers by the last of the week. The report will make a book of about 200 pages. About 50 of these pages are in the shape of suggestions to the present legislature, pointing out the necessity of care in not making appropriations which may afterwards prove to have been done by the seventh session of the legislature, and furnishing a table of expenditures and revenues for the years 1903 and 1904. The table of expenditures shows that the seventh session provides for the following:

Expenditures authorized by statutes enacted prior to 1903, but effective during those years	7,786.00
Expenditures for payment of interest on bonds	36,870.00
Expenditures authorized by seventh session:	
Legislative expenses	10,000.00
Academy of Idaho, deficiency	6,544.56
Reform school, maintenance	15,000.00
Bridge at American Falls	10,000.00
Rent of armories	4,300.00
Adjutant general, salary, etc.	4,000.00
Long Valley wagon road	30,000.00
Bridge across Salmon river	2,000.00
Pure food commission expenses	4,000.00
Game warden salary	4,000.00
St. Louis exposition	25,000.00
General appropriation act	58,375.00
Snake river bridge near Weiser	15,000.00
Supreme court reports	7,500.00
Relief of R. Bledsoe	150.00
	\$812,105.54

The revenues provided are given as follows:

Revenues provided by former legislatures remaining unappropriated:	
Cash in state treasury	\$137,892.63
Property taxes provided by new statutes	\$50,000.00
The revenues provided are given as follows:	
Cash and uncollected revenues due from counties	\$127,892.63
Cash in treasury, passed to general fund	15,235.32
General tax provided by levies \$50,000.00	
Fees of state officers, etc.	90,063.04
	\$784,191.05

Bonds whose issuance and sale was authorized, \$2,500.00.

Grand total of moneys provided, \$866,681.05.

Total appropriations made and expenditures authorized by seventh session, \$822,105.54.

Excess of appropriations and expenditures, over revenues (legally provided), \$37,915.51.

Mr. Turner states that from the foregoing figures it becomes evident that the seventh session did not limit the amount of expenditures, but authorized to the total of the taxes provided by law, and applicable to the payment of such expenditures. He claims that the intent of the framers of the constitution was to limit the amount of expenditures to the amount of the revenues, and that any portion of the current expenses of government may be paid for by the issuance of bonds, all the expenses may be so met, and the injury which may be done to the state by the government can thus be shifted from the shoulders of the present generation to those of the taxpayer of the future.

The report says: The appropriations made by the legislature for the expenditures of the succeeding two fiscal years will be greatly in excess of those of any preceding biennial period. I have endeavored to indicate means for providing revenues to meet these appropriations fully. While the amount which it will be necessary to appropriate to pay for the expenditures of the years 1905 and 1906, it would be poor economy to attempt to reduce it by making miserably appropriations for the maintenance of any of the state departments or institutions. The future interests and the reputation of the state should not be so lightly held to be outweighed by a monetary consideration so trifling in comparison with the results which may be accomplished by a judicious, or the injury which may follow an injudicious financial policy.

Mr. Turner calls attention to a needed constitutional amendment by which the state will be enabled to levy a greater proportion of taxes for state purposes than is allowable under the present constitution. He points out that under the constitution with a valuation of about \$10,000,000 at present, the limit of the state levy for all purposes is 5 mills, producing an aggregate revenue from taxation of \$350,000, while if the assessed value of property should increase to \$20,000,000, the levy limit would be reduced to 3 mills and the total possible to secure from direct tax levies would be only \$210,000. Action upon this matter at the present time is suggested because it is believed that the assessed value of property in Idaho will exceed \$10,000,000 by the year 1908, and because an amendment to the constitution could be effective in less than two years.

The outstanding bond issues of the state are reported to be \$773,600, besides bonds amounting to \$25,000 authorized, which have never been issued. This makes a grand total of bonds authorized aggregating \$858,600. The following table is published, which gives an understanding of the general purposes for which these bonds have been issued:

For refunding unpaid balance of territorial debt	\$108,000
For building wagon roads	87,500
For building and improving state buildings	372,000
For funding deficiency indebtedness and supplementing revenues	280,000
Total bonded debt	\$858,500

The actual state indebtedness, exclusive of the unpaid territorial indebtedness of \$150,000, the assessed value of all the taxable property in the state is \$67,472,856.50. Therefore, the state may at this time contract additional debts to the amount of \$262,128, and if the state will cancel the deficiency bonds of 1903, and repeal the act providing for their issuance, the state can then incur additional debts of \$262,128.

One of the more important recommendations made by Mr. Turner is that a traveling accountant should be provided for. This is in line with Gov. Gooding's recommendation that the insurance commissioner should also be the state bank examiner and traveling accountant. Mr. Turner points out the many ways in which this officer would be of great value to the state and the various counties.

## RUMORS ARE RIFE ON THE SMOOT CASE

Senator Burrows Has Not Yet Issued a Call for a Committee Meeting.

DON'T WANT TO VOTE NOW.

Those Oppose Sentencing Said to Be Working For a Postponement of Action.

(Special to the "News.")

Washington, D. C., Feb. 6.—Senator Burrows, chairman of the committee on elections has not yet issued a call for a meeting of the committee to consider the report of the Smoot case during the past few days. All sorts of reports as to the standing of the committee on the question of expulsion have been current. They range from four to nine against Senator Smoot to a majority in his favor. There is absolutely no authentic basis for any of these rumors, but it is reiterated that chances of an ultimate vote in the senate during the present session are growing more remote in inverse ratio to the decrease in the time the session will last.

There is a persistent rumor current that the senators who oppose Smoot are using all their influence against a vote at this session because they are assured that it will be impossible to get a two-thirds vote against him, and that the majority of the senate will not consent to permit a senator to be unseated by a majority vote. Judge Taylor's contention that Smoot gained nothing when he was sworn in is refuted completely by the fact, which cannot be disproved, that he gained the right to vote on his own case. Until deprived of his rights, he has as much right as any other senator and the Constitution protects him in these rights until two-thirds of the colleagues vote to expel him, and this will not be done during the present session of Congress.

A Guaranteed Cure For Piles. Itching, Blinding, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAXO OINTMENT fails to cure you in six to fourteen days. 50c.

## KNOW REYNOLDS WAS INSOLVENT.

Complaint Against First National Bank by Trustee in Bankruptcy Case.

RECEIVED MONEY UNLAWFULLY.

Charged That by This Means Institution Became a Preferred Creditor.

Emil S. Rolapp, trustee in bankruptcy in the estate of Alan D. F. Reynolds, bankrupt, has filed a complaint against the First National Bank of Ogden in which he complains and alleges that Reynolds was adjudged a bankrupt on the 18th day of January, and that for four months prior to that it was known to the defendants that Reynolds was insolvent, but that the defendants received \$600 from him in payment of part of a debt owing them, thereby allowing them a greater percentage than any others of their creditors. The money has been demanded but the defendants refuse to turn it over to the trustee. Judgment is asked in the sum of \$600 and costs.

A complaint for similar cause is filed by the same plaintiff against A. A. Wenger, who was also a creditor of Reynolds, to the extent of \$1,000, due on a promissory note. Judgment is asked for \$3,500 and costs, which is said to be the value of property transferred to the defendant, thereby making him a preferred creditor to the disadvantage of his other creditors.

The health of M. Lichtenstein has greatly improved at San Diego.

H. C. Moon, storekeeper for the Kimberly mine, is a guest at the Southern hotel.

F. C. Kelsey has returned from a trip to old Mexico in the interest of a water supply project.

Lieut.-Col. E. V. Smith returned this morning from a business trip to Pocatello, where he says it is all bustle and activity.

N. W. Jacobs of Abilene, Kan., is in town to take back east for internment the body of his uncle, George Jacobs, who died suddenly in this city last week.

State Sheep Commissioner Sharp returned this morning from Idaho, where he says the sheep are doing remarkably well in this state, and in general the farming and stock raising outlook is such as to give encouragement to everybody.

BEFORE JUDGE ARMSTRONG.

Case Involving Title to Land on Trial This Afternoon.

The will contest case of J. W. Stringfellow, special administrator of the estate of John Peter Johnson, deceased, against Emma Hanson is on trial before Judge Armstrong this afternoon. The action involves the title to two parcels of land located in Big Cottonwood of the total value of \$2,750 which were bequeathed by Johnson to his daughter, Emma Hanson. The brothers and sisters of Johnson, about six in number, are contesting the will on the ground that at the time it was executed he was of unsound mind and not capable of transacting business.

Adoption Decree.

Two decrees of adoption were rendered by Judge Armstrong today. Samuel Butterfield and wife adopted Marvin Butterfield and Samuel Kirkman and wife adopted Ruth Daniel Moore. Both children have been in the Orphan's Home for some time.

## GOLD FOUND IN LEAD MAN'S TRUNK

Proprietor Mulford Encounters \$2,065 While Searching Baggage Of George Jacobs, Deceased.

NEPHEW CLAIMED THE SACK.

So Hotel Man Took Security for the Cash in Case of Disputed Possession.

(Special to the "News.")

When George Jacobs, the Kanab mining man, was found dead in his room at the White House hotel, Proprietor Mulford felt sure that the man must have more means than was apparent on the surface. So he made a more careful and thorough search of the effects of the deceased than had been made by the coroner, and as he expected, came across a find. This was in the shape of a canvas bag tucked away in a corner of the dead man's trunk. It was very heavy for the size, and Mr. Mulford saw at once there was considerable gold in it. He opened the bag and counted out 11 double eagles, eagles and half eagles till the whole footed up \$2,065.

Mr. Mulford notified the nephew of the deceased as soon as he reached the hotel, and the latter at once claimed the money. He stated that the dead man had but one brother as the nearest relative, H. W. Jacobs, county clerk of the state of which Abilene is the county seat, and the nephew of the deceased. Mr. Mulford could not dispute the young man's word, but ordinary business precaution suggested that he himself protect the money. So he took a bond in security, which amply protected him in case any other possible relative should appear to claim the money, and he handed the gold over to young Mr. Jacobs from Kanab. The latter leaves this evening, with the body and money for Abilene.

ILLUSTRATED LECTURE.

In the Twentieth ward amusement hall tonight at 8 o'clock, Chaplain John A. Astor of the Eighteenth infantry, will deliver his lecture on the "Habits and Customs of the Philippines." It will be illustrated with 75 stereoscopic views. Admission is free. The lecture is given under the auspices of the M. I. A. of the ward.

Headaches and Neuralgia from Cold. Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world-wide Cold and Grip remedy, removes the cause. Call for the full name and look for signature of Dr. W. Grover. 25c.

JUDGMENT REVERSED.

Supreme Court Makes Important Ruling Concerning Stock Transactions.

The supreme court today handed down an opinion reversing the judgment of the lower court in the case of D. F. Overholt, appellant vs. O. H. Burbridge and A. W. Kopps, doing business as Burbridge, Kopps and Company, and remanded the case to the lower court for a new trial. The action was brought to recover \$1,527.85, alleged to be the balance due on a stock brokerage transaction. The plaintiff invested \$2,800 and the amounts sought to be recovered are claimed to be the profits on the transaction. Defendants admitted that there was a balance due of \$1,527.85, but they set up as a defense that the contract was one of speculation and wager and was illegal, and hence that he could not recover. The lower court decided the case in favor of the plaintiff.

The supreme court in its decision holds that the defendants were merely agents for Wendt & Company, with no independent speculation, and that the transaction had no more of the nature of a bet or wager than the purchase of money paid to Burbridge, Kopps & Company for plaintiff. It is held that where an illegal transaction is closed and the judgment of the court is reversed, the credit of one or more of the parties to the transaction, that the depositary cannot plead the illegality of the transaction when called upon for an accounting. The judgment of the lower court is therefore reversed. Justice McCracken wrote the opinion of the supreme court, which is concurred in by Chief Justice Barbee and Justice Stroup.

BOY HURT BY CARS.

Gustave Backman, a young lad at Farmington, was playing around the cars yesterday at that place and had his foot badly injured. He was brought to the Latter-day Saints' hospital, where the injured member is being attended to.

PERSONALS.

The health of M. Lichtenstein has greatly improved at San Diego.

H. C. Moon, storekeeper for the Kimberly mine, is a guest at the Southern hotel.

F. C. Kelsey has returned from a trip to old Mexico in the interest of a water supply project.

Lieut.-Col. E. V. Smith returned this morning from a business trip to Pocatello, where he says it is all bustle and activity.

N. W. Jacobs of Abilene, Kan., is in town to take back east for internment the body of his uncle, George Jacobs, who died suddenly in this city last week.

State Sheep Commissioner Sharp returned this morning from Idaho, where he says the sheep are doing remarkably well in this state, and in general the farming and stock raising outlook is such as to give encouragement to everybody.

BEFORE JUDGE ARMSTRONG.

Case Involving Title to Land on Trial This Afternoon.

The will contest case of J. W. Stringfellow, special administrator of the estate of John Peter Johnson, deceased, against Emma Hanson is on trial before Judge Armstrong this afternoon. The action involves the title to two parcels of land located in Big Cottonwood of the total value of \$2,750 which were bequeathed by Johnson to his daughter, Emma Hanson. The brothers and sisters of Johnson, about six in number, are contesting the will on the ground that at the time it was executed he was of unsound mind and not capable of transacting business.

Adoption Decree.

Two decrees of adoption were rendered by Judge Armstrong today. Samuel Butterfield and wife adopted Marvin Butterfield and Samuel Kirkman and wife adopted Ruth Daniel Moore. Both children have been in the Orphan's Home for some time.

## SENATE IN BETTER MOOD TODAY.

Did Not Slaughter as Many Bills This Afternoon as Has Been The Custom.

SEVERAL MEMBERS ABSENT.

Favorable Consideration of Measure That is to Make Good Office For Secy. of Land Board.

(Special to the "News.")

The senate was diminished more than ever when it met today. Senator Lewis had down on the overland and left a note saying he had been called east. As passes are not good on the overland, it was agreed to allow him the ten days of travel.

Senator Lawrence was absent through indisposition, as were also Senator Johnson and Chaplain Gowans. In the chaplain's absence Senator Callister offered prayer.

A better spirit pervaded the senate today. Instead of a wholesale massacre of everything with a bill number to it, committees put in reports that had a favorable color to them, and in some cases committees even went so far as to introduce new bills, long measures and other substitutes in cases where the original bills failed to give satisfaction.

"Logan does it," said Senator Bamberger, humorously. "In now, as far as the legislature is concerned, we can get in this free country of ours."

Senate bill 81 by McKay (by request) amends the law relating to the state land board, and the bill is introduced by S. B. 82, by Hollingsworth changes the laws relating to the consolidation of corporations. It allows them to legally file a bond with their articles of consolidation, and to issue and guarantee bonds.

The committee on public lands reported favorably on Walton's bill No. 83, regarding the state land board. Important amendments were added by the committee, the object of which are to make the secretary's position more important, and the whole board frankly partisan, the secretary is recommended to have a salary of \$2,500 a year and to file a bond of \$300,000 to guarantee the safety of the \$1,000,000 fund of which he is made the custodian.

This change in the law will make the office of secretary of the state land board, one of the most attractive in the state.

The committee also returned the governor's communication suggesting that such changes be made in the law as to designate a custodian of the fund and its bonds.

The live stock committee reported favorably on bill 45, amending the laws on sheep and sheep diseases.

The delayed consideration of the unfavorable report of the judiciary committee on Hollingsworth's bill re-districting Utah counties was taken up. The recommendation of the committee was adopted, and the bill was killed.

After a lengthy debate, in which Democratic members claimed the bill allowed too much pay for partisan prejudice, the bill was tabled until tomorrow at 3 o'clock.

At 4:15 the senate adjourned.

ASKS STATE TO PAY.

Bill Asking \$8,000 for Guard Willken, Wounded in Break.

Another echo of the attempted break at the state prison 18 months ago, was heard in the senate chamber this afternoon, when Representative Joseph introduced by request a bill appropriating \$8,000 to David Willken, one of the prisoners who was badly hurt at the time of the break. The bill is for the second claim on the account, Zebulon Jacobs having filed a petition for compensation for injury two weeks ago.

The house speaker made it of its time this afternoon, reading bills, a total of 16 being posted for third reading and final passage. The schedule for the afternoon was as follows:

H. B. 1, by Overholt, providing for fire inspectors in unincorporated towns.

H. B. 4 by Hawley, repealing the law providing for sequestration.

H. B. 62, by Roberts, "An act creating a defining the powers and duties of the state board of land commissioners."

H. B. 87, by Gundry, providing for the manner of locating and recording quartz and placer mining claims.

H. B. 7, by Currier, prohibiting the use of explosive oil and to regulate the use of powder in coal and hydro-carbon mines.

H. B. 39, by Cromar, "An act establishing the office of inspector of steam boilers."

H. B. 48, by Miller, amending section 3693, chapter 73 of the Revised Statutes relating to justice of the peace.

H. B. 21, by Kinsley, adding a new section to the Revised Statutes relating to the survival of actions.

H. B. 40, by McKee, relating to the payment of wills and subsequent marriage of the testator.

S. B. 13, by McKay, providing for investigations of the proper use of irrigation water, and the reclamation of alkali lands.

H. J. M. No. 6, by Roberts, urging the passage by Congress of the Brownlow bill appropriating the sum of \$25,000,000 for roads and bridges.

H. B. 7, by Hawley, amending section 2664, chapter 8, title 67, of the Revised Statutes.

H. B. 42, by Wootton, relating to the powers of city councils.

H. B. 46, by Kinney, "An act providing an additional method for taking depositions within the state."

H. B. 66, by Richards, known as the "county printing bill."

H. B. 63, by McKee, relating to garnishment proceedings.

BOUNTY FRAUDS AGAIN.

True to the promise made by him, Representative Joseph this afternoon called for a report of the committee on the bounty frauds.

Replying, Chairman Kuehler said that the committee had exerted due diligence in the matter, but up to date had received very little encouragement in their efforts. Mr. Kuehler stated that despite the fact that in 1903 only \$400 had been expended for bounties on wild animals and \$500 had been expended in 1904, the increase from that to \$13,000 in 1904 seemed to have failed even to have aroused the curiosity of state officers. In view of this condition and the difficulty encountered in getting at the truth, he suggested that the members of the committee sit as a board of inquiry to examine into alleged frauds. Acting on this suggestion Representative Joseph moved that the committee be empowered to employ whatever assistance they deemed necessary in the matter. The motion carried.

HEBER CITY LAND OFFICE.

During the session a petition was re-

## TEA

Only a few top leaves of the twig are good tea; but the heathen chinee is peculiar.

LEGISLATIVE GOSSIP.

Up to Friday night there had been introduced in both houses of the Legislature a total of 171 bills, 121 from the house and an even 50 from the senate.

"This is class legislation," said Senator Bamberger at Logan, as he was pushed aside to make room for someone else in a certain carriage.

Attorney General Breiden said he felt very much like the old maid Saturday. When called upon to give a speech he involuntarily exclaimed, "This is so sudden."

The committee on banks and banking will meet in the house chamber at 9 a. m. tomorrow for the purpose of considering Joseph's usury bill. All interested are invited to attend.

At this afternoon's session of the house the committee on mines and mining recommended the non-passage of H. B. 63, by Joseph, concerning mining tunnels, and it was so ordered.

In his reference to H. B. 899 at Logan Saturday, Rep. Joseph said he dreamed it had been sent "down" to the senate, but that body had filed it full of holes. This is the bill appropriating \$100,000 to the Agricultural college.

LATE LOCALS.

An imposing brown stone entrance is being built in front of the National Bank of the Republic.

The agriculturists of Salt Lake valley will be pleased to learn that Utah Lake has risen .2 of a foot in the last two days.

Clerk W. H. Wilkins of the board of public works is in his office today, after being ill for the past 10 days with rheumatism.

The case of the State of Utah against D. A. Markell, charged with embezzlement, has been dismissed by Judge Armstrong upon motion of Dist. Atty. Loofbourrow.

Carpenters are actively engaged in sheathing the new Y. M. C. A. gymnasium with hardwood finish. The "sym" when finished will be one of the attractions of the town.

The snow white hide of a fine large Rocky Mountain sheep, once owned by a man, is on exhibition at the Commercial club. The animal was shot in the Sawtooth range in Idaho.

Hon. Jesse M. Smith says that the sheep out on the western deserts are finding enough snow to get along until it is time to turn towards the spring and early summer ranges.

County Clerk J. V. Eldredge, Jr., returned last evening from Washington where he testified in the Smoot case. He returned by way of New York, Boston and Niagara Falls.

The Mantle Irrigation & Reservoir company today filed an amendment to its articles of incorporation in the secretary of state's office increasing its capital stock from \$12,500 to \$50,000.

White Hamilton G. Park has won his suit against his refractory Mantion tenant, he finds she is still indisposed to vacate, and thinks a writ of ejectment will be necessary for him to regain possession of his property.

Judge Armstrong today granted Henry H. Palmer a divorce from Annie Palmer on the ground of desertion. They were married at Rock Springs, Wyo., on July 5, 1898, and defendant deserted her husband two years ago.

Articles of incorporation of the Utah Ozokerite company were filed in the office of the secretary of state this afternoon. The company is capitalized for 500,000 shares of the par value of \$1 each. The incorporators are: B. F. Carney, president; C. W. Shores, vice president; M. P. Bruffett, secretary and treasurer. The company owns a large tract of land in the hydro-carbon regions south of Salt Lake.

Smith Messiah Shattuck, the venerable patriarch of the B. & O. Southern eastern road, is doing the town today, from Denver where his official habitat is located. The loss of his former long and profitable industry, which is still lamented on railroad row, but Mr. Shattuck says he got tired of being taken for a patriarch of the Greek Catholic church, and so offered the beard up on the funeral altar.

On Saturday Editor C. W. Penrose of the "News" attained his 73rd year and the anniversary was the occasion for a family reunion, those members of the family who are resident numbering about 28, gathering at the home of Mrs. Nellie Penrose Whitney and spending a most enjoyable evening. The time was spent with music and recitations, an amusing feature being the rendition of an opera by Mrs. Nellie P. Whitney and Mrs. Etta P. Stringham, accompanied by Miss Lulu Penrose. There were numerous presents which were presented with a speech by Mr. Ed. C. Penrose. Games were played and delicious refreshments served, the occasion being altogether enjoyable.

NEW YORK CLOSING STOCKS.

Monday, Feb. 6, 1905.

Atchafalpa	87 1/2
Atchafalpa	87 1/2
Baltimore & Ohio	100 1/2
Canadian Pacific	137 1/2
Chicago & Alton	41 1/2
Chicago & North Western	26 1/2
Chicago & North Western	26 1/2
Colorado	35 1/2
Denver & Rio Grande	8 1/2
Illinois Central	42 1/2
Louisville & Nashville	127 1/2
Manhattan	17 1/2
Metropolitan	104 1/2
Mexican Central	22 1/2
Missouri Pacific	107 1/2
New York Central	130 1/2
Pennsylvania	100 1/2
Reading	90 1/2
Rock Island	34 1/2
St. Paul	175 1/2
Southern Pacific	60 1/2
Southern Railway	41 1/2
Union Pacific	32 1/2
Wisconsin Central	27 1/2

MISCELLANEOUS.

Amalgamated Copper	73 1/2
American Locomotive	100 1/2
American Smelting & Refining	80 1/2
Am. Smelting & Refining	80 1/2
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	119 1/2
Colorado Fuel & Iron	47 1/2
International Paper	42 1/2
National Electric	41 1/2
National Lead	31 1/2
Northern Securities	149 1/2
Pacific Mail	34 1/2
People's Gas	106 1/2
Pressed Steel Car	36 1/2
Standard Oil	143 1/2
Tennessee Coal & Iron	73 1/2
United States Steel	209 1/2
Western Union	92 1/2

## TEA

Only a few top leaves of the twig are good tea; but the heathen chinee is peculiar.

LEGISLATIVE GOSSIP.

Up to Friday night there had been introduced in both houses of the Legislature a total of 171 bills, 121 from the house and an even 50 from the senate.

"This is class legislation," said Senator Bamberger at Logan, as he was pushed aside to make room for someone else in a certain carriage.

Attorney General Breiden said he felt very much like the old maid Saturday. When called upon to give a speech he involuntarily exclaimed, "This is so sudden."

The committee on banks and banking will meet in the house chamber at 9 a. m. tomorrow for the purpose of considering Joseph's usury bill. All interested are invited to attend.

At this afternoon's session of the house the committee on mines and mining recommended the non-passage of H. B. 63, by Joseph, concerning mining tunnels, and it was so ordered.

In his reference to H. B. 899 at Logan Saturday, Rep. Joseph said he dreamed it had been sent "down" to the senate, but that body had filed it full of holes. This is the bill appropriating \$100,000 to the Agricultural college.

LATE LOCALS.

An imposing brown stone entrance is being built in front of the National Bank of the Republic.

The agriculturists of Salt Lake valley will be pleased to learn that Utah Lake has risen .2 of a foot in the last two days.

Clerk W. H. Wilkins of the board of public works is in his office today, after being ill for the past 10 days with rheumatism.

The case of the State of Utah against D. A. Markell, charged with embezzlement, has been dismissed by Judge Armstrong upon motion of Dist. Atty. Loofbourrow.

Carpenters are actively engaged in sheathing the new Y. M. C. A. gymnasium with hardwood finish. The "sym" when finished will be one of the attractions of the town.

The snow white hide of a fine large Rocky Mountain sheep, once owned by a man, is on exhibition at the Commercial club. The animal was shot in the Sawtooth range in Idaho.

Hon. Jesse M. Smith says that the sheep out on the western deserts are finding enough snow to get along until it is time to turn towards the spring and early summer ranges.

County Clerk J. V. Eldredge, Jr., returned last evening from Washington where he testified