

persons. He goes from Washington to Alabama, and expects to remain in the Southern States until after the November elections.

EAST SAGINAW, Mich., 17.—It was about 10 o'clock this morning when Mr. Blaine's special train started from Saginaw for Bay City. He and General Fremont were escorted through the city to a stand in the park. After a short speech by Senator Palmer Mr. Blaine was introduced. He spoke very briefly, and then introduced General Fremont. Both were received very enthusiastically, and Senator Palmer spoke of the importance of the tariff to the people engaged in salt works and in lumbering. There was a large procession, which Mr. Blaine was expected to review, but time did not permit.

LANSING, Mich., 17.—The best arranged reception given to Mr. Blaine since he entered Michigan, was at Flint. Blaine spoke longer than usual. In the course of his remarks he denied he had ever been a Know-Nothing, or in sympathy with that party, and declared himself in favor of prohibiting the exportation to the United States by foreign countries of paupers and criminals, and the importation of cheap foreign labor under contract to compete with home labor.

At Port Huron there was a fine reception. Rev. A. Hastings Ross read an address of welcome, to which Blaine responded briefly.

Gen. Fremont was introduced and made a few remarks. It was about half-past seven o'clock when the train arrived at Detroit. Blaine, in company with Senator Hale, was driven to Mrs. Chandler's, where he will spend the night. To-morrow he will go on through Michigan, reaching South Bend, Indiana, in the evening.

PITTSBURG, Pa., 17.—In the Pennsylvania investigation to-day, Silas Reed colored employee of the Duquesne Club, testified that on the day the bank closed the second time, President Riddle gave him packages with instructions to burn them. One of the packages was too large to go in the stove and when witness opened it he noticed a book marked "Penn Bank." President Riddle gave witness \$5 for destroying the packages.

DETROIT, 17.—The man arrested here some days ago for swindling Rev. Dr. Rexford, and who gave the name of Thos. May, turns out to be ex-Governor Moses, of South Carolina, having been identified by officers from Cambridge, Mass., where he is wanted.

GALVESTON, 17.—The *News* Laredo special: Highwaymen visited the Coreletas ranch near here Thursday night and stole \$10,000 of American money belonging to Emanuel Vidauri, the proprietor. No arrests.

ATCHISON, Kas., 17.—Bill Norris, the notorious train robber and associate of Poke Wells, was sentenced at Oskaloosa, Kas., to twenty-one years for burglary. After sentence, the prisoner attempted suicide in the court room by cutting an artery in the arm, causing a serious loss of blood. His partner is serving a life sentence in Iowa.

LINCOLN, Neb., 17.—Robert Williams of David City has been missing since Friday of last week, when he took the train for the East. It is just discovered that he has absconded, taking with him \$27,000 in money borrowed from confidential friends in church, Sunday school, temperance and political circles, in all of which he was prominent. He was superintendent of a Sunday school, a candidate elect on a St. John ticket, and ran for district judge last fall. He is supposed to be in Canada.

DENVER, Col., 17.—The *Tribune-Republican's* La Junta: Richard Simpson, cashier of Jones & Fisher's Bank of his place has absconded, and report says took with him all the bank's available cash, amounting to several thousand dollars. Heretofore he has stood high in the confidence of the people. The officers are in pursuit.

Sam Baldwin, a teamster for the Daisy mine, was found dead in a lonely gulch near the foot of old Mosquito Pass, in the vicinity of Leadville, with a bullet hole in his head and his face battered to a jelly. He had been slugged, shot and dragged some distance. His clothes were nearly stripped from his body by the assassin, and the belt, containing \$11,000, had been taken from his person. A rude mask was found near the body. The victim was 35 years old, and has a wife and several children now at Galesburg, Ill. James Gillespie and Si Minch have been arrested, charged with the murder. A false, belonging to Gillespie, containing bloody clothes, was found to-day. Minch confesses the murder and implicates Gillespie and several others. The excitement runs high, and lynching is among the possibilities.

WHEELING, W. Va., 17.—As far as heard from, 28 counties in this State give democratic majorities of 12,133; 22 counties give republican majorities of 9,277—a democratic majority of 2,856, with four counties to hear from, which may increase the democratic majority 1,200. The democratic plurality in 1880 was 16,136, and 3,100 over the republicans and greenbackers. This year the republicans and greenbackers fused. It appears, however, that the democratic greenbackers in most counties went back to their party, and the republican greenbackers did the same. The campaign was virtually a square issue between republicans and democrats. The total vote will surpass any in the history of the State.

WASHINGTON, 18.—The President has appointed Stephen F. Wilson, of Pennsylvania, associate justice of the Supreme Court of New Mexico.

St. Louis, 18.—Willie Webster, a boot black 15 years old, was arrested

here early this morning. He says he was one of a party of six boys who lighted the fire which resulted in the great lumber yard conflagration in Cleveland, September 6th.

BATAVIA, Ohio, 18.—The middle span of the bridge across East Fork river on the Cincinnati Eastern narrow gauge railroad gave way as the Manchester express was passing over it to-night. The bridge is 50 feet above the water. The engine, baggage car and first coach were hurled to the water beneath, the rear car remained on the sound portion of the bridge. Forty-five persons were on the train. Many made miraculous escapes, several leaping into the stream below. The engineer, Ed. Wilbur, and fireman Henry Jones were killed. Samuel Carr, and Dave Hicks were fatally wounded; Bed Moore, Thomas Taylor, John Nash, Mary Swallow, and James McCoy, were badly injured.

COLUMBUS, 18.—The returns by counties completed do not change the pluralities given last night. The unexpected Prohibition and Greenback Butler votes increase proportionately with those of the democrats and republicans. The prohibition vote last year was 8,362; this year, 9,510; the greenback vote last year was 2,937; this year 3,700, showing no coalition, but party lines clearly followed. The total prohibition and greenback vote is 12,447, or 1,126 more than the Robinson plurality. The rest of the republican State ticket has an average majority over all, of over 5,000, in a total vote of 750,873. Last year it was 718,168, in October, 1880, it was 715,186, in November, 1880, it was 714,968. There is no change in Congressmen except an increase of 150 in Romeis' majority over Ford. In the Twenty-first District, Foran, Democrat, has 1,270 over Burnett, republican. In that part of this county in the Nineteenth District Taylor, republican, has 2,301 over Alvered, democrat.

Wheeling, 18.—The returns are still incomplete. Careful estimates place the democratic majority at about 5,000, maybe a little less. It will be two or three days before the remote counties can be heard from officially.

JACKSON, Mich., 18.—Blaine left Detroit this morning. This is the last day of his tour of Michigan, and he will spend Sunday at South Bend, Ind. The first stop was at Ann Arbor, where there was a very large crowd around the depot, but the students at the university seemed to have taken possession of the place, and when Blaine appeared their cheering was so hearty and so long continued that they seemed likely to occupy the whole time the train could remain at Ann Arbor. All efforts of the local committeemen to get a hearing proved a failure, but when Blaine stretched out his hands, indicating that he was about to speak, the noise immediately subsided. He began his speech by saying: "During the war we used to hear a great deal about the rebel yell, which was supposed to imply great vigor and determination, but it seems to me that the young men who do me the honor to appear here to-day, could have terrified the whole army of Lee." [Laughter.] Blaine then spoke at some length of the responsibilities of educated young men, and left with the students for solution the problem why so many college men, who are free-traders at 20, are protectionists at 40.

There was an immense gathering at Jackson, and when Mr. Blaine stepped out on the flat-car which served as the speakers' stand, he stepped into the presence of 20,000 people. He was received with the usual enthusiastic demonstration. In responding, he called attention to the importance of the tariff as the leading issue of the campaign.

At Marshall there was a smaller, but equally enthusiastic crowd.

South Bend, Ind., 18.—At a little past 3 o'clock the train arrived at South Bend. The city was thronged, the work shops and many of the business houses were closed. In the forenoon there had been a great traces' procession, the afternoon was to be given to the Blaine reception, and the evening to a torchlight procession. It was about 5.30, when the procession reached the stand erected near the court house.

The two Michigan Senators—Conger and Palmer—were first introduced. After they had given some account of the tour through Michigan, Blaine was introduced amid enthusiastic cheers. He spoke at some length on tariff as the great issue in the campaign, arguing that the maintenance of the protective policy was of greater importance to the workingmen than to any other class in the community. In the same connection he warned the workingmen that the labor unions would be powerless to protect them against the competition of the cheap labor of the world if the protective tariff were abolished. Blaine was driven to the house of C. L. M. Studebaker, whose guest he will be until Monday. Later in the evening he reviewed a very large torchlight procession.

BATAVIA, N. Y., 18.—General Butler passed last night in his hotel car, using his comfortable bed and private compartment for the first time, while the car was lying on the side track at the depot. Only the through express train disturbed the silence of a night in the country. A thin blanket of snow coated the hills on the way to Oneida, where General Butler was met by thousands of applauding men and enthusiastic women, whose demonstration was reinforced by the booming of cannon and the display of bunting. Butler made a speech here, which was heartily applauded. Addresses were also made

by the General on the way at Lyons, Clyde, etc.

GREEN CASTLE, Ind., 18.—The Chicago Express, on the Louisville, New Orleans & Chicago Railway, consisting of a baggage car, express, two coaches and sleeper, struck a defective rail about 2.40 o'clock this morning, about five miles south of this city. The entire train was derailed, except the sleeper. The engineer, fireman and baggageman were seriously injured. There was no injury to the passengers save bruises. The train immediately took fire and all the cars, including the sleeper, were totally consumed. The passengers in the sleeper only saved what they had on their persons. Damage to engine, the cars burned and incidental losses aggregate upwards of \$30,000.

GALVESTON, Texas, 19.—Galveston *News'* Fort Worth special: Jim Courtright, the notorious detective, arrested last night by the State Rangers and officers from New Mexico on a warrant for murder, escaped from his captors this evening. The officers, against the sheriff's protest, took Courtright to a restaurant for breakfast and dinner. Large crowds followed the procession. This evening three guards brought Courtright to supper. Some of Courtright's friends had hung two large pistols under the table where the prisoner sat at previous meals, and one of the guards was inveigled outside, whereupon Courtright seized the weapons, covered the two remaining guards and backing to the door, mounted a waiting horse and fled down the street in the presence of a large crowd, who witnessed every manœuvre. The prisoner's friends hampered the officers in immediate pursuit, by crowding in. The escape created tremendous excitement. Jim McIntyre, accused with Courtright, was arrested yesterday at Wichita Falls and brought to the city to-night. There is a great crowd at the depot. It now transpires that the men are not wanted for the murder of Mexicans at Silver City, but for killing two Americans named Groestr, near Albuquerque, whom they were charged with having first arrested, as officers, then deliberately murdered. Courtright's friends deny the charge.

COLUMBUS, O.—The balance of the miners in the Ohio Central and Buckeye Creek regions have struck for an advance in mining to 80 cents per ton. These include the miners of W. P. Rend, Sunday Creek Coal Company and Columbus & Eastern Railway Co., The proprietors have refused to concede the demand and the miners will not resume work to-morrow morning. This action will cut off heavy contributions from the Ohio Central, which have been made to striking miners in Hocking Valley.

SYRACUSE, 19.—Gen. B. F. Butler telegraphed to-night from Batavia as follows, regarding the statement of one Parsons of Baltimore, in the *New York Times* and *Brooklyn Eagle*, that the republican committee paid the expenses of the Butler campaign and therefore controlled his movements: "I have read Parson's statement. Not one word of truth in it. He applied to me some weeks ago for money to organize in Maryland, but I declined. I told him my plan of campaign had been placed in the hands of Mr. Plympton, whom I warned against him afterwards. I refused to see Parsons. Plympton told me he had refused to have anything to do with him. I had heard of Parsons before and that he was a fraud. Found a letter he sent from Mr. Bayon, Marshal of Maryland and member of the national committee of the people's party in that State, asking me to come to Baltimore, to which I replied this morning putting him in communication with Mr. Plympton and referred to a letter to him to see if he could find occasion so that I could go to Baltimore as some change had been made in my engagements in Ohio, which might give opportunity. This was done ten hours before I had seen Parson's article in the *Times* and before I heard of Parsons, except as above stated."

(Signed) BENJ. F. BUTLER.

LEAVENWORTH, Kas., 19.—Richard J. Waddy, iron moulder, about fifty years old, shot his wife and Miss Logue, at the boarding house, then shot himself through the head, dying instantly. Both women will probably die. Mrs. Waddy, being shot through the lungs and Miss Logue receiving two wounds, one in the breast and the other in the back. Mrs. Waddy was from Troy, New York, had been married since last March, but left her husband on discovery that he had another wife in Alabama, New York. Miss Logue had also been married, but had separated from her husband. The affair grew out of domestic infelicity. Waddy had two pistols and a long, very sharp knife and left a letter to the coroner, showing the crime was premeditated as carried out.

ALBANY, 20.—Governor Cleveland was assaulted in front of the Medical College this morning, by Samuel Boone of Chemung county, who was ejected from the Executive chamber last week for creating a disturbance while seeking a pardon.

As Governor Cleveland was going from the Executive mansion to the capitol about nine this morning he was assaulted in front of the Medical College by Sam. Boone, of Elmira, who struck at the Governor with his right hand. The blow was warded off when the man repeated it several times without hitting the Governor's face. He then darted towards a pile of cobble stones, but was intercepted by Dr. Houghton before he obtained a missile. Boone returned to his attack upon the Governor when

Houghton seized and held him and the Governor deliberately resumed his walk.

Boone was released and went quickly to his boarding house in Lancaster Street, where he was arrested shortly afterwards. Dr. Houghton overtook the Governor and conversed briefly with him about the assault. The Governor proceeded to the capitol and went to work, alluding only occasionally to the matter to the attaches of the office. In the police court Boone pleaded not guilty and asked two days to prepare his case as he wanted to telegraph Judge Boardman Smith, of the Supreme Court, to defend him. The case was put down for Wednesday afternoon. Boone has been seeking pardon for his brother-in-law, Byron B. Fairbanks, sentenced to two years at Auburn for shooting into a crowd assembled near his house on Halloween, and seriously wounding a boy. Boone and wife called on the Governor at Elmira during his recent visit to the State Fair and asked for the pardon of Fairbanks. The Governor said he would look it over when he returned to Albany. He mentioned the matter to Dist. Att'y. Stanchfield, who expressed himself as strongly opposed to granting a pardon, as he did not think there were any grounds for clemency.

FOREIGN.

LIVERPOOL, 16.—As the passengers were disembarking from the American Line steamer *Lord Clive*, from Philadelphia, an Irish detective arrested a Hungarian steerage passenger on suspicion. His baggage was subjected to search, with the result of discovering thirty packages of dynamite, making about a pound and a half.

A dispatch from Paris to the Exchange Telegraph Company states troubles between the government and budget committee, threaten to precipitate a Cabinet crisis. M. Tierard, Minister of Finance, and Gen. Camperon talk of resigning. An important meeting of the budget committee will be held to-night.

Rome, 16.—During the past 24 hours there were 76 fresh cases of cholera at Naples, and 33 deaths. No deaths occurred at Genoa.

The reports of cholera throughout Italy the past twenty-four hours show a total of 173 fresh cases and 88 deaths.

Hong Kong, 16.—Admiral Courbet has decided to blockade the northern coast of Formosa before he orders a renewal of the attack upon Tamsui. The Admiral telegraphed his government that he expects to resume offensive operations on land and sea next week.

QUEENSTOWN, 17.—The Guion line steamer *Nevada*, Capt. Bremer, from New York, Oct. 7, for Liverpool, arrived off here at 8.40 this morning. She reports fire aboard and great excitement prevails among the passengers.

Noon.—Instead of proceeding to Liverpool, the *Nevada* has entered this harbor. The cargo has been on fire since Wednesday.

2 p. m.—The *Nevada's* passengers are safe. Every effort is being made to extinguish the flames.

Queenstown, 3 p. m.—The *Nevada*, on entering the harbor, had a heavy list to port. It is stated that there is ten feet of water in her hold. Admiral Lathbridge offered the services of the crew of an English gunboat in the harbor, but the agents of the steamship declined the proffered assistance. No passengers have yet been landed.

4 p. m.—The captain of the *Nevada* denies that the fire is still burning. The owners of the steamship expect her to leave Queenstown this afternoon for Liverpool.

Rome, 17.—During the past 24 hours there were sixty-six fresh cases of cholera and twenty-seven deaths at Naples, and seven fresh cases and three deaths in Genoa.

LONDON, 17.—A dispatch from Tien Tsin to the *Times* says: In an interview the Viceroy asserted that two battles were fought at Kiang, midway between Langson and Bacninh, one resulting in the defeat of the Chinese and the other in the defeat of the French. The losses of the French were considerable and those of the Chinese heavy. Advices from Foo Chow state a Min river pilot reports all the French ships have left the Matson for Port Arthur.

Paris, 17.—The *Figaro* says that the Chinese force defeated at Chu was only a column of the left wing of the army invading Tonquin. It explains the slaughter of 3,000 Chinese by the fact that no quarter was given or taken, and no prisoners were taken. The right column, which is passing along the river Songeau, is directed against Hong Hoa.

The *Intransigent* asserts that of the 10,000 French soldiers in Tonquin, only 2,000 are effective. It declares the Chinese invasion, if not arrested, threatens to overwhelm the French, and that it is necessary that not a mere reinforcement, but an army be sent to their assistance.

Three thousand reinforcements with stores leaves Toulon for Tonquin within a fortnight.

Shanghai, 17.—Five French men-of-war are stationed at Kelung and eight before Tam-Sui. The Chinese are fortifying the heights and refuse to surrender their positions. The natives in Southern Formosa are harassing the Chinese troops, who are asking for reinforcements.

BERLIN, 18.—Wilhelm, first Duke of Brunswick, died this morning.

Brussels, 18.—West African advices state that M. De Lesie left St. Paul de

Loando some time ago, with provisions for De Brazza's station on Stanley Pool. After he started, the baggage carriers deserted, but he succeeded in reaching Manyanga on the Congo. He will there organize a fresh expedition.

LONDON, 18.—On the opening of Parliament a commission will be appointed to inquire into the state of the navy, and the Admiralty will ask for an increased grant for ship-building, to enable it to give orders to private firms for the construction of swift, heavy armed and light armored vessels.

The distress at the ship-building centers in the north is increasing. Trade on the Tyne and adjacent districts is paralyzed. Forty ocean steamers are lying idle in the docks at Sunderland, and most of the ship yards are closed. Public subscriptions are being made for the laborers out of employment.

The Government has decided to expend £1,000,000 on its fortifications in Aden, Singapore and Hong Kong. Orders have been sent from the War Office to hasten the work.

The anti-ministerial papers denounce the practice of the French troops in Tonquin of taking no prisoners and killing the wounded.

The *Gaulois* says the official defense of the Chinese refusing quarter cannot justify the soldiers of a country pretending to be the advance guard of civilization, in making war like savages.

LONDON, 20.—The Tichborne claimant was secretly brought to Pentonville prison last night. He was discharged this morning quite unexpectedly to himself. His time still having three days to run.

Moscow, 20.—Several warehouses and the German Theatre are on fire, which is likely to spread to surrounding buildings.

St. Petersburg, 20.—A mine was discovered in a cellar at Kronovenski, on Prospect Street, directly against the Ravelin of St. Peter and St. Paul Fortress. Four Russians and three foreigners were arrested as a result of the discovery.

Advertisement for Dr. JACOBS OIL, THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR PAIN. CURES Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, AND ALL OTHER BODILY PAINS AND ACHES. Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Fifty Cents a bottle. Directions in 11 Languages. THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

VERY GRATIFYING. We copy the following from the *Territorial Enquirer*, published at Provo, October 10th:

When up at Conference at Salt Lake we had occasion to visit Messrs. S. W. Darke & Co., and found them full up to their eyes with law office and fire insurance business in their cozy office next to Jennings & Sons' store, and, on account of old acquaintance sake, felt quite pleased to see them prospering so well. Mr. S. W. Darke seemed to have his time fully occupied with his law cases (by-the-by we frequently see the gentleman amongst the members of the bar before Judge Emerson at Provo); Mr. Wm. Fuller had both hands full with land office business which he was straightening out, and Mr. Robert McEwan was busting as ever. Their office was pretty well packed with people from different parts of the Territory, which evidenced to us that they have the confidence of the people, and we have no reservation in recommending each of these gentlemen to our patrons for business in their line.

A WALKING SKELETON. Mr E. Springer, of Mechanicsburg, Pa. writes: "I was afflicted with lung fever and abscess on lungs, and reduced to a walking skeleton. Got a free trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which did me so much good that I bought a dollar bottle. After using three bottles, found myself once more a man, completely restored to health, with a hearty appetite, and a gain in flesh of 48 lbs." Call at Z. C. M. I. Drug Store and get a free bottle of this certain cure for all Lung Diseases. Large bottles \$1 00.

BUCKLIN'S ARNICA SALVE. THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale at Z. C. M. I. Drug Store.