EVENING NEWS.

Published Daily, Sundays Excepted, AT FOUR O'CLOCK.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE DESERET NEWS COMPANY.

CHARLES W. PENROSE, EDITOR.

Thursday, March 22, 1888.

GENERAL ANNUAL CONFERENCE.

THE Fifty-eighth Annual Conference of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints will commence at 10 o'clock Thursday morning, April 5th, 1888, in the Tabernacle, Salt Lake City.

The officers and members of the Church are respectfully invited to attend.

WILFORD WOODRUFF,
In behalf of the Council of the Twelve Apostles.

SOMETHING SOLID.

IN the midst of much that is of the baloon order of the boom business it is refreshing to turn toward something solid. Nothing in the latter line affords more satisfaction to those who desire the substantial progress of the community than the noble structure erected by Z. C. M. I., and which is rapidly nearing completion. As soon as it is ready for occupany, the manufacturing department, conducted by Mr. W. H. Rowe, will move from its present quarters into it. We hope soon to see a busy throng of factory employes at work in it, in the midst of the hum and whirl of labor-saving machinery, turning out great quantities of goods for home consumption, and maybe a margin for expertation.

Yesterday we took a look through the building, and pronounce it all that could be desired for the purpose for which it is designed.

The mechanical construction is, in many respects, novel, and for strength and security it is unexcelled by any building of its class we have seen in this country. The forty-four pillars that surround the building support the four walls; each pillar rests on a double base of stone. From base to base is an arch supporting the connecting wall, which could be removed without weakening the building. In the pillars, at each floor, are set large cut stones, as piers to support the ends of the cross-beams, which are made of seven two-inch planks, fourteen inches wide, placed on edge and bolted together.

The measurement of the building, independent of the tower, is one hundred and sixty-five feet eight inches by forty-nine feet. The basement is ten feet six inches high, and the columns which support the upper floors are eighteen in number. These rest on stone bases, and are of wood, fourteen by fourteen inches. At each floor these are surmounted by iron caps, each weighing six hundred pounds. The columns sustain the entire weight of the floors and roof, making them entirely independent of the walls, which in case there be any settling of the piers, are in no danger of cracking, a trouble that has been difficult to overcome in large buildings.

The basement floor is to be of cement. Those above are double, the lower floor being three-inch lumber, grooved on both sides, and bound with a tongue in. On top of this is a layer of asphaltum paper, and over this one and a half inches of flooring, making the floors water tight. The asphaltum also has the effect of partially deadening the sound in the room below of those working on the upper floor; this is necessary from the fact that there are no plastered ceilings. The cross-beams under the floors are connected at the intersections by three hundred pound iron shoes, and are bound to the outside of the walls. None of the timbers, however, pass through or into the walls, but are entirely independent except for the bracing rods.

Above the first story the rooms are eleven feet six inches high. The fourth story has an arched roof, bound in the centre by lapping beams, which also brace the walls. The roof is composed of three-inch lumber, four coats of tarred paper, and tarred canvas; the whole is covered with a coating of fine gravel. The water is carried off by four drains.

In the roof are two fire escapes, by which, in case of fire, the occupants of the building would have no difficulty in escaping to the Z. C. M. I. general store, with which the factory is connected.

The tower is at the east side of the main building, in the center, and is sixteen by forty feet. In it are the staircase, elevater, closets and rooms for the hats, coats etc., of the employes.

The whole building is perfectly lighted, five-eighths of the walls being windows. There are in the four stories and basement two hundred and two windows, each composed of four sashes, one of which can be opened for ventilation. The walls of the main building are fifty-eight feet high, and the tower seventy-nine feet. No plastering will be done, as the brickwork is pointed inside as well as out.

A large force of men has been employed in the erection of the building, the pay rolls showing that frequently over eighty men were engaged, independent of teamsters.

Watson Brothers are the builders and the structure is a credit to that firm. It has been inspected by men in the building line from the east, who have expressed unqualified admiration for it. It is perfectly safe to say it is probably the finest of its class between the Missouri River and the Pacific Coast. Mr. Robert Bowman, a young man raised in the community, has had entire charge of the carpenter work, which has been solidly and ingeniously executed. A few more buildings of this kind and there would be no doubt as to the substantial and progressive character of the boom.

Superintendent Eldredge takes great satisfaction in contemplating the new factory building and its possibilities in the manufacturing line.

ERASTUS W. SNOW.

ELDER ERASTUS W. SNOW, son of Apostle Erastus Snow and his wife Minerva, who died in this city at 8:40 a m, yesterday, March 21st, was a man of marked characteristics, among which was an indomitable will-power. This peculiar trait enabled him to stand by the post of duty under circumstances that would have caused a man of less mental force to succumb. His health had been precarious for many years and often when he appeared to have, almost reached the gates of death he would rally again and again and re-enter the active pursuits of life.

The deceased, though he died in the time when manhood usually reaches its most vigorous point, might properly be termed a pioneer of this region, having come into the world in the old fort (Sixth Ward) on January 27th, 1849. His early boyhood was spent in this city, and in 1861, when his father, the man who did practically more than any other to build up Southern Utah in the early and later stages of its growth, moved his family to St. George, the deceased, then about twelve years of age, accompanied them. He assisted his father in the arduous labor of redeeming that formerly sterile section of country.

In 1871 he was called to go on a mission to Great Britain. He labored most if not all of the period of his absence on that occasion in the Birmingham Conference. His health became greatly impaired at that time. He suffered intensely from an affection of the heart and lungs, but his unyielding will, under the blessing of God, caused him to prefer remaining abroad rather than return home before the expiration of what was then deemed the average duration of a foreign mission—about two years. When his father reached England on his way to Vienna to meet George A. Smith's tourist party, in 1873, he found his son in a precarious condition. In the hope of improving his health he accompanied his father on a trip to the Continent of Europe and visited Paris, Berlin, Vienna and Scandinavia.

The mission to Europe lasted about two years, and after his return home he accompanied his father on a preaching trip through the settlements of Northern Utah. It was then that he first met Miss Margaret A. McBride, of Eden, Weber County, whom he married in August, 1874. In October, 1875 he was called on a mission to the Eastern States, and during his absence he was seized with such a prostrating attack of his old malady that he was compelled to return in a few months, from Massachusetts, where he had been laboring. On his return and recovery he resumed his public labors in the St. George Stake of Zion, of whose High Council he was a member for many years. He also occupied the secular office of assessor and collector of Washington County for a considerable period.

Nearly the whole of his life from the time of his reaching manhood was a constant struggle with an obstinate and finally fatal malady. The complaint originated when he was 20 years of age, when he suffered a severe attack of rheumatic fever, the effects of which were never eradicated from his heart and lungs.

In the hope of improving his health by the change, the deceased removed from St. George to Provo in 1884, where he established a new home, and entered, in company with his brothers, the furniture business. He built a fine residence, which was just completed about the time he was seized by his last attack of illness. He was a member of the High Council of Utah Stake, which position he held at the time of his death.

He came up to this city about two weeks since, hoping to receive better medical advice and more appropriate treatment. Up to within a few moments of his death he was not only conscious, but in clear possession of his faculties, and his cheerfulness never flagged for a moment.

Elder Snow's family and relatives will miss his genial presence and companionship, but they cannot fail to be comforted with the reflection that he made, especially for a young man, an exceptionally fine record, remained true and steadfast in his faith and integrity, and is therefore entitled to the promises of the Lord to the Saints in relation to those who endure faithful to the end.

A REAL LIFE ROMANCE.

THE *Missouri Republican* tells an interesting New Jersey romance, vouching for its truth. It is in brief that Hugh McKenzie stopped at the house of farmer Johnson, near New Brunswick, New Jersey, last summer, in the guise of a tramp and asked for shelter for the night, when the farmer refused him. The farmer's daughter Emma appeared as the man turned sorrowfully away, and, being struck by the man's appearance, begged her father to let the poor fellow stay. Johnson consented and McKenzie was given work. He has remained there ever since, and now it is announced that he and Miss Emma are to be married.

A greater surprise is caused by the story that instead of being a tramp McKenzie is worth $100,000. He is the son, he says, of Colin McKenzie, a wealthy retired lawyer and civil engineer of Edinburgh, Scotland. Last summer he and a friend, Harry Gorden, went off on a tramp through the highlands, his father giving him £300 for expenses. They had not been on their vacation long when they resolved to run away to America. They reached New York, soon ran through their money, and were then in a sad fix. After trying to get work in New York they went to Newark and staid there awhile. They then went to New Brunswick, but could not obtain work, and their money gave out entirely. The two started to walk to Trenton, and it was on this journey that McKenzie stopped at the Johnson farm. His friend obtained work in the Adams Venebale foundry works in New Brunswick.

For a long time McKenzie did not write home, and when he did so it was to find that his father was dead. He immediately cabled to Ford, Rankin & Ford, South Square, Gray's inn, his father's attorneys, and afterward wrote them. He will soon come into possession of one-sixth of his father's fortune of over £125,000, and he has entered into negotiations for the purchase of a farm, upon which, when everything is settled, he and Miss Johnson will live after their their marriage. McKenzie is a handsome young man of 23. Miss Johnson is a pretty girl of 18.

An English writer says: It is safe to predict that within a measurable time Ireland will have its own local government; but behind the Irish question there looms up already a Scotch question, and behind that a Welsh question, and further off, Australian and Canadian and Indian questions, and one wonders whether the final outcome will be an isolated England or a confederated empire.

The latest production of that noted author Samuel Smiles, whose works are read in every civilized country, is entitled "Life and Labor," and is in line with "Self-Help" and "Character," books that are as familiar as household words. Like the two last named the new work is a stimulation to study, work and perseverance. Many young men previously without ambition have been incited to activity and success by reading the productions of Mr. Smiles. He brings before the enchanted reader a multitude of the most striking examples of labor and consequent greatness the race has furnished, and every biographical incident or narrative points a moral. "Life and Labor" has been placed on our table by Mr. Dwyer, who has it on sale. Every youth in Utah should possess a set of Smiles' works and read every volume attentively. If he did not believe before that he was capable of becoming somebody, he will then.

A scientist named Mendeleff, a Russian, who has been co-operating with the noted explorer, Major John W. Powell, says concerning the Zuni Indians, among whom he has sojourned six years: "The land is not owned individually. Ever since before historic time land has been owned by the whole nation on the Henry George plan. They are McGlynn socialists. If an Indian goes out and takes up some land not in use and cultivates it nobody can take it from him. But if he stops using it anybody else can jump it. It belongs to the fellow that can use it."

There was a sensation in the district court room at Bonham, Texas, on the 16th inst. Jim Scarlett was on trial for the murder of Andy Lacefield in 1885. The supposed murdered man appeared in court alone and well and was identified by several witnesses as Lacefield. He testified that Scarlett shot him in the head and threw him into the Red River, but that he succeeded in getting out of the water to the house of a friend, where he lay sick a long time. Scarlett was tried once before for the murder and sentenced to death, but got a new trial on a technicality.

A correspondent of *Science*, Mr. P. J. Farnsworth, of Clinton, Iowa, finds a very striking resemblance between the membrane of diphtheria and the fungi that produce dry rot, or more especially those forms that grow in living trees. A white or yellow leathery substance is produced, sometimes known as "punk;" the roots of the fungus penetrate the cells of the wood in every direction, producing disintegration and decay. Diphtheria is called an exudation, and classed as a bacterial disease, when in fact it is a fungus of a higher order. It grows on the surface, and spreads by fibulations, and its roots penetrate deeply into the tissue, producing changes and decomposition, which becomes the soil for bacteria, generating poisons that are absorbed and powerfully affect the whole system. In this view its life history has not been studied or found out. It is known that the membrane can be transplanted, but how it is propagated by spores is unknown. There is evidently some peculiar condition required. It may be that an alkaline condition of the system is required, which is the reason for the capriciousness of its infection.

Prof. Chandler, of New York, one of the most eminent analytical chemists and sanitarians, knows something of the manufacturers of patent medicines—"because they try to bribe me to certify to the value of their concoctions." Some of them, he says, are admirably managed, having regular staff organizations. There is the literary man, who writes the letters, giving marvelous accounts of marvelous cures; there is the artist, who shows the patient before and after taking twenty-two bottles of the medicine; there is the poet, who composes poems upon the subject; there is the liar, who swears to what he knows isn't true; and the forger who produces testimonials from his own imagination. "Without exaggeration, I should say that nine out of ten of these proprietary medicines are frauds, pure and simple; the real business is advertising for dupes. The medical part of it is but a side issue. I am pretty sure, if I were to pound up brickbats, and spend $100,000 advertising it at $1 an ounce, as a sure cure for some disease which cannot be cured, I should get at least $110,000, thus giving me $10,000 for my trouble. Nine-tenths of the medicines sent out in this fashion have no more curative properties than brickbat dust."

CONFERENCE IN NEW ZEALAND.

Excellent Progress of the Native Saints in the Gospel.

WAIAPU DISTRICT,
East Cape, New Zealand,
February 13th, 1888.

Editor Deseret News:

It affords us pleasure to forward you the report of the Waiapu district conference.

Conference convened Saturday and Sunday, February 11 and 12. Present on the occasion were William Paxman, president of the mission; John E. Magleby, president of the district; traveling Elders, John W. Platt, Geo. W. Davis and Joseph J. Jackson, and visiting Elder Ezra F. Richards, translator of the Book of Mormon. The latter was paying a farewell visit to the district he had previously labored in.

Conference commenced at 10, p. m. After the usual opening exercises, President Magleby announced to the Saints the object of the conference, made a few opening remarks, and gave some general instructions.

The reports of the presidents of branches were then given, which were very encouraging, showing that the Saints were doing their duties to the best of their ability generally; though some of them had become dead as to the Gospel, having been overcome by the powers of the evil one. Many had donated quite liberally of their means for the translation of the Book of Mormon.

PRESIDENT PAXMAN

then addressed the assembly a short time in his usually able manner. He rejoiced in meeting the Saints of the Waiapu district again in conference, and in seeing so many of the Priesthood present, and so many of the Saints from the various parts of the district. Said it was necessary for Saints to meet from time to time in conference to learn how matters were moving, and what was being done, and to be taught our duties pertaining to our high and holy calling. Spoke on the principles of faith and perseverance, referring to many of the ancient worthies, and exhorting the Saints to be diligent in the magnifying of their calling. He also spoke a short time on the Word of Wisdom, showing the evil and good results of obeying or disobeying this holy word. He also gave other general and timely instructions, and said he was very anxious for the school to be kept in good running order, and as the Saints were also anxious, it would depend on their sending their children and providing the necessary means to purchase books for the school; as we were not backed by the government with money. He closed by praying God to bless all.

2 p. m. After the usual opening exercises the statistical report of the district was read, and Elders Geo. W. Davis and John W. Platt addressed the Saints a few minutes. They spoke briefly on the Gospel and bore testimony to the truth of the same.

A few of the Maori brethren also spoke, giving exhortations to their fellows. They felt to rejoice in the Gospel and the privileges they enjoyed in the same.

The financial report was then read which was very encouraging. Meeting closed by singing and prayer.

A PRIESTHOOD MEETING

was held in the evening, commencing at 7:30. Elder E. F. Richards by request of President Paxman, addressed the priesthood. He spoke of his past labors with the priesthood, and rejoiced in the privilege of again meeting them. Gave some excellent instructions to the members, and showed them the great blessings they had received, and how by performing their duties faithfully they were entitled to the blessings of God. He spoke a few minutes of the many and glorious promises made to the Maories or Lamanites as recorded in the Book of Mormon.

Next was the reading of some names to receive and be advanced in the priesthood, which were voted for unanimously.

President Paxman then gave some plain, simple and truthful instructions. He spoke of the business of the Book of Mormon and the progress of its translation into the Maori language.

Sunday, 10 a.m. Meeting commenced in the usual manner. The second hymn was sung by the Maori children in the English language.

The sacrament was administered.

ELDER E. F. RICHARDS

was the first speaker. He spoke of the joy and satisfaction he had in again visiting the districts and the people where he had labored so long, before returning home, and exhorted the Saints to faithfulness. Closed by bearing a powerful testimony.

One of the Maori brethren and Elder Joseph J. Jackson followed. The latter gave general instruction to the Saints, and closed by bearing his testimony.

Meeting closed by the children singing a hymn.

3 p.m. The opening hymn was rendered by the children.

The general and local authorities of the Church were unanimously sustained.

Elder J. E. Magleby addressed the conference. Said as there were a number of people in the house he might not see again, he wished to tell them some truths of the Gospel. He then delivered a sermon on the first principles of the Gospel, and bore a strong testimony of the truth of it.

Singing by the children.

Several of the leading Maories occupied the remaining time.

Conference closed by singing and prayer.

There was a

TESTIMONY MEETING

in the evening in which seventeen of the Maori brethren and sisters bore their testimonies. President Paxman occupied a short time, giving words of encouragement to the Saints.

Meeting was dismissed, but the people called for the President to speak to them longer, they were so anxious to hear him. He granted their request by speaking a half hour longer to them.

Our conference passed off in good order, and all enjoyed themselves. We certainly had a feast of that spiritual food which is so essential for the spiritual man, and all returned to their various homes feeling well, with their faith and determination strengthened.

The district is in a thriving condition, though very little baptizing has been done in the last year. The health of the Saints is good generally. The school that has been taught ten months by Elder John W. Platt and four months by Elder Geo. W. Davis, has been vacated during the hot weather, but will be continued, commencing on the 4th instant, with Elder John W. Platt as teacher, till the general conference to be held April 6th, 7th and 8th, when other changes will be made.

It is remarkable, the progress the Maori children make in reading and writing the English language. They are also very apt at singing, having learned four hymns from the L. D. S. hymn book, for the conference.

Elder Davis is released from this district to labor in the Bay of Island district.

JOHN W. PLATT,
Clerk of Conference.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAMS

The French Army Commission Propose 25 Years' Service for All Citizens.

The Government of Great Britain Calling for Another £5,000,000.

The Inundation of the Missouri Increasing.—Milk River Now Swells the Flood.

Death of George W. Cass, an Eminent American Engineer.

Another Cold Wave Strikes Chicago.—The Mercury Drops 38 Degrees.

[By Telegraph to the NEWS.]

Twenty-Five Years in the Army.

PARIS, March 22.—The Senate Army Commission, presided over by Mr. De Freycinct, has prepared a new recruiting bill. The bill subjects all citizens alike to service for 25 years but provides for various partial exemptions, in the case of students and others, imposing, however, taxes upon persons thus exempted. These taxes, it is calculated, will result in a revenue of 25,000,000 francs yearly. The bill also provides that all sons of parents born in France are liable to service whether naturalized or not.

Hits from Berlin.

BERLIN, March 22.—Emperor Frederick will today receive a deputation from the Russian Kalaga regiment which, owing to the heavy snowfall, only arrived yesterday. The Emperor continues so well that the doctors appear more hopeful than ever.

The city of Leipsic has bought Lebach's celebrated portraits of Kaiser Wilhelm and Prince Bismarck for $10,000.

From the Czar.

ROME, March 22.—The Russian agent of the Vatican will bring an autograph letter from the Czar to the Pope.

Another £5,000,000.

LONDON, March 22.—The government contemplates asking Parliament for another £5,000,000 under the Ashbourne act. All the countries represented at the recent sugar bounties conference, with the exception of France, have sent replies to the British government favorable to the abolition of sugar bounties.

Death of Geo. W. Cass.

NEW YORK, March 22.—George W. Cass died yesterday after an illness lasting one year, aged 78. He was one of the engineers of the Great National Road; built the first iron bridge in the United States, established the first fast transportation company across the Alleghenny Mountains. At one time he was president of the Adams Express Company; also of the Ohio & Pennsylvania Railway, and for twenty-six years held the same office in the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railway. He was president of the Northern Pacific at one time and subsequently receiver. He leaves a wife, son and four daughters.

The Great Flood.

POPLAR, Mont., March 22.—The great flood on Upper Missouri continues and the river is still rising. There is six feet of water on the railway at Wolf Point and the bridges are all washed out. Milk River is commencing to break up and the country is flooded for 40 miles around. Cattlemen and Indians will lose large quantities of hay and wood, and some stock, and if the river gorges at this point the loss will be enormous.

$7,395,000 Debt.

BUENOS AYRES, March 22.—The executive has ordered the collection of $7,395,000 in gold, which Sanford & Clark owe on account of the sale of the Andes Railroad.

Drop in Temperature.

CHICAGO, March 22.—Dispatches from various points in the northwest report a drop in the temperature yesterday of from thirty to forty degrees, accompanied nearly everywhere by high winds and light snow. Fears are expressed that winter wheat will be seriously injured. In this city the mercury dropped 38 degrees since yesterday morning, touching zero at daylight today. In Minnesota and Dakota the thermometer registered from 6 to 20 degrees below.

High Water.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 22.—The water in the Blackstone reached the high point at noon today. Nearly all the mills below Woonsacket have shut down and many are flooded. The damage will be heavy.

Seven Instantly Killed.

GRAVELHURST, Ont., March 22.—A freight train and snow plow collided a few miles south of here today. Seven men were instantly killed and five seriously injured.

$250,000 Missing.

FRANKFORT, Ky., March 22.—It is now thought that Tate's total shortage is about $250,000. The books of the treasurer's office show extreme looseness and it will be weeks before order can be restored.

Dead.

NEW YORK, March 22.—James M. Halstead, President of the American Fire Insurance Company, died this morning.

Bridges Washed Away.

NEW YORK, March 22.—Several bridges on the West Shore railway were carried away by floods and the traffic of the road is being sent by the New York Central. New York and New England suffered severely from washouts.

Civil Service.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—The Senate committee to examine into the present condition of the civil service organized this morning and a sub committee was authorized to go to Philadelphia next week to examine witnesses.

Mills' Bill Amended.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—The committee on ways and means today formally directed a favorable report for Mills' tariff bill. The bill was amended this morning, at the instance of democratic members, as follows: Twenty-five per cent. duty on tarletans, muils and crinoline was changed to the present duty of 40 per cent. The duty on paddy was fixed at 1 cent per pound; waiting and Paris white were stricken from the free list and the duty fixed at 20 per cent *ad valorem*. Linseed was removed from the free list and the duty fixed at 10 cents per gallon; fire brick was also excepted from the free list. The committee adjourned subject to the call of the chairman. The present understanding is that the bill will be reported to the House on Saturday.

MARKETS AND STOCKS.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

New York, March 22. Noon.

Bar silver	94¾	Northwestern	64
Money	2@3	Navigation	86
4's coupon	25¾	Transcontinent'l	17¾
4½ coupons		Pacific Mail	31¾
Pacific 6's	20	Rock Island	104
Central Pacific	26	St. L. & S. F.	28
Burlington	22¾	St. Paul & Omaha	34
Rio Grande	17	Texas Pacific	20¾
York Central	4	Union Pacific	52¾
Northern Pacific	20¾	Fargo Express	80
Pf'd	40¾	Western Union	72½

Stock market close dull, steady to firm, generally at slight changes from opening.

CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, 1 p. m., March 22.

Wheat—Firm; cash, 73; April, 3¼; May, 7¼.
Corn—Firm; cash, 45¾; May, 50 1-16.
Oats—Firm; May, 30¼.
Barley—Nothing doing.
Pork—Steady; cash, 13.82½; May, 92½.
Lard—Steady; cash, 7.50; May, 7.53.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

AUCTION! AUCTION!

On Friday March 23d, at 2 p.m., don't forget to attend the sale of 200 boxes of oranges in front of John C. Cutler & Bros., on Main Street, opposite Z. C. M. I. The oranges will be sold in lots to suit purchasers.

1t J. L. DURGIN, Auctioneer.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE paid for Lucern Seed, at Bailey & Son's Grain Store. d99 tf

"Brown's Bronchial Troches"

Are widely known as an admirable remedy for Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, and Throat troubles. *Sold only in boxes.*

DR. ELLIS R. SHIPP has removed her office to No. 26, West Temple St., two doors south of Valley House. Telephone No. 349. tf

The best medical writers claim that the successful remedy for nasal catarrh must be non irritating, easy of application, and one that will by its own action, reach all the remote sores and ulcerated surfaces. The history of the efforts to treat catarrh during the past few years obliges us to admit that only one remedy has completely met these conditions, and that is Ely's Cream Balm. This safe and pleasant remedy has mastered catarrh as nothing else has ever done, and both physicians and patients freely concede this fact. The more distressing symptoms quickly yield to it.

SMALL-POX.

"A member of my family was taken down with the Small pox. I commenced to use Darbys Prophylactic Fluid. It kept the atmosphere of the room pure and fresh. The patient was greatly relieved, and never for a moment delirious; was not pitted, and was about the house again in three weeks, and no others had it."—JAMES W. PARKINSON, ED. *The Caterer*, Philadelphia, Pa.

CATARRH IN NEW ENGLAND.

ELY'S CREAM BALM.

The best remedy for its purpose I have sold.—John Hooker, druggist, Springfield, Mass.

An article of real merit.—C. P. Alden, druggist, Springfield, Mass.

Those who use it speak highly of it.—Geo. A. Hill, druggist, Springfield, Mass.

I believe Ely's Cream Balm is the best article for catarrh ever offered the public. It has given satisfaction in every case.—Bush & Co., druggists, Worcester, Mass.

WANTED—A man to take an office and represent a manufacturer; $30 per week; small capital required. Address, with stamp, Manufacturer, Box 70, West Acton, Mass. wd&sat

DINWOODEY

Has just received a large assortment of Baby Carriages.

$90. A new Hammond Type Writer. Call at this Office.

HENEFER & SON have removed their Barber Shop from Main to No. 23 E., Second South Street, where the Old Pioneer Barber has lit up with electric light. d95

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. C. Smith & Co.

BROWN'S COUGH BALSAM

and Tar Troches are invaluable in every family for Coughs, Colds and Sore Throat.

BROWN'S ARNICA SALVE

is every box warranted for Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Old Sores, Piles and Sore Eyes. No cure no pay.

BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA

has no equal. Stands alone as the *Great Blood Purifyer* and cure for Rheumatism. All Wholesale Druggists sell Brown's Family Medicines.

Z. C. M. I. Drug Store, General Agents.

Can't Sleep Nights, is the complaint of thousands suffering from Asthma, Consumption, Coughs, etc. Did you ever try Acker's English Remedy? It is the best preparation known for all Lung Troubles, sold on a positive guarantee at 10c., 50c.

For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Store.

DO NOT FAIL

To order a Suit of Home-Made Clothes from JOHN C. CUTLER & BRO., No. 36, East Temple St.

SAM LEVY,

Manufacturer of Fine Havana Cigars 171 & 173 s. Main Street.

HAMMOND TYPE WRITERS. 3 Months' trial. C. ORLON, Z. C. M. I., Salt Lake City

Many Of the good things of this life are sorrowfully let alone on account of Dyspepsia. Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Constipation; sold on a positive guarantee at 25 and 50 cents, by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

CURE FOR SICK HEADACHE.

Z. C. M. I. Drug Store have Free Samples of Dr. Gunn's Liver Pills. Cure without fail; removes Pimples in the Face; relieves Billionaness, and improves Digestion. Only one for a dose. 25 cents a box. d&s

ELY'S CREAM BALM

CATARRH

HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cts. ELY BROTHERS 235 Greenwich St., New York.

WANTED,

A SITTATION AS CLERK, SALESMAN or Commercial agent. Address C. T., DESERET NEWS OFFICE. d100 tf

WILL EXCHANGE.

MR. C. W. CARTER IS DESIROUS OF exchanging his property in the Ninth Ward for a suitable house within two or three blocks from Main Street. For particulars inquire at CARTER'S GALLERY, Third South, Corner of Main.

d102 6t

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

FROM FOURTH WARD, THIS CITY, A red yearling HEIFER, brindle neck, white spot in forehead. Information leading to recovery of same, will be paid for, by GEO. C. LAMBERT, DESERET NEWS Office, Salt Lake City.

d98 1w all 1w

DEAFNESS its causes, and a new and successful Cure at your own home, by one who was deaf twenty-eight years. Treated by most of the noted specialists without benefit. *Cured himself* in three months, and since then hundreds of others. Full particulars sent on application.

T. S. PAGE, No. 41 West 31st St., New York City. dec25w

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of Grant Brothers Company, for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as shall lawfully come before it, will be held at their office in Salt Lake City, Tuesday, April 10th, 1888, at 6 p. m.

M. E. CUMMINGS, Secretary.

March 21, 1888. dtd

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:

One light brown MARE, about 8 years old, white spot in face and on end of nose, with very small white strip running down the nose, left front foot entirely and left hind foot partly white, branded B W on left shoulder.

If the above described animal is not claimed and taken away within ten days, will be sold to the highest cash bidder at the estray pound in Aurora, at 2 o'clock p. m., on March 28th, 1888.

J. H. KENNEDY, Aurora, Sevier Co., Utah. Poundkeeper.

MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

WHAT IS KNOWN AS THE "FARMington Rock Mills," situate in Farmington, Davis County, Utah, together with the water right and about Eight Acres of land, with dwelling house, etc., thereon. The mill has just been renovated and supplied with new machinery. Time given on part of the purchase money if required. For further description and terms apply to CHARLES E. PEARSON, Attorney at Law, 115 s. Main Street, Salt Lake City, or to COOMBS & WOOD, Farmington, Davis County, Utah. d&s

ISAAC BARTON. A. B. TORONTO. A. S. GEDDES.

BARTON & CO., 44 Main Street.

WE ARE PLEASED TO INFORM THE public that our increased trade has demanded unusually large purchases of Fall and Winter Goods. We have enlarged our store to make room for our new stock, and secured the services of A. S. Geddes to assist in the management of the business; so that we now can suit all. Our lines in men's boys' and children's CLOTHING, FURNISHINGS, UNDERWEAR, HATS, CAPS, etc., are complete, and will be sold at prices that will compare with the lowest. Mr. Geddes is a member of the Firm, but has been employed, for the last four years, as principal of the 15th District School.

We kindly invite our many friends and the public generally to give us a call.

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

Do you want to Buy a Home or Farm? If so, do not Fail to see

D. O. RIDEOUT, JR.,

REAL ESTATE AGENT

DRAPER,

Before buying. SALT LAKE COUNTY.

Draper is situated south of Salt Lake City, 18 miles, on the line of the D. & R. G. and U. C. Railways, and is a quiet little town of 700 inhabitants, four good schools and no saloons. d102 3m

Fine Carriages,
Buggies and Carts,
Surrey Wagons,
Spring Wagons,
Delivery Wagons,
Coal and
Butcher Wagons,
Farm Wagons.

J. I. CASE

THRESHING MACHINES!

Coate's Patent Lock Lever Rakes.

AVERY'S NEW

Patent Light Sulky Plow

Morrison's, Weir's and South Bend Steel and Chilled Sulky & Hand Plows, Grading & Ditching Plows.

Frazier Road Carts,

IN EIGHT SIZES AND STYLES.

Fine and Cheap Harness for Carriages, Buggies, and Wagons.

STUDEBAKER BRANCH HOUSE

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

Write us for prices.

Z. C. M. I.

MANUFACTURERS, IMPORTERS,

AND

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Staple and Fancy Groceries,
Dry Goods, Notions, Dress Goods,
Hardware, Queensware, China and Glassware,
Hosiery, Ladies', Misses' and Children's Wraps,
Boots, Shoes, and Rubber Goods,
Hats, Caps and Clothing,
Wall Papers and Decorations,
Carpets, Rugs and Linoleums.
Drugs.

Sole Agents for Utah for the Celebrated

CHAMPION MONITOR

AND

CHARTER OAK

STOVES, RANGES & HEATERS!

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF

HOME-MADE BOOTS and SHOES

AND

DUCK GOODS.

H. S. ELDREDGE, Supt.

TEASDEL'S

DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT!

NEW ARRIVALS

Of Insertions, Ribbons, Parasols, Laces, Dress Goods, Etc., for SPRING WEAR.

TEASDEL'S

SHOES, BOOTS & SLIPPERS

DAILY ARRIVING!

TEASDEL'S

CLOTHING, HATS, STRAW GOODS

In Endless Variety, Daily Arriving.

NEW GOODS! NEW STOCK and LOWEST PRICES!

S. P. TEASDEL,
Salt Lake City, Utah.

R. K. THOMAS.

Eagle Emporium!

EXTENSIVE ARRIVALS FOR EARLY

SPRING TRADE!

Shirt Sale!

75	WHITE UNLAUNDRED	FOR	50c.
100	"	"	75c.
125	"	"	$1.00.

BOYS' SHIRT WAISTS, 25c. EACH.

50 PIECES FRENCH SATEENS,
25c. REGULAR PRICE **40c.**

500 Pieces Choice Lawns,
5c. PER YARD.

3000 Pieces Embroideries.

R. K. THOMAS.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS. SAFE, ALWAYS RELIABLE. TO LADIES. INDISPENSABLE. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. ASK FOR DIAMOND BRAND CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH AND TAKE NO OTHER. BEWARE OF WORTHLESS IMITATIONS. ASK DRUGGIST FOR CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH DIAMOND BRAND. TAKE NO OTHER. FOR PARTICULARS OR INCLOSE 4c (STAMPS) TO MAIL. CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO. 2852 PHILADELPHIA PA. SEE SIGNATURE ON EVERY BOX. 5,000 TESTIMONIALS. LADIES WHO HAVE USED CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH DIAMOND BRAND PENNYROYAL PILLS NEVER DISAPPOINTED.

DIAMOND BRAND PILLS

THE MIDLAND
REAL ESTATE & INVESTMENT CO

HARDY, BISHOP & CO.,
Purchasers, Investors & General Real Estate Agents,
No. 163 S. MAIN STREET.

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We Make a Specialty of None but Desirable Properties.