

central figure, walked around the track. They stopped opposite the time-keeper's stand, and Rowell said, "Gentlemen, I thank you. I am through." The three men retired from the track and the match at 8:25 p.m., their scores being: Rowell, 530 miles; Merritt, 515 miles; Hazael, 500 miles and one lap.

Hart, Guyon, Ennis, Krohne and Taylor remained on the track. Weston sought his tent between six and seven, only to reappear should Ennis or Krohne threaten to displace him from the sixth position. Ennis finished on a run his 450th mile, at 9:24; and was greeted with storms of applause. Taylor finished his 250th mile at 9:25, at a tremendous speed, and was presented with a pie. Guyon left the track at 9:15, and soon afterwards was taken to his hotel, where a hot bath was given him, which assuaged the pain in his legs and feet, and he was then put to bed. Krohne finished his 450th mile at 9:50, at a rattling rate, winning a burst of applause. Hart went off finally at 9:50. Ennis retired at 9:15. Krohne added a lap to his 450 miles and quit, Taylor was satisfied with his 250 miles, the band played "Home, sweet home." Every hole in the walls become an exit, and thus was terminated what was characterized by a spectator who paid his dollar too late to see the show, the "Grand International Hamburg," organized in London, and consummated in New York. The official score was as follows: Rowell, 530 miles; Merritt 515 miles; Hazael, 500 miles; Hart, 482 miles; Guyon, 471 miles; Weston 455 miles; Ennis, 450 miles; Krohne 450 miles; Taylor 250 miles.

DEADWOOD, Dt., 27.—The city has presented an unusually active appearance to-day, the flames and smoke having diminished enough to allow the mass of ruins to be cleared away; and the erection of tents and small wooden shanties, of which there have been from 75 to 100 put up. Almost every class of business is represented on Main and Sherman Streets, and all are having an immense rush of custom, although prices have not advanced, except in a very few instances, where the demand for some articles was greater than the supply, and the advance has been but slight. All the daily papers are running on small sheets, being struck off at Lead and Central Cities. They contain little else than fire news. Lumber is being hauled in by every available team in this vicinity, and is bringing forty-six dollars per thousand. The mills are running night and day, but not enough can be brought in to supply the enormous demand. Some had shanties erected within five hours from the time of the outbreak of the fire. All day telegrams have been pouring in, offering stocks of goods, money, clothing, food, etc., but as yet nothing but merchandise has been accepted. No relief committee has yet been organized and there probably will be none. People who are bankrupt and homeless do not want to accept aid from the outside world. Merchants and others are very generous, and able and willing to stand their share of the burden.

CHICAGO, 27.—Wentworth Rawlin, the bicycle man, arrived from New York, to-day, and was banqueted by the bicycle manufacturers, to-night.

Perkins Bass, a prominent lawyer, lately returned from Europe, reports having had a conversation in Strasburg with the late president of the de unit State Savings Bank, D. D. Spencer, who was living there in poverty, and is anxious to return and vindicate himself, as he claims that he can do so.

The revenue officers, to-day, seized 2,400 gallons of whiskey, valued at \$2,500, from the distillery of H. H. Shufeldt, Chicago, on account of a failure to comply with the law concerning marks and brands. Several hundred barrels of the same grade have been sold in southern markets. The officers in this district have been waiting for orders before making the seizure on account of the conflicting opinion as to its liability to forfeiture.

Wheeling, W. Va., 27.—The three mile scull race, between George W. Wersgerber, of St. Louis, and Louis Felsing, for \$2,000, occurred, to-day, and was a great affair, the former won by a boat's length.

Reading, Pa., 27.—A freight train ran into a gravel train on the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad during a fog, and Isaac Young, conductor, and Alexander Young, train

hand, were killed, David Daird-hoer was seriously injured.

FREDERICKSBURG, Va., 27.—To-day, a large boulder of white quartz rock, from near the Wilderness, was placed to mark the spot where Stonewall Jackson received his death wound. A simple inscription will be put on the stone. Rev. B. F. Lacy, of Missouri, Jackson's chaplain originated the project.

PALESTINE, Texas, 27.—James Quisenberry, lately acquitted of the charge of murdering Dr. Grayson and wife, last year, was, to-day, shot dead by C. C. Rogers, city marshal, a witness in the trial. Quisenberry had repeatedly threatened Rogers life.

DETROIT, Michigan, 27.—The cricketers had a draw game, and the English eleven refusing to remain over, went to Niagara Falls. They play in Syracuse on Monday.

GALVESTON, Texas, 27.—A special to the News from Bolton, says: Five of the largest stores in the place were burned to-day. Two others were pulled down to stop the spread of the flames. Loss, \$100,000. Insured.

MEMPHIS, 27.—Four new cases reported to-day; four deaths.

NEW YORK, 28.—The Herald says, editorially, that it is reported at the republican headquarters in this city, that if Grant shall visit New York before the next State election takes place, it is the intention of the sagacious gentlemen who are pushing Cornell's campaign, to organize a monster meeting in honor of the ex-president. The intimation is also thrown out that he will be asked to lend his assistance to Cornell's canvass. If any such idea is entertained by politicians around the republican committee room, it is to be hoped the gentlemen who are responsible for the management of Cornell's canvass will promptly suppress it. No greater indignity could be put upon the illustrious traveler than to lead him about in the political circuit for the benefit of a lot of office seekers. If Gen. Grant comes here he will be received, we have no doubt, in a manner worthy of the metropolis, but politicians who are endeavoring to climb into power on his shoulders will be invited to take back seats in whatever demonstration may be made. Grant is not the property of any political party. He is simply a citizen who is dear to the majority of his countrymen, because of his services in the war of the rebellion. While he was President, the republican party had, of course, political claims upon him, but in leaving the presidential chair, he took the precaution to dissolve the partnership. In California Grant has been received as a citizen of the republic, and men of all parties have united in doing him honor.

The total receipts at Gilmore's Garden during the walk was \$80,000.

Rowell still persists that he was poisoned.

DOVER, N. H., 28.—A fire broke out in the rear of the Larr Block this morning, and spread to several large wooden buildings in the vicinity, which were nearly all destroyed. Belknap Church was slightly damaged. Total loss \$28,000; insurance \$26,000.

ERIE, Pa., 28.—James Matthews, a brakeman on the P. and E. Railroad, fell from the rear of a train being made up this afternoon, and was run over by ten cars and terribly mangled.

MEMPHIS, 28.—Thirteen new cases reported to the board of health to-day. Six interments were reported by the undertakers.

SAN FRANCISCO, 28.—Those who visited the sand lots to-day, in expectation of hearing Kearney pronounce a diatribe against Grant, were disappointed. In the course of his customary speech, the agitator referred to his unsuccessful attempts to obtain an interview with the General, stating that his intention was to invite him to the sand lots. He proposed to make no comments on Grant's refusal to see him, leaving intelligent workingmen to form their own conclusions.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 25.—The Mohounds are threatening the border forts.

The native infantry and cavalry will be largely augmented.

An outbreak of cholera has occurred among the troops at Peshawar. The Ninth Regiment lost five men from the disease, and is retiring from Jamrood in consequence.

LONDON, 28.—The German quar-

rel with Japan is said to be getting more serious. A German steamer was recently authorized by the German envoy to the Mikado, to break the cholera blockade at Yokohama, in consequence of which Japan is changing the cholera regulations between Japan and the Christian powers. America sides with Japan, but England supports Germany.

A dispatch dated Cape Town says: Cetewayo left Port Durnford on the 4th inst. Quarters have been prepared for him at the castle here. All the remaining hostile chiefs in Zululand have surrendered. Sir Garnet Wolseley arrived at Utrecht, Transvaal, on the 7th instant.

A Berlin correspondent hears, from a good source at St. Petersburg, that a conference will be held shortly, at Livadia, between the embassadors from London, Paris, Vienna, Constantinople, and Athens, and Counsellor Von Giers, of the foreign office, General Milliontin, minister of war, and General Kauffmann.

The speedy return of Mahmood Neaig Pasha to power is probable. It is said the objection to him on the part of the several powers has been greatly diminished.

The drought in Roumania continues and bids fair to affect next year's crops of winter grain.

Gortschakoff is expected at Berlin, to-day, on his way to Russia. He will have an interview with Bismarck at the special wish of the Czar, to remove any misunderstanding.

The Belgian bishops have instructed the clergy to refuse absolution to parents whose children frequent public schools, and to teachers and pupils in normal schools.

M. Teisserence de Bort, ambassador to Vienna, from France, telegraphs to Waddington, minister of foreign affairs, that Bismarck called on him and they had a very satisfactory interview. Bismarck expressed his desire to maintain the existing cordial relations between Germany and France.

The Gaulois publishes a communication denouncing the intrigues of Senor Zorilla and other Spanish republicans in Paris, and states that they are about to issue a manifesto in such vague terms as to be acceptable to republicans, internationalists and communists, alike. The Gaulois expresses regret that the French government shuts its eyes to facts tantamount to a conspiracy against a friendly sovereign, and says that by doing so, government will sooner or later expose itself to remonstrances which it should carefully avoid.

A Paris correspondent referring to the communication published in the Gaulois about Senor Zorilla's intrigues, etc., says: If this communication emanates, as reported, from the Spanish Embassy, it is an indication that in King Alfonso's opinion, the Austro-German alliance bodes no good to France, or he would not dare thus to bark at his heels, and seek an excuse for quarreling later.

The last 40 of the tenant farmers sent to Canada to investigate the advantages of settlement in the Dominion, represent portions of Scotland, and the north, east, and west of England.

Seventy families from Sweden have sailed, intending to settle in Manitoba. If their undertaking proves successful, they will be joined by 600 Swedes next spring.

Two distinguished German geographers, Doctors Graef and Gosser, have arrived at Lisbon, on their way to Africa. They have been sent by the German government on a scientific mission.

The Russian telegraph lines have been repeatedly cut by the Turcomans.

News from an advanced detachment of the expedition against the Tekke Turcomans, across Kopet-dagh, is accompanied by an earnest petition for reinforcements, and another division has therefore been ordered to assemble at Baker.

Three hundred agricultural tenants have arrived in the town of Tipperary, Ireland. They refused to pay the full amount of their rent and disturbances are feared.

CAIRO, 25.—General Gordon Pasha has had a parley with the general commanding the Abyssinians, which has resulted in withdrawal of the Abyssinian troops from the Egyptian frontier.

LONDON, 28.—Gen. Hughes' brigade, on Tuesday last, advanced from Candahar to Kheilat. Jigizai, the governor of which place, is reported to have fled.

The Indian government, in view of the condition of affairs in Afghanistan, has requested of the home authorities permission to retain three regiments which had been ordered to England.

LONDON, 27.—General Baker's brigade, to-day, will proceed to Seargum Shar, where it will be joined by the force under Sir Frederick Roberts, the last detachment of which will leave Ali Kheyl on Monday for Cabul.

The Ameer's officials have been instructed not to oppose the entrance of the British troops.

A small body of Mahmonds assembled near Lalpura, but were dispersed.

Six fatal cases of cholera have occurred in the Ninth Regiment. The royal artillery and 81st regiment is also afflicted by the same disease.

The Journal de St. Petersburg says: The Russian government is without advice concerning the reported victory obtained by the Tekke Turcomans over the advanced column of the expedition under Gen. Lowakin, and that the latest news from the column reported a slight advance.

A meeting has been held at Aoasta, Piedmont, to consider the scheme for the construction of a tunnel under Mont Blanc.

The Vicar Patriarchal of Constantinople, having arranged the difference with the Porte, will shortly arrive in Rome to conclude a favorable convention for the regulation of the rights of the Roman Catholic church in Turkey.

The Emperor William, yesterday completed, at Metz, the tour of military inspection begun at Berlin on the anniversary of the battle of Sedan. To-day he will leave for Baden-Baden for a short period of repose.

The Vedomosti, Russian, reports that Gen. Terguakoff's expedition will not go to Merv. It will merely occupy the districts at the base of Kopet Dag, which separates Persia from the country of the Tekke Turcomans. Merv is unimportant, and Herat can be approached from Bokhara.

The French government has received direct communication from the Austrian government regarding the proceedings at Vienna, and the reply made by France is most satisfactory.

GUELPH, 26.—Two freight trains on the Grand Trunk Railway collided four miles east of this station to-day. Both engines and 12 cars were wrecked. Eight of the latter were laden with coal oil, and were burned. The train hands escaped by jumping, but a tramp was jammed between the cars and fatally injured.

BELGRADE, 26.—An affray has occurred on the Danube, between Orsova, in Austria, and Tekla, in Servia, between Austrian smugglers and Servian custom house officers, in which ten men were killed. Reinforcements have been sent to Orsova, as it is feared fighting will be renewed. Navigation on that part of the Danube is temporarily unsafe.

TAPIZ, Bolivia, Aug. 31.—The vanguard of General Campero's army has forced the Chilians to evacuate Calama, and has defeated the corps of Col. Ruiz.

The Peruvian and Bolivian armies are marching on San Pedro de Atacama.

LONDON, 28.—The following, from the Viceroy of India, dated Simla, was received here to-day:

"General Baker received a letter from the Afghan commander-in-chief, yesterday, at Kushi, asking whether he would receive him and the Ameer's heir apparent in camp. The General replied in the affirmative. An hour later, a message came from the Ameer, Yakoob-Khan, himself, asking Gen. Baker to receive him. The General responded, saying, that he would meet the Ameer one mile from the camp. The Ameer, his son, and father-in-law, and General Damud Shah, (who was reported killed during the Cabul outbreak,) with a suite of 45 persons, and an escort of 200 men, arrived at Kushi the same day. Cabul is in a state of anarchy.

The gates of the city are closed. A number of Ghilzais are in the Ameer's suite. General Roberts reached Kushi to-day. There is a very general distrust of the conduct of the Ameer during the Cabul outbreak, but as he has now come to our camp, he has given a material guarantee for his future good behavior.

The Times points to the fact that Damud Shah being alive and at the

British camp, confirms the suspicions of the Ameer's duplicity.

An Ali Kheyl correspondent reports that General Baker has reconnoitered as far as Zangun Shar. The whole of his forces will shortly be concentrated in Loggar Valley for a rapid advance on Cabul.

The gates of Cabul are closed, apparently with a vague idea that the British are close at hand.

A dispatch from Simla announces that the force under General Hughes has arrived at Shakir-I-Safi, half way to Kheilat-I-Ghizai. The governor of the latter place has written, expressing his joy at the approach of the British, but it is reported that he is stirring up the tribes to go to Cabul and join in the war.

It is reported from Herat that there has been a fight at Macmacar, between the Ameer's troops at Cabul, and the Herat regiments. The former were beaten.

A committee of the Rouen cotton factory overseers, in a letter to the president of the tariff committee, state that not one-quarter of their productions find the market, and their stock is increasing alarmingly. Prices are so low that wages have fallen 25 per cent. Unless there is some change soon the industry will come to a complete standstill.

A Constantinople correspondent telegraphs: It is thought an understanding between Greece and Turkey is impossible. Warlike preparations are progressing on both sides. It is the opinion here that Austria is obstructing the efforts for an understanding, and that in the event of hostilities she would immediately occupy Macedonia.

Prince Lobanoff is the bearer of a project for an alliance between Russia and Turkey. It is rumored that Russia is willing to renounce 800,000,000 francs of the war indemnity and to give back some of the former provinces of Turkey in Asia.

The Liverpool Post says: In consequence of the prevalence of the foot and mouth disease among 1,300 head of sheep which had recently arrived there, the Privy Council is about to issue an order placing American sheep in the same category with cattle.

What Cannot Be Seen

In this list is the name of any of their numerous competitors. So greatly superior to ordinary porous plasters, and liniments is Benson's Caprine Plaster, that it has gained the approval of the highest medical authority in the world. Dr. J. N. H. Thompson, of Washington, D. C., Judge in the Drug Department of the Central-All-Exposition, says of them: "I use them constantly in my practice, and esteem them one of the most useful inventions of the age." Benson's Caprine Plaster strengthens, soothes, stimulates a healthy circulation of the blood, relieves at once, and cures quicker than any known plaster, liniment, or compound. It is now considered to be the unrivaled remedy for lame back, rheumatism, neuralgia, spinal and kidney affections, sciatica, lumbago, stubborn colds. Sold everywhere. Price, 25c.

BE CAUTIOUS. THERE ARE many cheap imitations of Benson's Caprine Plaster in the market; one in particular having a similar sound name, contains lead poisons. Each genuine Benson's Caprine Plaster has the word "Caprine" cut through the plaster. Take no other.

CHEW Jackson's Best Sweet Navy Tobacco.

NOTICE.

In the Probate Court in and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.

SAMANTHA RICHARDSON, Plaintiff, vs. THOMAS J. RICHARDSON, Defendant.

The people of the Territory of Utah, to Thomas J. Richardson, defendant, Greeting:

YOU are hereby summoned to appear in an action brought against you by the above named Samantha Richardson plaintiff in the Probate Court in and for the County of Salt Lake and Territory of Utah, and answer the complaint filed therein, within ten days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons, if served within this county; and if not within this county, but within the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Utah, within twenty days, otherwise within forty days.

This action is brought to obtain a decree from this Court dissolving the marriage contract existing between said plaintiff and you, and if you fail to appear or answer as by law provided, said plaintiff will apply to said court for the relief prayed for in her complaint, on file in said Court.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of said Court, in Salt Lake City, this 2d day of September, A. D. 1879.

D. BOCKHOLT, Clerk of the Probate Court, Salt Lake County.