

BY TELEGRAPH.

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AMERICAN.

WASHINGTON, 6.—The President has accepted the resignation of Jas. G. Gilliam, Treasurer of the United States. It is not likely his successor will be appointed for some time. Assistant Treasurer Welman is mentioned as likely to receive the appointment.

Chas. Reed does not get \$2,000 for defending Guiteau. The Senate inserted a provision to that effect in the sundry civil bill, but it was stricken out in conference committee.

Mr. McPherson, Clerk of the House of Representatives, says there are many typographical and clerical errors in the tariff bill as it appeared in the *Congressional Record*. The tax on tobacco is printed at 80 instead of 8 cents, and in the iron schedule there is a clause not printed in the *Record* at all. He is of the opinion that when the bill shall have been accurately printed in full, it will be found more satisfactory than it now seems to the representatives of the iron interest.

The clerk of the court of commissioners of the Alabama Claims has made a partial estimate of the amount involved in the claims now pending before that court; 2,200 cases out of 5,700 filed aggregate nearly \$14,000,000, without interest. If judgments are awarded for the amount claimed in these cases, the interest would probably aggregate up to more than \$20,000,000. It is understood that the remainder of the Geneva award is about \$9,500,000.

Taxes on deposits of all banks and bankers, except such taxes as are now due and payable, and on capital and deposits thereof, ceased March 2nd. Comptroller Knox says the passage of this act relieves National and State banks and private bankers from tax on the average of \$1,000,000 a month. The amount thus collected from National banks upon capital and deposits the last fiscal year was \$5,947,402, of which \$487,775 only was on capital. The tax upon State banks and private bankers was \$5,249,172, of which little more than one-fifth was upon capital. Total tax collected upon deposits and capital upon all classes of banks during last fiscal year, \$11,126,875. Amount annually collected from 2-cent check stamps, about \$2,500,000, and the act repealing the use of these stamps takes effect the 1st of July next.

A delegation of negroes from Indian Territory, which has been here seeking legislation to secure the removal of their brethren from among the Indians and their settlement upon a reservation, leave for the West this evening. Milton Turner will accompany the delegation to the Indian Territory, for the purpose of satisfying the colored people with their present situation until the desired legislation is obtained at the next session of Congress. Nothing but the lateness of the arrival of the delegation prevented action at this session, as President Arthur, Secretary Teller, the Indian Commissioner and many members of Congress warmly favored the object of the delegation. These negroes were, before the war, slaves of the Indians. They report that there are 30,000 negroes in the Territory, who are not allowed to vote, are denied access to the schools and the courts, and are disqualified to act as witnesses or jurors.

OTTAWA, 6.—Prof. Wiggins left for Halifax to get the full benefit of the big blow he predicts on the 9th, 10th and 11th inst.

A heavy snow storm is blocking the roads.

Quebec, 6.—Terribly cold weather. The storm, presumably Wiggins', is setting in.

Montreal, 6.—Heavy snow storm all day.

Bangor, Me., 6.—Thermometer at Fairfield this morning, 40 degrees below.

Halifax, N. S., 6.—Storm signals are hoisted all along the Nova Scotia coast. A severe snow storm to-night; wind blowing a gale. Some fear the verification of Wiggins' prediction. The meteorological department of this city consider the storm only a March blow.

ST. PAUL, Minn., 6.—Advices are received at department headquarters from Capt. O. B. Reed, 11th Infantry, in command at camp at Poplar River, Montana, to the effect that on the 1st inst., Scout Culbertson reported from Timber Creek the capture of nine lodges of Cree Indians belonging to Big Bear's camp,

and which he said he would hold until troops were sent to his assistance.

Culbertson also reports finding the bodies of two white men frozen to death in their lodges, about twenty-five miles from Timber Creek. A mounted detachment has been sent from Poplar River to Culbertson's camp to bring in the captured Cree, and in reply to Capt. Reed's request for instructions orders have been issued by Gen. Terry to send the Indians across the boundary line into the British Possessions.

NEW ORLEANS, 6.—In an assault made by Tom Washington (colored) on a festival party at Ironton plantation, Henry Milton and Anthony Jones (colored) were killed. The murderer is jailed.

Toronto, 6.—The Court of Appeals decided to hold Phipps, Philadelphia embezzler, for extradition.

Jackson, Miss., 6.—Gadsten Feltris, a prominent citizen of Wilkinson, has been murdered. Circumstantial evidence caused the coroner's jury to order the arrest of E. Feltris, his brother. The family is one of the most widely connected in the State.

Harrisburg, 6.—The death-warrant of Ward McKenney, Pittsburg, is signed, May 10th is the day of the execution.

Cincinnati, 6.—Peter Goff, Henry Thompson and Jas. Spiney, at Somerset, Ky., last night quarreled over Goff's wife. Thompson made a remark which incensed Goff, who shot Thompson dead, and was threatening Spiney when the latter shot Goff, killing him instantly.

Sing Sing, N. Y., 6.—The ring leaders of the recent revolt in the State's Prison are sent to Auburn, where the discipline is most severe.

Philadelphia, 6.—The burial services over the remains of the murdered Chinaman, Ah Yan, were held in the Church of the Epiphany. The interment will be at Brooklyn. His assailants are fully committed.

Somerville, Ohio, 6.—An old farmer, A. J. Wing, was frightened to death. Boys knowing he was in mortal fear of a negro who threatened to shoot him, for a practical joke had one of their number concealed near where he was passing and fired a shot. Wing ran a short distance and dropped dead. The inquest revealed fatty degeneration of the heart.

New York, 6.—The most desperate prize fight this city ever witnessed took place to-night in the basement of Matt Grace's Bowery Sporting House. The principals were George Fullames, light weight champion, and Patrick Gallagher, a noted pugilist of Philadelphia. The men wore light gloves that were mere apologies for gloves, to evade the law. The battle was for \$500 and the light weight championship. Fourteen rounds were fought in 24 minutes. The championship and the money was awarded Fullames, as at the end of the 14th round Gallagher failed to come to time. Both men were terribly punished. In the middle of the fight the cry of "Police!" was raised, but it proved a false alarm, and the men returned to the ring and finished as will. Steve Taylor seconded Fullames, and Fiddler Neary handled Gallagher. Over 500 persons were present. Philadelphia sent a strong delegation; this city was largely represented. The fight was within a stone's throw of police headquarters; no arrests.

Trenton, N. J., 6.—The committee of investigation on the bribery charge of Assemblyman Armitage against ex-Speaker Egan, reported that the committee believe Egan committed a wrong in approaching a number of this honorable body in an unlawful manner, and recommend that Egan be denied the privilege of the House, and receive its censure.

Harrisburg, 6.—The judiciary committee of the House, to which was referred Governor Pattison's message in reference to the charge of bribery by the Standard Oil Company, made a report embodying a resolution that a committee of the House and Senate be appointed to investigate the charge of bribery, and all the circumstances connected therewith.

HELENA, Ark., 6.—Rise here during the past 12 hours, two inches. The river now lacks five inches of last year. The levees gave way last night a mile below Friar's Point on the Mississippi side, and at two or three places on the Arkansas side, which no doubt checked the rise of the water. It is now rising more rapidly. Rain is falling, and there are fears of a wind storm to-night, which if violent will break the levee

at the Iron Mountain Railroad depot. The authorities have telegraphed here that all hands are wanted; to buy all the sacks needed, they will foot the bill. The roadmaster said they would work all night.

The river rose five inches the past 24 hours, and is now three inches below the 1892 flood. Raining all day; new levees completely saturated. Should a strong east wind arise nothing can save us. Williamson's levee, which broke last spring, shows signs of weakening. The city authorities decided to close the culvert which carries off the rain water falling in town and adjacent, to prevent the exit of rain water as a means of overflow from within. To leave the gap open means overflow from without, in case the Williamson levee gives way. St. Francis River has risen but two inches to-day at Madison. From Ashley Point to Plena, 50 miles, the country is completely inundated. The levee at Friar's Point, Miss., is reported given way to-day.

Helena, Ark., 6.—There were breaks in the levee last night at Apperson's, nine miles below here; at Old Town, eighteen miles below, and at Friar's Point. The water at the latter place is five to eight feet deep in town. A large number of stock will be drowned in Old Town county.

Wilmet, Ohio, 6.—Lucinda Bacom, 55 years old, was roasted to death. She had a habit of smoking after breakfast; while enjoying her pipe, sparks fell on her clothes, setting them ablaze.

Raleigh, N. C., 6.—Five of the buildings of the St. Augustin Normal School for colored students, under the auspices of the Episcopal Church, are burned. Loss about \$20,000; insured \$3,000. One hundred and twenty-five students were in attendance; 80 boarders. Arrangements will be made to carry on the school.

Lawrence, Ohio, 6.—The son and daughter of Azariah Williams, aged 4 and 2 respectively, went into the hay mow with matches. The boy set the mow on fire; the girl burned, the boy escaped but died of his injuries.

Manitowish, Mich., 6.—Seymour Bros. double store and two or three small adjoining buildings are burned; nothing saved. Reynolds Bros. loss \$15,000; insured \$25,000. Other losses \$6,000.

St. Paul, 6.—Statistics show the great flour mills of Minneapolis and the State are not producing one-third their capacity. A number now running will shut down this week because of the scarcity and high price of wheat.

Montreal, 6.—R. Heyneman, cigar and tobacco importer, has assigned; liabilities \$50,000.

Baltimore, 6.—The firm of Malscher & Reaney, shipbuilders, machinists, and proprietors of dry dock at Locust Point, have assigned; liabilities estimated at \$300,000. Provision is made by deed for the payment first of their several hundred workmen.

NEW YORK, 7.—A Washington special says: Senator Don Cameron starts to-day for Charleston, S. C., accompanied by Surgeon-General Wales and Senator Butler. Cameron has been in poor health for several months, suffering from fistula. Wales states that there is very little hope of his recovery. The doctors have been baffled in checking the disease, as Cameron, during paroxysms of pain, will drink champagne to deaden the pain, which aggravates the disease. His friends do not expect he will ever be able to resume his duties in the Senate.

NEW YORK, 7.—Dr. John Hill lectured last night on Russia, which he visited last summer. He presented a hopeful picture of the country. Schools have become more plentiful, trade is becoming a factor, a sense of freedom among the people is growing, power to read and demand for books increasing. The process of raising is surely going on. Russia looks out upon Europe through the eye of St. Petersburg. Europe also looks in through that eye. He said, "I believe that a government at once limited and liberal for Russia is within a measurable distance of realization. Siberia, about which we have heard such terrible stories, is the best and richest province in Russia. Several exiles have become rich and prosperous. Something akin to the development of Australia, first used by England for convicts."

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Union Pacific Railroad was held to-day. The report shows the gross earnings for the year to be \$22,822,884; operating expenses and fares, \$10,827,049; surplus earnings, \$12,095,834; interest and dividends collected on investment securities, \$2,211,099; total surplus earnings, \$14,307,934. Expenditures—Interest on bonds, \$4,987,623; discount on interest and exchange \$172,722. Sinking fund \$442,000. Amount due the United States on the business of the year, \$2,097,189. Premiums paid on bonds redeemed, and loss on sureties disposed of \$180,223; total \$7,707,039. Balance applicable to dividends \$6,600,895. Stock dividends, 4 per cent., \$4,260,788. Surplus for the year, \$2,340,107. Total funded debt of the company, \$90,757,705, less amount held by trustees of consolidated bonds, \$8,872,200; leaving balance outstanding of \$81,885,507. Following are the bonds returned and cancelled during the year: Long grant bonds, \$714,000; sinking fund mortgage bonds, \$143,000; Omaha Bridge bonds, \$77,000; collateral trust bonds, \$131,000; bonds held by the trustees of the Denver Extension and the bonds of mortgage of the Denver, \$83,000; Total \$1,153,000. The earnings were from transportation of passengers, \$5,197,730; freight, \$15,402,167; mail, \$746,515; express, \$748,932; miscellaneous earnings, \$728,538. Total, \$22,822,884. Operating expenses for '82, including taxes, \$10,727,049. Operating expenses including taxes in '81, \$12,480,842. Decrease in '82, \$1,753,293.

The following were elected directors for the ensuing year: Sidney Dillon, Eliza Atkins, F. Gordon Dexter, Fred. L. Ames, Ezra H. Baker, Jay Gould, Russel Sage, Solon Humphrey, David Dows, Greenville M. Dodge, Augustus Schell, S. H. H. Clark, John Sharp, Charles Francis Adams, Jr., Andrew H. Green.

The board of directors elected the following officers: President, Sidney Dillon; Vice-President, Eliza Atkins; General Counsel, Sidney Bartlett; General Solicitor, Jno. F. Dillon; Secretary and Treasurer, Henry McFarland; Assistant Secretary and Treasurer, O. W. Mink and James M. Cain.

WASHINGTON, 7.—It is reported that Lee, colored contestant, whose case was pending when Congress was on its last legs, was offered \$15,000 by the whiskey lobby to permit his case to be withdrawn so that the bonded spirits bill might come up.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., 7.—The river here is stationary; the long looked for decline will set in by to-morrow, as the river at Osceola, Ark., 90 miles above, had fallen six inches up to yesterday morning, and was steadily declining.

Montreal, 7.—A vigilance committee has been formed here to prevent illegal elections, illegal public contracts, illegal taxation, and to select competent men for the city council.

Middlebury, Pa., 7.—Uriah Mayor was hanged this morning for the murder of Fletcher Kinbler, in the year 1877.

St. Louis, 7.—The freight bureau announces the establishment of a regular line of steamships between Liverpool and New Orleans by Harrison & Co., of Liverpool, to be run monthly. The Company hope to divert the emigrant traffic to the Mississippi Valley to that route.

HELENA, Ark., 7.—The gale last night and to-day lashed the river into fury. The struggle to save the levee has been desperate, but so far successful.

A message from Lang Lala, four miles south, says: Without 100 men the levee cannot be held another hour. A squad of 50 has just gone and more will follow quickly. The situation is extremely critical. About the only hope is in the wind calming.

WASHINGTON, 7.—Secretary Teller to-day heard arguments for reopening the El Sobrante case.

Under date of Irkutsk, Siberia, Dec. 8, 1892, Lieut. Harber writes the Secretary of the Navy, giving a detailed report of the operations of his party in their search for the missing people of the *Jeannette*. He then gives an account of the points visited and distances traveled, notes his return to Balon on the 6th of November, and adds: "I regret to state that no trace of Chippewa or his party, or his boat has been seen by us or any of the natives. It is probable that I communicated with every native at the Delta, and with those who were nearest." The balance of the report relates to arrangements for the removal of the remains of Lieut. Commander De Long and party.

The impression prevails here that Sheridan is not to be extradited, but that the United States courts to

which he will appeal in case the decision of the commissioner in New York is against him, will not recognize political offenses as a crime under the treaty.

The Malagasy ambassadors, after being formally presented to the President to-day, called at the State Department and had an informal interview with the Secretary of State. The treaty, in regard to which statements have been published that the commissioners would consider and ratify it during their stay here, was made in 1880, and ratified by the Senate of the United States in 1881, the only remaining formality being the exchange of ratification by representatives of the respective governments, which will take place in Madagascar. The party will number about seventy-five.

A delegation of Chippewa Indians from Red Lake Agency, Minnesota, headed by Rev. Ignatius Pomasia, has just come to Washington for the purpose of making complaint to the Secretary of the Interior in regard to the unauthorized cutting of timber by white men on their reservation. They represent that these depredations are becoming more and more extensive, and if not stopped will utterly ruin that part of the reservation which is still wooded. They also wish to inform the Secretary that they are entirely satisfied with their present land, and do not wish to be moved.

Ex-Senator David Davis was to-day presented with a solid silver water pitcher and goblets, by the clerks in the office of the Secretary of the Senate.

Bradford, Penn., 7.—Specials furnish particulars of a sensational funeral at Gowanda, New York, of an Ingersollite named T. G. Stebbins, editor of a country paper, who directed that his body be escorted to the grave by a lodge of which he was a member, all singing, "Marching Through Georgia," which was done. On leaving the cemetery, they sang, "Good Bye, Sweetheart, Good Bye."

Philadelphia, 7.—Seybert's body was cremated to-day at Washington, Pennsylvania.

The statistical agent of the Department of Agriculture in London, reports continued rains and floods, great injury to the wheat crop, and gloomy apprehensions of the worst failure for years. The area is reduced and much re-sowing will be necessary. There is much alarm at the spread of the foot and mouth disease. Local fairs throughout Great Britain are closed and orders of the Council prevent the movement of animals from Scotland to Ireland until the 31st of March.

Boston, 7.—Creditors of the Union Elastic Goods Company have accepted thirty cents for the dollar.

Montreal, 7.—Henry Chapman & Co., wholesale grocers, wine and spirit merchants, have failed; liabilities \$150,000.

Goldstein, 7.—Isaacs & Co., tobacco importers, have suspended; liabilities \$75,000.

Boston, 7.—Nathaniel Thayer, well known member of the banking firm of John E. Thayer & Bro., died this morning, aged 75.

Canton, 7.—A premature explosion at the Evendale coal mine this evening, fatally injured Justin Terrell and Louis Langley, miners.

Watertown, N. Y., 7.—A large tannery at Felts Mill, belonging to New York parties, is burned. Loss \$50,000, partly insured.

Danville, Virginia, 7.—A train on the Pennsylvania & Franklin road ran off the track. William Palne, conductor, is probably fatally injured. Chas. Fortune, engineer, badly scalded; a fireman, name unknown, leg broken.

Helena, Ark., 7.—The breaking of the levee near Friar's Point, yesterday was very disastrous to a large number of planters and other people of this section. A good deal of land never under water before will be overflowed. Friar's Point, Delta, and all other towns for 20 miles back from the river will be greatly damaged, and planters lose much of their live stock, corn and other supplies.

Accounts from West Tennessee say great damage has been done in Lake and other counties along the river; much stock lost; many houses, fences, and a good deal of corn and cotton swept away. Some towns are completely isolated. No actual suffering yet reported.

The crisis is reached here, though it can scarcely have passed. The heavy wind of last night prevailed throughout the day, and seriously threatened the demolition of much of our levee front, while the new