

cancy occurred in the presidency of the institution. Thereupon the board of directors unanimously adopted the following:

"Preamble and Resolutions of Respect to the late President Wilford Woodruff:

"Once more, in the history of Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution, has been verified the adage, 'Death loves a shining mark.' President Wilford Woodruff, who stood at the head of this institution from October 5th, 1887, until September 2nd, 1898, the date of his decease. Is our fifth president who has departed to the other life. He was a director from October 5th, 1877, to October 4th, 1879, a stockholder from the beginning, and a staunch supporter of its interests until the end of his earthly career.

"Notwithstanding his advanced age—being in his ninety-second year at the time of his demise—no officer or member of Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution has been or could be more devoted to its welfare, faithful in its service, and ready to aid in its progress, than he. His universal reputation for honesty of purpose and integrity of conduct was of great value to the institution, while his wise counsel was to it a tower of strength.

"In consideration of the sterling character, estimable qualities and eminent services of our beloved President,

"Be It Resolved, by the officers and directors of Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution, that this institution has sustained a severe loss, and the entire Intermountain region a heavy blow, in the death of President Wilford Woodruff.

"That we sympathize with his bereaved family and friends, condole with the people of the State in the decease of their chief Pioneer, and lament the absence from our board of one so valued and so dear to us all.

"That this brief recognition of his worth be spread upon the records of the institution, and a copy be presented to his family and be published in the daily papers of Salt Lake City."

After the adoption of the resolutions, Vice President George Q. Cannon nominated President Lorenzo Snow to fill the vacancy caused by the death of President Woodruff. By a unanimous vote, President Snow was chosen president of the institution for the unexpired term, which ends on April 5, 1899, when the regular election of officers by the stockholders will take place.

FROM SATURDAY'S DAILY, SEPTEMBER 17.

Services over the remains of Sister Alice Hardman were held in the Fourth ward meeting house, commencing at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The speakers were Elder John C. Cutler, Bishop Thorne, Bishop Seddon and Bishop Warburton and Elder Joseph E. Taylor of the Stake presidency, all of whom expressed words of consolation to the bereaved. Floral tributes adorned the casket, showing the high esteem in which the departed was held by family and friends.

Last evening Colonel Nat Ward Fitzgerald received advices of the reception of the application papers for a patent upon a smokeless powder which has been compounded by Mr. Whitehead, inventor of the new war gun heretofore described by this paper. This powder is an advance upon any yet made, in the fact that it will not explode by any known means of concussion, is perfectly safe to handle, and has twice the strength of any smokeless powder yet made. Another claim is that it is a lubricant and thus keeps the gun in good shape. The ingredients of the powder are easily obtainable, and the product can be manu-

factured at half the cost of any smokeless powder in use, one of the principal substances being sugar.

The powder bears the appearance of coarse corn meal. Mr. Whitehead in testing it laid a handful upon an anvil and struck it repeatedly with a heavy hammer without harm, but when a spark was communicated to it, it went off like a flash, and with a terrific driving power.

Actual tests of the powder have been made with a common shell loaded with the new powder and it gives a bullet twice the penetrating power of common black powder.

FROM MONDAY'S DAILY, SEPTEMBER 19.

Providence, Rhode Island,
September 14th, 1898.

Mrs Arabella Rogers would be pleased to hear from or locate some relatives who joined the Church in England and emigrated to Utah. These persons are Miss Sarah Crocket, which was her maiden name; Miss Martha Pitts, her maiden name, and one George Dablin. They left Granham, Lincolnshire, England, forty years ago.

Any relatives or friends would confer a favor by addressing Mrs. Rogers. Her address is 291 Lonsdale Ave., Pawtucket, R. I.

ELDER WILLIS K. JOHNSON JR.,
65 Lester St., Providence, R. I.

A fire in the ice houses of the Park City Ice company caused considerable excitement in the southwestern part of the city between 10 and 11 o'clock Saturday night. The houses are located a little east of Second West on Eighth South street and were totally destroyed before the fire department arrived, while the premises of John Hardman, next door, also suffered, although not to the extent that for a time seemed inevitable. As it was Mr. Hardman lost his barn, but his home was saved through the prompt and effective use of a small garden hose.

The fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin and the loss to the Salt Lake Ice company in ice is estimated at \$1,200, while the Park City company's loss in buildings is figured at \$1,500 with an insurance of \$800. Mr. Hardman's loss is \$200 with no insurance. Chief Devine explains the seeming delay in getting to the fire by stating that no alarm was turned in.

San Bernardino, Cal., Sept. 13, 1898.

Stephen H. Goddard, one of the first Pioneers of Utah, quietly passed away on Saturday, Sept. 10th at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Harrison, of this city, and his remains were peacefully laid away on Sunday. The funeral services were conducted by Elders G. A. Chandler and myself, according to his request.

Brother Goddard was a native of New York state, born in 1810, and joined the Church when 20 years old. He has been a faithful member ever since. He was the first leader of the choir that has since become such a celebrated body of singers. He owned the Godbe-Pitts corner and adjoining property at one time. He removed to California some years ago and resided in Fruitvale, Alameda county. He was one of the few remaining Pioneers who were entitled to a badge at the celebration last summer, which he attended. Last fall he was thrown from a buggy and badly bruised, from which injury he has suffered more or less ever since, but of late has felt unusually well. He was perfectly happy and ready to die. A large number of friends showed their last respects to him by following the remains to its last resting place.

The summer has been an unusually

hot and dry one. Everything is moving along nicely in this part of the vineyard. Respectfully,

W. W. LUNT.

Provo, Utah, Sept. 19.—This morning C. L. Maxwell went on trial before the Fourth district court for robbing the Springville Banking company's bank, May 28th, 1898. He was represented by Attorney Warner, County Attorney King prosecuted. Evidence was submitted by the prosecution showing that the defendant and another man had entered the bank about 10 o'clock in the morning and after a few preliminary remarks pulled guns on the bookkeeper and took \$2,370 from the bank.

No evidence was introduced for the defense. Mr. Warner objected to the manner in which the entire panel of jurors for the term were drawn and objected to the trial of defendant before a jury of eight. If the case is appealed it will be carried to the Supreme Court of the United States on those grounds.

After a brief argument and instructions of the court, the jury retired and soon returned the verdict of guilty. The defendant waived time of sentence and was sentenced to eighteen years in the State prison having answered "No, sir" to questions of the judge as to whether he had legal reason to give why sentence should not be imposed. Maxwell maintained a very pleasing and easy demeanor during the trial, while talking, before Judge Dusenberry gave sentence. The length of the term, however, seemed to please him for a brief moment, but he soon recovered, and as he was handcuffed by Sheriff Storrs he was led out of the court room his face wearing the usual pleasant expression. He remarked, however, to Sheriff Storrs on being taken out, "He might as well have given me the other two years." Maxwell was taken to the State prison this afternoon.

Yesterday a fatal shooting occurred at Bear River City resulting in the death of Christian Peterson of that place, by the discharge of a gun in the hands of Jed Abbott.

The particulars of the shooting as nearly as can be learned are as follows:

Early yesterday morning George Abbott, a younger brother of the man who did the shooting, set his dogs on to some hogs belonging to Peterson which were running at large and were at the time upon Abbott's farm. Peterson went over to Abbott's place a few minutes later and asked him if he could not treat his hogs a little better.

"I don't know," said Abbott, whereupon Peterson struck him in the head with his fist. Abbott started into fight but Peterson warned him to keep off or he would run his pitchfork through him.

Abbott then looked around for something to defend himself with and went inside the house. The first thing he saw was his shotgun, securing which he stepped out and ordered Peterson to leave the premises. Peterson then came forward threatening him with pitchfork, Abbott warning him away.

Peterson at this time looked round, stepped back a few feet and stooped down to pick up a rock when the gun was discharged, the charge entering Peterson's right side just under the arm.

Abbott hitched up his team and drove to the residence of Mr. Haws, about half a mile distant, and told them of the shooting and requested them to take charge of the body. He then came on to this city and gave himself up to the officers about 9 o'clock a. m.

Peterson was about 45 years of age. Abbott is a brother of Sheriff Abbott, of Davis county. Sheriff Davis, Dr. A.