

Correspondence.

SALT LAKE CITY,
June 7th, 1869.

Editor Evening News:—Reflecting upon the many things that co-operation will grasp by and by, I have thought upon the glaring one,—our present Meat Market. The occupants thereof do not, so far as our "outward signs" are concerned, co-operate, only in the high price of meat.

Would it not be a desideratum if there were co-operative meat markets opened in every ward, or for two or three wards by judicious location? Would it not bring this article of food nearer to the citizen who, from force of circumstances, is compelled to live on the outskirts of the city, far removed from the central and only meat market in the city? The same laws, tests, records, and requirements could as faithfully be adhered to in all these co-operative meat markets as at the central. It is only the poor man who knows the expense, loss and inconvenience of the present arrangement. But here arises a grave question, What should be done with the present ornamental meat market? I answer if it must stand, it would make an excellent depot for flour, grain, butter and eggs, if it only had a cellar, where persons from the country could come and deposit the above articles, receive their pay, make their purchases and go home without the tedious, uncertain and perhaps lengthy round to the several co-operative stores, to say nothing of the danger to the looks and condition of the articles sought to be disposed of, especially butter. A qualified man to superintend such a depot should be chosen. Orders could be sent him by the several stores to deliver so much of each. A wagon always at hand belonging to the concern to deliver, thus expenses are lessened. The stores are not closed while the agent makes the "grand round" of the legion of little dealers to find what he needs for his store, or waits the coming wagon, or haggles with some person, or hears himself outbid by the "runners." Is this not a needed reform? It would perhaps break up a monopoly, but it would also cheapen food by lessening expenses, give the poor a chance at a piece of meat in small doses, and give us cheap meat as it has given us cheap goods. Cheap goods, cheap food and cheap labor are all included in the great program.

ITEM.

Our correspondent "Amicus" is after some folks with a sharp stick in the following, but as his remarks will only hurt those who are hit,—and they richly deserve it,—we willingly insert his communication.—Ed. D. E. N.

Editor Deseret News:—I have been agent for your paper for some time past. I am always pleased to help on the good work, so if I intrude thus a few minutes upon you, be lenient.

In a quiet little town not far from your city, is my habitation. Thinking that the good folks would be benefitted by perusing your papers, I accepted the agency with no other object in view than to further your interest and induce our people to read and become more enlightened. Now I am not an "editor," but I know that a paper cannot be sustained by people "who subscribe nothing but their names;" there must be something more substantial than windy promises to feed the editor "typos," pressmen, clerks and their families, and to pay the debts which are necessarily incurred by the purchasing of paper, ink, and other material.

The manner in which the business of this country for the last few years has been conducted has led many people into a very indifferent and careless way. They expect to be credited "till harvest," and from that time indefinitely. Now, however well this system may have succeeded heretofore, it certainly will not answer hereafter. I have been led to these reflections by the following case in point.

A man came to my house to-day, saying that there were seven or eight papers which he had not had. I looked and could find but five. I am satisfied that that was the number due him; he was confident there were more. He thereupon commenced a general onslaught on the disagreeableness of "taking a paper and not getting it," "didn't care if he didn't get it at all." Said I, "You should send regularly, then you would get them." "Oh! well they ought to be kept for me?" "For argument's sake," said I, "I will admit that is right.

So much for one side; now about the other. You have grumbled about your papers before; now when did you pay for them?" "Oh," said he, "I have not paid yet, but—" "But what?" I said. "You have had your paper now 18 months and have never paid a cent. Now before you grumble any more, pay up." After some talk he promised he would do so. Now, I have no doubt people do sometimes miss their papers; but it can scarcely be expected to be otherwise. In a small postoffice where salaries range from twelve to fifteen dollars per annum, no person can afford to devote himself exclusively to the business, hence there is very little difference between a P. M.'s being an agent and a private individual like myself. I, of course, cannot devote all my time to the distribution of a few papers, still I do the best I can, and would do better than I do in that respect if people would come regularly at seasonable hours, but they make a practice of coming any time between 5 a.m. and 11 p.m., and expect to find some one to wait upon them; and it sometimes occurs in my absence that three or four persons of the same family will come for "our paper" and as many members of my family will distribute, and neither one knows what the other has done—hence errors arise.

Putting the subscribers' names on does not obviate the difficulty, as each one is confident that no one else has been for it; whereas, the truth of it is, perhaps, that one of the members of the family has got the paper and gone to the field or the cañon or some other place. We tell them in such cases to return it, if they find that they have had it previously, which they promise to do; although they nearly always fail. In conclusion let me give a little advice to all on this matter: Find out if any member of your family has had the paper before you go to the agent to bother him. Go in business hours; and when you have got your paper go home and read it like good, sensible souls; and, above all, if you are owing for the paper, before you ever think of grumbling or finding fault with either Editor or Agent, be sure to PAY UP.

Fraternally,

AMICUS.

U. P. R. R. VOUCHERS,

Time Checks, &c.,

TAKEN AT PAR,

FOR MERCHANDISE.

WOODMANSEE & BRO.

dl76-tfw20-1

ESTRAY.

CAME to my place in the 7th Ward, about three weeks since, a Light Red colored COW, with stubb horns, branded W W on left hip, and on left side a brand diamond shaped, illegible brand on right hip. The owner can have her by applying to me and paying for this advertisement. CHAS. BINNALL, Wagon maker. dl77-s39w20-1ea

NOTICE!

In the Supreme Court for the District of Utah.

In the Matter of JOHN M. WORLEY, } In Bankruptcy. Bankrupt.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that pursuant to an Order made by said Court in the matter of JOHN M. WORLEY, a Bankrupt, on the 7th day of June, A.D. 1869, a hearing will be had upon the Petition of said Bankrupt, heretofore filed in said Court, praying for his discharge from all his debts and liabilities, provable under the Act of Congress, entitled "An Act to establish a Uniform System of Bankruptcy throughout the United States," approved March 2nd, 1867, and for a certificate thereof before said Court, on the 17th day of July, A.D. 1869, at 10 o'clock, a.m.; at the United States Court Rooms, in Salt Lake City, in said District, at which time and place any creditor of said Bankrupt, or any other person in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted. Notice is further given that the 2nd and 3rd Meetings of the Creditors of said Bankrupt will be held before R. H. Robertson, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said District, at his Office in Salt Lake City, on the said 17th day of July, A.D. 1869, at 9 o'clock a.m., and at the time and place last aforesaid, H. W. Isaacson, Assignee of said Bankrupt's Estate, will apply to said Register for an allowance of the account filed in said matter as such Assignee, and for a discharge from all liabilities as such Assignee.

W. I. APPELBY, Clerk of said Court in Bankruptcy. Salt Lake City, June 14th, 1869. w19 4t

NOTICE!

JOHN TAYLOR, Probate and County Judge, within and for the County of Utah and Territory of Utah, having on the second day of June, A.D. 1869, entered at the United States Land Office, at Salt Lake City, U. T., for the several use and benefit of the occupants of Santaquin, in said Utah County, the following described tract of Land, viz:

The South West quarter; South half Lots 3 and 4 of North West quarter Section 1; Lot 1 and South East quarter of North East quarter and East half of South East quarter of Section 2 in Township No. 10 South of Range No. 1 East, containing 480 acres.

The said Land is now subject to the filing of statements as prescribed in Section 3 of an Act of the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Utah, approved February 17th, 1869, entitled an Act prescribing Rules and Regulations for the execution of the Trust arising under an Act of Congress entitled "An Act for the Relief of the Inhabitants of Cities and Towns upon the Public Lands," approved March 2nd, 1867.

JOHN TAYLOR,

Probate and County Judge,

Provo City, June 11, 1869.

w19-3m

NOTICE.

JOHN TAYLOR, Probate and County Judge, within and for the County of Utah and Territory of Utah, having on the 2nd day of June, A.D. 1869, entered at the United States Land Office, at Salt Lake City, U. T., for the several use and benefit of the occupants of Cedar Fort of said Utah County, the following described tract of Land, viz:

The South half of North East quarter; North half of South East quarter Section 6; South half of North West quarter; North half of South West quarter; South half of North East quarter Lots 1 and 2; North half of South East quarter; South West quarter of South East quarter of Section No. 5 in Township No. 6 South of Range No. 2 West, containing 539 acres and 40.100.

The said Land is now subject to the filing of statements as prescribed in Section 3 of an Act of the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Utah, approved February 17th, A.D. 1869, entitled an Act prescribing Rules and Regulations for the execution of the Trust arising under an Act of Congress, entitled "An Act for the relief of the Inhabitants of Cities and Towns upon the Public Lands," approved March 2, 1867.

JOHN TAYLOR,

Probate and County Judge,

Provo City, June 11th, 1869.

w19 3m

NOTICE!

ABRAHAM O. SMOOT, Mayor of Provo City, within and for the County of Utah and Territory of Utah, having on the 21st day of May, A. D. 1869, entered at the United States Land Office, at Salt Lake City, U. T., in trust for the several use and benefit of the inhabitants thereof, the following described tract of land, viz:

The south half; the south half of north east quarter and south half of north west quarter and lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, Section 1, also Section 12 in township 7 south of range 2 east. South half of north east quarter; south east quarter of North west quarter; south east quarter; east half of south west quarter and lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7, Section 6; also north east quarter; east half of north west quarter; and lots 1 and 2 of Section 7 in township No. 7, south of range No. 3, east, containing 2,240 acres and 70.100.

The said land is now subject to the filing of statements as prescribed in Section 3 of an act of the Legislative Assembly of Utah Territory, approved February 17th, 1869, entitled an act prescribing rules and regulations for the execution of the trust arising under an Act of Congress, entitled "An Act for the relief of the inhabitants of cities and towns upon the public lands" approved March 2nd, 1867.

ABRAHAM O. SMOOT,

Mayor of Provo City.

Provo City, June 11th 1869.

w19-3m

NOTICE.

IS HEREBY GIVEN, that I, CYRUS SANFORD, Mayor of Springville City, did on the (20) twentieth day of May, A. D. 1869, enter in the Land Office, Salt Lake City, U. T. for the use and benefit of the citizens of Springville City, U. T. the following described land, to wit:—

The whole of Section (3) thirty-three, township No (7) seven, south range (3) three east, also lots (1, 2, 3, 4) one, two, three, four, of Section No. (4) four, in township (8) eight south, in range (3) three east, containing 800 42.100 acres.

Any person or persons, having claims in the above survey of land, will file the same with the Clerk of the County Court for Utah County, as prescribed by law.

CYRUS SANFORD,

Mayor of Springville, U. T.

w19-3m

NOTICE!

In the Supreme Court for the District of Utah.

In the Matter of Wm. STANFIELD, } In Bankruptcy. Bankrupt.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That pursuant to an Order made by said Court in the matter of Wm. STANFIELD, a Bankrupt, on the 7th day of June, A.D. 1869, a hearing will be had upon the Petition of said Bankrupt heretofore filed in said Court, praying for his discharge from all his debts and liabilities, provable under the Act of Congress, entitled "An Act to Establish a Uniform System of Bankruptcy throughout the United States," approved March 2, 1867, and for a certificate thereof before said Court on the 17th day of July, A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock a.m., at the United States Court Rooms, Salt Lake City, in said District, at which time and place any creditor of said Bankrupt, or any other person in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said Petition should not be granted.

Notice is further given that the 2nd and 3rd meetings of the Creditors of said Bankrupt will be held before R. H. Robertson, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said District, at his office in Salt Lake City, at 9 o'clock a.m., on the said 17th day of July, A. D. 1869, and at the time and place last aforesaid, Henry W. Isaacson, Assignee of said Bankrupt's estate, will apply to said Register for an allowance of his account in said matter as such Assignee, and for a discharge from all liabilities as such Assignee.

W. I. APPELBY,

Clerk of said Court in Bankruptcy,

Salt Lake City, June 14, 1869. w194

NOTICE.

In the Supreme Court for the District of Utah.

In the matter of ERASTUS S. FOOT, } In Bankruptcy. Bankrupt.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that, pursuant to an Order made by said Court, in the matter of Erastus S. Foot, a Bankrupt, on the 7th day of June, A. D. 1869, a hearing will be had upon the Petition of said Bankrupt, heretofore filed in said Court, praying for his discharge from all his debts and liabilities, provable under the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to establish a uniform system of Bankruptcy throughout the United States," approved March 2nd, 1867, and for a certificate thereof, before said Court, on the 17th day of July, A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the United States Court Rooms in Salt Lake City, in said District, at which time and place any creditor of said Bankrupt, or any other person in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted. Notice is further given that the 2nd and 3rd meeting of creditors of said Bankrupt will be held before R. H. Robertson, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said District, at his office in Salt Lake City, on the said 17th day of July, A. D. 1869, at 9 o'clock A. M.

W. I. APPELBY,

Clerk of said Supreme Court

Salt Lake City, June 14th, 1869. w194

NOTICE!

In the Supreme Court for the District of Utah.

In the Matter of A. B. MILLER, } In Bankruptcy. Bankrupt.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that pursuant to an order made by said Court in the matter of A. B. MILLER, a Bankrupt, on the 7th day of June, A.D. 1869, a hearing will be had upon the petition of said Bankrupt heretofore filed in said Court, praying for his discharge from all his debts and liabilities provable under the Act of Congress, entitled "An Act to establish a uniform system of Bankruptcy throughout the United States," approved March 2nd, 1867, and for a certificate thereof before said Court, on the 17th day of July, A.D. 1869, at 10 o'clock a.m., at the United States Court Rooms in Salt Lake City, at which time and place any creditor of said Bankrupt, or any other person in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said Petition should not be granted.

Notice is further given that the 2nd and 3rd meetings of the Creditors of said Bankrupt will be held on the said 17th day of July, at 9 o'clock a.m., before R. H. Robertson, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said District, at his office in Salt Lake City, and at the time and place last aforesaid, H. W. Isaacson, Assignee of said Bankrupt's estate, will apply to said Register for an allowance of his account in said matter as such Assignee, and for a discharge from all liability as such Assignee.

W. I. APPELBY,

Clerk of said Court in Bankruptcy,

R. N. BASKIN, Petitioner's Attorney,

Salt Lake City, June 14, 1869. w194

NOTICE.

In the Supreme Court for the District of Utah.

In the matter of DON C. ROBERTS, } In Bankruptcy. Bankrupt.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN. That pursuant to an Order made by said Court, in the matter of DON C. ROBERTS, a Bankrupt, on the 12th day of June, A. D. 1869, a hearing will be had upon the Petition of said Bankrupt heretofore filed in said Court, praying for his discharge from all his debts and liabilities provable under the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to Establish a Uniform System of Bankruptcy throughout the United States," approved March 2, 1867, and for a Certificate thereof before said Court, on the 17th day of July, A.D. 1869, at 10 o'clock, a.m., at the United States Court Rooms in Salt Lake City in said District, at which time and place any creditor of said Bankrupt, or any other person in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said Petition should not be granted.

Notice is further given that the second and third meetings of the Creditors of said Bankrupt will be held before R. H. Robertson, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said District, at his office in Salt Lake City, on the said 17th day of July, A. D. 1869, at 9 o'clock, a.m., and that at the time and place first aforesaid, Henry W. Isaacson, Assignee of said Bankrupt's estate, will apply to said Register for a settlement of his account, and an allowance in said matter as such assignee, and for a discharge from all liability as such Assignee.

W. I. APPELBY,

Clerk of said Supreme Court in Bankruptcy,

Salt Lake City, June 14, 1869. w19 4