

THE DESERET NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 34.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, WEDNESDAY, MAY 24, 1865.

VOL. XIV.

The Deseret News:

IS PUBLISHED EVERY

Wednesday Morning.

ALBERT CARRINGTON, EDITOR.

OFFICE:

CORNER OF SOUTH & EAST TEMPLE STREETS.

ADVERTISEMENTS

To insure insertion must be handed in by Monday Noon, and paid for in advance.

By Telegraph.

Washington, 11.

The Navy Department has issued naval orders directing all naval officers to permit vessels with United States Custom House permits and clearances, to enter ports within the lines designated in the President's executive order of April 29th, provided they have nothing contraband of war aboard.

New York, 12.

Released Union prisoners from Andersonville state that in and around the infamous rebel prison pen at that place there are the graves of over 19,000 national men.

Last evening, during a thunder storm, Shirland & Sons' warehouse, Brooklyn, was struck by lightning and fired. Loss, ten thousand. The storm was accompanied by a gale, which did great damage. A large number of houses were unroofed and several persons injured. No lives are known to have been lost.

The Post's Newark (N. J.) correspondent says there was a great destruction of property and many persons were injured in that city by the gale last evening. Over 100 trees were uprooted in Philadelphia, and 23 houses were blown down.

The Herald's London letter says a French expedition, composed of 9,000 troops and nearly as many Belgians had started for Lower California and Sonora—the ostensible object being to reduce the Indians of Yucatan.

Sonora is to be speedily and strongly garrisoned with French troops, so that when Sonora and Sinaloa are finally handed over to France, she may be able to hold them.

The Tribune's special, Raleigh 8th, says Chief Justice Chase is now at Wilmington, where special citizens from different parts of the State will meet him for consultation. The temper of the masses in North Carolina is as yet unchanged. The aristocratic and rebel class are as highly exacting and unsubdued, and, if possible, more devilish than ever they were. They act as if the surrender of Lee's and Johnston's armies was made merely to accommodate, not from necessity, and that they were entitled to particular consideration therefor.

Danbury, Conn., 12.

A tornado accompanied by hail, rain, thunder, and lightning, visited this section last evening. The steeple of the church at Bethel was blown down through the roof, making a complete wreck of the building. Loss about \$5,000. Trees, vines, boards, &c., suffered severely.

New York, 13.

The Government to-day paid the Central Pacific Railroad Company one and a half million dollars, being the first installment due on the completion of the section of thirty miles. Another section will soon be completed.

Cumberland, 11.

At daylight yesterday, at Irwinstville, I surprised and captured Jeff Davis and family, including his wife, sisters and mother, his Postmaster, General Regan, private secretary, Col. Harrison, Col. Johnson, A. D. C., Col. Lubbeck and Lieut. Hathaway, also several other important names, and a train of five wagons and three ambulances. A painful mistake occurred, by which the 4th Michigan and the 1st Wisconsin came in conflict. This mistake cost us two killed and Lieut. Boutle wounded of the 4th Michigan and four of the 1st Wisconsin wounded. This occurred at daylight, before the capture of Davis.

(Signed) PRITCHARD,

Lieut. Col. 4th Michigan Cavalry.

Macon, Ga., 13.

Lieut. Col. Harden, commanding the 1st Wisconsin, has just arrived from Irwinstville. He struck the trail of Davis at Dublin, Lawrence county, on the evening of the 7th, and followed him closely night and day through the pine wilderness of Alligator creek and Green's swamp, via Chamberlainville. At the latter place he met Col. Pritchard, with 150 picket men. Harden followed the trail directly south, while Pritchard who had the freshest horses, pushed down the Ocomulgee, towards Hopewell, thence by House creek to Irwinstville, arriving there at midnight of the 9th. Jeff Davis had not been there, but from a citizen it was learned that the party were encamped two miles from the town. Pritchard immediately made a proper disposition of his men and surrounded the camp before daylight. Harden, arriving in the vicinity the same evening and encamped within two miles of Davis' camp without knowing it. At 3 o'clock in the morning he pushed forward and had gone but a little more than a mile, when his advance was fired on by a party of the 4th Michigan cavalry. A fight ensued, both parties exhibiting great determination. Fifteen minutes elapsed before the mistake was discovered.

The firing in this skirmish was the first warning Davis received. His captors report that he hastily put on his wife's dress and started for the woods, closely followed by the men, who at first thought him a woman, but seeing his boots while running, suspected his sex. The race was short, the rebel President being soon brought to bay. He brandished a bowie knife and showed signs of battle, but yielded to the pursuasion of revolvers, without compelling the men to fire.

He expressed great indignation at the energy with which he was pursued, saying he had believed our Government too magnanimous to hunt down women and children.

Mrs. Davis remarked to Col. Harden, after the excitement was over, that the men had better not provoke the President, or he might hurt some of them.

Regan behaved with dignity and resignation. The party were evidently making for the coast.

(Signed) WILSON, Maj. Gen.

New York, 12.

A Richmond correspondent mentions the difficulty between Halleck and Sherman. The rupture between them, it is understood, grew out of Halleck's order countermanding the orders of Sherman to his subordinate commanders during the truce with Johnston. The Herald's correspondent says on Sherman's arrival in Richmond, he wrote to Halleck, stating that in future, all intercourse between them was forever at an end. The difference between them prevent the intended grand review of the army there.

Philadelphia, 14.

The subscriptions to the seven thirty loan yesterday were thirty and a half millions, and the total sales for the week were ninety-eight millions.

A Nashville special to the Times says Joe Brown, late rebel Governor of Georgia, was brought here last night a prisoner. He left in the evening for Louisville.

Every rebel body of regular soldiers and guerrilla organization in this State and Northern Alabama have given up to come in under Gen. Thomas' late order. Thousands of rebel soldiers have arrived here and taken the oath, including the redoubtable Dick McCann. Nearly all the hospitals are cleared out. Thousands of government employees are being discharged.

Southampton, 3.

In the Lords, Earl Russell moved an humble address to the Queen, expressing the horror and indignation of the House at President Lincoln's assassination, and praying that these sentiments be communicated to the American government. He said the Queen had written a private letter to Mrs. Lincoln, expressing the deepest sympathy for the irreparable loss. Lord Derby seconded the motion. Earl Grey, consequent on Lord Palmerston's illness, moved and seconded similar motions in the Commons. The demeanor of Parliament was in the highest degree impressive.

Mr. Adams presided at a great meeting of Americans in London, expressive of sorrow and indignation.

The shipment of the Atlantic cable is conducted with the greatest dispatch, and is expected to be finished and the Great Eastern ready to leave Sheerness in June.

Napoleon left Paris on the 29th ult., for Algeria. He was received enthusiastically at Lyons and Marseilles. The Empress was appointed regent.

The American minister thanked Drouy de L'Huys for condolence. M. Bonher communicated to the chamber a dispatch, conveying the sympathy of France, on account of Lincoln's assassination, to the American minister. Similar addresses have been agreed to in the Senate.

Belgium. The King is seriously ill.

Russia. The Czar had given a benediction to the new Czarowitch.

St. Petersburg journals express sympathy with the Americans on Mr. Lincoln's murder, hoping that Johnson may prove a worthy successor.

Austria. The Reichsrath has unanimously voted an address to America, expressing its sympathy. The government has expressed to the American minister at Vienna its deep sympathy.

Switzerland. The Federal council has forwarded a condolence address to America.

Spain. The rumors of the ministerial crisis are unfounded.

Prussia. Solemn services in the German and English languages were performed in Berlin on the 2d, in memory of Mr. Lincoln. Numerous deputations were present, Bismark attended, the King was represented by aides-de-camps and the church was crowded.

The Herald's correspondent details the particulars of the surrender of Dick Taylor, which took place at Citronville, Ala., on the 4th, 33 miles north of Mobile. Taylor made strenuous efforts to get the most favorable terms, but Canby was inflexible, and granted only those tendered to Lee. Taylor commanded all the troops in Alabama, Miss., and East Louisiana, and this completed the surrender of all the troops east of the Mississippi river.

The Times' special, Raleigh, N. C., 7, says the destitution of the people in North Carolina is terrible. The commissaries are continually besieged with applicants for food. The country is devastated in its immediate vicinity. Ruined old men and women, with but a single garment to cover their half-starved forms, are begging in the streets of Raleigh. The system of foraging, carried on by both armies, stripped the inhabitants of subsistence. They are with few exceptions reduced to want, and starvation stares them in the face. Some of the wealthiest families have been brought to the door of poverty.

A Vienna correspondent of the London Observer says the Czar of Russia has published an encyclical (circular) letter and distributed it among the Russian priests, with orders to inculcate its principles on the minds of the people. The Czar sets forth, in the name of Christ, his religious principles, extols his own infallibility and holiness, condemns other creeds, and calls them schismatic. Catholics and Protestants are in his estimation heretics and infidels. He inculcates intense hatred against other nations and says the Catholics do not believe in Christ but in the people. He denounces their saints as liars and impostors. England, France and Austria are subjects of bitter invectives. The encyclical inculcates the most vehement fanaticism, and concludes with a prayer that the Czar may have health and power to overcome the enemies of the faith of holy Russia.

R. M. T. Hunter has been arrested, brought to Richmond, and confined on a gunboat in the James river. It is said that Hunter for a year past has been desirous of reunion, being satisfied that further resistance was hopeless.

New York, 15.

The Tribune's special says arrangements are making at the Treasury to pay off the 2d and 5th corps, now encamped near Alexandria, within the next two weeks. The government has paid out \$130,000,000 of its debt during the month.

Maj.-Gen. Howard has been appointed

head of the freedmen's bureau.

Gen. Sherman's army started from Richmond on Friday, and will be here, with the General at its head, on Wednesday or Thursday.

Railroad communication between Richmond and the South is being established as fast as possible. There is but very little material in the country fit to repair roads with.

New York, 12.

The English Railroad Company have sub-let a portion of their road from Vera Cruz to a French company, thus giving France another claim on Mexico and combining the French and English interests.

New York, 15.

Long trains heavily laden with valuable property captured by the national armies in North Carolina and Virginia, are now daily arriving at City Point, Virginia, from Danville, via Burkesville Junction. Among the articles are goods in the original packages in which they ran the blockade of the national fleets at Southern ports and the machinery for the manufacture of fire-arms stolen by the rebels from Harper's Ferry.

Among the Richmond trophies in the 5th corps is a huge Russian bloodhound, which was kept by one of the Libby prison jailors, to hunt down escaped Union prisoners.

The rebel Gen. Lee and family are living in Richmond on Government rations, which are regularly served out to them.

The Times' special says it has been decided to reduce at once the strength of the army to 125,000 or 150,000 men.

New York, 16.

The Queen's response to the address from Parliament says she entirely participates in the sentiments of the address to her on the assassination, and has given directions to her Minister in Washington to make known the feelings entertained by Parliament in common with herself and her whole people.

The Commons voted the leading provisions of Gladstone's budget. The reduction of the tea duty was postponed till the first of June.

Napoleon was enthusiastically received in Algiers. The Government bill, fixing 100,000 men as the contingent of '66, passed the corps legislatif.

The Spanish government has published a decree ordering the evacuation of San Domingo.

Louisville, 16.

Maj.-Gen. Thomas arrived this evening enroute for Washington.

Gov. Brown, of Georgia, arrived this morning and left this evening. He was arrested on the night of the 9th inst., at the Executive Mansion, Milledgeville.

The Nashville Press learns that Gen. Forrest was killed by Capt. Wilder, of the rebel army, in revenge for shooting his son.

New York, 16.

The Tribune publishes an Imperial decree issued at the City of Mexico, March 4th, declaring all contracts for land or other property made with Benito Juarez to be of no value after that date; no claims of parties to any lands on the Pacific Coast will be respected.

The Commercial's special says evidence of the guilt of the prisoners at the conspiracy trial appears so conclusive and complete as to check the current of sympathy in their favor, produced by the proposed secret trial.

The prisoners are warned by counsel to abandon all hope. Reverdy Johnson takes but little part in the trial. He is preparing an elaborate argument, challenging the jurisdiction of the court.

Chicago, 16.

Hon. Schuyler Colfax leaves to-morrow night on a tour over the plains, and through California and Oregon, accompanied by Lieut. Gov. Bross, of Ill., Gen. Garfield, Sam. Bowles, of the Springfield Republican, and A. D. Richardson, of the New York Tribune. They expect to arrive in San Francisco about the 1st of August.

New York, 17.

The Herald's Chester, South Carolina, correspondent says the rebel Governor Vance, from North Carolina, arrived in Buncomb county last Friday, accompanied by a detachment of Kilpatrick's cavalry, by orders from Washington.

[Continued on page 260.]