

of those who were acting behind the curtain, that if they expected to stir up another civil strife and amid the war cry and strife have one ride into power for a third term, then they might bid farewell to liberty. (Applause in galleries.) Referring to the action of the President in regard to Louisiana, he said he would say to this emperor what Cato said to the ambassador of Caesar, "Let him disband his legions and restore the commonwealth liberty;" let him do that and he (Johnson), humble as he was, would mount the rostrum and strive to have an indignant people pardon him for his violations of law. Johnson concluded at five minutes past two.

AMERICAN.

AUGUSTA, Ga., 20.—A destructive tornado passed over here this afternoon. The rain fall was accompanied by hail, unprecedentedly heavy. Several towns in the interior suffered severely in loss of life and property. At Camak, on the Georgia railway, every house but one was blown down, and Thomas Geesling and another person were killed and several wounded. Near Thompson, 40 miles from Augusta, a large amount of property was destroyed and several negroes were killed and some white persons wounded. At Appling, Columbia Co., the destruction of property was great, and Mrs. Martha Dacey and Miss Maggle Bailey were killed, and many wounded. At Aitkens the Catholic church was completely destroyed. All the telegraph lines but one, north, are down.

NEW YORK, 20.—The Central Pacific have declared a dividend of six per cent out of the undivided surplus earnings.

The funeral of Ada Elizabeth Hancock, daughter of Major-General Hancock, took place this p. m. Among the mourners were Chief Justice Daly, Richard Schell and other well known citizens. The pall bearers were the members of General Hancock's staff. At the close of the services the body was taken to Morristown, Pa., for interment.

A bill of \$429.25 has been presented to the Brooklyn board of supervisors for dinners furnished the jurymen in the Tilton-Beecher case and three court officers, for forty-three days.

The twenty miles walking match this evening, between Dan O'Leary, of Chicago, and Wilson R. Ried, of New York, for \$1,000, was won by O'Leary, in three hours, twenty-four minutes and fifteen seconds; Ried left the track exhausted on the 16th mile.

Advices from Rio Janeiro, by the steamship *Merrimac*, to-day, state that Wm. P. Byrne, first mate of the American ship *King Philip*, from Baltimore, for San Francisco, had been sentenced to twelve years imprisonment with labor, for the murder of the steward, Albert Jaken, an Englishman, on Oct. 27th last; the second mate, Thomas Murray, was acquitted. The murder was committed wantonly while Byrne was apparently in a drunken fit, in which he not only killed the steward but wounded two seamen and was still engaged in a deadly fight with the second mate, the only unwounded person on board, when a force from an American frigate arrived.

ELIZABETH, N. J., 20.—The Equitable Life Insurance Company of this city, of which Augustus F. Bell, deceased, was president, has failed; there is no money in the concern for the creditors.

COLUMBUS, O., 20.—A dispatch just received from Adjutant General Amos, at Straitsville, reports all quiet at 2 p. m. One of the colored men injured on Wednesday is fatally injured. An effort is being made to ferret out the parties who fired the buildings of the Troy works on Thursday night.

HELENA, Mont., 20.—The Lewis and Clark county mass meeting was held here to-day, at which delegates were appointed to the territorial convention. The following was adopted—

"Whereas the condition, situation and undeveloped resources of our territory demand imperatively that we should, as soon as possible, establish connection with the business centres of the United States by railroad, and it appearing that the construction of the North Pacific has been suspended, and there is no assurance of its further extension at an early day; and

"Whereas we are satisfied that it will be necessary to give aid and assistance to the construction of

any road that may be built in the near future; therefore

"Resolved, that we are in favor of extending territorial aid towards the construction of a railroad which shall reach the central portions of our territory, and connecting with some other road leading to the business centres of the United States."

A committee was appointed to obtain statistics concerning the mineral and agricultural resources of this county, its population and wealth.

NEW YORK, 21.—The *Mercury* has a Washington dispatch alleging that the excursion of Senator Cameron and others to Mexico, is for the object of annexation, by purchase, to the U. S., of the northern states of that Republic. The Mexican authorities are understood to have already acquiesced to the transfer, the terms of which are yet to be settled. The territory proposed to be annexed is all that part of Mexico lying north of the Rio Rapido and the Rio Grande de Santiago, and comprises the States of Sonora, Chihuahua, Coahuila, Nueva Leon, Cinaloa, Durango and Seacatras, one-half of Tamaulipas, one-third of Jalisco, a small portion of San Luis Potosi, and the territory of Lower California, altogether about 438,000 square miles of Territory, and over a million and a half of population, of whom less than half a million are whites, the rest Indians and mixed. The boundary line will commence at the mouth of the Rapido, following that river to its source towards the town of Pinas, in latitude 22 65, longitude 101 70, thence to the source of the river Santiago, along that stream to its mouth. The movement is understood to have originated with the Mexican authorities, who desire to see this sparsely settled country placed under a power possessing the means of enforcing order therein and of inviting immigration thither.

Rev. T. Dewitt Talmadge, to-day, telegraphed to Moody and Sankey at London, Eng., declining to come there to assist them in the revival work, on the ground that there is too wide a field here.

CHARLESTON, S. C., 21.—After an all-day debate yesterday, on the question of the removal of Treasurer Cardoza, a vote was taken at midnight on the address demanding his removal, and it was defeated, the vote standing, the senate, yeas 11, nays 18; House, yeas, 45, nays 63. This is regarded as a vindication of Governor Chamberlain's administration, and of the integrity of the present management of the State finances.

VINELAND, N. J., 21.—Caruth is still alive, but is not yet removed from the *Independent* office.

FORTRESS MONROE, 21.—The U. S. steamer *Dispatch* arrived here to-day from Washington, en route to New Orleans, where she will receive a commission, consisting of Senator Sherman and others, and will sail for Vera Cruz; their object is to secure a coaling station for naval vessels at that port.

The Postmaster-General has instructed the postmasters that on all mailable matter of the third class postage must be prepaid at the rate of one cent for each ounce or fraction thereof.

AUGUSTA, Ga., 21.—A tornado has caused fearful destruction along its track, laying waste houses, trees and fences, killing persons and stock. The Baptists were holding meeting at Elam church near Camack when the storm demolished it, killing three and wounding twenty-five. The residences and outhouses were demolished on many plantations in Warren, McDuffie and Columbia counties, Ga., the destruction extending into Edgefield, Aiken and Barnwell counties, South Carolina. In some places persons were blown a distance of sixty yards. Every house on Mrs. P. E. Walton's plantation, including a fine residence, was destroyed. In Columbia county three negroes were killed and 25 persons wounded. Ten houses on Dr. Hamilton's place were destroyed. It is impossible to give a correct idea of the amount of property lost; several hundred thousand dollars will not cover it. Fearful suffering is already reported in the devastated region.

PITTSVILLE, Pa., 21.—Large and well attended meetings of the Mechanics' and Workmen's Benevolent Association were held in this region to day, by the employees of the Philadelphia & Reading R. R. Co., comprising the engineers, firemen, conductors, and road hands; two thousand men who had been

asked to resign membership in the association have resolved to stand to the Union to a man, and relinquish the employment of the company, and to-day is the last they will remain in their employment. A large number of men have been suspended in consequence. Advices received from Mahonoy, Plane, St. Clair, Schuylkill Haven and other points indicate a bitter feeling against the company, and many new members are joining the Union.

General W. H. Emery, when relieved as commander of the Department of the Gulf, goes to Washington. Of his staff, Captain W. W. Sanders, of the 7th Infantry, goes to Ft. Buford, Dakota; Captain E. M. Hayes, of the 5th Cavalry, goes to Arizona; Captain Luke O'Reilly, of the 19th Infantry, goes to Camp Supply, Indian territory.

WASHINGTON, 22.—The commissioner of patents' decision, in issuing a patent for quadruplex telegraphy to Edison and Prescott, gives control of that great improvement to the Western Union Telegraph Company, of which Prescott is electrician; thus vanishes the many labored efforts by the bears in Western Union to make the public believe that their opponents had got these great improvements. The fact is that Edison, who was the inventor, did, after assigning it to Prescott try to convey the assigned interest to the Western Union competitors, but Prescott had the assignment made, to Edison and Prescott, carefully and legally recorded at the patent office under the prescribed form in such cases, and so the patent was necessarily issued jointly, to both.

NEW YORK, 22.—The Pacific Mail directors, to-day, elected John Raley, a retired merchant, a director in the place of D. D. Colton, resigned. Rufus Hatch tendered his resignation as managing director, which was laid over until the next meeting; Secretary Gamble also tendered his resignation, which was accepted.

The weather is extremely cold, the thermometer marking several degrees below zero. An improvement in general trade is reported.

CHICAGO, 22.—It is exactly seven years ago to-day since the initial proceedings were begun in the Senate for ex-president Johnson's impeachment.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 18.—The liabilities of the General South America Banking Co. are put at a million and a half dollars.

LONDON, 19, 5.30 a. m.—There was much confusion at the revival in Agricultural Hall last night; the crowd was so great that order could not be preserved. The pressure was tremendous and the people were badly crushed and there was some fighting. The *Times*, this morning, favorably reviews the mission of Moody and Sankey.

The Spanish government has requested Austria not to permit Don Alphonso to reside in Austrian territory. Among the crimes of which he is accused, and on which Spain bases her demand on Bavaria for his extradition, are murder, arson and rape.

PARIS, 20.—In consequence of a recent appeal made by minister Washburne to the deputies and the principal merchants of Paris, a committee of patrons has been formed to make arrangements for the participation of France in the Philadelphia exhibition; the Marquis de La Fayette has been chosen President, M. M. Dietz, Monnin and Walewakie Vice Presidents, and deputy Flotard Secretary. In the committee are sixteen deputies, including M. M. Labaulaye, Feway, Maxrischard, Arbel, Julien, Johnston, Joubert, and Pascal Duprot. The committee is considered an exceedingly influential one.

LONDON, 20.—Mr. Moody has discontinued the ticket system of admission to Agricultural Hall, because persons, profiting by the enthusiasm of the multitude, sell their tickets.

A dispatch to the *Daily News* reports that Don Alphonso is now in Vienna.

A Calcutta dispatch to the *Times* says that the Indian government expedition, sent out to survey western China, a member of which was recently murdered, has arrived at Rangoon. An attack was made by the Chinese frontier officials, and in the fight forty Chinese were killed and many wounded, and communication with China on the frontier is stopped by bands of armed men.

The annual boat race between the Cambridge and Oxford crews took place on the course on the Thames this afternoon, and was won easily by the Oxfords.

The weather was favorable for the race, though rather cold. Betting during the morning was three to one on Oxford. All the morning the avenues leading to the river were periodically choked with vehicles and pedestrians, and at noon London presented a deserted appearance. The spectators of the race were unprecedentedly numerous, and included many persons of rank and distinction. The Cambridge boat took the lead at the start, but the Oxford soon overtook and passed it, and won the race easily by ten lengths.

John Mitchell is dead. LONDON, 21.—The time of the winners in the University boat race yesterday is officially announced at 22 minutes 2 seconds.

Moody and Sankey preached this morning, afternoon and evening at Agricultural Hall; at the three meetings the audience numbered respectively sixteen thousand, fourteen thousand and nineteen thousand. There was some confusion in consequence of the vast crowd in and around the hall, especially in the evening.

Irishmen held a mass meeting in Hyde Park to-day, at which it was estimated that thirty thousand people gathered. Resolutions were adopted demanding the release of the Fenian prisoners, condemning coercive laws in Ireland, and condoling with the family of John Mitchell.

PARIS 20.—Advices from Madrid state that the treatment of the press by the government is daily becoming more arbitrary, causing much dissatisfaction. The *Iberia* has been suspended and telegraphic despatches are detained and examined.

LONDON, 22.—Exeter Hall was filled this afternoon, on the occasion of the Moody and Sankey meeting; Victoria Theatre is secured for Wednesday and Thursday afternoon, this week.

Correspondence.

That Accident in the Canyon.

LOGAN, Utah, March, 18th, 1875.

Editor Deseret News:

Yesterday morning, while Bro. I. J. Clark and two of his sons, I. J. Clark, Jr., and John Clark, were chopping timber in Providence Canyon, the father saw a snow-slide coming and called to his sons to look out and cling to trees, which he did himself. John Clark immediately clung to a tree and he and the father escaped unharmed, but I. J. Clark, Jr., only caught a limb of the tree he was trimming, which gave way and he was carried away by the slide.

Word was immediately brought to Logan, when about a hundred men turned out with shovels, &c., to dig him out. They found him after about four hours, covered with two feet of snow, face downward, with every appearance of having smothered to death. The following is the verdict of the coroner's jury:

"Territory of Utah, Precinct of Logan, County of Cache.

"An inquisition holden at Logan City, Precinct of Logan, Cache County, on the 17th day of March, A. D. 1875, before H. K. Cranney, J. P. in and for the precinct aforesaid, and in said county, upon the body of Israel Justus Clark, jr., there lying dead, by the jurors whose names are hereunto subscribed. The said jurors upon their oaths do say that the said Israel Justus Clark, jr., came to his death by a snow-slide in Dry Canyon, Cache County. In testimony whereof, the said jurors have hereunto set their hands the day and year aforesaid,

"ELI BELL, }
"O. C. ORMSBY, M. D. } JURORS.
"JOS. W. THATCHER, }
"Attest, H. K. CRANNEY, J. P.
"Yours truly,
THOS. B. CARDON."

Utah Western Railroad Meeting.

TOOELE, March 19, 1875.

Editor Deseret News:

Dear Sir—In accordance with previous announcement, a large and respectable body of the citizens of Tooele city met in the meeting-

house last evening. The Tooele brass band was in attendance.

The mayor of the city was called to the chair, and F. H. Hammerlund was appointed secretary. The chairman briefly stated the object of the meeting, when the secretary read a communication published in the Salt Lake *Herald*, and a letter from the board of directors of the Utah Western Railway, stating that they were prepared to receive any propositions that the authorities of Tooele might make. Bishop Rowberry, A. Parker, and others made speeches, after which the following named gentlemen were appointed a committee—G. W. Bryan, John Eaves and M. Nelson, to receive subscriptions and wait on the honorable board.

Several gentlemen had their names entered for sums, varying from fifty to five hundred dollars. Subscription sheets will be found at the co-operative store, at Mr. Eaves' and at the office of Wells, Fargo & Co. Tooele City gives the company the right of way through their public land and a depot, and two years taxes, should they deign to come within our humble borders. RURAL.

Slander Refuted.

SALT LAKE CITY, March 20th, 1875.

Editor Deseret News:

Some six weeks ago a snow slide swept into eternity six unfortunate men, who were breaking road to the Richmond mine, Big Cottonwood, less than one half of which mine is owned by Taylor & Cutler; the other part by non-Mormons. On learning the fact we telegraphed to the foreman to do all he possibly could to recover the bodies, and with some little assistance from others, the Richmond Company worked for ten days, at a cost of nearly one thousand dollars, at the momentary risk of the lives of brave, good men; and the task was only given up finally because men would no longer work at it.

We sent word to the families of the unfortunate men killed that, if there was anything we could do for them in the shape of food, clothing, money or employment, we were ready to assist them; and we will here state that each of these families availed themselves of our offer in food, clothing, money and employment to the amount of four hundred and ninety dollars; and in each instance have we told the parties that if they needed anything more to come and we would help them.

We ask our friends to excuse us for making the foregoing explanation, but we are constantly assailed by a certain disreputable sheet of this city, and we believe that the principal object is to justify the owners of a certain mine (whose name they are ever making prominent), in hiring perjured villains to swear, and rob us of our property if they can. But we expect to show them whom the Richmond mine belongs to when we come before honest men. Respectfully,
TAYLOR & CUTLER.

THE GOVERNOR'S LECTURE.

SALT LAKE CITY, March 22, 1875.

Editor Deseret News:

The polished and instructive lecture, delivered last evening, at the "Institute" by Gov. S. B. Axtell, was listened to by a crowded house, who highly appreciated the effort, and inasmuch as not more than one half the public that desired to attend, could obtain entrance, would it not be both proper and beneficial to procure a larger hall and secure the consent of the lecturer for its repetition?

Respectfully,
CITIZEN.

DIED.

Tuesday morning, March 16th, of inflammatory rheumatism, JAMES LINCOLN, fifth son of Richard A. and the late Susan Watts, aged 6 years and 3 months.

"One Hundred Years Hence."

A few copies of this beautiful vision for sale.

Single copies, 15 cents
Two " 25 "

Sent, postpaid, on receipt of price.

Address—Robert Aveson,
Deseret News Office,
Salt Lake City.