

BY TELEGRAPH.

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AMERICAN.

LONG BRANCH, 9.—Dr. Bliss says: Mr. Garfield is very happy and feels encouraged. He has had no whisky since midnight. Ememata have now been stopped. The President had to-day some woodcock, beef extract, milk porridge and some toast. He takes these with great relish; he could take more than would be good for him. The doctor says this is the first time he has really relished his food for some time. He says amusing things continually; for instance, a while ago he said to Gen. Swain, "Can't you get up some contrivance by which we can pass away the time?" The President enjoys the ocean very much. McVeagh said he felt much gratified with the President's condition, and thought he would continue to improve. There were no grounds for the statements that there was ill feeling among the attending surgeons. Ill feeling was not the cause of the withdrawals yesterday. About 1 o'clock the wind shifted again to the east and since then a stiff sea breeze has been blowing and the mercury has fallen from 89 to 77. The evening was decidedly the most pleasant during the week, and the avenues presented a very lively appearance. After the evening bulletin was issued, Dr. Bliss said the President was still in a first rate condition and denied the published statements that the lungs of the President were affected. Senators Logan and Chafee are here and engaged Dr. Bliss in conversation about the condition of the President.

The President's rest was much broken during the first half of last night, but to-day his condition has been more favorable. He had less fever this afternoon than for several days past, has a better pulse and improved appetite. The surgeons are much encouraged. His comfort has been promoted by a decided change in the weather. Thermometer at this hour (half past 10) indicates 75 degrees Fahrenheit. Yesterday it was 95.

ELBERON, 9, 8:30 a.m.—At the examination of the President at 8 a. m., temperature 95, pulse 100, respiration 17. The condition of the parotid gland and wound improving. The President was somewhat wakeful during the night, but not restless and slept sufficiently. Ememata and stimulants have been suspended during the last 24 hours. On the whole the past 24 hours gave evidence of a favorable progress. Signed.

ELBERON, 1:30 p.m., 9.—At this hour the President is resting quietly and apparently sleeping. His condition is as favorable as yesterday, and no unfavorable symptoms have developed. The President expressed a desire this a.m. to see any member of the Cabinet who desired to call upon him. Pulse 98 temperature 93.4, respiration 17.

NEW YORK, 9.—The Tribune's Long Branch reporter interviewed Dr. Hamilton, who said: "Soberly stated, the President has made some progress to-day, but he is not out of danger, and it would be well for the public to postpone celebrations and thanksgiving for a time. Doctors and attendants are human beings as well as professional men, and their heart strings have been kept at great tension for a long time. The change for the better has caused a rebound in their hopes, which finds expression in somewhat extravagant terms. Moreover they were talking for the most part to persons who have closely followed the varying features of the disease in their minutest fluctuations, and who were expected to place the expressions of confident hope in the scales against the events which have preceded them and gather the truth from the balance. The result is cheering."

KANSAS CITY, Mo., 9.—Governor Crittenden arrived to-night and has been in conference with the local authorities in regard to the best methods of capturing the train robbers. In an interview he confessed that he was powerless under the law to offer any large reward, and says he has simply come to be near the scene of action and to impress upon the local officers the importance of doing their duty and sparing no efforts to capture the robbers. The county marshals have several posses out in various parts of the county, and by the advice of the Governor will start out to-night.

INDEPENDENCE, Mo., 9.—Creed Chapman and John Bunglar, train robbers, were arrested near the scene of the robbery yesterday, by Sheriff Casen, of Saline county. The brother

of Chapman gave them away, and also several others, who will soon be arrested. Both men were heavily armed. They have been positively identified. Both weakened and confession is expected. They live within two miles of the place where the train was stopped. The leader who is believed to be Jessie James, lives in the same vicinity. The entire country is under arms, and posses are scouring this and the adjacent counties. Sam Chapman, another of the gang has just been brought in, and others are expected.

Gov. Crittenden has ordered the sheriffs of the adjoining counties to organize and hunt the outlaws down at all hazards.

DETROIT, 9.—Details continue to come in respecting the fire in Sinalac County, showing that at the approach of the fire was heralded by a dense atmosphere entirely obscuring the light. In the middle of the afternoon, Monday, people carried lanterns in the streets. It continued until 3 o'clock, Wednesday morning. In the woods were many dead, of all ages, presenting a revolting sight. The bodies are scorched and charred.

Up to Wednesday night forty-five bodies have been found within a mile of Parish township. Many more are missing, nearly all are Polish people. The whole settlement, crops and houses, was swept away. In Delaware township all the country south of Forrestville from the lake, seven miles back, everything is swept clean. These new settlers owed for their farms, and loose everything.

Men and cattle fled to the lake, where is the utmost confusion. A man who lost all is blind and crazy. The fire surprised every one in that region by its sudden descent, and only for the lake there would have been a holocaust. One man laid in a mud puddle and rolled over and over all night.

A large force has gone to bury the dead and animals. Many have been rendered blind; they have to be led. Many are hungry, ill clad and sick. More help must come soon. George Ferguson, of White Rock, says since morning he has seen 116 burned bodies on the road. Wagon loads of coffins were a common sight. The latest reports say the regions as far as Wanship are burned over with large loss of life.

The fires are extinguished by rains in the section between Sandy Beach and Dickersville. The fires seem to be abating. A Port Austin dispatch says the loss of lives on the top of the burned peninsula by Monday's and Tuesday's fires are estimated at 200 to 300.

The following villages were burned: Badaxe, Verona, Forest Bay, Richmondville, Charleston, Orany, Deckersonville, Harrisonville and Sandusky. The following were partly burned: Port Hope and Minden. The country suffered vastly more than the villages. Saginaw, Tuscola and Loper Counties, on the fire back of the lake, are greatly damaged, but not nearly as much as the shore counties. One hundred thousand dollars' worth of property is destroyed. It is hoped the rain has now stopped the fires. Everything is now necessary to help the destitute—lumber, clothing, provisions, seed and grain. C. E. Carleton, mayor, or Senator O. D. Conger, Port Huron, will receive supplies.

A point is reached where no fresh fire disasters are expected. The lowest estimates make 215 families burned out in the towns of Marlette, Lynn, Argyle, Vergere, Moore, Lamotte and Elmer, Sanilac county, and 32 persons are known to be dead. The fires are mostly out, and the inhabitants are sitting about the ashes of their former houses, many burned or otherwise injured. They are disconsolate and almost bereft of their senses.

Provisions, clothing, bedding and other necessities are being constantly forwarded, and men are traveling through the burnt section distributing supplies and taking the names of those who are in need. Many persons are still missing in the burnt districts, and the exact loss cannot be known for some days. Sixty-five burials are already reported in six towns, and it is said that 27 dead have been found in the country between Badaxe and Port Hope. The poorer classes are the chief losers.

ST. LOUIS, 9.—A detective of the express companies, who has been on the trail of the express robbers a long time, left here for the west this morning. He says correspondents in Jackson County gave the company warning ten days ago that there was going to be another robbery attempted, but neither the ex-

act time nor place could be ascertained, and therefore steps or measures could not be taken to prevent it. This detective believes the programme of the leaders of the gang contemplates still another robbery before they leave for their hiding places in the southeast. He also believes Frank James and some two or three of the older members were concerned in the robbery at Winston and the last one. The remainder of the gang, he says, are made up of vicious men and criminals who reside in the neighborhood selected for these operations, who are ever ready to embark in any desperate undertaking if they have proper leaders.

NEW YORK, 9.—The failures in the past seven days were slightly above the average, being 101 against 102 last week, and 113 the previous one. The Eastern States 16, Middle 27, Southern 12, Pacific Coast 14, Western States 30. With the exception of suspension in the ship-

The Jews hereabouts propose to raise a fund of \$50,000 for the relief of their Russia co-religionists, soon expected here.

TUCSON, Arizona, 9.—Gen. Wilcox to day telegraphed Gen. J. J. Gosepy that the Secretary of War authorizes the sale of arms and ammunition, but that there are few, if any, surplus at the posts. He wants to know the number the General desires to purchase as only for two organized companies can arms be drawn without purchase. The General is now in telegraphic communication with the Government to ascertain the number of arms that can be had, the price, and from what points they can be furnished; also if arms can be issued to the companies now reported as legally organized.

SAN FRANCISCO, 9.—The following information is obtained from military headquarters here: General Wilcox, at Wilcox station, A. F., telegraphed as follows, under date of Sept. 8: No new reports of the situation, except that George's band of White Mountains, who have been at the sub-agency on the Gila for years, are reported out. Haskell and Jefferts attend the count of Indians at the sub-agency to-day. Chaffer has the promise of 25 San Carlo and Fontos. Col. Wilkins has arrived with five companies; total strength, 137 men. Two companies will guard the railroad trains to and from Deming.

Carr writes on the 4th that the hostiles are reported to be all escaped in a rough country northeast of Phillip's place and will stay there and fight it out. Carr does not believe it. He says he will of course resume the offensive if he hears of any hostiles where he can strike. My orders are to resume the offensive on or before the reopening of telegraphic communication. Stanton with his company starts back this morning to Apache, repairing his line as he goes.

A dispatch from San Carlos via Tucson, this morning says the Rev. Mr. Winger, accompanied by his wife and four children, Mrs. Chandler Matron, Mrs. Stewart and Mr. and Mrs. Hollister arrived here. Mr. Winger is here to place his family in safe quarters, after which he will return to the reservation. Mr. Hollister, storekeeper, and his wife, who was teacher in the school, have resigned and will not return. An attache of the Citizen sought out Mr. Winger to ascertain the condition of affairs at the agency. He reports things in a state of excitement and there are many conflicting rumors current. No danger is apprehended at the Agency. It is not known how many Indians is hostile, but it is estimated by judges that there are about 400. A portion of these are now at Cibicu besides those who have actually engaged at Cibicu, and who are thus committed. There are others disaffected who go out on depredations, plunder, steal stock and murder those they meet, and next day are on the reservations. That is the kind of warfare he thinks will be carried on. Those who are known by their participation in the Cibicu affair will undoubtedly remain outside of the reservation on the war path. Those not known will use the reservation as a retreat after committing depredations outside. It is not known who the leader or instigator of the Cibicu affair is. Some of Pedro's band are said to have been it, but he was not, and it is not known that he had anything to do with it. He disputes the Apache account of the outbreak, and thinks that the purpose of the feast was to incite the Indians to go on the war path.

The Central Pacific Railroad Co's freight ferry steamer Transit, this morning, ran down the ship St. Joseph, of Philadelphia, while crossing the bay in a fog. The ship was cut down to the water line, and will have to be docked. The loss from damage and detention is \$30,000. The Transit was slightly damaged. DENVER, Col., 9.—The police, last night, arrested five women and three men belonging to a notorious band of robbers. Detectives are on the track of other members who are operating in other towns. This band is mostly from Missouri and Kansas, where they are said to have blown open 50 safes within two years. Over \$5,000 worth of plunder was recovered. Kid Lawsons, the supposed leader, was among the eight arrested.

WASHINGTON, 9.—Dispatches were received at the War Department, to-day, from Acting Governor John J. Gosper, Arizona, and Governor Sheldon, of New Mexico, asking the department to furnish arms to white settlers in the Indian country where disturbances have been reported. To both these telegrams the reply was made that arms will be furnished if a regular requisition is made upon the ordinance department under the provisions of the law applying to this matter. Each of those Territories is entitled to 2,000 arms, if deemed necessary for self protection.

ANCHORAGE, 9.—The entire train of two coaches, baggage car and engine on the Short Line which left Louisville at 5 p. m., is in the creek. It struck a cow about 50 feet from the west end of the bridge, knocked it down, and then fell about 30 feet from the track to the bed of the creek. The train is a total wreck. The list of killed is as follows: A stranger from California; M. Perry, bookkeeper for Applegate, on Second Street, Louisville; Colonel Nell, of Shelbyville; Capt. Wm. Maddock, Marshal of Shelbyville; Mr. Jones, of Shelbyville, and Chas. Buchman, of Louisville. There are supposed to be two or three others held under the wreck. Among the seriously wounded are Alex. Alford, a lawyer of Fifth Street, Louisville, the fireman of the engine, Mr. Gibson and others. But few escaped without any injury. Conductor Perry, engineer Homaker, and baggage master Humberton are hurt, but not seriously.

BOSTON, 9.—The past week has been the most active market in two years, sales of all kinds aggregating 5,750,000 pounds, including large lines of Valparaiso and Donkoi carpet wools. The demand for fine fleeces has been quite active. Prices are again one cent per pound higher for this description, while for all kinds there is a firmer feeling. Business in washed fleeces have been upwards of a million pounds (including considerable Ohio and Pennsylvania) at 40 42c, for XX 41 @ 43c, for XXX 44 @ 45c, with but a small per centage of stock at these figures, as most of the best and desirable lots of XX are held at 45, much X fleeces have been sold quite freely at 39 @ 41, and largely at 40, but are now very firmly held at 41. In unwashed fleeces, sales been very large, some 135,000 lbs., including considerable fine Western at 25 @ 32, medium 27 @ 23, low and coarse 17 @ 23. Texas, Territory and Missouri wools are largely embraced in these transactions. California wool moved slowly, but is held firm. The best grades of northern spring are selling as high as 38. Combing and delaine fleeces are in demand at 45 @ 47, for fine delaine 46 @ 48, medium and not combing 30 @ 40; coarse combing 25 @ 32; unwashed combing, including coarse and medium pulled wools have been quite active; 30 @ 41 for common; supers, 38 @ 43 good, 44 @ 48 choice. Sales of carpet wool include 1,500,000 pounds; Valparaiso, 172,000 pounds. Domestic Australian wool has been sold at 40 @ 42, sales being 482,000 pounds. The market at the close was very firm for all kinds.

BOSTON, Mass., 9.—The Supreme Judicial Court dismissed the petition of Celia J. Robinson to be admitted to practice as attorney in the courts, on the grounds that under the laws of the commonwealth women are not entitled to be admitted as attorneys.

MILFORD, Pa., 9.—The Delaware valley is filled with a dense smoke from forest fires. Beech woods thousands of acres in extent in Wayne and Pike counties are afire and fires reported in Chohok and Blooming Grove Townships, Pike Co., and in Sussex Co., N. J.

LONG BRANCH, 10.—To-day was conceded by the attending physicians and the President's attendants as one of the best days he has had since he was shot. During the

morning, the surgeons, while examining the President, pressed a finger on the spot on the body supposed to be directly over the ball. The patient did not experience any discomfort from the light pressure. It is thought that the ball, in its present location will cause inconvenience to the President in the use of his limbs. He is now able to raise his right leg, which is near the supposed location of the ball, as easily as he does the left. Enquiry elicited the statement that this was found to be a noticeable flatness or indications of irregularity of one lung some weeks ago, but the cause of it was then and is now attributed to other causes than blood. No great anxiety exists at present regarding the probability that the lungs may eventually become affected.

LONG BRANCH, 9.10 p. m.

Blaine to Lowell.

The medical reports are all favorable to-day, morning, noon and night. The President has not for many weeks done so well for so many consecutive hours. He has had very little fever, his respiration has been normal and his pulse has not exceeded 100. He slept without opiate and gained strength without stimulants. His nights are not as restful as could be desired, but in 24 hours he gets sufficient sleep. The weather, though not excessively warm continues sultry and oppressive. Much is expected from the clear, bracing air which may be expected here at this season.

Long Branch, 10, 9.40 a.m.—At the examination of the President at 8.30 this morning his temperature was 99.4, pulse 104, respiration 10. He slept well during the night, awakening only at intervals of one half hour. There is a perceptible increase of strength with an improved condition of the digestive apparatus. The tumefaction of the parotid gland has entirely disappeared, and suppuration has greatly diminished. The wound continues to improve, and presents a good healthy appearance.

Signed BLISS and others.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., 10.—It is reported here late last night that a railroad accident occurred at Sonora on the Louisville and Nashville R. R., and that several lives were lost. A wrecking train has gone to the scene of the accident.

KANSAS CITY, 9.—Seven arrests now of train robbers, Matt and Creek Chapman, J. Briggley, John Land (supposed to be the leader, as he answers the description and some of the swag was found on his person), Andy Ryan, John Wilkinson and Wm. Murray, all respectable, young and reckless, but who have never before been arrested. The detectives concluded that the thieves were all from the neighborhood, as they found no trace of horses. When arrested, none of the men resisted. It is reported from Independence that Chapman has confessed, and that the officers will have the whole gang by Sunday. A later dispatch says two heavily armed men have been arrested, named Charley Fish and Wm. Stillwell. Both violently resisted arrest.

LITTLE ROCK, 10.—Five murderers were hanged at Ft. Smith, Brown, McGamen, Padgett and two Creek Indians, Abel and Amos Manley. Only 40 or 50 spectators were admitted. Padgett admitted the crime but justified it on the plea of self-defense. McGamen made a similar speech and said he was ready to die but hated to leave his wife and children. Brown said his only regret was that he accidentally killed the young man; he did not have a fair trial. Manley brothers, through an interpreter admitted the crime and said they were ready to die. The trap was sprung and all died inside of 15 minutes.

ELBERON, 10, 6 p. m.—At the examination of the President at 12 m. to-day, his temperature was 98.5, pulse 100, respiration 18. At 5.30 this evening his temperature was 98.7, pulse 100, respiration 18. The President has taken a greater amount of liquid with some solid food, and with more relish than for several days. His general condition is quite as favorable as yesterday.

(Signed) Bliss, Agnew.

Weather has been stormy and disagreeable to day. So far as the President is concerned, it may be summed up as having been very favorable, reports to the contrary notwithstanding. In the language of one of the immediate attendants, the President has been as much better to-day, compared with yesterday, as he was yesterday compared with Thursday. He has made a lit-