

destroyed. The fire was here controlled by the department, and the western wing of the works saved. Over 1,000 finished wagons, besides a very large number unfinished ones, were burned. The loss is supposed to be not less than \$400,000, on which the insurance is \$135,000. Several firemen narrowly escaped death from the falling walls; one had an arm broken. This disaster will throw about 350 men out of employment. The cause of the fire is supposed to be spontaneous combustion.

**GALVESTON, Tex., 29.**—The recent quarantine order at this port not only cuts off communication between Galveston and New Orleans, but prevents Morgan's steamers entering Bolivar Channel on Buffalo Bayou at Clinton.

The Houston authorities called upon Dr. Blunt to modify the order so as to allow freight traffic with New Orleans. Blunt refused to make any modifications, and a meeting of physicians called to consider the matter, sustained him. It is said that the Houston authorities will seek the intervention of Governor Coke.

**SAN FRANCISCO, 29.**—The jury in the case of the United States vs. Charles Jost, proprietor of the Antioch distillery, rendered a verdict for the defendant to-day. Parties arrested on behalf of the government say the verdict is not in accordance with the evidence, and some important evidence was suppressed or destroyed.

**PHILADELPHIA, 30.**—A new board of judges has just been constituted to decide on exhibits. J. A. Johnston, of the Santa Barbara Press, is one of them.

**NEW YORK, 30.**—The Times' Philadelphia special says: Much dissatisfaction is expressed at the Centennial. The exhibitors are complaining of what they term an erroneous system. It is held that a proportion of about seventy-five per cent. of the entire exhibition received awards, which is a thing totally unknown in previous exhibitions, and that the awarding of so many medals has lessened the value of them by placing every one, to all intents and purposes, on the same footing, and not making that fine discrimination which would prove so advantageous to business in advertising their goods in the future; indeed several English exhibitors hold the opinion that the medals were shovelled out, so great is the quantity bestowed.

The Herald's Washington special says: The government property at Harper's Ferry was put up at auction to-day. The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad thought they would get it for a trifle, but the government bid \$100,000, and there were no bids over that. Government will offer it when times are better.

The American Mining Board has completed its organization and elected the following officers—Wm. Ward, president, L. P. Bayne, vice-president; H. J. Hibbard, secretary; Wallworth Ward, assistant secretary; Wm. Brandroth, chairman of finance committee. License has been received from the Secretary of State to form a company under the limited liability act of the State, and the necessary work will be done to secure the incorporation of the board. There are already 270 members. The president said this morning that everything gives signs of the establishment of the body on a firm basis. The list of stocks to be offered at the board will be printed, giving the locations of the companies, their titles in full, assessments, number of shares, number of feet in each mine, and every particular that will be of advantage to the dealer. Care will be taken to keep out everything of a wild cat nature. Business meeting will be held on Monday, prior to the calling of stocks, which will commence at eleven.

**TOLEDO, 30.**—The Milburn Wagon Company, whose works were burned here last night, were insured in forty-three companies for \$76,000. The report gained credence that seven of the men perished in the ruins, but there was but one—Col. Edwin M. Hurlbert, lumber clerk of the company, who was smothered to death in the fifth story, and when the floors gave way was carried down to the second floor, where his remains were found this morning. The officers of the company estimate the loss at \$150,000, with the insurance already given. The company will commence rebuilding at once.

**WASHINGTON, 30.**—The American consul at Porto Rico reports that in the late terrible hurricane

San Juan and surrounding districts, as far as heard from, suffered terribly. There is hardly a house standing, and what with the rise of the rivers and the sweeping away of bridges, the cane, rice and coffee estates are all ruined for the coming crop. Several coasting vessels were cast ashore and a number of lives lost.

**BUFFALO, N. Y., 30.**—Joseph Warren, of the Courier, President of the New York State Associated Press, died at half-past six to-night, of congestion of the lungs.

**OMAHA, 30.**—This morning Neils Neilson, laborer in the shops of the U. P. R. R., while adjusting a belt, was caught by it and dashed to the ceiling, instantly crushing and killing him.

The Indian peace commissioners arrived from the west last night, and left for Yankton, D. T., agency. This morning they held an important session here with the superintendent of Indian affairs, Nickerson, of the Indian Territory.

**NEW YORK, 30.**—John O'Connor Power, member of Parliament for Mayo, arrived to-day, bearing the Irish congratulatory address on the Centennial of American independence. He is accompanied by Charles Stewart Parnell, for many years one of the ablest advocates of home rule in Ireland.

**WASHINGTON, 30.**—The safe burglary conspiracy, in which Gen. Babcock and Thomas P. Somerville were defendants, was concluded this evening by the jury returning a verdict of "not guilty" in each case. The jury was out two hours, returning about 6 o'clock. The persons present expressed their gratification of the result by cheers and other demonstrations.

**COLUMBUS, 30.**—The coroner's jury, to-day, returned a verdict in the late accident on the Panhandle Railroad, caused by the breaking of an axle on one of the cars, that the railroad company was not responsible for the casualty.

**SAN FRANCISCO, 30.**—James Lick died in this city at one o'clock this morning. He had been gradually sinking for several days; his death resulting from a mere decay of nature. The remains are lying in state at Pioneer's Hall. The funeral will take place on Tuesday afternoon. Since the last change in the trustees of his charitable fund, deceased had frequently expressed himself better satisfied with the condition of affairs, but has manifested considerable concern at hearing nothing from his son, John Lick, of Fredericksburg, Lebanon County, Penn., to whom both letters and telegrams had been sent requesting his resignation as one of the trustees. All the rest of the old board have tendered their resignations, though they have not yet been confirmed by the Court. The trustees say that the business is in such a shape that no complications can ensue in carrying out Lick's charitable designs, though there is some fear expressed that the action of John Lick implies the intention of contesting the matter in the courts. The total value of the trust fund is estimated at about \$5,000,000.

**MONTREAL, 30.**—Three men fell from a scaffolding at Gore Street Methodist Church, to-day; one was instantly killed and the other two fatally injured.

About the same time a man fell from the new Catholic church, and will probably die.

**MANSFIELD, O., 1.**—The following letter from the Hon. Charles Francis Adams, in response to an invitation to speak here, was received by the Democratic Committee:

"Quincy, Mass., Sept. 27.  
"Dear Sir—I have to acknowledge the receipt of your very flattering letter, inviting me to address my fellow citizens of Ohio on the present state of the political affairs of the country. It is now a long while since I have attempted such a thing, and in the condition of my physical health, especially of my voice, I must plead to be excused from undertaking the service. The question before us seems to resolve itself into this: Whether a genuine reform of evils, that have been brought on the country under the republican administration of the last eight years, is to be expected by continuing the same influence in power, or whether it would not be wise to make a complete change, and entrust the prosecution of reform to a new and fresh set of men. The disclosures of the last few years distinctly prove that, while the existing organization has been honeycombed with corrup-

tion, which not even the most earnest efforts of the honest men of the republican party have been effectual to check, it is plain that the confidence of the majority is not withdrawn from those men who have been most deeply compromised by their conduct before the world, and that it has not been placed in those who appear to have been most strenuous and efficient agents in a policy of reform. I have to say, in derogation of Mr. Hayes, that it seems to me at least very singular, that in a fearful crisis like this, a person should have been selected who has thus far had no record on this subject, and that not one individual who had really committed himself by his previous course to the policy of reform, should have been seriously supported by the meagre vote given to Bristow in the convention. It appears to have embraced all the enthusiasm and sincerity in working for that one great object. On the other hand, the action of the convention at St. Louis shows a wholly different spirit. Not satisfied with making much the strongest declaration of the principles on which they propose to proceed, they went on directly to nominate, by a large majority, a man who, by his energy and vigorous prosecution of the difficult and dangerous task of reform in his own State, had given the strongest pledges to the country, not simply of his will but of his power to meet emergency of all sorts; no wonder that all the ferocity of the wolves and tigers who feed upon the offal of the public crib should have vented on him their passion. It only goes to prove that the justice of their virulence should be in the minds of calm observers the most convincing proof of the wisdom of this choice.

"Mr. Tilden is not called upon to promise what he will do in certain emergencies. What he has done is a better pledge than all the epithets in the dictionary. Another strong reason in my mind for preferring Mr. Tilden is this: The emergency is that a new and stern policy towards the southern States may be inaugurated, free from all the obstacles hitherto raised by a class of the public men of the north, who live by ingratiating themselves with every element among us of the evil passions raised during the war. So long as this course is tolerated, there will be no real harmony between the sections. This is a favorable moment for stamping this spirit of malignity under our feet, by selecting a man whose well-known firmness and impartiality may reinstate mutual confidence, and ultimately restore unity to the whole people. We need this much in the present low condition of our pecuniary affairs. We need it more to fortify the views of our position by foreign nations; in short, the time has come for the inauguration of a wholly new and vigorous policy by a thorough, competent and experienced man. That man, I hope and believe, will be found in Samuel J. Tilden.

"I remain, very truly yours,  
(Signed)  
"CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS."

**CINCINNATI, 1.**—During service at St. Paul's Episcopal church this morning, the roof of the edifice was discovered to be on fire. The congregation was dismissed and passed out quietly, the organist playing voluntarily. After the building had been emptied, engines were summoned and the fire extinguished with comparatively small loss.

**CHICAGO, 1.**—The Moody and Sankey meetings opened this morning at 8 o'clock; all the arrangements about the great tabernacle being completed. Seven thousand people greeted Moody's first appearance. Many city pastors were on the platform. Sankey sang with good effect, and the choir was harmonious. Doctor Goodwin, of the First Congregational Church, prayed with fervor and emotion. The sermon by Moody was characteristic, and directed to Christian workers. Half an hour before the time for the afternoon service the tabernacle was filled, and there were people enough to fill a dozen churches. Moody preached, and his discourse was a perfect torrent of gospel enthusiasm.

The Tribune's Washington special says Bret Harte has been interviewed here concerning his play of "Two Men of Sandy Bar." He says it will be a financial success, and that the New York World has discharged the dramatic critic who so severely criticized it.

## COUNTY CONVENTION.

THE Convention of Delegates from the Precincts of Salt Lake County, convened at the County Court House, Salt Lake City, at 11 a. m., to-day, Sept. 20th, the object being to elect delegates to the Territorial Convention, to be held at the City Hall, on the 7th of October next.

On motion, John T. Caine was elected temporary Chairman, and Theodore McKean temporary Secretary.

The Secretary read the call of the County Central Committee.

The following were appointed a committee on credentials, by the Chair—

John R. Winder, R. T. Burton, Silas Richards, James P. Freeze and A. W. Smith, who retired to perform the business allotted to them.

The Chair responded to a call for a speech, in which he stated that the object of the convention and of the primaries held in the several precincts was to instruct the people in relation to their duties in election matters, explaining to them the undesirable results that might accrue from their neglect in that regard, and he expressed the opinion that the people had been, by those measures, aroused to a sense of their position in relation to their political interests. He made other appropriate remarks upon the duties of the members of the Convention.

Aurelius Miner answered a call for a speech, in which he alluded to the leading political issues of the day.

The Committee on Credentials returned, and submitted the following report, which was read, adopted and the committee discharged—

Hon John T. Caine and Members of the County Convention.

GENTLEMEN—Your committee on credentials respectfully report that the following named persons have been duly elected to the County Convention—

### FROM SALT LAKE CITY.

First Precinct—Jos Warburton, Thos Maycock, Jno Cutler, S H B Smith, Wm L Ball, E F Sheets, James Woods, Samuel Lever.

Second Precinct—Henry Dinwoodey, Harrison Sperry, Jas A Thompson, Wm Thorn, A M Cannon, R T Burton, Thos Taylor, A Miner, Wm Hickenlooper.

Third Precinct—M H Peck, Jos F Smith, W H Hooper, R B Margetts, N Groesbeck, R V Morris, T McKean.

Fourth Precinct—D O Calder, Jas Sharp, Geo Teasdale, Jno T Caine, W C Dunbar, Wm Paul.

Fifth Precinct—E D Woolley, Geo Naylor, A C Pyper, A McRae, Jos Bean, L W Hardy, J R Winder, Jas P Freeze.

Sugar House—C J Robson, James McGhie.

Mill Creek—Alexander Hall, Washington Lemons, Jno F Snedaker.

Big Cottonwood—W G Young, W Taylor, W H Walker.

South Cottonwood—Jos S Rawlins, Silas Richards.

Draper—J M Stewart, Joshua Terry, A W Smith.

Granite—S J Despain.

West Jordan—James Turner, R H Smith.

South Jordan—Isaac Wardell.

North Jordan—Samuel Bennion.

Herriman—W C Crump.

Brighton—Fredk Schonfeldt.

Pleasant Green—H T Spinner.

Very Respectfully,  
JOHN R. WINDER,  
Chairman.

Salt Lake City, Sept. 30th, 1876.

The roll was called, all the delegates being present, and answering to their names.

A permanent organization being in order, Honorable Wm. H. Hooper was elected President, Isaac M. Stewart and Joseph L. Rawlins Vice Presidents, Theodore McKean Secretary, R. V. Morris Assistant Secretary, Samuel H. B. Smith Sergeant-at-arms, and Joseph F. Smith Chaplain.

The organization being completed the Convention was opened with prayer, by the Chaplain.

The President addressed the Convention, expressing thanks for the honor conferred on him in appointing him to the chair, and explaining the object of the assemblage.

On motion the President was authorized to appoint a committee of nine, to report nominations of eighteen delegates to the Territorial Convention, which he did as follows—

L. W. Hardy, Theo. McKean, Thomas Taylor, M. H. Peck, Alex. McRae, Samuel Bennion, E. F. Sheets, A. Miner, Alex. Hill.

The committee retired, and during their absence Judge Pyper and Hon. Joseph F. Smith, in answer to calls, delivered stirring addresses.

The nominating committee returned and presented the following report, which was adopted and the committee discharged—

"Hon. W. H. Hooper, Chairman, and Gentlemen of the Convention:

"Your committee on nominations, to whom was referred the selection of delegates to represent Salt Lake County at the Territorial Convention to be held at the City Hall, Salt Lake City, on Saturday, October 7th, 1876, beg leave to present the following named persons to be elected as delegates to said convention—

"D H Wells, D O Calder, Wm H Hooper, Archibald Gardner, Wm Jennings, Isaac M Stewart, R T Burton, Reuben Miller, Joseph F Smith, Elias Smith, John Taylor, F. Little, John Sharp, A M Cannon, Jno R Winder, Jos M Benedict, Jno T Caine, Jos S Rawlins.

"Very respectfully,  
"L. W. HARDY,  
"Chairman."

The name of each candidate was put to the Convention separately, and sustained by unanimous vote.

On motion the President and Secretary were authorized to sign the credentials of the delegates elect.

On motion, the Convention, in Committee of the Whole, elected the following as alternates to the Territorial Convention—

E. D. Woolley, W. C. Dunbar, L. W. Hardy, Samuel Bennion, John H. Smith, A. W. Smith, Thomas Taylor, Alex. Hill, M. H. Peck, A. H. Raleigh, Aurelius Miner, A. C. Pyper, James Sharp, George Crismon, H. S. Eldridge, E. F. Sheets, John Nicholson, Silas Richards.

The following were presented and unanimously adopted—

"Resolved, That the citizens of Salt Lake County, together with the whole people of Utah, have witnessed with pride and satisfaction the eminent services of Hon. Geo. Q. Cannon, our present delegate in Congress. His indefatigable labors have resulted most beneficially for Utah, and secured for him the entire confidence of her people.

"Resolved, That the people of Salt Lake County, through their delegates in convention assembled, fully endorse the Hon. George Q. Cannon, and respectfully commend him to the Territorial Convention for re-nomination as our choice for Delegate to Congress, and that, if nominated, we pledge ourselves to use our best efforts to secure him the full vote of this county on the 7th of November."

A motion to sustain the County Central Committee as a permanent organization was carried unanimously.

After a unanimous vote of thanks to the President and other officers of the Convention, prayer was offered by the Chaplain and the Convention adjourned sine die.

—An exchange says of Mrs. Livermore, "She has a terrible way of squelching a speaker she doesn't want to hear. She evidently believes in one-man power, and that she is the man."