THE DESERET EVENING NEWS. 91016 PART 2 TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

FIFTY-FIRST YEAR.

SATURDAY, JULY 7, 1900, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

NUMBER 197

NONE FOR SILVER REPUBLICANS.

Convention Refuses to Name a Candidate for Vice President.

DEMOCRATS JOLTED THEM.

Towns Refused to be the Nominee, and National Committee Will Decide-The Platform.

[Early Dispatches.] Kansas City, Mo., July 6,-After a long and exciting debate, during which it looked several times as if Mr. Charles A. Towne would be nominated for Vice President in spite of his protest against such action, the national convention of the Silver Republican party adjourned sine die without making a nomination, the whole matter being referred to the national committee with power to act. Tonight, after a prolonged conference, the committee decided to endorse Stevenson.

W. J. Bryan was made the unanimous choice of the convention for President during the morning session, and it was the intention to complete the ticket in the afternoon by the nomination of for-mer Congressman Towne. The action of the Democratic convention, however, in placing Adial Stevenson in nomination, ook the delegates off their feet, but nost of them asserted their determina-tion to nominate Mr. Towne notwith-standing, but Mr. Towne refused. One delegate remarked, "Senator Teller, I would as soon vote for Stevenson as for the biochemics" blacksnake.

For two hours Senator Teller, former ongressman Shafroth of Colorado and Cheadle of Indiana and others made speeches in favor of indorsing the Democratic ticket, but it was not until Towne himself appeared and appealed to the convention not to nominate him, but to concentrate their forces, that the delegates calmed down and the presidential nomination was referred to the national committee.

THE PLATFORM.

We, the Silver Republican party in national assembly, declare these as our principles and invite the co-operation of all who agree therewith:

We recognize that the principles set forth in the Declaration of American Independence are fundamental and everlastingly true in their application governments among men. We be-We be-



payable in gold along changes the con-tract between the government and the bond-holders to the advantage of the latter, and is in direct opposition to the declaration of the Matthews resolution, passed by Congress by 1878, for which resolution the present Republican Pres-ident then a member of Congress vot ident, then a member of Congress, vot-ed, as did also all leading Republicans. both in the House and m the Senate.

We declare it to be our intention to lend our efforts to the repeal of this currency law, which not only repudi-ates the ancient and pipe-honored principles of the American people before the Constitution was adopted, but is violative of the principles of the Con-stitution itself, and we shall not cease our efforts until there has been estab-lished in its place a monetary system based upon the free and unlimited coin-age of silver and gold into money at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1 by the independent action of the United States, nder which system all

their growing control over our inter-national transportation, natural re-sources and public utilities. We sources and public utilities. We demand legislation to protect our our public domain, our national resources, our franchises and our inter-national commerce, and to keep them free and maintain their independence of all foreign monopolies, institutions and influences, and we declare our opposition to the leasing of the public lands of the United States, whereby corporations and syndicates will be able to secure control thereof and thus monopolize the public domain, the heri-tage of the people. We are in favor of the principles of direct legislation.

In view of the great sacrifices made and patriotic services rendered, we are in favor of liberal pensions to deserving soldiers, their widows, orphans and other dependents. We believe the en-listment and service should be accept-ed as conclusive proof that the soldier



While Its Soldiers are Fighting Abroad, Games are On at Home.

BOORS IN BRITISH SOCIETY.

of Wales to Newmarket, and it was a bitter disappointment to her to see Diamond Jubilee, the prince's entry and

following paragraph:

SOCIETY IS FURIOUS.

Captain Milne's many influential

riends, who include the duke of York,

tre furious, the duke and other naval

officers regarding Mr. Astor's conduct

as an insult to their profession as well as to a personal friend whose position

in London society is unquestioned. The members of the Naval and Military

ROBERTS DID NOT WANT GREEN.

HORNS.

Lord Roberts' declination to allow troops to be withdrawn from South Africa for service in China, is said to

have come about this way. The sec-retary of state for war, Lord Lands-

downe, cabled Lord Roberts asking if

he could spare a division and Roberts replied "Yes." Lord Landsdowne then

selected a number of favorite officers who have been cooling their heels in

the drawing rooms at home, for billets with the force. In the meanwhile Rob-

erts cabled, suggesting that several of

his tried commanders should accom-

pany the division he was preparing.

adding that if an army corps was needed he would like to go himself. These

"LITTLE BOBS" WAS ON TIME.

Before he answered Lord Roberts'

suggestions the latter heard from pri-

vate sources that none of his seasoned lieutenants were to go, but that "war-

riors who have fattened on the flesh pols of the city" were coming out to

take all commands in the expedition whereupon the little man promptly

wired London that it was impossibl

to send any troops at all out of South

Africa, his previous offer being based

TEERS.

in an awkward fix.

emmendations put Lord Landsdowne

awaiting the next move.

are also indignant at the fact that

Diamond Jubice, the prince's entry and this year's winner of the Derby, beaten by Merry Gal. Mr. William Waldorf Astor's recent paragraph in his own paper, the Pall Mall Gazette, about Captain Sir Berkeley Milne, of the naval and mill-tary club, Picadilly, formerly com-mander of the Royal Yacht Osborne, and a well known clubman who at and a well known clubman, who at-tended a concert at the Astors without an invitation, is making a great coman invitation, is making a great com-motion in London society and threatens to seriously affect Mr. Astor's position therein. It seems that Captain Milne was dining at the house of a well known lady, who asked him to go with her party to the Astors' concert. This is daily done in London, and Captain Milne unbesitatingly accepted. On ar-riving, Mr. Astor, instead of shaking hands with the captain, asked the lat-ter his name. Milne told him and said that Lady —, brought him with her that Lady -----, brought him with her

American civil war he was mainly in-strumental in collecting £200,000 for distribution among the freedmen. TRY TO BLOW UP Command at Mare Island. Washington, July 7.-Secretary Long has named Captain Merrill Miller as commandant of the Mare Island navy yard, and Captain George E. Ide to be THE PENITENTIARY aptain of the same yard War Risks Now. London, July 7.-The war risks at Lloyds are double the ordinary rates on vessels bound for China. Expected Effort to Release the Dy-

German Exports, Berlin, July 7 .- The exports from the northern half of Germany for the ficeal year recently ended, amounted to \$57,-154.553, an increase of \$8,203.461, of which sum Hamburg has nearly \$6,000.000. The consul general at Dresden re-ports the exports as valued at \$1,150,101, an increase of \$156.793 an increase of \$186,728.

MacArthur Reports Casualties.

Washington, July 7 .- Gen. MacArthur at Manila cables the war department the following list of recent killed and Wounded

Killed-July 3, Tibaguan, Luzon,com-pany H, Third Infantry, Sergeant Al-fred W, Merriam, William Cheatham, Charles Gaddy; July 4, near Malolos, company G, Third Infantry, Corporal Albert Cooke, Charles Hippler, Patrick Mullen.

Mullen. Wounded--May 29, Polo, Leyte, com-pany A, Forty-third infantry, First Sergeant William Ebbert, wounded in abdomen, serious; May 5, company D, Forty-third volunteer infantry, Captain Lucius E. Polk, wounded in arm, slight; company C, Forty-third infantry, Mu-sician George R, Shaner, wounded in arm, serious; John J. Frances, wound-ed in hand, slight; May 22, Tabac, Lu-zon, company G, Forty-seventh infan-try, Frank Casney, wounded in arm, slight. slight

Customs Laws and Philippines.

Chicago, July 7 .- Argument will be made in the United States district court Tuesday in a case to determine the status of the customs laws between the United States and the Philippines. This was an action brought by the government for the seizure of fourteen diamond rings brought from the Philip-pines to Chicago by Emil Pepke, a sol-dier. United States District Attorney Botheas and Attorney C. H. Aldrich ap-peared before Judge Kohlsaat and had

the hearing postponed. Meanwhile the papers of the defense will be sent to Pepke in North Dakota for his inspec-tion and signature.

The matter will be fully argued before Judge Kohlsaat, who is expected to give another ruling on the important ques-tion, "does the Constitution follow the flag?"

Indian Relief Fund.

Chicago, July 7 .- The Chicago India relief committee has raised a fund of over \$7,000 to be sent to the faminesufferers in India. The bishop of Cal-cutta has written that the missionaries are breaking down in their efforts to help the sufferers, and has asked for young men who will take the places of missionaries who have died or been invalided to England. It is probable a number of young men of this city ASTOR IS A CHUMP. Mr. Astor responded that he had not the pleasure of his acquaintance, requested him to leave, adding that he would in-sert a notice in the newspapers. Capwill answer the call.

Men Were Seen Digging Near the Prison-This is the Basis of

namiters in Jall in Canada,

SUPPOSED FENIAN SCHEME

the Plot.

[Early Dispatches.] New York, July 7.-The City of Kingston, Canada, was greatly excited last night over news that a band of unknown persons has been trying to blow up the Kingston penitentiary and release Nolan, Walsh and Dullman, the men who were sentenced to the Kingston penitentiary for life for attempting to blow up the Welland canal with dynamite, says a report from that place.

Every pre-aution has been taken to guard against the accomplishment of the scheme. This week two Dominion government detectives have been in the city. They expect an outrage by Fenians. For two nights in success slon a close watch has been maintained, both inside and outside the walls of the penitentiary. This watch will be con-tinued day and night until all danger is nassed

Is passed. The plot was first discovered by a man who was running a searchlight on a passenger steamer. When she passed the penitentiary at night the light was thrown on the institution and on several nights men were seen digging on the wharf at the west side of the institu-tion. When they saw the light they ran away. What they were doing has not been discovered. The government has issued an order that no visitors be allowed to enter the penitentlary,

TAKING TROOPS FROM CUBA.

U. S. Forces Preparing to Leave -Spanish Sympathy for China.

Havana, July 7 .- Military Goovernor Wood has issued orders to the depart-ments to have the Second, Fifth and Eighth infantry regiments ready for embarkation as soon as transports shall arrive. The Eighth is practically ready now, as it has not been scattered, while the Second and Fifth have been divided among various districts. Three com-panies of the Tenth regiment will pro-ceed to Morro Cathe and the the second ceed to Morro Castle at Santiago to re lieve the Fifth, while troops of the Eighth cavalry will relieve the companies of the Fifth static

tanamo and Sagua de Tanamoo, Bara-

coa will be relinquished as a military poot. A company of the Tenth will re-lieve the Second at Trinidad. The members of the Eighth regiment are delighted with the prospect of soon seeing home: though many officers hope that they will be much dirich to Chica

that they will be rushed right to China.

the feelings of Americans here, particu-

larly in army circles, and a general de-

sire is expressed among the officers to be allowed to go to the Far East if fur-

ther operations are undertaken there by the United States.

La Lucha, in its English edition to-day, publishes an editorial expressing

sympathy with the Chinese. The arti-

"Had China been revengeful she would have passed an exclusion law against foreigners similar to that adopt-

ed by the United States against the

Year's Work in Patent Office.

Washington, July 7.-A summary of the year's work in the patent office

ndeed, the latest oables have aroused

ton's farewell address to be the words of oberness and wisdom, inspired by the epicit of right and truth. We treasure the words of Jefferson as priceless gems American statesmanship. We hold satred remembrance the broad phinthrophy and patriotism of Lin tho was the great interpreter of Amerand the great apostle of can history human tights and of industrial freedom.

and we declare as was declared by the convention that nominated the great emancipator that the maintenance of the principles promulgated in the Declaration of Independence and emodied in the federal Constitution, that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights; that among these are those of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that to ecure these rights, governments instituted among men deriving their just rights from the consent of the governed"---is essential to the preserva-

on of our republican institutions. We declare our adherence to the prinliple of bimetallism as the right basis monetary system under our na. onal Constitution. A principle that ound place repeatedly in Republican latforms from the demonetization of er in 1873, to the St. Louis Repubconvention of 1896.

since that convention a Republican he dictation of the trusts and money er, has passed and approved a curbill, which in itself is a repudia-of the doctrine of bimetallism ad-

cated theretofore by the President ad every great leader of his party. This currency law destroys the full chey power of the silver dollar, pro-des for the payment of all govern-ent obligations and the reduced obligations, and the redemption all forms of paper money in gold e-retires the time-honored and pagreenbacks, constituting one. the money in circulation, and iders to banking corporations a eign function of issuing all paper thus enabling these corporations I the prices of labor and propincreasing or diminishing the money in circulation, thus or the banks power to create panbring disaster upon business en-

REAR ADMIRAL WINFIELD SCOTT SCHLEY



The hero of Santiago who said he would peremptorily decline a comination for Vice President if it were tendered to him.

shall be issued direct by the govern-ment, and all such moties collect or is-sued shall be a full legal tender in pay-ment of all debts, public and private, without exception.

We are in favor of a graduated tax upon incomes and if becessary to ac-complish this, we favor an amendment

to the Constitution. We believe that United States Sena-tors ought to be elected by a direct vote of the people, and we tayor such amend. ment to the Constitution and such legis-lation as may be necessary to that end. We favor the maintenance and the extension wherever bracticable of the merit system in the public service, pointments to be made according to fitness, competitively ascertained, and public servants to be retained in office as long as shall be compatible with the

combinations, trusts and monopolies contrived and arranged for the purpose of controlling the prices and quantity of articles supplied to the public are unjust, unlawful and oppressive. Not only do these uplawful conspira-

cies fix the price of commodities in many cases, but they lavade every branch of the State and National government with their polluting influence and control the actions of their employes and dependents in private life until their influence solually imperils society and the liberty of the citizen. We declare against them. We demand the most stringent laws for their destruction and the most severe punish-ment of their promoters and maintain-

ers and the energetic enforcement of such laws by the courts. We believe the Montee doctrine to be sound in principle and a wise national policy, and we demand a firm adher-ence thereto. We condemn acts inconsistent with it, and that tend to make us parties to the interests and to in-volve us in the controversies of European nations; and the recognition by pending treaty of the right of England to be considered in the construction of an inter-oceanic canal. We declare that such canal, when constructed, ought to be controlled by the United States in the interests of American na-

tions. We observe with anylety and regard with disapproval the increasing owner-

was free from disease and disability at the time of his enlistment. We con-demn the present administration of the pension laws. We tender to the patriotic people of

the South African republics our sympathy and express our admiration for them in their heroic attempts to preserve their political freedom and main tain their national independence. We leclare the destruction of these republics and the subjugation of their people to be a crime against civiliza-tion. We believe this sympathy should have been voiced by the American Congress as was done in the case of the French, the Greeks, the Hungarians, the Polanders, the Armenians and the Cubans-and as the traditions of this country would have dictated. We declare the Puerto Rican tariff law be not only a serious, but a dangerous departure from the principles of our form of government. We believe in a republican form of government, and

are opposed to monarchy and to the whole theory of imperialistic control. We believe in self-government by consent of the governed and are unalterably opposed to a government based on force. It is clear and certain that the inhabitants of the Philippine archipelago cannot be made citizens of the United States without endangering our civilization. We are therefore in favor of applying to the Philippine archipelago the principle we are solemnly and licly pledged to observe in the case of Cuba There being no longer any necessity

for collecting war taxes, we demand the repeal of the war taxes levied to carry on the war with Spain. We favor the immediate admission into the Union as States of the Teritores of Arlzona, New Mexico and Okla-

homa. We demand that our nation's promises to Cuba shall be filled in every par-We believe the national government

should lend every aid, encouragement and assistance toward the reclamation of arid lands of the United States, and to that end we are in favor of a comprehensive survey thereof and an immediate ascertainment of the water supply available for such reclamation. and we believe it to be the duty of the general government to provide for the onstruction of storage reservoirs and irrigation works so that the water sup-ply of the arid region may be utilized the greatest possible extent in the

interests of the people, while preserving all rights of the state. Transportation is a public ne-cessity and the means and and methods of it are matters of puband concern. Rallway companies exercise a power over industries, busin and commerce, which they ought not to do, and should be made to serve the public interests without asking unreasonable charges or unjust discrimination. We observe with satisfaction the growing sentiment among the pe favor of the public ownership and oper ation of public utilities. Peace is the virtue of civilization, and

war is its crime. War is only justified when the oppressors of humanity will head no other appeal and when the enemies of liberty will respond to no other demand. However high and pure may be the purposes of an appeal to arms in the beginning, war becomes immoral when continued for the purpose of subjugation, or for national ag-grandizement. We are in favor of expanding our commerce in the interests of American labor and for the benefit of American labor and for the benefit of all our people, by every honest and peaceful means. Our creed and our history justify the nations of the earth in expecting that, wher-ever the American flag is un-furied in authority, human liberty and political freedom will be found. We protest against the adoption of any policy that will change in the thousant policy that will change in the thought of the world, the meaning of our flag. We are opposed to the importation of Asiatic laborers in competition with American labor-and demand a more igid enforcement of the laws relating

The Silver Republican party in the United States, in the foregoing princi-ples, seeks to perpetuate the spirit and to adhere to the teachings of Abraham Lincoln.

party. One is at Mr. Choate's Reception-Another Left America- How Roberts

Squared With the War Office,

[Early Dispatches.] London, July 7.-Special London Cable letter, copyrighted, 1900, by the Associated Press .- Truly Great Britain is the land of sport. British soldiers are fighitng a barbarous enemy in the far East, in a dramatic endeavor to save the lives of some of their fellow countrymen and maintain their country's prestige: British soldiers are engaged in a similar task in Ashanti, where British officers, women and children are in danger of being massacred by revolted savages, and a quarter of a million Britishers are still grappling with the stupendous military and civil difficulties that must be overcome before South Africa is pacified. Yet, at home, racing, cricket, running, rowing, polo, tennis and athletic contests of all descrip-Mr. Astor dragged in the name of their club. The whole matter, with Captain Milne's letter, has been placed before the prince of Wales, and soclety is tions hold practically undiminished sway over public interest.

WEEK AT HENLEY.

It is true that Henley week, as a social occasion, has been more slimly attended than for years past and the gorgeous summer tollets did not blossom as usual on the banks of the Thames. But, while society deserted Henley, there was no diminution in the quality of the rowing or in the interest of those who watch Henley for its sporting rather than for its social fea-

The war and the weather were chiefly responsible for society's absence from the great river carnival. The beginning of the week was so wretchedly and cold that many persons cancelled their projected trips.

The Oxford-Cambridge cricket match did not suffer from these causes. It attracted enthusiasts in as large num bers as ever and for several days the undergraduate and his sister, mother and other attachments have been ubiquitous throughout London.

INTERNATIONAL ATHLETICS.

The international athletics and polo are also looked forward to with keen interest. What with such large ath-letic contingents at present from the United States an annual convention of the largest engineer organizations in America holding its meetings within the shadow of Westminster Abbey, the hundreds of excursionists who, on their way to Paris, pay a flying visit to England, to say nothing of those who regularly cross the Atlantic for a holiday it is almost in cossible to go anywhere without meeting Americans. They are omnipresent. Over fifty Americans who were anxious to attend the Fourth of July banquet had to celebrate the day by themselves owing to lack of space.

A BOOR WITH A CIGAR.

The Fourth reception of the United States ammbassador, Mr. Joseph H. Choate, for Americans, was more crowded than remembered in the history of the American embassy. A curi-ous feature was the presence of a man who strolled past the flunkeys and said: "How d'ye' do," to Mrs. Choate, without removing his hat, and still, with his head covered, sat down in the drawing room, full of American women, and be gan to puff a lighted cigar. After a futile attempt to engage the ambassador in conversation this individual left, not in the slightest put out because such

action had alread" been suggested to The absence of balls and parties has driven society to other forms of amuse-ment, the last diversion being evening boating parties on the Serpentine in Hyde Park.

and constitution. A. Albrecht, who has just died, in FIRST TIME IN YEARS. For the first time in years the prince London, was a manufacturer of chemi-cess of Wales, accompanied the prince cals at Birmingham. During the

tiality.

Hop Growers Combine.

Santa Rosa, Cal., July 7 .- The Calitain Milne retired in confusion, and from the Naval and Military club, the fornia hop growers have formed an association, the object of which is to same night, sent Mr. Astor a letter of a pology, and expressed the hope that improve the industry, regulate supply he would allow the matter to drop. In spite of this, Mr. Astor, in his paper, and demand, and maintain fair prices. To insure success, the association must secure contracts binding 75 per cent the next afternoon, inserted, as cabled to the Associated Press at the time, the of the hop acreage of the State to ablde by its decisions. We are desired to make known that

Wheat Ships Scarce.

the presence of Captain Sir Berkeley Milne of the Naval and Military club, Picadilly, at Mr. Astor's concert last Thursday evening, was uninvited." San Francisco, July 7 .- There is a scarcity of wheat ships in this port. Including those now here and on the way there will not be more than 100 to carry this season's grain crop which, it is estimated, will be sufficient to load twice that number of vessels. Charters firm at 40 shillings a ton to the United Kingdom.

Texas Modifies Quarantine.

Election by Stove Moulders.

Detroit, Mich., July 7 .- The Interna-

tional Stove Moulders' union today

Vice presidents, James E. Devonish, Chicago; John Philips, Hamilton, On-

tarlo, Organizer, James A. Davis, St. Louis, Mo.; secretary and treasurer,

H. P. O'Berlin, Quincy, Ill.; delegate to the American Federation of Labor,

year's convention will be held in Ham-liton, Ont. It is understood that no

radical change of wages is contem-

plated as a result of the convention's

J. H. Keefer, Detroit, president.

elected the following officers:

William Fesghrey, Piqua, O.

main in force.

deliberations.

shows the cash receipts to have been \$1,358,228, a larger sum than in any previous fiscal year. The total number of patients, 26,540, also breaks the record. El Paso, Tex., July 7.-The bubonic plague quarantine Texas has en-forced against San Francisco for two months has been modified to some ex-There has been a corresponding in-crease in the number of trademarks and labels registered. Dr. Norton, State quarantine A corresponding increase for the coming year will necessitate some additional to the already in-creased force of the office. officer, will go to San Francisco to is-sue permits for freight and express to enter Texas that has not been in the Chinese quarters of that city. The The quarantine against passengers will re-

The commissioner urges the erection of a suitable building to be occupied solely by the putent office.

Held on a Serious Charge.

Chinese.

New York, July 7.-On the charge of having set fire to the tenement in Ho-boken, the destruction of which, on Tuesday morning last, caused a loss of thirteen lives. Henry Vagt, a saloon-keeper, has been arraigned. The two

keeper, has been arraighed. The two most important witnesses against Vagt were Joseph Galb, a street musician, and Mrs. Winkler, five of whose chil-drep were burned to dath. Vagt denied the churge against him. He said that he was awakened by the smoke of the fire and that he carried his wife through a window to a shed and that they both essance in that way. and that they both escaped in that way. Vagt was held for the grand jury on a charge of arson.

Next

ADMIRAL GEORGE DEWEY.



Who was once a candidate for the presidency on the Democratio ticket.



