

## EVENING NEWS.

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CHARLES W. PENROSE, EDITOR.

Monday, Dec. 11, 1882.

### EDITORIAL NOTES.

The tunnel under the Elbe, between Hamburg and the island of Steinwarder, now open, is 800 metres in length, and cost about \$5,000,000.

It is noticeable that President Arthur is referring to the regime of the Fraudulent Republic of Hayes as the "four years immediately preceding Mr. Garfield's accession to the Presidency."

A church in Bavaria accommodating 1,000 people has been almost entirely built of papier-mache, which can be supplied at a cost little above that of plaster. It can be made to imitate the finest marble, as it takes a polish superior to slate.

A Russian statesman has estimated that the embassies and embassies, private and official, in his country, amount to \$5,000,000 in a year. The figures are pretty steep, but this land of the free can see them and get several millions better.

The rumor comes from Washington that the President is not disposed to do anything to conciliate that portion of the Republican party which is now in revolt. If this is so, we may be prepared for complete democratic ascendancy to follow the election of 1884.

One result of the late Egyptian war has been the giving of the name Arabi to a color—Turkey red—and the name Khedive to a dress material which is of silk and wool with a satin finish. It is to be hoped that none of the bellicose spirit will be developed when there happens to be a difference of opinion as to the pronunciation of the two names.

A national observatory is about to be erected on the summit of Ben Nevis. Its situation is the middle track of the depressions or storms of Northwestern Europe is one of the chief reasons for its selection, as observations made there must be of far more value in their relation to the theory of cyclones than the mountain observations in Southern France, where the principal observatory for this branch of meteorology is at present situated.

There has been but little change in the material or shape of horse-shoes since they were first invented. An English mechanic, however, has made a discovery which promises well. It is a shoe composed of three thicknesses of cowhide compressed in a steel mould and subjected to a chemical preparation. It is claimed that it is more durable than the ordinary shoe, weighs about one-fourth as much, and has other important advantages.

In New Zealand they co-operate for medical attendance. A correspondent of the *Lancet* says: "A system exists of getting up clubs which contain nine-tenths of the population, and are subscribed to by men who would think to do so in England; well-to-do people who would be shocked over here at the thought of attending a dispensary. The doctor's fee per annum for a member varies from \$4 to \$5. This includes medicines and attendance." He earnestly advises young doctors to stay at home.

The new penal code of New York which took effect on the 1st inst., prohibits five classes of acts on Sunday, unless those acts be done in a work of necessity or charity. They are, first, servile labor; second, public sports and shows; third, trade, manufactures, or mechanical employments; fourth, public traffic; and fifth, the service of legal process. It has made quite a revolution among the Sunday salesmen, and bears very hard on bootblacks, newspaper boys, fruit-vendors, and other small traders.

The story of the *Jeannette* and the lost explorers, as obtained from the survivors of the ill-fated expedition and in the records and journals of DeLong, is graphically told in a work just published, of which Bro. Henry Bartlett is the agent for Utah and Sanpete counties. It is revised by the naturalist of the expedition, Raymond Lee Newcombe, and gives a vast amount of geographical, historical, and other information in reference to the cold regions of the forbidding North. Portraits of the officers of the *Jeannette*, maps, views, &c., amply illustrate the subject and make the work very attractive as well as useful.

Prof. Fonck of Breslau has lately made experiments on the common mushroom, from which it appears that all common mushrooms are poisonous, but that cooking deprives them in a greater or less degree of their poisonous qualities. The repeated washing with cold water which they usually undergo to clean them takes away a portion of the poison, and boiling does the rest; but the water in which they have been boiled is highly poisonous, and should always be carefully disposed of. Experiments which Prof. Fonck made on dogs showed that if a dog ate one per cent. of its own weight of raw mushrooms it fell sick, but recovered; if it ate one and a half per cent. the poison had a more violent, but not fatal effect; and if it ate two per cent. it was inevitably fatal. The water in which mushrooms had been boiled was more poisonous than the raw mushrooms, while the mushrooms thus boiled could be taken without hurt to the amount of ten per cent. of the weight of the dog's body. Washing with cold water does not remove all the poison, so that mushrooms thus prepared were poisonous when taken in large quantities.

### A LAW AGAINST SUICIDE.

ATTEMPTS at self-destruction are now made criminal in New York. The new penal code, which institutes many sweeping changes in the jurisprudence of that State, provides a penalty against suicide. It recites that "whoever, with intent to take his own life, commits any act dangerous to human life which, if committed upon or towards another person and followed by death as a consequence, would render the perpetrator chargeable with homicide, is guilty of attempting suicide." This attempt is next declared to be a felony punishable by imprisonment in a State prison not exceeding two years or by a fine of not more than \$1,000, or by both penalties.

There are differences of opinion about the expediency of this new legislation. But the great increase in the number of suicides prompted the lawmakers of the Empire State to attempt something by way of a check upon self-destruction which must be generally regarded as a crime. We do not think any person has the right to put out the lamp of his own vitality. He did not produce that life, he ought not to attempt to destroy it.

Some people hold that no sane person ever attempted self-murder. The facts indicate to the contrary. Men possessed of all the faculties common to their race and with extraordinary will power, have formed the conclusion that life is not worth sustaining because of its difficulties and the struggles necessary to its decent maintenance, and for that or some other reason have deliberately cut the brief thread of their mortal existence. It is argued that they must have been insane. But instances are not lacking where the suicides were in active possession of all the ordinary human powers, and exhibited no peculiar traits of character to mark them as of unsettled reason, except that which, as may be argued, was shown in the one last act of their earthly career.

We do not think there is anything wrong in the New York enactment against suicide. It will probably deter some unfortunate or morbid individuals from making an attempt upon their own lives, and thus diminish somewhat the annual number of suicides. This, however, remains to be proven, and time only can show whether this effort will be produced. Another result is likely to be that when persons inclined to shuffle off "this mortal coil" start in on that direction, they will take precautions to make a clean job of it, and thus give room in the world for some other struggler against the tide, and save the trouble of helping him back to life, as well as the cost of his imprisonment for felony.

There is one thing that suicides seldom take into account, and that is the probability that when they reach "the other side," their hurried intrusion into a place not prepared for their reception may be resented in such a manner that they will wish they had not been so hasty, and will discover that in trying to escape the evils that they felt, they may fall into greater sorrows that they knew not of, and so to speak "jump out of the frying pan into the fire." This world is one of trial and difficulty, but we have no doubt that experiences will prove the benefit of staying in it until a superior power removes us, and of making the best of it while we remain.

### INSTALLMENTS ON TAXES.

THE French system of taxation, while it bears some points of resemblance to that prevailing in this country, has one feature that causes it to bear lightly on persons of small means. About March 1st, every occupant of a house or apartment receives notice that his taxes for the coming year are assessed at such a figure, the amount of his personal tax, and his license, if any, being separately specified. If he has any objections to make, an opportunity is given him of doing so. Toward the end of March each one is notified that he must commence paying his taxes within eight days from the service of such notice. The taxes may be paid in monthly installments if the taxpayer be desirous, and we need hardly say that the mass of the people are glad to profit by this beneficent provision of the law.

It is to the last named provision that we now call attention. There are many people in large cities who own a little property and upon whom the taxes bear pretty heavily. Of course the plan of receiving the money by monthly installments would not lessen the actual amount, but it would render payments easier to a great number who find it difficult to raise the cash in a lump, and are not gifted with that thrift and forehandness by which preparation may be made for such contingencies. This plan may not be necessary in Utah where the taxes are so light compared with most portions of this great country, but in the populous cities and heavily taxed parts of the Union it would make the burden appear lighter, and while it would cause some extra labor to the collector, would save restraining upon property in many instances, and prevent much trouble and distress.

### "MORMONS" IN ARIZONA.

ATTEMPTS are frequently made by unscrupulous "liberals" in this city to disturb the relations existing between the "Mormons" and other settlers in the surrounding Territories. It is also reported frequently that the Arizonaans entertain hostile feelings towards the "Mormon" colonists in their vicinity. This is incorrect, and proofs of its falsity are frequently seen in the local papers in the neighborhood of the "Mormon" settlements. We notice in the Tucson Star the following paragraphs, which we clip as evidence of the feelings of our southern neighbors, a large majority of whom deprecate the attacks made upon the people of Utah by the

scamps who are continually trying to stir up trouble and manufacture mischief.

"The Star" yesterday favored with a pleasant visit from Mr. D. P. Kimball and Col. F. C. Merrill, of the San Pedro Valley, and Mr. C. Layton, of Salt Lake City. The gentlemen belong to the Mormon settlement which has done so much to stimulate the industrial development of that beautiful valley. They are enterprising, wide awake and cultivated gentlemen, and will prove valuable accessions to any community. They speak in the highest terms of the valley and are confident of a brilliant future for it. Col. Merrill and Mr. Layton visited Tucson thirty-six years ago, and laughingly contrast its present appearance with what it was then. They were then soldiers in the famous Mormon Battalion commanded by Col. St. George Cook. Since then many changes have occurred, but the best comparison of which is the growing settlement on the San Pedro, with its brilliant possibilities and splendid future."

"The Mormon settlement on the San Pedro is rapidly becoming one of the most prosperous and enterprising in the Territory. The people, like all Mormons, are industrious, frugal and adventurous, and they are not afraid of the means by which the wilderness is to be made to blossom as a rose. Such people alone to the wealth and development of the Territory are sure of a hearty appreciation and cordial welcome."

### BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

#### AMERICAN.

LATEST BY LIGHTNING.

CHICAGO, 11.—A. Vincennes, Ind., special says: A fire in Petersburg yesterday destroyed a number of stores and residences; loss \$30,000; partially insured.

A man believed to be the incendiary of the fire at Petersburg, Va., was arrested yesterday. He is believed to have been a member of the Ku Klux Klan.

A Lincoln, Neb., special says: Hon. C. C. Burris' elegant new mansion was burned yesterday; loss \$50,000; half insured.

It is not generally known that there is a Chicago branch of the self-styled orthodox reorganized church of Latter-day Saints which violently opposes what it calls the heterodox. This body is presided over by Joseph Smith, Jr., son of him unto whom was "revealed" many things. The Chicago Saints assemble twice on Sundays in a small room in 313 Madison Street, which on week days is devoted to the ritual of various secret societies, and around the walls of which are displayed in glaring contrast. These Saints stand by the works of Joseph Smith and find in them what they consider convincing arguments in condemnation of polygamy. The services are much the same as the Methodist and are conducted at present by W. H. Kelly.

The Tariff on Sugar. The sugar refiners of Chicago agree on saying that they will approve of a reduction of the duty on sugar, and that the present arrangement being only a few refiners and an injury to the consumer as well as a disadvantage to the country.

A Washington special says: The Duke of Newcastle has been here for a few days on a visit. Yesterday morning he presented himself at St. John's church, where the President worshiped, but being quite early was told by the usher that he would have to wait in the vestibule until the service began before he could be admitted. With a sigh he waited half an hour the Duke was informed that all the seats were filled, and thereupon he returned to his hotel. It is needless to say the Duke was not recognized.

The Western Union special. New York, 11.—In reply to the request of Dr. N. V. Green, President of the Western Union Telegraph Company for an early hearing in the matter of the application of Joseph P. Green for vacation of the charter of the company, the attorney General fixed Friday the 15th inst. as the day on which the case will be heard.

San Francisco Silver Mine. The Yagui River Mining Company, incorporated here, has been about placing its stock on the market. The property is said to be located in Guaymas district, Sonora, and is known as the San Francisco Silver mine.

St. Louis, 11.—Charles L. Lamb, who connected with the grandson of Clayborne F. Jackson, the noted rebel governor of Missouri, entered the house of a man named Hall, with whose wife it is said Lamb was intimate before he married. A row ensued in which Lamb was knocked down and dragged out; he reeled around the house, and fired through a window and killed Mrs. Hall. He was arrested on the charge of murder.

Extension, N. J., 11.—Archibald Graham, proprietor of the Pacific Spring Brewery, died this morning, aged 58 years.

Baltimore, 11.—James H. Barney, president of the Baltimore Warehouse Co., was found dead in bed this morning.

SANDUSKY, Ohio, 11.—State Senator H. E. O. Hagen is dead. Washington, 11.—Alexander Gardner, who achieved national reputation during the war by photographic work, died this morning, aged 61. He was originator of the National Relief Association.

Woman's Suffrage. WASHINGTON, 11.—The Federal Woman's Suffrage Convention was held here on Saturday.

A Wholesale Steal in Louisville. LOUISVILLE, Ky., 11.—A committee of the city council has been investigating the tax collector of that city for 79. It transpires that there was a collusion on one corner of the employees and the collector, and the assessor's office whereby about half the revenues were pocketed and covered by false entries. Geo. Levi, now assistant fire chief, was one of the clerks in the collector's office at that time. A man named Fortman, who was in the collector's office, is now in Louisville, and a subpoena has been ordered for him. The city auditor Hinkle is also said to be implicated. The bottom, it is said, is not yet reached.

The Only Raphael. New York, 11.—H. W. A. Nahl of San Francisco, in an article in the *Harvard*, denies the statement of the New York papers that the only Raphael is possessed by Monroe Butler Johnson. Nahl says he has placed, now on exhibition in San Francisco, with probably be exhibited in the near future next spring, in New Jersey.

### FOREIGN.

LATEST TRANS-ATLANTIC DISPATCHES.

A Headless Galle.

PESTE, 11.—A duel between Hilary, minister of public works, and Balmby, member of the Hungarian Diet, took place this morning; each fired two shots without effect.

French Threats.

Paris, 11.—*Republique Francaise* again violently attacks the policy of the British Government in Egypt. The article concludes: Egypt is too big a morsel to be swallowed even by England, and this she will find out.

The Fate of the Budget.

Berlin, 11.—During the discussion of the budget in the Reichstag on Saturday, Richter strongly denounced the protectionist. He declared that the interdiction of the importation of pork was much less a sanitary than a protectionist measure. There is no doubt of the fate of the budget scheme, it is sealed.

Paralyzed.

London, 11.—Lord Houghton has had two strokes of paralysis within the past few days.

Louis Blanc's Funeral.

Paris, 11.—The Senate, 188 to 87, passed a vote of 10,000 francs for expenses of the funeral of Louis Blanc to-morrow. The anarchists threaten to make a hostile demonstration at the funeral.

Mordomskjold's Mother Failed. Berlin, 11.—Siberiakoff, the Russian millionaire, patron of the Arctic explorer, Mordomskjold, has failed.

Well Paid.

Dublin, 11.—The government has given £1,500 to the Joyce, witnesses in the trial of the Mambres murder.

The Khedive's Commander.

London, 11.—General Sir Evelyn Wood takes command of the Khedive's new army.

Mexican Matters.

City of Mexico, 11.—The minister of foreign affairs says: The report that commissioners have been appointed to negotiate a commercial treaty with the United States is incorrect. Romero, who sailed for the United States to-day, carries full instructions on the subject, and shortly a commission will be appointed to join him in Washington where the negotiation will be conducted. The minister of finance also states that the Mexican bonds offered in New York were not recognized by the Mexican government.

The London Fire.

London, 11.—A fresh outbreak at the scene of the recent fire in Wood Street, occurred on Saturday night, and the warehouse belonging to Selber & Fleming, was destroyed.

### Correspondence.

PALEAZ HOTEL, Tucson, Pima Co., Arizona, Dec. 5, 1882.

Editor Deseret News:

Col. F. C. Merrill, Bishop C. Layton, M. T. Troje and myself came here on the 1st inst. to all appointments in meeting gentlemen from the City of Mexico and Hermosillo, Sonora on particular business.

Yesterday we took in the sights. Tucson is fast building up, you can hear the busy hum of the pulley in every part of the city; the old Mexican adobe buildings are fast disappearing and giving away for more modern and better ones, as well as commodious structures. We visited T. Zwickendorf & Co's store. The above firm carry a stock of goods worth four hundred thousand dollars, do a million and a half dollars business a year, import one million pounds of freight and pay the railroad \$20,000 for the same. There are other large houses, such as Tully, Ochs & Co., A. D. Otis & Co. and dozens of smaller firms, and altogether the City of Tucson is a modern wonder, built and sustained in a desert with 5,000 inhabitants.

We shall return home to-day well satisfied with our journey and the welcome which have attended our exertions.

We anticipate a visit from Apostle Snow and Thatcher, whom we have been anxiously awaiting since we learned of their arrival in San Francisco, Los Angeles and now Mesa City, on the Salt River.

Tucson Star, by which you will see we are fairly spoken of. We learn by the papers that the Liberal "Reformers," are now waiting for more before they can do any more mischief, or I would add disgrace themselves in the eyes of all sensible men, for their conduct is a very little appreciated by their fellow "Gentle" in Arizona, who have many have expressed themselves to me that the course of the Ring in Utah was more persecution than a disservice to American freedom, and would make us many friends over the Union and in foreign countries. For the universal cry of nations or the people is freedom and down with oppression of every kind.

We have many warm friends in old Mexico, and with all our religious practice could, if we wished, live in great peace and prosperity in that country. But that is not our programme, we are American citizens, both by adoption and birth, and by the "Continental Congress" and the "Great Jehovah" we will have our rights and maintain our lands and homes in Utah, and wherever we have purchased from our Government, and God will see to it that we have our rights, our course being to serve God and keep His holy law.

The people of St. David were generally in health when we left home, and that town is gradually improving, but to make our place and location more attractive we need a good school teacher, (male), also a teacher of vocal and instrumental music.

Yours respectfully,

DAVID F. KIMBALL.

DIED.

GUTH.—At Meadow, Millard Co., Utah, Dec. 3, 1882, of whooping cough, after two weeks illness, Sarah Guth, infant daughter of John and Mary Guth, aged 11 months and four days.

Seven more of the family are at present afflicted with this dreadful cough.

January.—In the 10th Ward, Salt Lake City, December 9th, 1882, Joseph H. Smith, son of H. and Julia M. Smith. Born August 5, 1874.

Dr. D. and Standish & Stern, please copy.

FOUND.

A LADY'S BOA. THE OWNER CAN BE SEEN AT THE DESERET NEWS OFFICE.

**EMIL FRESSE'S HAMBURG TEA.**

It is a triumph in medicine, harmless, yet efficacious, invaluable in the family, at the mines, on the road, at sea and everywhere.

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Monday Eve., Dec. 11, '82, THE SALT LAKE DRAMATIC COMBINATION.

**TICKET OF LEAVE MAN!**

WITH A POWERFUL CAST OF CHARACTERS. NEW AND EFFECTIVE SCENERY! NEW AND APPROPRIATE COSTUMES!

**FOR SALE.**

A NEW SECOND-HAND BUGGIES AND A Spring Wagon. Apply at Salt Lake Carriage and Wagon Shop, corner of Commerce and Olive Streets.

**WANTED.**

A GIRL FOR KITCHEN WORK. APPLY immediately to Mrs. Louis Cohn 35th Ward, corner Pine and Fruit Streets, or enquire at Col. Rodgers' dry goods store.

**GRAVE STONES!**

I AM STARTING A MARBLE SHOP No. 35, First South St., East of Deseret Bank, where most class of work will be done at LOWEST RATES.

**Denver and Rio Grande Railway.**

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.

**CHRISTMAS 1882! NEW YEAR'S 1883!**

BEFORE BUYING YOUR CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS, CALL AND SEE O. L. ELIASON, 142 Main Street.

**CHOICE GOLD AND SILVER.**

Watches, Cheaper than elsewhere. Ladies' 14 Karat Gold Neck and Guard Chains; Gents' GOLD and SILVER Vest Chains; Fine Gold Setts and Bracelets.

**SOLID SILVER WARE.**

THE VERY BEST. FINE OPERA GLASSES, SPECTACLES and EYE GLASSES, in Gold and Silver.

**PERFUME.**

Murray & Lanman's FLORIDA WATER. Best for TOILET, BATH and HANDKERCHIEF.

**BARNES & DAVIS,**

FORMERLY DAY & CO.

**CHOICE HOLIDAY GOODS!**

**RAISINS, CURRANTS, NUTS, CANDIES, Etc.**

ALSO, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF TOYS.

**THAT WILL BE SOLD VERY CHEAP!**

**Our Stock is Complete and PRICES THE LOWEST IN THE CITY!**

**AGENTS FOR DEMOREST PATTERNS.**

**JUST RECEIVED!**

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT, CONSISTING OF 33 DIFFERENT KINDS, NEWEST AND CHEAPEST DESIGNS OF Parlor, Bed Room, Cook Stoves & Ranges!

**O. S. WALSH, ENGLISH TIN STORE, KIMBALL BLOCK.**

**Z. WHOLESALE GROCERY DEPARTMENT. C.**

We desire to inform our patrons and the general public that we have just received a full line of NEW FRUITS, FANCY AND STAPLE GROCERIES, consisting in part of

Currents, London Layers, Citron Peel, Valencia Raisins, Layers, Lemon, Dehesa, Loose Muscatelles, Orange, Spices, Staple and Fancy Candies, Sauces.

Walnuts, Almonds, Pecans, Filberts, Brazils, Roasted Peanuts.

**EXTRA CHOICE GARDEN TEA.**

WM. JENNINGS, SUPT. Lion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution.

**HAVERLY'S SALT LAKE THEATRE.**

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, December, 14, 15, & 16.

**ALL STAR SPECIALTY COMPANY.**

M. B. LEAVITT, Sole Proprietor. DUBUAY McADAMS, Manager.

**HERE IT IS!**

3 ST. FELIX SISTERS. 3 CHAMBERLAIN, CHAS. ALPHONSO, ANNIE BOYD, HARRY MORRIS.

**DIAMONDS.**

G. W. WATSON, J. G. BREWSTER, W. S. GILMORE, CHAS. SAWYER, R. E. HEDGE, EDWARD BARNES, F. S. GARDNER.

**LIME! LIME!**

Equal to any in the Market! BURNS & SONS, LATE OF THE FIRM OF MACDUFF BROS.

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