

enters the spirit world preach d the gospel there to those who lived after him; but they all preach to men who were in the flesh before they were. Jesus himself preached to the antediluvian world, who had been in prison for thousands of years. So with Joseph Smith and the elders—they will have to preach to the inhabitants of the earth who have died during the last seventeen centuries; and when they hear the testimony of the elders and accept it there should be somebody on the earth, as we have been told, to attend to the ordinances of the house of God for them, that they may be judged according to men in the flesh and come forth in the morning of the first resurrection and have a part therein with us.

These are eternal principles of the gospel of Christ. We have been commanded and have been under the necessity of going forth and declaring it to the sons of men. I will ask by what power have these apostles and elders taken their knapsacks on their backs, wading swamps and rivers, and preaching without purse and scrip, as they have done for years and years past and gone. What power has sustained them? As I have said before, these revelations of God, these great commandments and prophecies that have been given for the last six thousand years. They have been inspired by the Spirit and power of God, they have been commanded to go forth and warn this generation by preaching the gospel to them. Here is President Brigham Young has traveled, as poor as any man could be, tens of thousand miles, without purse and scrip, to preach the gospel to the sons of men. So have his brethren. They have been sustained by the hand of the Almighty, and if they had not done it they would have been under condemnation. Why? The angel of God, who restored the everlasting gospel to earth, said it must be preached to every nation, kindred, tongue and people under the whole heaven, for the hour of God's judgment had come. The hour of God's judgment is at the door of this nation and the Christian world. Brother Erastus Snow here, a week last Sunday, told us about preaching to the dead, and the judgments that awaited the nations. Other elders have referred to the same subject. But seventeen hundred years have passed without prophets, apostles and patriarchs. The judgments of God did not rest upon the nations of the earth during that time as they will after the proclamation of this gospel. This message that Joseph Smith brought to the world involves the destinies of this whole generation, not only of this nation, but the whole Christian and Jewish world, Zion and Babylon, the whole of it. They now stand, as it were, warned of the Lord. The gospel has had to go to them. We have been obliged to go abroad to preach the gospel to the nations; we should have been condemned, and smitten by the arm of Jehovah, if we had failed to fulfill the revelations given unto us. It is by that power that President Young, Joseph Smith, the Twelve Apostles, and the thousands of elders of Israel have been moved upon to go forth and do the work of God.

Now then, my friends, are we going to stop here? Are the rest of the prophecies not to be fulfilled? Is the Lord going to cut his work in two, or let the rest go unfulfilled? I tell you nay, the word of the Lord is going to be fulfilled, and the Lord is not going to give this kingdom to another people. The Lord has raised up a set of men and women, and he will inspire and move upon them to carry out this great work, and we have got it to do. Zion is going to rise and shine, and to put on her beautiful garments; she will be clothed with the glory of God, and for brass she will have gold; for iron silver and for stone iron. All these revelations touching the last days have got to be fulfilled. President Young is moved upon to call upon Zion to do her duty. Why is he thus moved upon? Because the power of revelation surrounds him and crowds upon him to magnify his calling and do his duty among the sons of men. The power of God rests upon him, and he will never hold his peace until Zion is built up and perfected, the house of Israel gathered and the work of God performed under his administration as long as he dwells in the flesh. He is as much under the power of God and the revelations of Jesus Christ as any man that ever breathed the breath of life.

We have got to build this temple. The Lord requires it at our hands.

We have to pay our tithing—the Lord requires it at our hands. The Lord has never said by any revelation that Brigham Young should build a temple alone, that his counselors, or that the Apostles or bishops should do it alone. This responsibility rests upon every man and woman who has entered into covenant with the Lord in these latter days; and if we do not discharge it we shall suffer, the Lord will chastise us. He is not going to leave us, and he is not going to take this kingdom away from the Latter-day Saints and give it to anybody else, for they are the Saints, and although mixed like corn in a sieve among the Gentile nations they have been prepared from the foundation of the world to come forth as the sons of Jacob in these latter days, to build up the Zion of God on the earth. We have got to come to it. We must give our earnest support to co-operation, for it is a step in advance towards establishing the Order of Enoch and the building up of the Zion of God. The servant of God is moved upon to call upon us to perform this work, and we have it to do.

There are some prophecies pertaining to these latter days that are unpleasant to contemplate. President Young has been calling upon the daughters of Zion day after day, now, for years, to lay aside these Babylonish fashions. I have been reading the third chapter of Isaiah and I have been hoping, all the days of my ministry, that the sayings contained in that chapter would never apply to the daughters of Zion in our day; but I believe they will, and inasmuch as they will not listen to President Young and to the prophets, apostles and elders of Israel with regard to throwing off these nonsensical things, I hope they will hasten the lengthening out of their skirts and drag them in the streets; that they will increase their round tires like the moon, increase their hoops, and their headbands, increase their Grecian bends at once and carry it out until they get through with it, so that we can turn to the Lord as a people. Some of the daughters of Zion do not seem willing to forsake the fashions of Babylon. I to such would say hasten it, and let the woe that is threatened on this account come, that we may get through with it, then we can go on and build up the Zion of God on the earth. But in spite of the follies that some among us delight in, we are going to build up Zion. We are going to fill these mountains with the cities and people of God. The weapons formed against Zion will be broken, and the nations of the Gentiles will visit her and their kings will come to the brightness of her rising. I often think when I see gentlemen and ladies sitting in our tabernacles, who have come over this great highway that has been cast up, whether they realize that they are fulfilling the prophecies of Isaiah. I think this many times in my own mind. I am satisfied that they do not realize it, but they are fulfilling the revelations of God. The Gentiles are coming to the light of Zion and kings to the brightness of her rising. All these things have been spoken of and will be fulfilled; and by and by, when we are sanctified and made perfect, when we are chastised and humbled before the Lord, when we have got our eyes opened, and our hearts set upon building up the kingdom of God, then will we return and rebuild the waste places of Zion. We have got this to fulfill in our day and generation. Then think not, ye elders of Israel, ye sons and daughters of Zion, that we are going to live after the order of Babylon always. We are not. We shall be chastised and afflicted, and shall feel the chastening rod of the Almighty unless we serve the Lord our God and build up his kingdom, for he has given us all power; yes, all power is given into our hands to perform this work.

Where is the man or the woman on the face of the earth who cannot see the hand of God in our deliverance until to-day? Every weapon has been broken that has ever been formed against us. Point me out an individual or a people who have ever taken a stand against Joseph Smith or Brigham Young, the Zion of God or the elders of Israel, and who have sought to overthrow our work, but with the curse of God has rested upon them. Show me one of that class who has not gone down to the dust, and as it has been in days past so it will be in days to come. Woe to that nation, kindred, tongue and people under the whole heavens who war against

Zion in the latter-days; every weapon shall be broken that is formed against her, and that nation that will not serve her shall be utterly wasted away saith the Lord of hosts. These things are true, and I would warn Jew and Gentile, saint and sinner and all the world to be careful what they do as touching them.

A few words more to the Latter-day Saints. I want to say to the brethren and to the sisters, let us cease finding fault one with another; let us not say that this man or this woman does wrong, this family does wrong, this person or the other sets a bad example; let us realize that we ourselves are held responsible for what we do. It will do me no good if I apostatize because somebody's family follows the fashions of Babylon, or because some man or woman or some set of men and women do wrong. Let us cease this kind of work, and all of us look to ourselves. It will do me no good if I apostatize because I think somebody else does not do right. We should lay aside this, there is too much of it in the Zion of God today, and has been a good while, finding fault with this, that and the other, instead of looking at home. Let us all look at home, and each one try to govern his own family and set his own house in order, and do that which is required of us, realizing that each one is held responsible before the Lord for his or her individual actions only.

I pray God my heavenly Father that he will pour out his Spirit upon the daughters of Zion, upon the mothers in Zion, upon the elders, and upon all her inhabitants, that we may listen to the counsels of the servants of God, that we may be justified in the sight of God, that we may be preserved in the faith, that we may have power to build temples, build up Zion, redeem our dead, and be redeemed ourselves, for Jesus' sake. Amen.

BY TELEGRAPH.
AMERICAN.

MEMPHIS, 18.—Dr. Luke P. Blackburn, of Louisville, for his eminent services during the yellow fever scourge, was this evening presented by the Howard Association with a costly silver service, and president Langstaff of the Association with a gold-headed cane, by the citizens. The occasion was made one of congratulation at the end of the scourge, and gratitude to the friends of the North. Speeches were made by Mayor Johnson, Gov. Smith and others.

HALIFAX, 18.—A violent southeast gale, with rain, began to-day, increasing to a perfect hurricane. There was a high sea in the harbor, and two vessels went ashore. The gale was the heaviest that has been experienced for many years. The velocity of the wind was 55.8 miles per hour. Serious damage to shipping is feared.

OTTAWA, 18.—Information has been received at the Department of Justice that a true bill for murder has been found by the grand jury of Manitoba against Riel and Lepine.

The Dominion government, it is reported, have information of serious disturbances among the Indian tribes in the northwest.

A careful compilation shows that there has been seven and a half million feet of white pine taken out of the Onata lumbering district this season, against twelve and a half millions last year; there will be at least two and a quarter million feet of red pine.

MONTREAL, 18.—Through traffic on the Lachine canal is completely blocked by a heavy ice jam above the St. Gabriel locks. Among the steamers now fast in the ice are the *Prosps*, *Alma*, *Munroe*, *Cambria*, *Germania*, *City of Ottawa*, *Corinthian*, *The J. R. A.*, *Mark Twain*, *Columbia*, *Schiekaluna*, *Bruno* and *Prussia*. The ice in front of the *Alma* and *Munroe* is packed many feet thick, and it is believed it reaches the bottom of the canal. So early and severe a snap has not been experienced for years. The loss to shippers and forwarders of the boats obliged to remain is said to be great.

TORONTO, 18.—The high wind which prevailed on Monday rose to a gale last evening, and a furious snow storm prevailed; this morning the roads are all blocked, and the storm is still raging.
Sir John A. Macdonald has declined the nomination for the West-

ern division of Toronto, on the ground that it would be unfair to his Kingston constituents to leave them.

COHOES, N. Y., 17.—The mills here did not resume this morning, as expected, and will not until there is an improvement in the market.

FORTRESS MONROE, 18.—The U. S. steamer *Worcester*, the flagship of the North Atlantic squadron, passed out this morning for Santiago de Cuba.

Edwin K. Winship, of 24th Broad street, is announced a defaulter to the extent of four hundred thousand dollars. Winship was engaged in the purchase of the claims of government employes, at ten per cent. discount, and receiving deposits, on which he paid three and a half per cent. per month, he continued to pay the interest, but when asked for the principal in the recent crisis he failed to respond, and at a meeting of his creditors informed them, by letter, that he was hopelessly bankrupt. Winship had a home on Staten Island, and lodgings in this city, but he is now supposed to be out of the country.

The special statement of the condition of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, made to the new board of directors, shows the receipts from May 1st to Oct. 1st, 1873 to be \$13,012,300, expenditures \$12,950,555, leaving a balance of \$61,745 as the earnings in five months. In this exhibit it is understood that no allowance is made for insurance, and wear and tear. It is said that the recent investigation into the millions earned annually by the company showed fraud, corruption and mismanagement, and necessity for a re-organization of the concern.

Inquiries among a large number of dealers here do not confirm the rumors of failures, although suspensions during the next few weeks will not be surprising. Trade is bad and dealers find it difficult to pay expenses and meet the demands upon them.

Castello, commander of the *Tornado*, in his report of the chase and capture of the *Virginus*, says the enthusiasm of the crew simply baffles description. When success crowned our efforts the prisoners were treated with such consideration as their characters deserved and the necessity of their safe keeping demanded. In addition to the severe lesson given to the enemies of Spain, the capture has made the inhabitants of Santiago delirious with enthusiasm.

PHILADELPHIA, 18.—E. M. Stanton, widow of the late ex-Secretary of War, died to-day, at Chestnut Hill, near this city.

AUBURN, N. Y., 18.—Twelve loaded canal boats sunk at the wharves in this city, during the storm last night.

NEW YORK, 18.—At present there are two thousand three hundred and forty-seven men employed in the various departments of the navy yard, and it is probable that orders will be given for the employment of a thousand more. Secretary Robeson arrived at the yard at one o'clock, accompanied by Hanscomb, Chief of the Bureau of Construction at Washington. The secretary came from Washington for the express purpose of inspecting the progress of the work on, and the fitting out of the vessels of war. Hanscomb, in conversation, said that within three weeks we shall have from fifteen to eighteen war vessels ready for Cuban waters. Secretary Robeson stated that he was determined to remove all obstructions and to place the navy on a secure footing, so as to be ready at all times for peace or war.

Telegraph reports from New England and the interior of this State say there was the most severe storm last night known for years.

The *Tribune* to-morrow publishes the following letter from Senator Sumner, which was to have been read at the Cuban indignation meeting last night, but which the committee state was received too late:

"BOSTON, Nov. 16.
"Gentlemen—It is not in my power to be with you at your meeting to ask for justice for Cuba. Allow me to add that, longing for emancipation in this neighboring island, where slavery still shows its infamous front, and always insisting that delay is contrary to justice, I do not think it practicable, at this moment, on existing evidence, to determine all our duties. In the present case, where civilization has received a shock, it is very easy

to see that no indignation at the dreadful butchery is inconsistent with the spirit of the age; but unhappily, aroused by an illicit filibustering expedition from our own shores, kindred to that of the *Alabama*, for which England was justly condemned in damages, cannot make us forget that we are dealing with the Spanish nation, struggling under terrible difficulties to become a sister republic, and therefore deserving from us present forbearance and candor; nor can we forget her noble president, whose eloquent voice, pleading for humanity, and invoking our example, has so often charmed the world. The Spanish republic and Emilio Castellar do not deserve the menace of war from us. If watchwords are needed now, let them be immediate emancipation and justice to Cuba, success to the Spanish republic, honor and gratitude to Emilio Castellar, and peace between our two nations. Bearing these in mind, there will be no occasion for the belligerent preparations of the last few days, adding to our present burden expenditures of several million dollars and creating a war fever, to interfere with the general health of the political body.

"I am, gentlemen, your faithful servant,
CHARLES SUMNER."
TITUSVILLE, 18.—A full regiment, a thousand strong, was tendered the President to-day, from Titusville, for service in the Cuban cause.

CLEVELAND, 18.—Sixty cases of small-pox are reported here; the disease is confined to the west side and appears to be increasing.

OMAHA, 18.—Allen and Hogan, with their trainers, left this city at an early hour in hacks. A train of five cars and forty-five passengers left the depot at nine a.m. At Council Bluffs the train was boarded by the sheriff and two companies of militia, but they did not find any one to arrest. The conductor refused to allow them to go along, and the train proceeded six miles south, and took on Allen and Hogan. The fight took place at Pacific City, seventeen miles south of the Bluffs. Tom Riley, of Kansas City, was appointed referee. Hogan got the first knock down and first blood, in the first round; in the second round Allen struck Hogan a heavy blow below the belt, doubling him up, and with a second blow knocked him down. The spectators cried "foul," but the referee ordered the fight to proceed. In the third round Allen again struck Hogan foul, when the crowd broke over the ropes, and knives and pistols were freely flourished, and the fight was effectually broken up, when the crowd got on the train. The referee decided the fight a draw on account of the interference of the spectators. Eagan, the stake holder, says the men must fight again. Jack Loony, who is responsible for the money, declares that he will pay it to Allen.

SAN FRANCISCO, 18.—The military telegraph line, from San Diego to Prescott, Arizona, via Fort Yuma and Maricopa Wells, was completed to-day. The section from Maricopa Wells, south-easterly to Tucson, will be completed by Dec. 18. By the connection of this line with the Western Union at San Diego, Arizona is brought into telegraphic communication with the rest of the world.

During the four days past Charles Kinsey and several others have been under examination at Redwood City, San Mateo Co., for the murder of A. Green at Prescadero, in a fight for the possession of land; the magistrate finally dismissed them to-day, and all the parties returned to Prescadero. The people met in mass meeting to-night and gave the accused till to-morrow noon to leave the place for ever; they also passed resolutions severely denouncing the action of the authorities in letting them go free. The people have re-arrested the prisoner.

NEW CANAAN, Conn., 19.—Mrs. Jos. Sellick, a widow owning and occupying, alone, a small place in this town, was brutally murdered this morning, with an axe; her clothing was saturated with kerosene and the body nearly consumed. The house was on fire when discovered. No suspicion, so far, rests on any one. No motive can be conceived, except plunder. The house had been ransacked.

VICKSBURG, 19.—The barge *Belle of Alton* was burned on the river, opposite the delta, yesterday, with a cargo of 1,200 bales of cotton and 4,000 packages of grain and sundries,