

FIRST MESSAGE FROM MISS STONE

"Freed, Thank God, and Well After
Our Captivity."

LEFT IN A SMALL VILLAGE.

Wanted Three Hours for Dawn—Kind-
hearted Bulgarian Friends Took
Them to Their Homes.

Boston, Feb. 25.—The first message from Miss Ellen M. Stone, the missionary, to her family and friends, was received tonight by her brother, Chas. A. Stone of Chelsea. The cablegram told of her release by Bulgarian friends in the village of Strumitza. Prior to the receipt of this message, Mr. Stone received a dispatch from Salonika from M. Garguilo, first dragoman of the American legation, as follows:

"Liberated Saturday night, village of Strumitza, near Strumitza, where village mayor led them, 8 o'clock Sunday, coming Salonika tonight with House. Then came the long-looked-for message from the absent daughter and sister. It read as follows:

"Batonitz, Feb. 25.—Chas. A. Stone, Chelsea, Freed, thank God, and well after our captivity of nearly six months. Yesterday, Sabbath morning, Mrs. Talika and her 7-week-old daughter, Elena, and I found ourselves left by our abductors near a village an hour distant from Strumitza. After three hours waiting, waiting for dawn, three kindhearted Bulgarian friends rushed from their houses as soon as they caught a glimpse of the stranger, appearing travelers, took us in their arms, from our horses, with tears and smiles and words of welcome, and led us into their house.

"Word was quickly sent to the friends engaged in their morning service at church and they came, old and young, to greet us, with thanksgiving to God for this proof of his faithfulness in answer to their prayers, for all the little children had never ceased to pray for us, their last friends. "Since that hour our waking time has been crowded with friends from the city and surrounding villages, who have brought us their heartfelt congratulations for our deliverance. "The Turkish government did not fail to express its regret to our expectations. The governor of the city, with his suite, called this morning, and again this afternoon after the arrival of Dr. House and his son from Strumitza, accompanied by M. Garguilo, the first dragoman of the American embassy at Constantinople. The last three have come to accompany us to Salonika tomorrow, where Mr. Garguilo will take long-lost wife and their baby. They have brought me a bundle of letters from mother and my brothers and my dearest friends.

"With unspeakable gratitude to God and to all friends who by prayers and gifts have helped to free us, we begin our life of freedom. Your sister, "ELLEN M. STONE."

ARRIVAL AT SALONIKA.

Salonika, Feb. 25.—Miss Stone and Mrs. Talika and baby have arrived here, well and cheerful. They received the members of the Anglo-American community in the railroad carriage.

M. TALIKA HELD.

Strumitza, Macedonia, Feb. 24.—M. Talika, husband of Mrs. Talika, Miss Stone's companion in captivity, went to the railroad station at Salonika in the morning, accompanying the party of M. Garguilo, dragoman of the American legation, to this place. But the Turkish authorities refused him permission to do so, declaring they suspected him of connivance at the capture of Miss Stone.

Miss Stone and Mrs. Talika are quartered at the residence of M. Kinnel, a Protestant pastor, where they are being treated with much attention. Here they presented Mrs. Talika's baby to the man who had found them on the mountains at Grahovitch, to M. Garguilo and Mr. House.

During the last fortnight of their captivity, the ladies have been traveling in the mountains. They were hidden in the day time and were hurried along at night blindfolded and on horseback. Upon one occasion Miss Stone's horse fell and she was thrown to the ground, but escaped with a badly bruised back. At Strumitza the ladies have been busy engaged in making dresses for themselves and for the baby. When they were found they were clad in native costumes and shepherd's cloaks. The baby had no proper clothes, but was swaddled in pieces of rough matting. The baby has not suffered from the rigors of the winter.

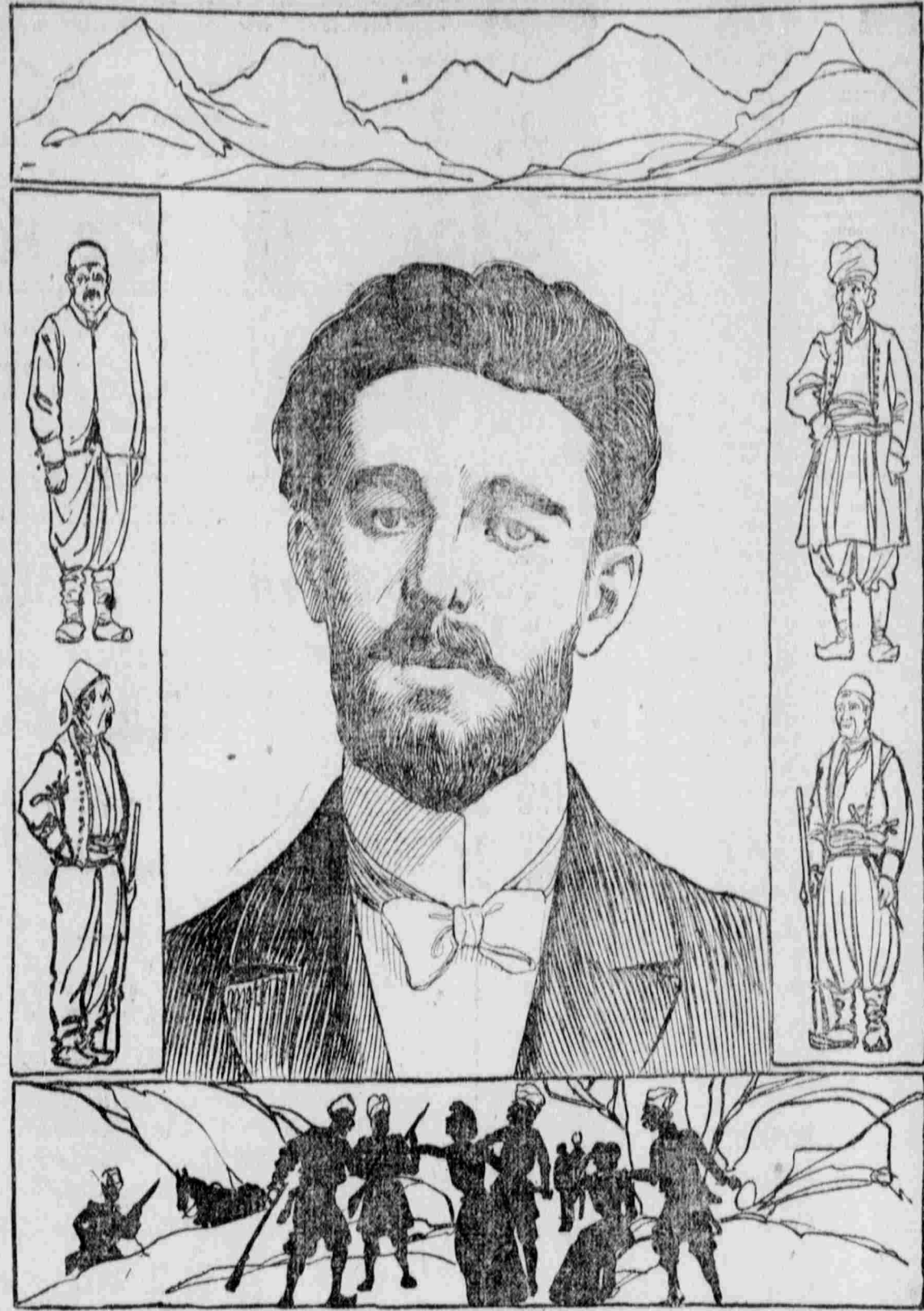
Trappist Father Renounces Vows.

Dubuque, Iowa, Feb. 25.—An event unprecedented in the history of the made public. Brother Eugene, for 23 years an inmate, has deliberately renounced his vows, which he took nearly a century ago. He has left the monastery and is now looking for some means to earn a living. His name is Joseph Graham, and he came from Illinois when 23 years old. He was a monk and brother Eugene, and the world. It is stated that his permission to leave the monastery came from Rome.

Illinois Town Without Officers.

Idaville, Ill., Feb. 25.—The town of Idaville, this county, finds itself in a peculiar predicament. It is without town officers, laws or ordinances, and as the result of a gunshot wound accidentally received while hunting, George Jackson, the town treasurer, while in a recent fire, his offices were destroyed, together with all the town records and ordinances.

A committee has been appointed to prepare new ordinances, and at the next meeting of the town council a mayor and treasurer will be appointed. The predicament of Idaville is unique in the history of municipalities.



REV. G. M. TSILKA, ARRESTED FOR COMPLICITY IN THE STONE ABDUCTION CASE.

The arrest of Rev. Gregory M. Tsilka, husband of the companion of Miss Ellen M. Stone, is held to lend color to the theory that the missionary was not captured by ordinary brigands, but has been held by the Macedonian revolutionary committee for the purpose of obtaining money for the spread of its propaganda. It will be remembered that Mrs. Tsilka was taken by the outlaws at the same time as Miss Stone, and those who hold to the "Macedonian committee" theory profess to believe that the young woman was at all times cognizant of the plot of connection with which her husband is now accused.

plete victory for the theater managers who have, for many months, sought some method of abating the nuisance.

Rumors to Leave South Africa.
New York, Feb. 25.—The impending departure of Gen. Rundle from South Africa, says a London dispatch to the Tribune, will leave Lord Methuen as the only survivor in the field of the original muster of generals sent out from England as corps commanders, and he has commanded since the relief of Kimberley only small bodies of mounted troops. Lord Methuen will have full credit for power and determination in seeing the thing through. Rundle has not met with many reverses, yet has not improved his reputation by any brilliant achievements. The Boer war has been a lottery filled with blanks for British generals. Roberts, French and Hunter were the only prize-winners.

Bankers and Chinese Disagree.

Shanghai, Feb. 2, via Victoria, Feb. 25.—There is some difference of opinion between the foreign bankers and the Chinese officials as to how the indemnity instalments are to be paid in future. The banks commission wants to fix monthly instalments, but the Chinese authorities would prefer a longer interval. According to the protocol, interest on the principal of the indemnity is payable in June and December. Foreign troops stationed at Tien Tsin are to be decreased to about ten thousand, and the military headquarters are to be converted into barracks.

Operation on Judge Ide.
Yokohama, Feb. 8, via Victoria, B. C., Feb. 25.—Judge H. C. Ide, one of the Philippine commissioners, is here with his secretary, Paul S. Carter. The judge has had an operation performed on the U. S. naval hospital on his back, which was injured some time ago by the commissioner being thrown out of a carriage. He is progressing favorably. Mr. Carter also is sick.

Gen. Palma in New York.
New York, Feb. 25.—Gen. Tomas Estrada Palma, president-elect of Cuba, has arrived in this city from his home at Central Valley, N. Y., for the purpose of consulting with local Cubans on matters dealing with the policy of the new government.

Gen. Palma had a conference with

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.
Genuine
Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of
Ben Wood
See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TONIC LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION.
CURE SICK HEADACHE.

A WARNING TO WOMEN AND GIRLS

Being Drawn Into Commercial and
Manufacturing Pursuits.

NO CARE FOR MOTHERHOOD

Prof. D. L. Kiehl Sounds the Note at
Meeting of National Educational
Association.

Chicago, Feb. 26.—A warning note that women and girls in this country were being drawn into commercial and manufacturing pursuits to an extent that jeopardized the welfare of future mothers and was a menace to a happy home life, was sounded by Prof. D. L. Kiehl, of the chair of pedagogy in the University of Minnesota, before the department of superintendents of the National Educational Association, now in session here.

His address touched a popular feeling in the minds of the thousands of more educators from all points of the compass, and that portion stating that home life and surroundings were above all social gains was applauded.

"In this age of commercialism and industrial conditions," said Prof. Kiehl, "no provision has been made for motherhood. This phase of life seems to have been brushed aside. In fact, we are making money-earners of our daughters in commercial pursuits."

"While women have every right to equality with men in matters of education, they are going outside their sphere when that portion of their education fitting them for the duties of home life and motherhood does not take precedence over everything else."

"Education for women that began only a few years ago on elementary level, has been advanced to technical and classical courses and has enabled women to compete for places formerly filled by men who supported families in many instances."

"The continuation of women entering these fields, cannot but have disastrous results in time, unless something is done to provide for homelife also for women and the tendency to enter the office and factory is checked."

Cuban Postoffice Fraud Trials.

Havana, Feb. 25.—Senor Zayas began yesterday in the trial of the Cuban postoffice fraud cases, his argument in behalf of Charles W. F. Neely, he said he would disregard W. H. Reeves, the former deputy auditor, so discrediting his testimony should have no weight. The prosecution's case rested, he said, largely on evidence bearing the government stamp, official reports and facts and figures furnished by Washington, yet, in the reports of the secretary of war, and the postmaster general of receipts and expenditures in the department of Cuba, there was a difference of almost \$100,000.

Mr. Zayas contended that in his judgment the fraud was not a 20 per cent concession was allowed, as the remaining concession would amount to about 51 per cent of the total. He referred also to the president's recommendation of reciprocity.

Representative Grosvenor of Ohio, advocated the committee plan as the best means of avoiding a dilemma.

Representative Tawney of Minnesota, a member of the ways and means committee, then proposed the following substitute:

TAWNEY'S SUBSTITUTE.

Resolved, That the ways and means committee be and it is hereby directed to prepare and report to the house a bill for the relief of Cuba and to extend trade between the United States and that island, which bill shall in substance authorize the president, in consideration of our securing on goods, wares and merchandise, the product or growth of the United States, to grant into Cuba, substantially lower duties than those countries, to agree to pay, and to pay during each year that said reciprocal trade agreement shall be in force, from the treasury of the United States, to the government of Cuba, when fully established, moneys collected in the United States as import duties on merchandise, the product or growth of the island of Cuba imported into the United States, a sum of money equivalent in amount to 20 per centum of the duties now collected on all such goods, and that so much of said sum as shall be equivalent to 20 per centum of the duty collected on sugar imported from Cuba into the United States shall be distributed by the government of Cuba or through such other additional agents or agencies and regulations to be prescribed by the government of Cuba and approved by the president of the United States, to the said island, to be used by the government of Cuba in the following manner:

That for the purpose of equalizing the trade of the United States with Cuba the president is hereby authorized, as soon as may be after the establishment of an independent government in Cuba, and the enactment by said government of immigration and exclusion laws as fully restrictive of immigration as the laws of the United States, to enter into negotiations with said government with a view to the arrangement of a commercial agreement in which reciprocal concessions may be secured in favor of the products and manufactures of the United States by rates of duty which shall be less by an amount equivalent to at least 20 per cent ad valorem than the rates imposed upon the like articles when imported into Cuba from the most favored of other countries.

And whenever the government of Cuba shall enact such immigration laws and shall enter into such commercial agreement with the United States and shall make such concessions in favor of the products and manufactures of the United States, and which agreement in the judgment of the president shall be reciprocal and equivalent, he shall be authorized to proclaim such reciprocal laws and the making of such agreement, and thereafter the imposition of the duties imposed by law in all articles from Cuba into the United States shall be suspended, and in lieu thereof shall be levied upon all articles imported from Cuba 50 per cent of the rate of duty now levied upon like articles imported from foreign countries.

The president shall have power, and it shall be his duty, whenever he shall be satisfied that such immigration laws or such agreement mentioned in this act are not being fully executed by the government of Cuba, to notify such government thereof, and thereafter there shall be levied on all articles imported by Cuba the full rate of duty provided by law upon articles imported from foreign countries.

Mr. Payne spoke for more than an hour in support of this bill. He was frequently interrupted by questions from Representatives William Alden Smith, Gardiner Weeks and Hamilton of Michigan, and Lester of New York. Mr. Smith's question contained the statement, that relying upon the Re-

publican assurance of protection about \$100,000,000 has been invested in the trade between the United States and this would be imperiled if the proposed concession was made.

Mr. Payne replied that in his judgment the fraud was not a 20 per cent concession was allowed, as the remaining concession would amount to about 51 per cent of the total. He referred also to the president's recommendation of reciprocity.

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sums received from Boer sympathizers. Dr. De Bruyn, secretary of the Boer delegation, was in the city for a few days and then he will return to the Cape Colony.

A Grizzly Kills Two Hunters.

Vancouver, B. C., Feb. 25.—The steamer *Thos* has arrived from the north with news of the killing of two men by an enormous grizzly bear at Rivers Inlet. One of the men was a white trapper and the other an Indian. Their bodies with their clothing, were found together within a few feet of each other.

The Indian had apparently taken a shot at the bear from his party. The grizzly rifle man, wounded the animal. The infuriated beast had run toward him and mauled him to death. The white trapper then came to the rescue and drove a long knife into the bear's breast, the point penetrating his heart. Then the bear turned and killed the white man. By this time the grizzly was dying from his wounds, and left over dead a few feet away.

C. L. Tiffany's Will Filed.

New York, Feb. 25.—The will of the late Charles L. Tiffany has been filed for probate in the Surrogate's court. The estate among the widow and children with a few minor legacies to relatives. No schedule was filed but the value of the estate will amount to more than \$2,000,000.

Exterminate New Jersey Mosquitoes.

New York, Feb. 25.—The New Jersey assembly, after a long and humorous debate, has passed the mosquito extermination bill. The bill appropriates \$10,000 to the state experiment station for the purpose of making a scientific investigation of the habits, origin and the relation to malarial and other diseases. The money is to be expended by the state entomologist.

Automobiles' Convention.

New York, Feb. 25.—Dissenting factions among the automobile clubs have received the call issued from Chicago for a convention to be held March 5. It is believed the controversy among the various clubs will then be ended in the formation of a national body, having for its object the enactment of favorable legislation.

Lewis and Clark Exposition.

Portland, Ore., Feb. 25.—Hon. H. W. Corbett, president of the Lewis & Clark Centennial Exposition corporation has selected the following citizens to act as a committee of ways and means: W. D. Fenton, Adolph Wolfe, John F. O'Shea, G. W. Bates, Leo Friede, A. H. Devers, J. N. Fleischner.

The purpose of the appointment of the committee is to have a body to take charge of the details of soliciting and collecting subscriptions for the additional capital stock necessary to be authorized by the Lewis & Clark stockholders.

Honors for Mrs. Ida S. Dusenberry.

Washington, Feb. 25.—The National Council of Women closed its triennial session here today. It elected Mrs. Ida S. Dusenberry a delegate to the National Congress of Mothers in session here, and adopted a series of resolutions. The petition of the government to immediately investigate reports that "the social evil" is licensed by the government in the Philippines, and the United States flag is floating from windows of licensed brothels in Manila and various island possessions of the government and ask for abolishing of these practices if found to exist. Other resolutions advocate arbitration and conclusion to settle difficulties and urge women to help to advance negro conditions by aid and support of kindergartens and day nurseries in these south.

Big Storm in California.

San Francisco, Cal., Feb. 25.—The storm which did some damage in this city was general throughout the state. Heavy rain reported from all parts of California. All the streams in the interior are booming, railroad tracks have been washed away in places, telegraph and telephone lines prostrated and small buildings blown down. The heaviest rain of the season fell in southern California, but it was unaccompanied by wind. The aggregate of losses caused by the storm is small while the rain will prove of vast benefit, insuring good harvest and plenty of water for irrigation in dry districts.

FRIGATE CONSTITUTION.

Petition to Massachusetts Legislature to Renovate it.

New York, Feb. 25.—The Massachusetts legislative committee on ways and means has heard the petition of the Daughters of 1812 for the appropriation of \$50,000 to aid in the renovation of the frigate Constitution, says a Boston special to The Times. Besides Mrs. Nelson V. Pitts, president of the society, there were present the Rev. Edward Everett Hale, D.D., the Hon. Charles Francis Adams and Col. Thos. Wentworth Higginson, who appeared

and spoke.

It was stated by the various speakers that "Mormonism" and polygamy were largely increasing in several far western states and rapidly invading the United States. The state of West Virginia, it was stated, furnished 3,000 converts to "Mormonism" last year, and Pennsylvania and other states were divided into districts and were being systematically canvassed by "Mormon" missionaries.

Representative Fleming of Georgia suggested that a congressional committee of investigation go to Utah and learn the facts. The ladies were willing to accept the investigation committee if a constitutional amendment could not be secured. The action was not taken, however, take final action.

N. D. Isdell of Montana Suicides.

Minneapolis, Minn., Feb. 25.—Despondent from brooding over his inability to throw off the drug habit, N. D. Isdell of Butte, Mont., ended his life at the Hotel Nicolet today by shooting. Mr. Isdell was wealthy and was well known throughout Montana, having large business interests at Bozeman and Butte.

About a week ago he came to Minneapolis with his wife to be cured of the drug habit. He enlisted the services of several physicians, and tried hypnotism and other treatments, but without avail.

This morning, while his wife was in the breakfast room, he placed a revolver in his mouth and fired. The bullet penetrated the brain and death was instantaneous. On the center table was a note to Mrs. Isdell, explaining that complete discouragement had led to the suicide.

CHARACTER OF FILIPINOS.

Taft Says They Are Not Yet Fitted For Self Government.

Washington, Feb. 25.—Gov. Taft continued his statement before the house insular committee today, dwelling on the good and bad characteristics of the Filipinos. He said that he had been about eight years with bilious trouble and indigestion. Every doctor told me to give up coffee. I laughed at the idea and after I started I weighed 150 pounds, now I weigh 130. My friends ask what has made the change, and of course, I tell them it was leaving off coffee and taking up Postum.

I began to improve right away and have never had a bilious spell since giving up coffee and taking on Postum. When I started I weighed 150 pounds, now I weigh 130. My friends ask what has made the change, and of course, I tell them it was leaving off coffee and taking up Postum.

I know husband will never go back to the old fashioned coffee again. You can use my name if you print this letter for I am not ashamed to have the public know just what I have to say about Postum and what it has done for me.

Boer Delegates Arrive.

New York, Feb. 25.—Messrs. Wolmarans and Wessels of the Boer delegation in Europe, who have arrived on the Rotterdam, were met by Montague White and President Kruger's former pastor at Pretoria.

Together with Dr. Mueller, who arrived Feb. 18, Messrs. Wolmarans and Wessels will enter into direct relations with the pro-Boer committee in the United States with a view of mutual understanding and organization and to audit on this side the water, the

there to urge proposed legislation. The Rev. Dr. Hale told of the renown of the Constitution and recited her well-known history. The Constitution was built in Boston, manned by Boston men, and is in every respect a Boston institution.

Mr. Adams said that as an alumnus of Harvard he had no hesitation in saying the Constitution, Monitor and Keenledge held a position infinitely greater than that of the college. Compared with these three ships in the benefits they have conferred upon the United States, Harvard college sinks into insignificance.

English Press Shows Ill Nature.

London, Feb. 25.—A tinge of jealousy is observable in the comment of the morning papers on the subject of Prince Henry's visit.

The Daily Chronicle suggests that the remembrance of the attitude of Admiral von Dietrichs in Manila may account for the languid curiosity of the general public in the United States.

Builders Strike in New York.

New York, Feb. 25.—A general strike, involving about 1,500 men, has been ordered on the buildings of a large contracting firm in this city. It affects carpenters, painters, steam fitters, plumbers and plasterers. The trouble is an outgrowth of friction between the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners and the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners.

Who Defined

"Soap-powder" in the Standard Dictionary? Sounds as if some old-fashioned soap-maker had written it. Used in dish-water! Yes, and when it is PEARLINE, used in everything where soap can be used. PEARLINE is modern, up-to-date soap; a better soap; it has revolutionized the soap trade.

Ask Your Friend

What the Premiums

Are Like.

Diamond "C" Soap Wrappers can be exchanged for all sorts of useful and attractive articles.

Our catalogue, describing these premiums, is sent on request. A postal will bring it to you.

Just to give you an idea of what the premiums are like and how easily they can be obtained, note the following:

1 in. Nut Crackers, Any of these for 10 Wrappers.

6 Beauty Pins, assorted colors.

6 Celluloid Hair Pins, large size.

Skirt Hanger, 25 Wrappers.

Child's Bracelet, Boy's Baseball, Doll-jointed or dressed.

Pair Indian Clubs, 35 Wrappers.

30 in. Pillow Cover.

Printing Press, 100 Wrappers.

Sand Dish, Table Cloth.

Camera, 300 Wrappers.

Berry Set, Rough Rider Clock, Opera Glasses.

Family Scales, 400 Wrappers.

Rochester Lamp, Columbia Zither.

And so it goes—the more wrappers you have the better premiums you will get. Send for the catalogue, NOW, while you think of it, or ask us for one.

THE CUDAHY PACKING CO.

Premium Store—317 S. Main St.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

Mrs. Ida McDonald,
Supreme Deputy
of the Maccabees
of the World.

THOUSANDS of women are unconsciously, step by step, following the path from health to sickness. The failure of health is often so gradual that women do not notice the coming of disease until actual pain and suffering is upon them. After the pain comes temporarily they think little of "the troubles that come and go in a day." They do not know that headaches, biliousness, stomach troubles and colds create deep-seated diseases. They do not realize that a slow complexion and a leathery skin are forerunners of Bright's disease of the kidneys; that constipation and a feeling of languor show a torpid liver. Bright's disease comes from diseased kidneys and develops completely before any warning is given. A torpid liver invites all kinds of contagion. Irregular menstruation is the beginning of a life of suffering affecting every part of the body if not promptly corrected. Wine of Cardui is the remedy that has a record of over 1,000,000 cures of this malady. Every woman who values her health should keep Wine of Cardui and The Ladies' Black-Draught in her home and take it regularly before and during the menstrual period. This will insure a regular and healthy menstruation and guard against a running down of the system, which always results in such serious trouble for women.

Thousands of women praise Wine of Cardui as a remedy for woman's life. It is a medicine widely known to be a case in the Union and we have yet to hear of a case of female weakness where Wine of Cardui

has been taken which it has not cured or greatly benefited.

Mrs. Ida McDonald, No. 477 Beaubien St., Detroit, Mich., is a prominent woman who was greatly benefited by this great medicine. Mrs. McDonald is the supreme deputy of the Maccabees of the world, and one of the most widely known women in the United States. Thousands of women gather to hear her lecture everywhere she goes. The great work she has done for the Maccabees is appreciated by every member of the order. She was so absorbed in her work that she neglected to give her health proper care—failed to take warning that the symptoms of approaching kidney trouble gave her the sallow complexion and torpid liver. But Wine of Cardui cured her the same as it has cured thousands of others, and Mrs. McDonald has written this letter in order that other suffering women may secure from Wine of Cardui the same relief she got from it.

"For four years I suffered with torpid liver until my skin looked yellow and dull. I then found my kidneys were affected and had severe pains across my back, and