children will be born with a proper de-velopment during embryotic life, and consequently with a strong constitution and without a predisposition to every disease.

To accomplish these results the mothers of this country should be up and doing to show their big, stately daughters what to do to become the mothers of a worthier generation.

On these bases the discussion referred to was motherhood, babyhood, health and home, from beginning to end; and the women who talked were doing so as ardent equal suffragist-. The practical, valuable, life-sustaining and morals - improving i.ess advanced strongly suggest that if the woman advanced suffragists enter largely into that field of operations in their meetings, the antagonism to "the new woman" on the ground of being a menace to the home will melt away before the fact of advanced education in and inclination for the sacred duties of wile and mother.

CREDIT THE RIGHT.

The following note was received by the NEWS today from a tourist who has been making a brief stay at the Templetup hotel:

SALT LAKE CITY, June 17, 1895. Editor Deseret News:

As my grandfa ber was one of threemen in authority who compelled Joseph Smith to depart from the Susquebauna River valley, in northeastern Pennsylvania, I namrally have had a strong desire to see Salt Lake City, which has been built up by the religious sect which he founded. by the rengious sect which he folladed. After a sojourn of nearly a week in this marvel of the nineteenih century, I am impeled to believe that the act of my graudfather was one of the wisest and best of his life. It belped to turn the face of Joseph Smith to the westward, and it was in a measure instrumental in bring-ing the Prophet in contact with the masing the Prophet in contact with the mas-ter spirit of Brigham Young; tor nothing hut a master spirit could have led an army of almost belpless and persecuted emigrants across a thou-sand miles of desert and gigantic mountain ranges and located them in a more fielding values which there have once forbidding valley which they, by industry and marvelous conrage, have transformed into a veritable earthly paradise.

There are two cities in America which stand first in heauty and cleanliness. One is Washington, the other is Salt Lake City. I predict that in the near future Salt Lake City will become the most popular health resort in this country and the objective point of all tourists. been a revelation to me. The h not been told of it in the East. The half has

JAMES T. DUBOIS.

It is gratifying to note the pleasing impressions this city has made upon Mr. DuBils, and we can assure him that the people of Utah will highly spure ciate his kindly words. Recog-n zing the foundation he has for his prediction regarding the future of Salt Lake City, her cuizers will agree with him fully as to that which is in store for her, and always will extend a hearty welcume to the frankuess an generosity of such a nature as the gen-tleman shows himself to be the possessor of.

Mr. DuBois says that what he has learned in Utah has been a revelation to him. He also says the ball has before him of what the Mormons have not been told. In that he speaks as accomplished in these valleys, will Mr. truly as in the other subject. And it may Du Bois say what they would have

be when the whole has been brought to his attention, it will be to 'him a revelation that his grandfather's 'action of three score years ago was not, after all, either wise or good, but was as nuwise and unfortunate for the 8.0tor and his associates as it was unjust and uncalled for-albeit those wbo drove the Prophet and his people from the Susquehanna River valley may have been proceeding under a misapedt lo coissedeta necessities and equities of the case,

It is an error to say that the driving referred to was in any way instrumental in "bringing the Prophet is contact with the master spirit of Brigham Young." The association referred to was brought about wholly by other and more righteous means. It was accompli-hed by the Gospel message, which Brigham Young received. Further: while it is true that "nothing tut a master spirit could have led an army of almost helpless and persecuted emigrants across a thousand miles of desert and gigantic mountain ranges" to these valleys, the implication that Joseph Smith himself was not such a mester spirit, had his life been spared to the time for the work, is a great mistake. The greatness of President Young as a leader must ever hold a prominent place in the world's history; his gerlus as a pioneer and founder of commonwealthe must shine of commonweature with undimmed luster on progress. His ebine on the unges of progress. His was indeed a master spirit, with few peers in earth's history, and of the noble band who are accounted saviors among men. But the Prophet Joseph Smith, who, ere he had attained the age of WORCOTE years, had conducted hie people through their trials in Pennsylvanis, Onio, and other states east of the Mississippi; who led them in the tollsome migration of more than a thousand miles to Missouri, all the while in the midst of active, bitter enemies, and located the settlements here; who withdrew them from the onslaughts of Missouri mohs and flerne established them in the heautiful Nauvoo and other places in Illinois; thereby also fully established his greatness as a ploneer, a founder and a leader of commonwealths. Be yond all this, the fact that he was in-s ruments! in founding the Church which made all this aubsequent work possible, that he gave to man the system through which the successes reerred to were achieved, and that through him, as Prophet, Beer and Revelator, was instituted the plan which is effecting a revolution in the religious, scientific and industrial operations of the nineteenth centuryall this marks the Prophet Juseph Smith not only a master spirit but, under the blessings of Christ the Lord, the chief among those master spirite who have been entabernauled in the flesh since Jesus, the Holy One, was vorn ju Betblebem.

As to the idea expressed by our As to the idea expressed by our esteemed correspondent that the driving referred to was one of the wisest and best acts of his grand-father's life, we trust the gentleman will pardon us for insisting that it probably was the worst and most foolish of thuse acts. With the jesson accomplianed in Penneylvania if the people there had received the Prophet of the Lord with open arms, instead of with enmity? If Penneyivanians today were the united, contented, Penneyivanians prosperous people, as a whole, that the Mormons are, with all the advantages they have had otherwise their peers in material advascement would not be The act of Mr. DuBols's grandfather

was not wise or good; it was for him a grievous blunder, and did not aid in producing the great results our friend suggeste. We might se well say that the man who throws difficulties in the way of others deserves credit for the work of that determination and energy which overcomes those difficulties. Carrying it back to the central religious events in the universe, such logic would say that Judas, and the Jews and Romans who encompassed the crucification, should be declared the saviors of the world instead of the Christ who made the infinite stone. ment. It will not do. The evil does not accomplish the good; the commission of wrong does not effect the right. The honor all belongs to the good which effects its holy purpose in spite of the antagonism which the evil presenis. Let the credit and blame each go where they belong, that justice may be done. And if the grandson recognizes the good today, as heseems to do, may be also have the light and cour-age to stand by it manually, that the former error may be overcome by its future rectification and the greater henefits that follow upon entering the right oath.

ASSAILING AMERICAN RIGHTS

In another part of this issue of the NEWS is given some particulars of the action of the French in the Bociety Islands, by which the Elders of the Uburch of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, and other missionaries reprehave their headquarters in the United States, are denied the right of religious uberty in those islands. The Tuamotu, Society Islands and Tubuai groups comprise what is known as the French colony of Opeanics, which is under the jurisdiction of a French governor-Governor Papino being the present incumbent of the office. Governor Martin is a subordinate officer, over the Tu-amotu group. These are the officials who have engaged in the high-banded proceedings, in contra-vention of the treaty between France and the United Stater; and they claim French law as a justification for their action, not only disregarding the rights f American citizeus but alap the official protect of the American consul at Tahiti.

Under the laws of France only three religious denominations are allowed to teach their doctrines, viz: Catholics, Protestants and Jews. course neither of these includes the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter- lay Saits, the Re-organized church, or the Seventh Day Adventiste; though in general classification these are listed as Protestanty, yet are not strictly so, 'rom the fact that their origin is not based on any protest against the Catholic church, but is independent thereof. More than this, however, the treaty between France and the United