

LOCAL NEWS.

FROM THURSDAY'S DAILY, JULY 27.

Address Changed.—The New York address of Churen emigration agent, James H. Hart, has been changed to No. 29 Broadway.

Narrow Escape.—Yesterday afternoon a boy whose name we have not learned had a narrow escape from a fearful death, at American Fork. The engineer of the northbound Utah Central passenger had slowed up for a flock of sheep, and a short distance beyond saw something that looked like old clothes lying on the track. When the train came closer he discovered that a boy about eight years of age was lying there asleep. The locomotive whistle was sounded, awaking the lad, who rolled off the track just in time to avoid being crushed to death.

Limb Amputated.—A gentleman named Gottlieb Stahr has been placed in the Deseret Hospital for attendance. His leg was affected with gangrene, and an examination showed that mortification had set in seriously, the circulation of the blood having stopped near the thigh. A consultation was held and it was decided that the only hope of saving his life was to amputate the limb near the thigh. The operation was successfully performed last evening by Drs. W. F. Anderson, Hamilton, Hall, Belle and Jesse Anderson. Today the patient was resting easily, with favorable prospects of a speedy recovery.

Youthful Burglars Arrested.—The officers have now in custody five boys, ranging from 10 to 14 year of age, on a charge of burglarizing Saddle Nobles' house on West Temple Street. The boys are Lucien Adams, James Kludrup, Florence McDonald, "Busk" Due and Noble McDonald. The first two on the list were arrested at Ogden by Sheriff Ballantyne, and the rest were found in this city. The Due boy made a full confession of the whole affair, naming the articles that were taken. Among the stolen goods was the pistol with which Due shot little Darwin Irvine on Tuesday evening.

Diphtheria in Summit County.—William Staley, of Upton, Summit Co., has been called upon to suffer the loss of three children, two boys and one girl, by that dreadful disease diphtheria, inside of ten days. They were aged from two to eight years. This leaves the family with only one child. The afflicted parents have moved from their home into a wagon. The unfortunate family a short time ago had a new house burnt to the ground. Their lot seems more than human nature can bear.

Other households are afflicted with diphtheria. Every precaution is being taken to prevent its spread. A quarantine physician has been summoned. A brother of Mr. Staley has the disease in his family at the saw mill in the mountains above.

Accidental Shooting.—On Sunday morning last Storrs accidentally shot Ernest Boyer, a youth 16 years of age and son of John S. Boyer, Esq., of Springville. The boys were camping with a party of young men in Hobbie Creek cañon and had gone about three miles from camp to shoot chickens. Young Boyer had wounded one and was in the act of borrowing some powder of his companion to reload his pistol, Storrs held his pistol in his hand cocked, and while he was getting the powder from his pocket the weapon accidentally went off, the ball passing clear through the body of Boyer, just below the right breast. The wounded boy rode at once to Springville. Dr. Pike was sent for to dress the wound. This morning he received a dispatch stating that the patient was sinking and asked him to come over at once.—Territorial Enquirer, July 20.

"Sweet Fields of Eden."—James A. Thompson writes from Eden, Weber County:

"The health of the people is good; the crops look well, and the prospect is fair for a very good harvest. We have had the hottest spell of weather this summer that I have experienced in six or seven years in Eden; no rain to do any good for the last four or five months, but it has been cool and pleasant mornings and evenings. We have a programme out for the celebration of the 24th, consisting of speeches, songs, a baseball match, etc., winding up in the evening with a performance by the Eden Dramatic Company, when they will present the two-act drama of "The Lost Diamonds," followed by the laughable farce of "The Irish Tiger," concluding with the Ethiopian sketch of "The Ticket Taker, or the Masquerade Ball," to which the News staff is specially invited."

Another Burglary.—Some time between 6:30 o'clock last evening and this morning a house belonging to Mrs. Emery, at 209 N. Fourth West Street, was entered by burglars, who forced in a back door. Every part of the house was ransacked. All the door keys, six pairs of blankets, a pistol, knives, spoons, silverware, books, handkerchiefs, and other articles were taken. The goods were subsequently found cached near the old race track, and the police set a man to watch them. This afternoon the guard saw two young men approach and taking part of the goods, start off. He immediately arrested them, and headed toward the City Hall. The two prisoners were Joseph Ladd and Frank Luckhardt, the former about 20 years old and the latter 17. When coming along the north side of the Tem-

ple Block, about 8 o'clock, Ladd threw a handful of cayenne pepper in the guard's face, and springing from the wagon in which they were riding, ran off, with several parties in pursuit. The guard held on to the other prisoner and lodged him in jail. He confessed the crime, and quite a number of stolen articles were found in his possession. It is probable that Ladd will be recaptured, as the officers are on his track.

J.W. McMurrin's House Searched.—About half past ten o'clock last night Deputy Marshals Greenman, Cuddee, Smith and Gleason visited the house of Joseph W. McMurrin, in the Third Ward, and inquired for that gentleman. Upon being informed that he was not there they presented their authority to search the premises, Greenman and Smith standing guard outside while Cuddee and Gleason thoroughly ransacked the house, out-buildings and grounds. Every nook and corner was examined for the missing man. Beds were turned up, window curtains shaken, the stove looked under, chairs, brooms and other small articles moved, and even hats examined, but no trace of the object of the search could be found. The house was gone over twice, and the deputies were greatly disappointed at their failure. They had received information a couple of hours before that Mr. McMurrin was at home, and had evidently made sure of their game. It is probable, however, that the neighbor who gave the information had seen Mr. James L. McMurrin going to the house, and mistaking him for his brother, whom he somewhat resembles, rushed off with the news. At any rate Joseph W. McMurrin was not in the vicinity, so the visit was a failure. Deputies Greenman, Cuddee and Smith were quiet and courteous in performing their duty, and Gleason probably came as near acting like a gentleman as the fellow is able to do.

Supreme Court.—The Territorial Supreme Court convened at 2:30 p. m. today, Chief Justice Zane and Associate Justice Powers being present.

In the case of E. P. Ferry, respondent, v. John L. Street, appellant, the decision of the court below was affirmed. In the case of the United States vs. Nicholas Groesbeck, the application for a rehearing was denied.

In the cases against James Jack and Nephi Clayton, the Court stated that a dispatch had been received from Attorney General Garland, informing the court that an appeal had been allowed in both cases to the Supreme Court of the United States. The papers had been sent from Washington, but had not yet arrived. In consequence of this action by the Justices of the U. S. Supreme Court, further action in these cases would be deferred.

AT THE TABERNACLE,

OGDEN CITY, THE REV. J. A. BROWN DELIVERS AN INTERESTING DISCOURSE TO A LARGE AUDIENCE.

July 18, 1886.

Editor Deseret News:

There was a very large congregation at the Tabernacle in this city, this afternoon, who came together to hear a sermon from

REV. J. A. BROWN,

a Methodist minister from Rochester, N. Y. On the stand were the President of the Stake, Members of the High Council, Home Missionaries, Bishops, and other leading Elders of the Church. The music was furnished by the excellent Tabernacle choir, under the efficient leadership of Elder Charles W. Hinchcliff. Elder McLarens Boyle presided at the organ.

The assembly was called to order by

ELDER FRANCIS A. BROWN,

brother of the reverend speaker. The choir then sang:

"Sweet is the work, my God, my King; To praise Thy name, give thanks and sing."

The opening prayer was offered by the Rev. G. E. Jayne, who acknowledged gratitude for all blessings and mercies received from the Bountiful Giver of all good, and invoked the continuation of His blessings not only upon the present assembly, but people of all classes, regardless of any differences in their faith and modes of worshiping God. He especially pleaded for more light, more truth, and the grace of God to guide them in the way of salvation. The petitions were responded to by the congregation as fervently as they were offered.

The choir then sang:

How sweet communion is on earth.

The sacrament was administered by the officers of the Second Ward.

Rev. Mr. Brown then addressed the congregation. He read the 7th chapter of Revelations, selecting as his text the 13th, 14th and part of the 15th verses. After speaking of the hundred and forty-four thousand who had been sealed out of the twelve tribes of Israel—who had gone up through great tribulation and had made their calling and election sure; he said these were men of like passions unto us who now live. They had been tried, tempted and found faithful. They had been purified as by fire, indeed some of them had been cast into furnaces heated sevenfold hotter than ordinary fires can make them; but they were true to their integrity. The grace of God sustained them, and the same power will sustain the people of God who now have to pass through deep

sorrow, and suffer deprivation for the Gospel's sake. But the speaker said it was not through the personal tribulations, afflictions and tortures that they won such distinction, that they were now near the throne of God, and that their robes had become so white—but it was by virtue of the atonement, and the blood of the Lamb which was shed for the redemption of all mankind. He, the preacher, referred at length to the great multitude which no man can number of all nations and kindreds and people," etc.; and said these would comprise the people of the whole human race, of every color and clime, who fear God, although their faith and mode of worship may differ here; indeed he questioned if we should all be of one faith and opinion in heaven! But we shall all be there!

In speaking of the mode by which these worthies had attained to exaltation, he held that faith alone in the atoning blood of Christ was sufficient. In support of this view, he said, it is true there are many opinions entertained by various classes of Christians, but there is nothing trustworthy on this subject but

THUS SAITH THE LORD;

and the Lord had said that He so loved the world that He gave His only begotten Son, etc., that whosoever believes on Him shall have everlasting life. This was all-sufficient he considered.

The speaker said he had often been asked if we thought we should know each other in the resurrection. He replied that he did not think "we should be bigger fools there than we are here"—hence our knowledge would be continuous—that it would increase and endure forever. He would know and enjoy the society of his mother, his father and all his kindred. He believed in a literal resurrection. He believed that the old relationships of the family will abide, but that no new family relationships will be formed. He believed that in the resurrection men and women would live an active life, and would increase forever in the knowledge of God and assimilate Him and His Son Jesus. He believed we will continue to advance in the

SCIENCE OF HEAVENLY THINGS

That our visual powers will be stronger, clearer and more penetrating, so much so that we can gaze into the distant worlds—other creations of God, and see, and to a considerable degree comprehend their magnitude and their glory. He also believed that our sense of hearing will become more acute, that we can readily hear the sounds as they come floating through space from distant spheres. He believed that in heaven there will be neither "marriage nor giving in marriage," but that all will become as the angels of God in purity, chastity, etc. Hence, yet strange to say, the reverend speaker declared that the people there would not be robed. He believed the white robes in which the Saints who came up through great tribulation, were said to be clothed were

NOT LITERAL ROBES,

but that they were figures representing their great moral purity, righteousness and holiness, as they will shine in the divine image and brightness of the Son of God. He did not believe they will need any robes to clothe them in that bright world! If such were the fact, we must believe the inhabitants of the heavenly worlds are in a state of nudity, which we cannot accept as truth. He exhorted the people to be like the three Hebrew children, and Daniel and his companions, and the ancient Saints who refused to bow to the mandates and laws of man, but preferred to obey the behests of the God of heaven; and declared that as God protected them in ancient times so He will do in these days and if we are faithful to Him He will

GIVE US THE VICTORY.

His discourse, which contained some excellent points, occupied a little more than an hour, and was listened to with respectful attention, by the audience. After an anthem by the choir, the Rev. gentleman pronounced benediction.

He never once referred to the peculiar faith of the "Mormons," or any other class of religionists, but confined himself entirely to what he believed to be the Gospel; and the people generally believed him to be sincere in his faith and his utterances.

Mr. Brown is a stout, well built man; about 5 feet 6 inches in height, fair complexion, clean shaved, hair short, and completely white, being bleached by the snows and suns of 68 years. He is a man of education, culture, good address, an easy speaker and appears to be liberal in his religious views. He is affable and courteous. He was a soldier in the Union Army during the war of the rebellion. He is a member of the G. A. R. and en route for San Francisco to attend the grand encampment. He is a guest of his brother Francis A. Brown, whom he much resembles. On Monday night he will lecture in the Union Opera House on the battle of Gettysburg. All day the heat has been intense, almost suffocating. Toward sundown the sky became overcast with clouds. The vivid forked and sheet lightning flashed across the heavens.

LOUD THUNDERS ROARED

and continued to do so for several hours. At length the dark clouds burst and a copious shower of welcome rain descended, cooled the atmosphere, moistened the parched earth and revived some drooping vegetation. The

air became lighter, the people breathed more freely and felt grateful for the change. A beautiful breeze is blowing and we feel comparatively comfortable. WEBER.

FROM FRIDAY'S DAILY, JULY 23

Arrested for Fighting.—Last evening the police arrested two cripples, George O'Neal and E. T. Smith, on a charge of fighting. On the way to the City Hall, Smith kicked, swore and fought, and was to-day confronted with the additional charges of drunkenness, disturbing the peace, profanity and resisting officers. Both of the accused pleaded not guilty, and their trial was fixed for 3 p. m. to-day.

Attempt to Escape.—Last evening the county jailer discovered, in time to prevent its success, an attempt to break jail, made by Williamson and Eardley, the two young fellows who are being held to await trial for horse-stealing. Night before last the jailer fancied he heard an unusual noise in one of the cells, like scratching at the wall, and kept a close watch. Careful examination last night revealed the fact that the prisoners named had dug a large hole into the foundation wall of the court house. The rocks had been removed, and when daylight came, the prisoners had replaced them carefully and daubed the crevices over with the plaster they had got out, and which they softened with the water given them for drink. This work was done so neatly that at first glance the wall seemed all right, but closer investigation showed that the rocks were loose and could be removed in a few minutes. If the attempt had not been discovered when it was, another night's work would have placed the culprits outside of the jail.

The Young Burglars.—A most unpleasant sight greeted Justice Pyper in court this morning. Before him were the five boys under arrest for burglarizing the Nobles house on Monday evening. They were all quite small, four of them ranging from 9 to 12 years of age, and one 14. The whole five—Luson Adams, Buscky Due, Jas Glndrup, Florence McDonald, and Noble McDonald—gave an account of the part they took in the affair, which showed that Adams, the eldest of the gang, was the leader in the movement. The Court took the matter under advisement.

Young Adams seems to be a thoroughly hardened criminal. He has been before the police court a number of times for larceny, and there are now several complaints pending against him. He was sentenced on one charge to a term of imprisonment, and several weeks ago was permitted to come outside of the jail to do some chores. He saw his opportunity and ran away, and was not seen again until his recent arrest. He still has 22 days of the former sentence to serve. The others do not seem so vicious, and considering the fact that it only makes boys worse to place them with old criminals, it may be that Judge Pyper will show leniency to the four in the hope that they may be reclaimed from their waywardness.

The Highest Premium.—Some time since the Alabastine Company, of Grand Rapids, Michigan, offered a large number of cash premiums, ranging from \$5 to \$100, for the best specimens of painting done with their Alabastine paint. Some time since the agent of the company was in Utah and took great interest in examining work done with this material by Mr. Wm. C. Morris of this city. Among the ornamental designs executed in this distemper substance is the ceiling of the Seventh Ward schoolhouse, besides other public and some of the best private buildings in town.

The competition extended to every State and Territory in the Union. The other day Mr. Morris received a letter from the company giving him the gratifying information that he had been awarded the highest premium. The letter enclosed the prize—a check for one hundred dollars.

The paint referred to is dry color in a great variety of clear and beautiful tints. The adhesive material is ground up with it, so that it is ready for use as soon as mixed. It is a species of cement, and leaves a hard surface impervious to water. Mr. Morris considers it the best material of its class he has ever used. Some time since an advertisement of the company appeared in our columns, Messrs. Sears and Liddell being the local agents.

We congratulate Mr. Morris on his success. He deserves it, as he has few superiors in America as a house painter and decorator.

Bound Over.—Yesterday afternoon the pursuit of Joseph Ladd, who threw cayenne pepper into the eyes of his guard and escaped, was conducted by officers Smith, Salmon, Calder and Bateman. Ladd made his way to the Hot Springs, whither officer Calder went on the train and officers Smith and Salmon in a buggy. Mr. Calder intercepted Ladd as he was about to get on the train at the Springs, and placed him under arrest. This morning the two prisoners, Ladd and Luckhardt, were arraigned before Justice Pyper on a charge of burglary. Luckhardt gave his account of the transaction, saying he first went into Mrs. Emery's lot to get apples. He learned from a little boy that the house was empty, and on looking in at an open window saw some bedclothes. He told Ladd of his discovery and about 11 o'clock on Wednesday night the two entered the house and searched it for valuables. They took the lock off the

door, and carried the stolen goods to the old race track where most of them were found. Three books were sold to a pawnbroker. The boy stated that his father was an engineer, and lived at 23 Stevenson Street, San Francisco. He seemed to feel keenly the position in which he had placed himself. Ladd's version of the affair agreed with that of his companion. He, however, appeared to care less about the fact that a term of years in the penitentiary was staring him in the face, and conducted himself with the abandon of an old offender.

When the defendants had concluded their statements, Justice Pyper fixed their bonds to await the action of the grand jury at \$2,000 each, and failing to furnish the amount, the prisoners were remanded to the custody of the Sheriff.

DAVIS COUNTY PEOPLE'S CONVENTION.

The Davis County Convention of the People's Party, met in the Court House, Farmington, Davis County, Utah, pursuant to the call of the County Central Committee, on Wednesday, July 21st. George A. Lincoln called the meeting to order and proposed the name of David O. Willey for temporary chairman, who was unanimously elected. George A. Lincoln was also elected temporary secretary. On motion a committee of three was appointed to examine credentials. The chairman appointed as said committee J. G. M. Barnes, David Stoker and J. M. Sechrist.

The committee reported the following delegates entitled to seats in the convention: South Precinct, William Page, M. M. Brown, Wm. Varley; West Precinct, Joseph C. Wool, Jos. Arkyle; Bountiful Precinct, David O. Willey, Jos. L. Holbrook, A. B. Call, David Stoker, Geo. A. Lincoln, David Cook; Centerville Precinct, George O. Chase, Aaron B. Porter; Farmington Precinct, L. H. Kennard, J. M. Sechrist, J. H. Wilcox, Thomas J. Steed; Kaysville Precinct, James Lindford, J. R. De Shazo, Thomas F. Roueche, J. G. M. Barnes, R. Mowery, Levi Taylor, D. K. Egbert; South Weber Precinct, Wm. F. Jones, South Hooper Precinct, not represented.

The temporary organization was made permanent; Thos. F. Roueche was made vice-Chairman, James H. Wilcox assistant Secretary, Levi Taylor Sergeant-at-arms, and George O. Chase Chaplain. The Chairman announced the organization complete and prayer was offered by the Chaplain after which the following nominations were made:

Commissioners to Locate University Lands: F. A. Mitchell, C. W. Stayner, I. M. Waddell.

For Probate Judge, David Stoker; County Clerk, Joseph Barton; Selectman, full term, Aaron B. Porter; Prosecuting Attorney, Jno. G. M. Barnes; County Surveyor, C. C. Hyde; Assessor and Collector, James H. Wilcox.

The following nominations for precinct officers were made—Kaysville Precinct: Justice of the Peace, C. C. Hyde, Constable, Levi Taylor.

Hooper Precinct—For Justice of the Peace, Joseph R. Messervey; Constable, L. D. Hammond.

South Precinct—For Justice of the Peace, Richard E. Egan; for Constable, John H. Moss.

West Precinct—For Constable to fill unexpired term, Joseph N. Fackrell.

Bountiful Precinct—For Fence Viewers, unexpired term, James Day, John Cooper.

Nominations for the County Central Committee were made—William Page, Joseph C. Wood, George A. Lincoln, George O. Chase, Alley S. Rose, David Kerr, William P. Jones, Thomas F. Roueche, were elected, said committee. Motioned, sustained that the secretary furnish the DESERET NEWS a copy of the minutes of this convention. Prayer by the chaplain. Adjourned sine die.

GEORGE A. LINCOLN, Secretary.

OUR OGDEN LETTER.

OGDEN CITY, Utah, July 27, 1886.

Editor Deseret News:

The recent scandal case here has created

A SENSATION,

not only in this city but throughout the county, as the parties most immediately interested are widely known. Considerable ill feeling has grown out of the verdict rendered at the termination of the legal investigation which occupied the entire attention of the District Court here for two whole days. But whatever feelings there may be abroad in regard to the action of the jury in the matter, it was and is evident to all who were present at the trial that they could render no other verdict than that of

"GUILTY"

from the testimony given by the witnesses in court. There was not one witness produced, nor one word of evidence introduced by the defense to counteract or to rebut that of the prosecution that benefited Greenwell in the least, and although there was acrimony exhibited in the closing speech of the prosecuting attorney, it was unnecessary, for the course of the jury was clear in view of the statements of the witnesses, and they certainly cannot, and ought not in this instance to be blamed for the decision they rendered. The young man who was the defendant