

soldiers and police, and finally fired several shots. The fire was returned by two or three officers and a charge was ordered, which temporarily dispersed the mob.

The number of cars on the Panhandle road burned last night is estimated at 1,200 to 1,500, a total loss of not less than one million dollars. It is estimated beside the loss of rolling stock at least ten miles of track was ruined. It is impossible to place a value on the freight destroyed.

CHICAGO, 3.55 p.m.—Twenty men have been killed by the regulars at Forty-seventh and Loomis streets.

CHICAGO, 4:05 p.m.—The cause of the fight was an attack on a wrecking train made by the mob. The Western Indiana workmen had partially succeeded in clearing away the obstruction when the mob drove them away. A company of regulars was close at hand and word was sent to them for aid. The regulars responded on the run and in a few minutes were confronting the mob.

The rioters were ordered to move back or they would be fired upon. They refused to move on or disperse, and the order to fire was given. Only one volley was fired. The number killed is variously estimated at 20 to 30, and the number of wounded as many more.

A reasonable estimate of the number of armed men now on duty in this city would be about 12,000, including 3,600 militiamen, 3,300 police, 1,200 regular army and over 1,500 deputy sheriffs and marshals, besides perhaps 2,500 private watchmen and a small body of detectives.

For the twenty-four hours ending this morning there were sixty-two fire alarm calls from burning railroad property, nearly all being on the south side. This is a remarkable record according to Chief Sweeney. Several times railroad shops were fired. The strain on the fire department was great and at the headquarters in the city hall a double force of operators were at work. Chief Sweeney stayed at headquarters and directed the movements of his companies. The number of alarms from July 1 to 10 o'clock last night was 334, the largest ever reached in the history of the department in that time. Chief Sweeney said last night it was a question whether the firemen on the south side could hold out if such wholesale incendiarism continued.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 7.—Mass meetings held last night in this city and Oakland endorsed the strikers. The assemblage in this city was a notable gathering. The Metropolitan Tabernacle was jammed and thousands, unable to obtain admission, organized an overflow meeting in the open air. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed. Corporate monopoly was regarded as a common enemy, and every point against the Pullman Car company or its railroad allies was greeted with cheers. Both the President and his advisers were scored, and every mention of the name of C. P. Huntington was the signal for loud groans and hisses. Speeches were made by A. W. Thompson, who presided; E. T. Yost, as the representative of the American Railway Union; E. K. Collier, Alfred Fuhrman, president of the Federated Trades; M. McGlynn, secretary of the Trades Council; A. T. Rodgers and R.

T. Falland. Resolutions were adopted promising moral support to the A. R. U., condemning George M. Pullman and the Southern Pacific company, countenancing the strike, attacking federal interference in the difficulty, and demanding that the military service of this state and nation should be remodeled, classifying men fit for duty in such a way that those who have the most property shall be drafted first into the militia and army and ordered first to the front in time of insurrection.

CHICAGO, July 7.—Today's incendiarism began in a new quarter of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy switching yards at Crawford, just west of Hawthorne race track. A dozen freight cars in the yards were burned at daylight. About 8 a.m. a mob of 500 captured a Baltimore & Ohio wrecking train at Twenty-ninth street. The train crew fled.

A survey at the stock yards this morning showed along the Panhandle railroad for three miles everything perishable destroyed, including cars, switch houses, signal towers and exposed freight. The fires are still burning. Policemen guarded the Lake Shore, Fort Wayne, Western Indiana and Pennsylvania tracks at the stock yards last night. Today preparations are being made to start trains eastward. Many obstructions were so ingeniously and firmly fixed it was almost impossible to remove them.

At 11 a.m. it was reported a mob was firing cars and other property on the Chicago & Northern Pacific near the western city limits. Five companies of U. S. troops were ordered to the scene of the trouble. Serious rioting was reported at 11 a.m. on the Grand Trunk road in the vicinity of Elsdon. Rioting was also reported renewed on the Burlington tracks at the western avenue crossing, the property of the company being fired right and left.

SPRING VALLEY, Ill., July 7.—One thousand Lithuanians, men, women and children, looted the coal company's store last night. The store contained stock valued at \$40,000, and not a dollar's worth was left. The police made no resistance, as the people were in dire need of food and would not hesitate at murder. The Lithuanians have threatened to tear up the Rock Island tracks should another train try to pass the town.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The tariff bill was engrossed today and ordered reported back to the House ways and means committee with the recommendation of non-concurrence in Senate amendments. Speaker Crisp named as conferees on the part of the House, Wilson, McMillin, Turner, Montgomery, Democrats; Reed, Burrows, Payne, Republicans.

WARDNER, Ida., July 7.—The Coeur d'Alene miners have broken out again. The hills are full of rioting miners and the town is paralyzed. Business is suspended and the sheriff is organizing a posse to defend the mines.

At 1:30 o'clock this morning a tremendous explosion shook the town. It was followed by a chorus of derisive yells. When daylight came it was discovered that an attempt had been made to blow up the power house and electric light plant of the Bunker Hill and Sullivan mines. Sticks of dynamite had been shoved

under the building and exploded. The explosion was sufficient to wreck the plant completely, although a large part of the building was left standing.

The hills above the power house are full of rioters who make no attempt to attack the town, but have spent the whole morning rolling rocks down the steep mountain side on the power house and mine buildings.

CHICAGO, July 8.—Comparative quiet prevailed, as a rule, within the city today, though there were, as might have been expected, a number of sporadic instances where little knots of malcontents gathered, became boisterous and were finally scattered by a charge from the police. A number of small mobs formed, went rioting, fighting and overturning cars, heads were cracked, and small-frye brawls, mostly the result of too much bad whisky, were frequently reported at police headquarters. There was, however, no concerted effort at incendiarism or violence, although at a number of places individual cars were fired, several of which were destroyed.

The rioting at Hammond, Ind., culminated this afternoon in a conflict between the mob and company B, Fifteenth United States infantry, in which Charles Fleishman was killed, Victor Vactor fatally wounded, Wm. Campbell shot through both legs, Mrs. Flemming shot in the knee, Victor Blite shot in the leg and an unknown man shot through the wrist. A number of other people were slightly injured, but were carried away by their friends and secreted, and it will be impossible to learn the exact number wounded.

The regulars were greeted with oaths and shouts of derision and volleys of sticks and stones were showered upon them. The men kept the mob for several hours from approaching the buildings. By 3 o'clock fully 5,000 rioters were assembled. Several times they rushed upon the company of troops, but were met by fixed bayonets and driven back. At last, however, the entire body of strikers made a determined rush towards the depot.

"Make ready! Fire!" was the command, and the thirty-five Springfields rang out in response. A second volley quickly followed into the surging crowd. The first volley staggered them and the second stopped them as effectually as if they had run against a stone wall. Several men were seen to fall, but they were taken away by their comrades and the extent of their injuries could not be learned.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—Just before midnight President Cleveland issued the following:

"Proclamation by the President of the United States:

"Whereas, By reason of unlawful obstructions, combinations and assemblages of persons it has become impracticable, in the judgment of the President, to enforce by the ordinary course of judicial proceedings the laws of the United States within the state of Illinois and the city of Chicago within said state; and,

"Whereas, That for the purpose of enforcing the faithful execution of the laws of the United States and protecting its property and removing obstructions to the United States in the State and city aforesaid, the President has