THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION AT KANSAS CITY.

By Alfred R. Rowley.

for the first time in our political hiseranational convention is to be held of the Mississippi valley. The peratic party has been in existence sign and during that time has ional conventions, but | the credit due, yon the two occasions, when they in St. Louis, have its delegates west of the Father of Waters. This r however, the men who are to se the Democratic leader for the Sential contest of 1900 will gather

once in the fact that the star of gracy appears to be taking its The more obvious reato secure the conventhe adequate entertain-national Democratic comand the payment of \$50,000 in

wan unusual date, but Chairman and his fellow committeemen

CONVENTION HALL

RUINS OF

suming the burden of a national

ion Kansas City took a bold it was audacious. This new

olls on the Kaw has a popula-only a little more than 200,000.

dinary convention crowd is 20.

But this convention crowd which

circle to meet with her and

does she think of backing

discovered that she had but nine in the house? Kansas City now

Not she. She is going to provide for every member of the po-

seif it takes the last dollar in her Some of them may have only cap chairs, but they will

then Kansas City secured the con-

on, she possessed the chief quali-

fine large convention hall.

on the night of April 4th, just

months before the date set for convention, the hall was entirely

m has a more remarkable ex-

the been seen than was afforded by

NE of the waning industries which the coming presiden-

sew life is that of the manufac

are of cam

alga buttons

a briskly

ansas City

me hundred

leather lung-

ifakirs are

eparing to

ek with the

Il be Bryn

a Probably

e livelies

de however

l be in the

genial face

te preside

With Imperialism!"

al possibilities. Then there will

totto buttons by means of

bleb the wearer can proclaim to

sworld from his coat lapel some vorite political slogan such as

mash the Trusts!" or "Down

ay Kansas City met this reverse. Is the flames still lapped greedly

he hall was begun. Before the lon girders had cooled popu-berlitions began to pour in. the ruins still smoked gangs of

or calling the delegates to or-

total commenced the reconstruc-

tons showing

m. There

tial campaign will start into

his to be an extraordinary crowd. It

umber 100,000, perhaps more M you ever know of a young wife through the annual ball of the Priests

But the story of how this convention hall has risen from its ashes is too important to be dismissed in a single paragraph. It will be a unique chapter in convention history. To local pride is

You will find local pride in every American city, large and small; but Kansas City seems to have this quality n an unusual degree. If you do not selleve this, listen to the story of how this wide awake and comparatively lit-tle city of 200,000 population happened to have the second largest auditorium In the country. The largest, of course, is Madison Square Garden, in New York City; but, by the way, be careful not say so in Kansas City. On the banks of the Kaw they admit no such

The people of Kansas City, in the liberal sense of the term, built and own the big convention hall. The stock is held by all sorts and conditions of people, from millionaires to bootblacks. There are few citizens who do not hold at least one share. To make up the \$250,000 which it cost went the pennies of the poor as well as the dollar of the

The idea of a great hall suitable to hold all sorts of gatherings came about

tion. lower or arena floor was oc-cupled by a polished floor 213 by 125 feet, lined with boxes. Between the boxes and the outer walls was a space so arranged that horses, cattle or the menagerie of a circus could be com-fortably stored. The main entrance was wide enough so that any sort of conveyance could drive from the street directly to the arena floor, as in the case of horse shows. Above and encircling the sides of the building was the arena balcony. Above this was yet another balcony. Still beneath the roof was a promenade allowing a fine view of the proceedings on the arena floor.

The acoustics of the hall were tested

rate of 5,000 a minute.

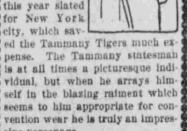
In the 11 months of the hall's exist-

But the one ambition of the thousands of stockholders was to nominate a presidential candidate within its walls. They were just preparing to see this ambition realized when the fire

When the fire began, members of the directory of the convention building were lunching at the Kansas City club, near by. They hurried to the scene. Men stopped them at every step with subscriptions toward the rebuilding of the hall. Street railway employes shouted to them from their cars: "Put me down for \$5! Here's number." point-ing to their caps. Policemen, street sweepers and messenger boys did the

NE of the biggest delegamany Hall. The braves from Manhattan are to go in several specially char

tered trains They will turn out in unusual numbers despite the long distance travel. One rea-



of Pallas, which in 1897 had far out-grown its quarters. This ball was the annual "event" in Kansas City and al-ways occurred during the fall festivities. It was attended by the best peo-ple of the city and many from neighboring towns. It came to the point of giving up this enjoyable event or finding a place large enough to hold it, and with this idea in mind the Commercial club took the matter up.

The first discussion brought out the fact that the hall was needed for many more purposes than mere dances, and the prospect of shows circuses and other entertainments that would bring together large companies of people soon stirred these conservative business men to enthuslasm. Subscriptions to the fund began right there, and in no time a committee was appointed to

get money to build the largest hall of its kind in the west. A subscription headquarters was established, and business men left their own interests to take up the newborn idea. It was de-cided that 250,000 shares should be MONG the multitudes who A will go to Kansas City dur-ing the convention will be full in the subscriptions, new ideas were sought to keep the interest going. many whom the question of car Twenty thousand buttons were printed and numbered to be sold as certificates fare and hotelr

of stock in the great hall. The mittee went about in tallyhos, nading the stockyards, the board of trade and all places where men were gathered, hawking off their buttons with great rapidity. It was not long until the supply of buttons were doubled, and it seemed that every man, woman and child in the city was wearing a convention hall token. The people were thoroughly aroused to the undertaking, and it became a necessity to the peaceful pur-suit of life to wear a button.

seemed to be a

The com-

Restaurants induced their saler by setting aside a day when the wearers of buttons would be dired free. Barbers took turns one week shaving free any ic convention hall. Business men had placards printed and fastened them above their desks-"You can't talk to me unless you wear a button." Traveling salesmen found it necessary to wear a button in order to do business. The saleswomen in large establish-ments were provided with buttons and every customer who did not wear a button was reminded that one was nec-

sold or subscribed. Then, when there

essary to make purchases. The streets soon glistened with the white celluloids, and the bearer of the dinner pail and the occupant of the brougham were equal in this—they owned stock in convention hall and

wore buttons to prove it.

By this and many other schemes the money was raised and the half built. On the night of Feb. 22, 1899, it was opened. Fully 20,000 stockholders in the hall heard the first crash of Sousa's the hall heard the first crash of Sousa's band from the giant sounding board in the north end of the hall. When the concert was ended, the chairs and canvas covering were removed from the arena floor in 14 minutes, and 1,000 couples danced far into the early morning to Sousa's insuliting moisis. This ing to Sousa's inspiriting music. Thus in eight months after the inception of the idea the hall was built by the people of Kansas City and in use by them Their struggle to build something that would be an ornament and an advan-tage to the city, a monument that would give the town a good name and a wide fame, was indeed crowned with

The first hall cost \$250,000. The building fronted 200 feet on Thirteenth street and 314 feet on Central street. It was constructed of natural stone, at and day, and Chairman Jones is cream brick and terra cotta. The first story was of stone in the style of the renaissance. The second story was in peristyle form, of brick and terra cotta.

The acoustics of the hall were tested in every possible manner and found to be perfect. There was not a single stairway in the building, and the ascent from floor to floor was made by means of inclined planes. The building scated 20,000 people and by reason of many exits could be emptied at the rate of 5,000 a minute.

In the 11 months of the hall's existence many kinds of public entertainments were held in it. There were
balls, fairs, horse shows, dog shows,
concerts and lectures. Dwight Moody
held revivals here. Maurice Grau's
grand opera company sang to its largest audiences in the building, and Paderewski filled the hall with his admir-

occurred. For a moment, when the people of Kansas City saw in flames the hall which had been their pride, they were dismayed. But they soon re-

tions will be that of Tam-

which they must son for this is that the New York state convention has been this year slated

sive personage. 0aanaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa

Before the building was destroyed William R. Nelson, proprietor of the Kansas City Star, had subscribed \$5,-000 to the rebuilding fund. Walter H. Holmes and W. B. Thayer contributed like amounts next day. By 3 o'clock, less than two hours after the fire, the directors had met the crisis by deciding the three all important questions— that convention hall should be rebuilt; that it should be as nearly fireproof as possible; that it should be rebuilt in time for the national Democratic con-

When convention hall burned, the company had \$10,000 cash in bank. By the evening of that day this amount had grown to \$16,230. On Thursday,

bills will bother not at all. These are the farmers

who intend to trek over the prairies in old fashioned emigrant schooners. They will start of Kansas, and many will be present from Missouri, Nebraska, Oklahoma and even from Arkansas. They will load their wagons

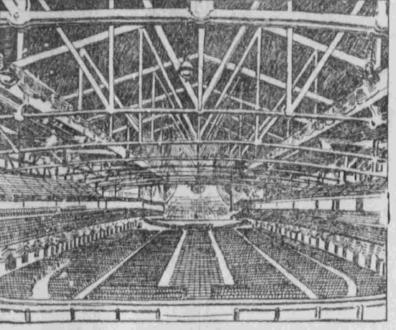
with provisions and bedding and go into camp just outside the city. In the history of national conventions there is nothing to equal this novelty.

the next day, a mass meeting was held, and the amount grew to \$43,000 by vol-untary subscriptions. Another mass meeting was held on Saturday, and the subscriptions grew to \$52,750.

The insurance companies waived all opportunities for delay and their rights to discount for prepayment and agreed to pay \$150,050 at once. The directory sold the ruins of the steel structure to a junk dealer for \$5,000. With the cash in bank and the popular subscriptions, \$71,000 the directory had a total of

The plan of the new hall is practically a duplicate of the one that was destroyed. An important difference is that the new building will be as nearly that the new building will be as nearly fireproof as slow combustion processes, noncombustible paint, asbestus and metal can make it. The only other changes are in the placing of the stage at the side instead of at the end of the ellipse and the sloping of the top gallery, which in the old hall was flat and was used as a promenade. This will increase the seating canadity

crease the seating capacity,



INTERIOR OF CONVENTION HALL, KANSAS CITY

Not for a moment did the burning of the convention hall interrupt the preparations of Kansas City for receiving the convention and entertaining the delegates. The total hotel capacity of Kansas City is less than 10,000. The four principal hotels—the Midland, the Coates, the Baltimore and the Centrop-olis—can accommodate from 1,100 to

,500 each and only under great pres But from the first it was seen that this must be a boarding house conven-tion. So the committee on public com-fort went to work. The city was difort went to work. The city was di-vided into 240 districts, and to each was assigned a precinct committee-man. Each committeeman has canvassed his district for boarding house accommodations. All these statistics

When the convention visitors arrive, When the convention visitors arrive, all that will be necessary for them to do in order to find a place to sleep and eat in the overcrowded city will be to make application at the bureau of information. The renting of rooms will be under the direction of this bureau, thus insuring the prevention of extortion and giving a visitor something to fall back on in case he has difficulty in securing spitable quarters. securing suitable quarters.

have been compiled, classified and ar-

The bureau has sent blanks to thousands of householders, with a circular asking them to fill out the blanks with their street number, how the house may be most easily reached by car line, the number of rooms and beds they are willing to place at the disposal of the bureau for the entertainment of convention visitors, the charge per person and the charge for meals if meals are furnished. Some of the best homes in the city are to be opened to convention isitors. The hotels have been reserved for

The hotels have been reserved for delegates, alternates, State committees, newspaper men, visiting clubs and the like, and they will all be full. Tammany, the Cook County Marching club of Chicago, the Duckworth club of Cincinnati, the Louisville Democrate Marching club and a dozen other clubs which always attend Democratic conventions will be there in as great force as if the convention were held much nearer the center of population. The various headquarters are pretty evenly divided among the leading hotels. The Baltimore has secured Chairtels. The Baltimore has secured Chairman Jones, former Governor Stone, J. G. Johnson, Sam B. Cook and other members of the Democratic national committee, but the Coates has the Nebraska delegation, which carries with it the Bryan headquarters, and the

The national Democratic committee's headquarters will not be in any of the hotels, but at the Jšansas City club, the home of Kansas City's leading social organization. The club is strictly nonpolitical, but the use of its house, with-in two blocks of the convention hall, tendered to the committee unanimous vote and was accepted. The tender included the absolute surrender of possession of the building—cafe, billiard rooms, buffet, sleeping apart-ments and all-but the national committee hesitated about trespassing so far upon the club's hospitality, and will only make its headquarters there.

Tammany has signed a contract for 150 rooms at the Midland, to be occupied by the 600 braves who expect to attend the convention. The Midland will also be the home of two-thirds of the newspaper men who will go to the convention, and the Elks clubhouse will serve admirably for headquarters for

Chairman Jones of Arkansas will occupy the handsomest suit in Kansas City during the convention. It is the bridal suit at the Baltimore and consists of bedroom and parlor, connected with bathroom between. There is lit-tle suggestion of "Jeffersonian simplic-ity" in the silk draped walls, the cut glass chandeliers, the onyx bathroom, the velvet carpets and mahogany fur-niture. "But I'm not running for pres-ident," said Chairman Jones, when he engaged the suit, "and I've got the

John R. McLean is evidently prepar-ing to bring a friend or two to the convention with him, for he has engaged three bedrooms, besides a large parlor for headquarters. It is hinted that one of the rooms is intended for the admiral of the navy and that the McLean head-quarters will house a presidential boom, but if this is so no one in Kansas City

But, whether Dewey is there or not, Bryan is almost sure to be—not when the convention meets, but mighty soon after the nomination is made. It is believed that a speech by Bryan during the convention would start the campaign off with a whoop and hurrah that would count for much in November, and plans have been laid to have him there. As soon as he has been nominated-assuming that the trip of Admiral Dewey to "Kaw's Mouth," as Kansas City is called is less successful than his descent upon Manila bay— Mr. Bryan will be notified by wire and requested by resolution to present himself at the convention. A special train, for which previous arrangements will have been made, will bring him from Lincoln in a few hours.

Mr. Bryan will not find himself homeless when he arrives, for the Nebras-kans have engaged the most elaborate quarters of any delegation, and they will be able to take him in. The Nebraskans have about 15 rooms at the Coates and two of the largest par-

There is the usual rush for conven-tion tickets, and, as usual the demand is far greater than the supply. One of the principal members of the executive committee of the Democratic national committee said recently that from one backwoods county in his State he had received a letter written by the chair-man of the county committee saying that he had taken the greatest pains to prune down to the barest and lowest proportions the list of tickets which would be absolutely necessary for guests from his county and that be would be content with 125. As a mat-ter of fact, that county chalrman will be most fortunate if he gets ten.

The convention itself promises to be a short one. Three days is the utmost limit, and it is barely possible that the entire business may be transacted in two. This would establish a record, for in recent years national conventions have seldom adjourned earlier than the third day.

It is quite probable that the nomina-This is the story of how the new convention hall rose like the phenix from the blackened, twisted rulns of the old hall. As an example of what civic pride if the convention is called to order tries,

can accomplish it is probably unpromptly at 10 a, m. on Independence day, the organization can be effected, the committees appointed and the other eon time, so that an adjournment un-til 1 p. m. can be taken.

The afternoon would begin with the report of the committee on platform and the attendant speeches. Then would come the nominating speeches

UNIQUE feature of the Democratic national convention will be the various expediencies to which the Kansas City people will re-

sort in sheltering the thousands of visitors who will swarm there to witness the naming of a presidential candidate. The actual hotel accommodations are, of course, ridiculously in adequate. Even hundreds of extemporized boarding houses cannot begin to furnish accom-

modations for the crowd. The emergency will be met, however, by enterprising persons, who are arranging to open hetels in big tents. The accommodations will be crude, of course. There will be rows of cot beds under the spreading canvas and long dining tables set in other tents. But many of the delegates and visitors will be glad to get even this and will probably pay as much as if they were enjoying all the luxuries of a first class botel. ******************

and if Bryan should be named by acto the delegates and visitors

On the second day the balloting for the vice presidential candidate would be taken up and later the remainder of the business concluded. This would leave the delegates a whole day is sightseeing in the valley of the Kaw.

In the meantime the 100,000 or more visitors to the convention city will be participating in one of the biggest Fourth of July celebrations ever seen west of the Mississippi. The celebration will begin on the night before the Fourth with a big torchlight procession. There will be brass bands by the score and fireworks by the ton score and fireworks by the ton.

The next day there will be a grand barbecue in one of the parks; a free open air vaudeville show in another and concerts in the public squares. Other amusements will be furnished, for it is the intention of Kansas City to entertain her guests to the best of her ability.

It is going to be an immense under taking. Sections of four States are to empty their population into the convention city. Special trains will pour in on a half dozen different railroad lines. Across the prairies will come thousands in wagons. This part of the West has never had a national political convention before and the folks do not intend to miss the opportunity.

Convention week will be made a holi-day week. The air will fairly tremble with politics and patriotism. combination which always results in enthusiasm and excitement. The party leaders, who have planned things thus, believe that the Democratic national convention of 1900 will be the greatest ever held,

HAT the people of Kansas City expect to entertain a big crowd of people during the convention is putting the case mildly. The recent estimates set the number of visitors at ESRAW from 100,000 to 150,000. These estimates are KANSAS based largely on the accessibility of the city. It within easy tance of the people of five states. From Kansas City the iron rails stretch east, west, north, south and to intermediate points of the compass. A circle drawn with a radius of 150 miles around Kansas City would include a population of 3,000,000 people. It is a section of

August Flower.

which has been said, "Here all

men are politicians - and most

"It is a surprising fact," says Prof. Houton, "that in my travels in all parts of the wold, for the last 19 years, I have met more people having used Green's August Flower than any other remedy, for dyspepsia, deranged liver and stomseh, and for constination. I find for tourists and salesmen or for persons filling office positions, where headaches and general bad feelings from irregular habits exist, that Green's August Flower is a grand remedy. It does not injure the system by frequent use, and is excellent for sour stomachs and indigestion." Sample bottle free at A. C. Smith's Drug Store.

Sold by dealers in all civilized coun-

WARNER'S RUST-PROOF CORSETS



EVERY PAIR GUARANTEED.

SUPERIOR to all other Corsets in lightness, flexibility, fabrics, wearing qualities, fit and detail of finish. Boned with pliable rust-proof metal boning. Every length of waist. breadth of hip and bust measure perfectly fitted in all the new shapes, at prices from \$1.00 to \$3.00

ALL MERCHANTS SELL THEM

Heber J. Grant & Co. INSURANCE AGENCY

OUR COMPANIES:

THE HARTFORD, of Hartford, Ct. GERMAN AMERICAN, of New York. NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE, London and Edinburgh. PENNSYLVANIA, of Philadelphia. NORTHERN, of London. ORIENT INS. CO., of Hartford, Conn.

FIRE ASSOCIATION, of Philadelphia. TEUTONIA, of New Orleans, and

THE HOME FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF UTAH.

A FINE BUGGY \$20.00 CASH

and \$15 a month. The regular price is \$100, but we bought them at the right time before the price was raised by the trust. We will sell them for \$85 and on the easy payments above mentioned. These buggies are new goods, built on very graceful lines, piano finished box, real leather top, patent leather dash, upholstered in broadcloth, durability guaranteed. This price includes a lap robe and fine driving whip. Never before did the Salt Lake public have a chance to buy so good a buggy as cheap.

UTAH IMPLEMENT

DIRT IN THE HOUSE BUILDS THE HIGH-WAY TO BEGGARY." BE WISE IN TIME AND USE

SAPOLIO

********************************* .. WESTERN DENTAL CO...

ROOMS 31-32 73 WEST

SECOND FLOOR..

WORK GUARANTEED FIRST CLASS. CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK SPECIALTIES. TEETH EXTRACTED POSITIVELY WITHOUT PAIN. WM. BROADBENT, D. D. S., PROPRIETOR. communication and the communication and the

BARGAINS IN

Wall Paper.

4000 BOLTS AT 10 CENTS.

Lots of PAPERS Worth from 25c. to 40c., for Only

15 CENTS PER BOLT.

Tioga Mixed Paint, - \$1.00 Gallon. Queen Bee Mixed Paint, \$1.50 Gallon.

Window Glass, Picture Frames, Portrait Frames, Etc.

BRIGHAM YOUNG TRUST CO'S BUILDING

COMMERCIAL STREET.

OLIVER R. MEREDITH

IS SALT LAKE'S LEADING "BIKE" MAN.

REPAIRING NEATLY AND PROMPTLY EXECUTED. 29 E. First South.

BICYCLES AT ALL PRICES, WITH BEST MATERIAL, FINISH AND WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED.