

thews and Sherman could be trusted, and being assured that they could, said he did not like to take anybody's verbal promise, and would demand a written promise. Next day Weber showed witness a letter, which witness read, and which purported to be signed by Sherman, but was not sure that it was Sherman's writing; he presumed it was. This letter was substantially as heretofore published. The letter was on note paper. Witness mentioned the fact to Judge Shel-labarger two weeks ago.

Secretary Sherman testified to going to New Orleans at the request of Grant. Adjourned.

The committee decided to recall the sub-committee in New Orleans at once, and Butler gave notice that he would want some witnesses here from New Orleans to give important testimony.

NEW ORLEANS, 24.—Judge Wm. R. Whitaker testified to irregularities in the signatures in the second list of elected returns.

Thomas H. Nolan testified that Kellogg, Packard and Dibble had told him that the republicans would lose Louisiana through the failure of the tickets to have the names of electors printed on them in proper form. Witness had prepared the affidavits of intimidation, and found very few who had actually seen violence, etc. He made the affidavits as strong as possible. The visiting statesmen were interested spectators in the room where affidavits were made out. It was the understanding among the republicans that the State had gone democratic, and affidavits were necessary to enable the returning board to throw out enough votes to reverse the result.

Wesley Jackson testified to belonging to a colored club formed to kill the whites. It was said, if the whites buldoze us, let us buldoze them.

The sub-committee leave to-morrow.

ST. JOSEPH, 24.—Two men were arrested at Marysville, on Monday, supposed to be professional draft raisers. They had purchased drafts at the banks at Marysville, Bethany, and Albany, each one for \$8 or \$9. The drafts procured at Albany being on safety paper were disposed of by them before leaving town. The authorities think they have captured two sharp rascals, and are holding them to see if they are not wanted. They registered in different places under different names as being from Boston, San Francisco and Chicago.

WASHINGTON, 24.—The United States Indian agent at the White Earth Agency, Minn., writes to the commissioner of Indian affairs, under date of July 16, as follows: A reliable half breed, who has just returned from a visit to the Sisseton agency, Dakota Territory, says: While there he met and conversed with some Sioux Indians from the Standing Rock agency. They were couriers sent with tobacco from the Sioux of the Plains to invite the Sisseton Sioux to join them in hostilities against the whites; that already eight different bands of Sioux had joined the confederation, and that Sitting Bull himself had made a visit this summer to the Standing Rock agency, where he spent three or four days, in disguise; also, that the government had threatened to take the ponies from some of the Sioux Indians on the Missouri, which would be resisted by all of those tribes, and that a general Sioux war was imminent, and would soon be announced. Whether there is any truth in the statement made by the Indians from the Standing Rock agency or not I cannot tell, but they certainly made such a statement to a half-breed of this reserve.

SAN FRANCISCO, 24.—The Nevada bank has sold 1,000,000 ounces of fine silver to the government, payable in standard dollars, to be delivered immediately in equal quantities at the San Francisco and Carson mints.

A Baker City dispatch says: Gen. Howard formed a junction with Forsyth's command, yesterday. The whole force left camp near Robinsonville, this morning, to follow the fleeing hostiles, who are making direct towards the Malheur agency. The hostiles will be forced to fight as soon as the troops are coming against them from several directions.

# FOREIGN.

LONDON, 22.—The Queen has conferred the order of the garter on Lord Beaconsfield. The investiture

took place at Osborne this morning.

A Vienna correspondent tele-graphs that he can vouch for the accuracy of the statement that Bismarck, not long since, emphatically informed the Italian ambassador that it was of paramount interest to the German race that Trentino and the city of Trieste should never become Italian.

The single scull race, for the Wingfield sculls, which came off to-day, on the Thames course, was from Putney to Mortlake. There were only two competitors, Playford, the present holder of the sculls, and Payne, of the Moulsey rowing club. Playford was never headed, and although the race at one time was very close, it was won easily by Playford; time, 24 min., 13 sec.

LONDON, 23.—A special from Larnaca says: A proclamation has been issued declaring that her Majesty the Queen, takes great interest in the prosperity of the Cypriotes, and promising reforms and measures to promote agriculture and commerce.

Fever is somewhat prevalent in Cyprus.

Sir Garnet Woolsey has provisionally settled the leading points of his programme. He will appoint a mixed commission to deal with the complicated land question, and will divide the island into five districts.

A frankfurt special announces that a conference of all the German ministers will be held at Heidelberg shortly.

A Constantinople dispatch says: In consequence of the commencement of the evacuation of Shumla, the Russians announce the probable departure from Turkey of a portion of their troops in six weeks, and that the remainder will retire into eastern Roumelia. It is said the Porte will shortly appeal to all the leading foreign capitalists for aid in developing the resources of that country.

The return match between Captain A. H. Bogardus, the American pigeon shot champion, and (holomondely Pennell, of the Harling-ham Park Gun Club, took place to-day. They shot at 100 birds each for \$1,000 a side. The match was won by Bogardus by two birds.

The interruption of the telegraph wires between Paris and Vienna delays the receipt of news from Eastern Europe.

The freedom of the city will be conferred upon Lord Beaconsfield and Salisbury, on the 3d of August, immediately before the ministerial banquet at the Mansion House.

ROME, 23.—Telegrams from Genoa, Palermo, Brescia, Pavia, Reggio de Emilia, Turin, Pistoja and Ferrara, describe the annexationist meetings in these cities yesterday as "large and enthusiastic." Resolutions of the character passed at Naples on Sunday, and at the Patiteama theatre yesterday, were voted. Demonstrations were also made in the Golden Theatre, Ancona, at the Arena Brunetti, Bologna, and in the streets of Naples, where cries were raised of "Viva Trieste!" "Viva Trento!" Meetings will be held at Milan, Como, San Remo and Venice on Sunday next.

A band of musicians, in Piazza, was obliged to play Garibaldi's hymn several times in answer to the demands of the crowd. The demonstration was finally ended by a band of young men parading the streets singing patriotic songs and shouting "Abasso Corli!" and "Viva Laguen!"

The moderate liberals attribute the demonstration to ultramontane influence. The liberal observes that the attempted demonstration did not have the results hoped for by its imprudent fanatic promoters in consequence of the calm and dignified attitude of the population.

La Capitali regrets the demonstration, which it says was organized either by some thoughtless individuals or by the agents of those desirous of stirring up agitation in Italy.

PANAMA, 16.—Peruvian journals state that on the 1st of the month 25 men from San Polo invaded the town of San Miguel and began to sack it. The inhabitants attacked the invaders with uncontrollable fury. The result was that 15 of the gang were instantly killed while the remaining 10 were severely wounded and taken prisoners. On the following day the latter died, and the public square of San Miguel offered the revolting spectacle of 25 corpses strewn in all directions.

VIENNA, 23.—The Austrian au-

thorities expect considerable trouble in Herzegovina and Bosnia, and are even prepared to encounter armed resistance, similar to the Rhodope insurrection. Arrangements have been made for the advance of strong reinforcements to the frontier and neighboring garrison towns. The Turks display a very unyielding disposition in the negotiations about occupation.

Belgrade advices received here from Serajevo indicate that the concentration of Turkish troops behind Metrovitza and Novi Bazar continues. The object is not known.

Archduke John Salvator, of Tuscany, has been appointed to the command of a division of the army of occupation. This appointment is believed to have some connection with future administrative arrangements.

LONDON, 23.—All the special dispatches to the London press deny that Austria has taken any official notice of the agitation in Italy.

A Vienna dispatch says: The Austrian government expects the Porte will not delay its sanction of Austrian occupation beyond Wednesday or Thursday.

The Queen has conferred the order of the garter on the Marquis of Salisbury.

LONDON, 24.—In the pigeon shooting match, to-day, between Bogardus and Mr. Wallace, of England, for £200 a side, Wallace killed 71 birds and Bogardus 72. Of the first 25 birds Bogardus missed 16.

A Belgrade dispatch says: Minister Rictis, in an address to the Skupstchina, said Serbia had acquired more than her neighbors, and that it was impossible to obtain further concessions from the great powers without risking everything.

VIENNA, 24.—A portion of the Turkish garrison in Herzegovina has been ordered to Klek, whence they will embark for Constantinople. Several hundred railway carriages have been accumulated at Mitroviza to transport the garrison of Bosnia to Salonica.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 24.—The evacuation of Shumla has commenced. Nearly all the Turkish officials formerly there are at Varna. Several Russian battalions have already entered Shumla.

PARIS, 24.—Gambetta, in an interview concerning the treaty of Berlin, said: In my opinion it may be affirmed that the congress at Berlin has modified, in a very essential way, the basis of the understanding of 1873, and I think France has every reason to approve a change which modifies a combination formed apart from her, if not against her. The change brought about in England's policy is another consequence of not less importance resulting from the congress on which France cannot but congratulate herself. In establishing herself at Cyprus as an advanced guard, and in constituting herself protectress of the Asiatic interests of Turkey, England has abandoned that policy, which I shall call insular, to resume her policy of watchfulness on the continent. France cannot but hail this change with gladness. Things have returned to their logical and natural course. The interests of France and England are so closely connected that the return of England to a less narrow policy rescues the two States at the same time from the temporary isolation into which they chanced to fall.

In consequence of the change brought about by the congress the interests of England and Austria are identical in the east. The interests of England and France, already somewhat identical, have become more so, and I congratulate myself in the name of my country on a change which I deem very fortunate and very assuring for every one.

WATERFORD, Ont., 24.—A young farmer, named Smith, this morning murdered his father, beat his sister fatally, and then hung himself.

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