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The Oldest Newspaper — THE — ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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THE DEAD CONGRESS.

The Three Measures Which Stood Forth Preeminent Among all the Others.

TWELVE REPRESENTATIVES AND THREE SENATORS PASSED AWAY.

Total Appropriations, A Billion Dollars. —Number of Bills Introduced in the House and Senate.

By Telegraph to the News.

CONGRESS.

Review of Its Work and Characteristics.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Of the work of the Fifty-first Congress, three measures, any of which in intrinsic interest would be sufficient for a national legislative stand fixed, tower pre-eminent among all the others. First, the McKinley tariff bill, which became a law; second, the silver bill, on which at the first session a compromise was effected, based on the monthly purchase of 4,500,000 ounces of silver, which, in turn, was followed by a more radical measure, that failed of passage; and third, the federal elections bill, which, after a protracted struggle, failed in the Senate to reach a decisive vote.

Radical innovations in the rules of the House added interest to its proceedings, and determined but fruitless efforts to adopt the most vital of those innovations formed part of the history of the latter part of the session of the Senate.

MONETARY RECORD.

Even in its monetary record Congress was remarkable, the call of death having summoned to its bar more than twelve of its representatives and three of its senators.

THE TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS

for this Congress will probably reach a billion of dollars. During the Fiftieth Congress 151 bills were vetoed, and during the Fifty-first Congress fourteen. Among the bills which became laws are those: Copyright bill, private land court bill, postal subsidy bill, Indian reveal bill, customs administrative bill, general land forfeiture bill, bill to relieve the Supreme Court by the establishment of intermediate courts of appeal, United States judges' salaries bill, World's Fair bill, Wyoming and Idaho admission bills, anti-lottery and anti-trust bills, reapportionment bill, immigration bill, bills to ratify the agreements with various Indian tribes and friendly Sioux, $10,000 to restore the fine of pension agents, to pay live stock sanitary commission, meat inspection bill, bill to prevent the importation of adulterated food and drink, Lewis Cattle and Hog Inspection bill, bill appropriating $1,000,000 for the improvement of Mississippi River, to permit sorghum sugar manufacturers to use alcohol without payment of tax, to limit to 60 per cent of the rates charged private parties the rates land grant railroads shall charge for the transportation of government troops and supplies, for the relief of settlers on the Northern Pacific Railroad indemnity lands, to permit the export of fermented liquors to foreign countries without the payment of tax, to apply the proceeds of the sales of public lands and receipts from certain land grant railroads, to support agricultural and industrial colleges, to extend the time of payment for public lands in cases of failure of crops, to aid solve the Big Tree track in California as a public park, for the inspection of antelope canned and secure more humane treatment for cattle.

THE BLAIR EDUCATION BILL,

the last for the appointment of an absolute liquor commission and the eight hour clauses bill were vetoed, the first among those which, after passing one house, failed of action in the other, were the bankruptcy bill, the Conger land bill and the army reorganization bill.

The Paddock pure food bill, the Nicaragua Canal, Pacific railroad funding bill and the Interstate commerce bill, to permit limited pooling, are among the measures which failed to reach a vote in either house.

The following are some of the Senate bills which failed to pass the House: To provide for the free coinage of silver, enlarging the rights of settlers and preemptors on mineral lands, reviving the grade of lieutenant-general of the army, for the exploration of Alaska.

The following House bills failed to pass the Senate: To repeal the internal revenue marine service in the navy, for the relief of telegraph operators during the war.

Among the measures on which neither house acted, except in some cases by committees, were the subtreasury and farm mortgage bill, the service pension bill, the Chandler efficiency resolution, the bill to encourage the construction of an intercontinental railway, the postal savings bills, Butler's bill to add territory in addition to Africa, the woman suffrage resolution, the income tax bill and various other radical financial and political measures.

In the Fifty-first Congress 13,153 bills were introduced in the House and 4,128 in the Senate. In the Fiftieth Congress 13,416 were introduced in the House and 4,860 in the Senate. In the Fifty-first Congress 297 joint resolutions (or twenty-eight more than in the Fiftieth) were introduced in the House. In the Senate 149 joint resolutions (24 more than in the Fiftieth) were introduced. The bills that became laws during the Fiftieth Congress numbered 2,185. In the Fiftieth Congress 1324 bills were enacted.

A statement prepared by the clerks to the House exhibits the

PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

shows that during the 51st Congress 411 bills for the erection of public buildings were introduced, carrying a total appropriation of $[illegible]. Of this number 82 passed both houses, appropriating $12,870,000, all of which became law save four, which were vetoed by the President.

Short in his Accounts.

PHILADELPHIA, March 4.—Thomas F. Oliver, collector of delinquent taxes in the First Ward, is a defaulter to the city and is said to be short in his accounts the amount of $9000.

CARBON HILL.

An Alarming Condition of Affairs at that Place.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 4.—An alarming condition of affairs exists at Carbon Hill, Walker County, the scene of the recent riots. Numbers of the gang who started the trouble with the miners last month secrete themselves in the bushes near town every night and fire into passenger trains with Winchester rifles. The waiting room office had been fired and houses have been robbed. The sheriff says he is powerless to stop it. Threats are made to kill peaceable citizens. Superintendent Whitfield is here today to take action in the matter.

The Tobias Community Dissolved.

MT. PLEASANT, March 4.—The Tobias Mormon community established some time ago at Chalkhill, has been dissolved, owing to the incessant quarrels among the members.

The Estate of Sherman.

NEW YORK, March 4.—The sons of General Sherman made an application to the Surrogate this afternoon for letters to adopt the most vital of those innovations formed part of the history of the latter part of the session of the Senate.

Plenty of Sleep for Women.

It is a known fact among physicians, women are those generally interested in the subjection of health that the percentage of women among the middle and upper classes who retire early is absolutely small. The term "fashionably" is used advisedly, because the growing tendency to imitate women of Nature could not but prove and complete her to realize in a manner that often threatens not only health, but life, most seriously. There are few women who realize that the hours of rest and time of daily life consumes to a great extent their vitality, which can only be restored by means of perfect repose.

Especially are women, unknown hours of rest necessary for wives and mothers, all of whom are giving of their strength more severely and getting little physically in return save that which is derived from sleep. The growing tendency of the age toward physical culture training is not without talent in the late years so strongly felt by many of the most enthusiastic advocates of that movement. Yet, who can only decide to be the most able, we cannot at least for the preservation of health and beauty should not fail to keep early hours. —Jenness-Miller Magazine.

Dust That Is Harmless.

Not long ago somebody experimented with dust gathered from various places to watch for microbes. The dust from a city street, that gathered from the sweeping of a hospital ward, were taken from a street car at the end of a trip—these were, the tests and more were examined with startling results. When stock tumor in the heart of the house neither was the statement in connection with all this investigation that a rug could not be shaken, a carpet dusted or a room swept without the dust without raising a cloud of organisms more or less injurious to the family health. The latter part of the statement seemed was investigated against as teaching old disease germs, and the final sweeping assertion made that it was impossible to make a carpet clean by hygienic means.

The London Lancet, however, comes to the rescue. That authority pronounces carpet sweepers and to be feared. The air of a room swept with a good broom is not so sweeping the dust the room takes atmosphere which is depleted. Dust is formed in carpets and blankets, and if it is dust, but all dust is not so unprotected, and it is safe to assume that most dust found in carpets is harmless.

A Safe Investment.

To one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan do we buy from our advertised Druggist a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for affection of Throat, Lungs or Chest, such as Consumption, Inflammation of Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, etc., etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to taste, perfectly safe, and can always be depended upon.

Trial bottles free at A. C. Smith & Co's. Drug store.

Many a Poor Woman Suffers Untold Torture From Back Ache.

If she only knew how easily she could get relief by using Ballard's Snow Liniment she would bless the day she made these few lines. It is a grand remedy for Headache and all Neuralgic Pains. No pain can withstand its magic influence. It removes the sore feeling a burn or scald in one minute. It will cure inflammatory rheumatism and Sciatica; applied to the Throat and Chest it will cure it will give immediate relief and make breathing much easier. No family can be without it if once they know its value. Try it. Price 50 cents. Sold by Z. C. M. I. 5

Liver Complaint—Biliousness.

The chief symptoms of this disease are depression of spirits, fatiguated tongue, bad tasting mouth, disagreeable breath, dry skin, with blotches and eruptions, sallow complexion and yellow eyes, fitful, aching sensations, dull pain in right side, dizziness, drowsiness and irregular bowels. This complaint in all its forms can be readily cured by taking Dr. Guinn's Improved Liver Pills as directed, and a lingering spell of sickness will often be warded off by their use. Sold at 25 cents box by Johnson, Pratt & Co. 8

Physicians Consent.

Mrs. Executive of Hayes, necessary for the Superior Court, Troy, N. Y., says: "I am sure the good result of my testimony of the great value of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, made at Rondout, N. Y. It has permanently cured me of

Kidney Troubles,

Catarrh of the Bladder, also of Constipation which I have suffered for years. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy with the full consent of my physician."

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is a sovereign remedy for Rheumatism, Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver Complaint, and all the peculiar to women. It dries the pimples from the blood and restores the patient to the bloom of health.

Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy.

Made at ROUNDOUT, N. Y. $1. Trial Size, 75c. For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Department.

FROM MADAGASCAR.

Mrs. Wanda and Children Murdered by a Governor Slaughter Continued for Days.

SALISBURY AT A BANQUET OF THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

German Merchants Decide in Favor of Exhibition at the World's Fair, Chicago.

By Telegraph to the News.

HORRIBLE MASSACRE,

Slaughter Continued for Several Days.

PARIS, March 4.—News of a horrible massacre comes from Madagascar. Rainimaki, governor of the province of Betsanoni, executing a petition from the populace to the government to defend them from rebellion, massacred 270 persons, including men, women and children, belonging to leading families. The slaughter continued for several days.

The stories of the victims were in many cases protracted, sometimes their limbs were gradually dismembered, their heads were sawn off, and their bodies thrown to the dogs. Many of the women were outraged.

The survivors were forced to erect a trophy, composed of the heads of the victims. Popular fury has caused the government to announce that the offender will be punished.

CLOUDS IN THE COMMERCIAL SKY.

Lord Salisbury Talks About Hostile Tariffs.

LONDON, March 4.—At a banquet of the Chamber of Commerce tonight Lord Salisbury said hostile tariffs and excess of the protective feeling are the only clouds on the bright sky of commerce. In America, however, the ultra-protection has been changed by the people in the last election. Referring to the tariff question, he said the eight-hour proposal attacked the vital principle of individual liberty. Parliament had no right to interfere with adult. He would be no party to legislation to the individual effort to enjoy the freedom of the trades. If the eight-hour day was conceded to the miners it would be impossible to withhold it from other trades, and once we pass the rubicon separating us from the domain of socialism, our commercial and industrial supremacy would be lost and difficult to recapture.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

German Merchants to be Represented There.

BERLIN, March 4.—A committee of merchants, appointed to consider the question, today decided in favor of making an exhibit at the World's Fair in Chicago. The committee also decided to request the chamber of commerce and industry to nominate an imperial commissioner on the World's Fair, whose duty it shall be to obtain all facilities necessary for a proper exhibit, and to arrange for conveyance to Chicago of goods from merchants sent for exhibition purposes and to make other arrangements necessary.

A Distillery to Suspend Operations.

PARIS, March 4.—The Marcellins Distillery Company is obliged to suspend operations owing to inability to stand the duty of France on malts. The closing of the distilleries will ruin the prosperity of that vicinity, who use the malts come in feeding hogs.

Excitement in Financial Circles.

BUENOS AYRES, March 4.—There is considerable excitement in financial circles, and fears are entertained that there will be a run on the Provincial bank. A conference between President Pellegrino and his Ministers and the managers of private banks was a stormy affair. The ministers demanded a loan of $100,000,000 in paper from the notes deposited in the banks. The managers of the banks refused the Government's demands. A forced loan of paper money to the amount mentioned is feared.

An Unusual Brilliant Attendance.

LONDON, March 4.—The drawing-room held by the Queen today at Buckingham palace was notable for the unusual brilliant attendance, due in a large measure, probably, to the Empress Frederick of Germany and a desire on the part of many to be present upon this occasion, as a token of sympathy with her in her recent unpleasant experiences in Paris.

RAILWAY COMMISSION.

Preliminaries Arranged for Making a Report.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The interstate railway commission met today and arranged preliminaries for making a survey of the proposed railroad. William P. Shank of Pittsburg, formerly connected with the Pennsylvania railroad, was selected as "organizing engineer," and he will have general charge of the surveying work. Other civil engineers will be selected to assist him, and he is also promised the co-operation of local engineers in each of the counties through which the proposed road is to pass.

There will be two surveying parties, including a military party, already assigned to the Central American station. The other two parties will be under the immediate direction of Shank, and will work respectively north and south from a central point in Colombia.

The principal difficulty anticipated in the survey is crossing the Andes in Colombia. Shank's experience in mountain railroad engineering will be especially valuable in that connection. It is estimated that it will take eighteen months to complete the survey with the present force.

An Australian Federation.

SYDNEY, March 4.—At the Australian convention today Sir Henry Parkes moved that a Federal Parliament be established, composed of a Senate and House of Representatives; that free trade be adopted throughout the Federation; that authority to impose custom duties be vested in the Federal government and in Parliament, and that the military and naval defenses be extended to the Federal forces under one command.

The "Times" and the Copyright Bill.

LONDON, March 4.—The Times is surprised at the passage of the copyright bill by the American, and says this component of civilization has been long in coming, but at last it is our pleasurable duty to welcome it.

Heroes Students Tired of Life.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, March 4.—Isidore H. Frank (aged) and Lionel Schlesinger, students of the Hebrew Union College here, committed suicide early this morning by swallowing cyanide of potassium.

The Affairs of the Stock Yards Company.

GLASGOW, March 4.—The shareholders of the Stock Yards of America ships have appointed a liquidator to take charge of the company's affairs.

Rapid Spread of Smallpox in Kansas.

WICHITA, Kan., March 4.—There is great excitement in Chautauqua County over the rapid spread of smallpox among the farmers, and an injunction is in force in the county to the effect that the parties prohibited either entrance or egress except by railroad. The number of deaths during the past few days is said to be alarming.

Brain and Mind Processes.

Writing in The Forum, Dr. Henry Maudsley presents an abstract of some of the latest conclusions of science in regard to physical processes. He puts it clearly before us that the profoundest students of psychology have given great adherence to the doctrine that there are various thought tracts in the brain, and a person will be in one mood or another according as his consciousness is directed to this or that thought tract. In the case of a subject who is partially insane, or some of times and left his reason at other times, there are sound and unsound tracts of thought. The moment his consciousness is directed to the sound tracts the sound are called up, and he is sane.

Dr. Maudsley makes the process of hypnotization clearer than we remember to have seen it elsewhere. He writes:

Viewed from the standpoint of the action theories of the animal organization, when the mind is fixed upon a single idea, and put into the hypnotic state, which, mechanically, is brought about by the suspension of the action of the brain, the idea, the thought, thinking and doing as it under like mind and the hypnotic engagement, the hypnotic is also, the at tracks of the brain and into an extraordinary activity, while the remaining tracts of the brain are in a state of inactivity. Therefore to most appropriate or possible as he has been made to think, feel, receive and imagine, and to do all. He may, indeed, be the hypnotic state, in the language of those who are entirely learn. The one active cerebral tract is only limited by the extent of the brain, which is the tract, and to do it is to make and not to make, the hypnotic state. The tracts for which are partially paralyzed from the absence of tracts and from subjection to them, is truly normal and healthy, and the hypnotic state, if it had been educated through life to exercise that tract and from other, the hypnotic is a state of the brain, and the hypnotic state, the disease tracts which is connected a disturbance in brain, congestion, inflammation and consequent sensation.

True to his robust intellectual and scientific training and results of thought, Professor Maudsley wants the idea that there is necessarily anything supernatural in certain unusual powers established occasionally by mortals.

Does it it should prove true that a child is born with a tendency to be a prophet, or a musician, or a poet, or a mathematician, or a great general, or a great orator, or a great statesman, or a great physician, or a great lawyer, or a great author, or a great actor, or a great artist, or a great musician, or a great mechanic, or a financial genius, or a great inventor, or a great philanthropist, or a great saint, or a great sinner, or a great criminal, or a great idiot, or a great fool, or a great madman, or a great hypocrite, or a great liar, or a great thief, or a great murderer, and not an extraordinary action and process.

A slight cold, it neglected, often results in chronic lungs. BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES give sure and immediate relief. Sold only in boxes. Price 25 cents.

John Redding.

Flower and garden seeds.—The largest variety and purest seeds; lower than Eastern prices. Under the Utah National Bank, Utah curios, Salt Lake City. d&s

If Your House Is on Fire

You put water on the burning timbers, not on the smoke. And if you have catarrh, you should attack the disease in the blood, not in your nose. Remove the impure cause, and the local effect subsides. For this take Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier, which radically and permanently cures catarrh. It also strengthens the nerves. Be sure to get only Hood's Sarsaparilla. 7

Merit Wins.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. A. C. Smith & Co., Druggists.

It is Good Work to Give Health.

The only remedy for blood diseases is one that will expel the germs of disease, and make the blood pure and rich. That is best effected by Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N.Y., a medicine of great value in the treatment of all blood disorders and diseases of the kidneys. It tones the system and helps to do good work. d&s

A Good Looking Face

We like to see. Yet dyspepsia disfigures the features and the disease is as dangerous as it is repulsive. It is sometimes called "St. Anthony's Fire," and often ends in serious death. S. H. Carpenter, Grandville, N. Y., had it in both legs and was cured by Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y. The medicine excels all others for the block. d&s

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

The General Plan of the Grounds and Buildings Completed, Advance of Work.

A MYSTERIOUS SHOOTING PARTIALLY CLEARED UP.

The Condition of Affairs at Carbon Hill, the Scene of the Recent Riots.

By Telegraph to the News.

PLANS COMPLETED.

Work on the Fair Buildings to be Pushed Vigorously.

CHICAGO, March 4.—The general plan of the grounds and buildings for the world's fair was completed today. Jackson Park is divided into five parts, of which the one to the north, grand stream imported, is reserved for state and foreign government buildings, with possibly one art palace. The main exposition is to be the front on a lagoon, and to the east will be curved, a year extending for into Lake Michigan, and made beautiful by the lagoon and exposition designed by the sculptor, St. Gaudens. The state buildings will be disposed on streets, laid out for the purpose, giving each state as nearly as possible a place of equal prominence. The administration building is to be surrounded with a gilded dome, thrilling to the height of the Washington tower.

The contractors having in hand the work at Jackson Park, announced today that they will advance the wages of laborers to $1.75 per day, April 1st. Electric lights are to be put up, and work continued night and day in eight-hour shifts.

RAILROAD CONVENTION.

Topics Discussed by the Commissioners Yesterday.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—At the morning session of the convention of State Railroad Commissioners today resolutions were adopted declaring it inexpedient for Congress and the Legislatures of the various States to regulate within their respective spheres the rates of freight and passenger traffic and travel confined only to legal and constitutional limitations, and that uniformity is desirable in Congressional and State legislation on the subject of rates, to be and that a public regulation of rates may be practically reached by active co-operation between State and Interstate commissions.

Car couplers was the next subject discussed.

On the convention reassembling this afternoon the committee reported a resolution, which was unanimously adopted, that a committee be appointed to urge upon Congress the importance need for action by that body authorized by the commissioners and issue the equipment of freight cars throughout the country with uniform automatic car couplers and with train brakes, and the equipment of locomotives with driving-wheel brakes, and the present and urge the passage of a bill therefor.

A resolution continuing the committee on interstate rules, with instructions to report to the next conference such further facts and suggestions in connection with the subject as may be deemed desirable, was adopted. It was also a resolution that the committee to whom the subject of automatic couplers and continuous air brakes was referred, be instructed to consider and report to the next Conference of Railroad Commissioners, upon the expediency of requesting national legislation upon the subject of lighting and heating passenger cars.

TRANSFER OF MINES.

Sale Aggregating an Amount of $10,000,000.

CHICAGO, March 4.—It transpired here that negotiations have been closed for the transfer of the silver mines known as the Badger, Porcupine and West End, located at Fort Arthur, Ont., to Herbert Norton of Boston, and that the sale is for a syndicate composed of Englishmen and Americans. The single sale is said to aggregate an amount approximating $10,000,000. These three mines produce half of the silver taken from the Port Arthur district. The operations of the syndicate are the largest ever made, and silver legislation in the United States, and negotiations are claimed now to be under way for some important mining properties in Colorado and Arizona. The identity of the purchasers is kept secret, but Levy Mayer of this city, attorney for the syndicate, says the Americans are Boston and New York and St. Paul capitalists.

MYSTERIOUS SHOOTING.

Bankers Baglund Attacked by an Unknown Assassin.

MCPHERSON, Kan., March 4.—The mystery surrounding the shooting of C. A. Baglund, president of the Second National Bank, which occurred on Monday, is partially cleared up. The wounded man recovered consciousness for the first time today. He says he started for Kansas City on Sunday night's train on business, but at Harrington stayed by long in a lunch room and got off the train. He came back to McPherson on the morning train, and as he was walking home about 5 o'clock some one came up to him and shot him in the breast. It was so dark he could not see the assassin. He managed to reach home, but can not remember anything. No motive for the shooting is known.

The bank examiner has taken charge of the institution. The liabilities are about $250,000, with more than enough assets to prevent loss to both depositors and stockholders.

Deaths.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., March 4.—William H. Wells, senior member of the law faculty of the Michigan University, dropped dead this morning in the courtroom at Detroit. Prof. Wells was president of the American Bar Association. He was offered a position in ex-President Cleveland's Cabinet, but was forced to decline because of ill health.

NEW YORK, March 4.—Ex-Congressman Aiken Scottville of Buffalo died here today.

Italy's Policy.

ROME, March 4.—In the house of deputies today Premier Rudini said there was no change in the foreign policy of Italy. France had been loyal to her pledges, so to the Mediterranean. Both Italy and France equally and frankly desire to improve their already friendly relations.

Plundering Natives.

ROME, March 4.—Telegrams today gives the details of the outrages against Swedish, chief of police of Monomali, of plundering natives. He is said to have killed four natives in order to seize their goods. The victims were chiefly rich merchants.

Robbed in a Street Car.

CINCINNATI, O., March 4.—David H. Byers of Lafayette, reported to the police today that he had been robbed on a street car of $10,000 in bills.

A Lesson on the Sacramento River Banks.

SACRAMENTO, March 4.—The levee on the Sacramento River broke near Washington, Cal., today, and a portion of the town was inundated. The levee track is flooded. About two thousand acres of land near Nicolaus is flooded by backwater.

A Child of the State.

It is to be hoped that the experiments of orphan asylums, state schools, poorhouses and public institutions everywhere in which helpless children are cared for will be well to learn the lesson taught in the tragic death of poor little Nelly Gaffin.

Nelly was a ward of the state of Michigan. She had been in the state public school at Coldwater for three years, and was 12 years old at the time of her terrible death.

The children of the state are given out for adoption into private families from the public school at Coldwater. Not long since an old man who looked like a farmer appeared before the superintendent of the school one day and asked for a little girl for adoption. He represented himself as being from Jackson county, where he lived on a farm with his wife and two children.

The superintendent applied to the agent at Jackson county for information in regard to Hendendorf, as the old man called himself. No answer was received, but the superintendent allowed the old man to take the child away with him nevertheless, knowing nothing of him beyond his own representations, and the next heard of the child was the finding of her dead, mutilated, naked body in Grand river.

Poor helpless little child of the state!

Victoria, B. C., July Chinese in and sailors around town. The change is a poll tax on them, and during the month of January the taxes on this species of live stock came to $2,817, an increase, be it observed, of $661 over the tax for January last year. It does not stand to reason that these Chinese all stay in British America.

A New York judge has decided that a man cannot get a divorce from his wife because her private character before her marriage was not so good as she represented it. If a divorce should ever be granted for a little thing like that, then anybody who concealed before marriage any slight personal matters, such as bad temper, defective education, physical defects and so on, would be liable to be divorced as soon as found out. In point of fact, signed the judge, if divorces were to be granted because false representations had been made on points like these, then what marriages would stand in due time on Cupid's docket the parties desired its annulment? On the whole, this is rather rough on matrimony.

There is no danger of a cold resulting in pneumonia when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is used as directed "for a severe cold." It effectually counteracts and arrests any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia. This fact was fully proven in thousands of cases during the epidemic of influenza when no other remedy was used. For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept. d&s

Several years ago Chamberlain & Co., of Des Moines, Iowa, commenced the manufacture of a cough syrup, believing it to be the most prompt and reliable preparation yet produced for coughs, colds and croup, that the public appreciate true merit, and in time it became certain to become popular. Their most sanguine hopes have been more than realized. Over three hundred thousand bottles of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy are now sold each year, and it is recognized as "the best cough," where ever known. It will cure a severe cold in less time than any other treatment. For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept. d&s

Consumption

Ballard's Horehound Syrup.

No single disease has given such relief and has widely spread the fame as consumption. No other disease approaches so sensibly. In early symptoms are ignored because it is thought only a slight hacking Cough, which the unbelieved until this grim monster has made a hold that nothing but death can remove it. Ballard's Horehound Syrup has never lost the grip of this grim monster from many a thread. It gives to time it will give surprising relief. Try its soothing and healing virtues. Do not put it off until too late. Z. C. M. I., Agents. d&s

Williams' Australian Rock Pills.

If you are Yellow, Bilious, complicated with Heartburn, bad breath, drowsy, no appetite, feel out your Liver is out of order. One dose of these Pills will clear all the outside away and make a new being of you. Price 25 cents. Zion Co-op Mer. Inst. Drug Dept., Agent. d&s

All cash subscriptions for the Millennial Star should be forwarded to James Jack at the Periodicals Office, Salt Lake City. d&s

THE MONGOLIANS.

A Committee Recommends the Vigorous Enforcement of the Anti-Chinese Laws.

AN IMPROMPTU MUSICALE IN THE HOUSE OF CONGRESS.

The Timber Culture and Pre-emption Laws Repealed.—Bills Approved.

By Telegraph to the News.

THE CHINESE QUESTION.

Recommendations to Enforce the Present Laws.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Representative Lodge today made a report to the House on the result of the visit of the subcommittee of the immigration committee of the House and Senate to the Pacific Coast to investigate the Chinese question. The report says the number of Chinese in this country is increasing in consequence of the exclusion act, although not to rapidly as the committee deem desirable, this being due to the difficulty in enforcing the law. It is recommended that two more inspectors be provided for the Puget Sound to prevent the Chinese immigrants by way of British Columbia and to suppress smuggling.

The report deals at length with the well-known fraudulent methods by which Chinese gain admittance to the United States, dwelling particularly upon the practice by Chinamen of getting out write of habeas corpus and giving worthless bonds as security. To meet the evil it is suggested that no Chinaman be allowed to become surety for another unless he deposits in a bank, either in money or interest-bearing securities, the amount of the bond.

The report expresses the opinion that if the present law is strictly enforced it will not be long before the Chinese race in the United States will be extinct. The Chinese quarter in San Francisco is spoken of as a pest-breeding nuisance which should not be tolerated in any American community. The Chinese are a heathenish people, and their idiotcies, the report says, fourthly to such an extent that it seems impossible that such a state of affairs could exist in the face of the knowledge of the authorities. The Chinaman is described as having no good qualities and being industrious, but the committee is of the opinion that to admit the Chinese art would surely result in the whole Pacific Coast being overrun with the Chinese, with the result of serious labor troubles. The committee recommends that the present law be kept in force and vigorously enforced.

A BURST OF SONG.

The House of Representatives an Home Jubilant.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The House of Representatives of the Fifty-first Congress went out in a burst of song. The vocalists of the House on the republican side gathered in a body near the front row of desks, headed by Coleman (La.), Yardley (Pa.), Stivers (N. Y.) and Wade (Me.), and, as the House was declared adjourned, they started up "Marching Through Georgia," which was taken up by the great mass of republican representatives, who made the hall ring to the great delight and enthusiasm of the spectators.

A democratic chorus, headed by Representative-elect O'Neill (Mo.), responded with the "Doxology," but their volume was not equal to that of the superior volume of sound from the press gallery. The speakers having taken up the hymns, the republicans and democrats joined in singing in harmony to that of their sometime critics, whose full, resonant chorus was very effective.

Burrows and Allen of Michigan, Coleman and Yardley struck up "Our Fatherland" as the closing notes of the "Doxology" died away. The Democrats and Republicans joined in very gently and the effect was fine, as was the singing of "John Brown's Body," taken up immediately after.

The occupants of the press gallery, for the last number on the programme, rendered "Good-Bye, Congress, Good-Bye," "Why Leave, Good-Bye," and "He's a Jolly Good Fellow." It was with regret on the part of the immense throng on the floor and in the galleries that the impromptu musicale came to an end.

The Land Laws Repealed.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Commissioner Groff of the General Land Office today sent all registers and receivers of land offices the following telegram: "The timber-culture and pre-emption laws are this day repealed. Allow no further entries thereunder of claims hereafter initiated."

Bills Approved by the President.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The President today approved the legislative, civil and Indian, consular and diplomatic, sundry civil, pension and agricultural appropriation bills; the joint resolution extending the limitation of time in courts of appeals; the act authorizing a postage railroad at the cascades of the Columbia River; the act amending the act to establish a Conservatory of Music of America; the act for the protection of the lives of miners in the Territories; the act to compensate Dr. C. C. Johnson a war-claimant in the navy; the copyright bill and ninety-two private pension bills.

The President and a few friends leave here Saturday for a few days' hunting and fishing in the vicinity of Bengino, Md.

A Defaulter.

PHILADELPHIA, March 4.—A special to the Press says: J. Weiser-Hocher, son-in-law and confidential manager of Jay T. Gilmont, one of Newark's wealthiest and most esteemed citizens, is a defaulter to the extent of from $40,000 to $50,000.

The Old Czech Party Defeated.

VIENNA, March 4.—The elections so far as heard from, are a triumph for the young Czechs and German liberals, insuring a majority to Taaffe. The Old Czech party is almost annihilated.