

CORRESPONDENCE

DEMONSTATION AT ST. GEORGE.

St. George, Washington County, }
January 7, 1862. }

EDITOR DESERET NEWS:

Knowing how anxious the people of Utah are to know what transpires in all parts of the Territory, as well as what is going on in other and distant parts of the world, I will give a brief account of the proceedings of the dwellers in this city, on the 6th instant, in relation to the convention and State Government movement, in which all take a deep interest.

At break of day the stars and stripes were unfurled to the breeze, and proudly waved as if conscious of the vicinage of many staunch supporters. Three salutes were fired in honor of the national ensign.

At 10 a.m. one gun was fired as a signal for the people to assemble on the Public Square. The "Star Spangled Banner" and other national airs were played by the Brass Band. The meeting was called to order by Col. Eli Whipple, when, on motion, Robert Gardner, Esq., was chosen chairman, and James G. Bleak secretary. On taking the chair, the presiding officer briefly stated that the object of the meeting was to consider the propriety of uniting with our fellow citizens throughout the Territory, in order to adopt means for obtaining a State Government for Utah, that she may take her proper position among the American States. Messrs. Eli Whipple, Angus M. Cannon, Jesse W. Crosby, D. D. McArthur and Lorenzo Clark were appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sentiments of the people assembled in their sovereign capacity, and during their absence on the duty assigned, the meeting was addressed by Jacob Gates, James Houston and Joseph Orrton, Esqs.

The committee reported a series of spirited resolutions, prefaced by a preamble setting forth the regret entertained for the disloyalty and rebellion of many States; the desire to maintain the sacredness of the constitution; the ability of the citizens of Utah to sustain a State government and their right to the privileges accruing therefrom, which were adopted without a dissenting voice.

Hons. William Crosby, G. A. Smith and J. M. Moody were unanimously sustained as delegates to the convention from Washington county, when the meeting adjourned.

The foregoing is respectfully submitted for consideration.

JAMES G. BLEAK.

FROM IRON COUNTY.

Cedar City, Iron Co., U. T., }
January 7, 1862. }

TO THE EDITOR OF THE DESERET NEWS:

DEAR SIR:—Knowing that you feel interested in any good news from this southern country, we send you a few brief minutes of a mass meeting held here on the 6th instant, to appoint delegates to a convention to be held in Great Salt Lake City, January 20th.

H. Lunt, Esq., was unanimously chosen chairman, and C. Jones Arthur, secretary. The meeting being called to order by the chairman, the following committees were appointed, to wit: Isaac C. Haight, Samuel Leigh and James Whittaker, Esqs., were chosen a committee to nominate delegates; and John Urie, C. Jones Arthur, and Geo. Hunter, Esqs., were appointed a committee to draft resolutions expressive of the feelings of the meeting.

The Hons. Hosea Stout, Silas S. Smith and Horace S. Eldredge were nominated by the committee and unanimously elected by the meeting delegates to the convention.

The following preamble and resolutions were presented by the committee on resolutions and unanimously adopted:

We, the citizens of Cedar City, Iron county, U. T., in mass meeting assembled, feeling grateful to Almighty God for his past mercies and blessings bestowed upon us, and for the peace and prosperity we enjoy in these perilous times which are threatening the destruction of the Federal Union, and ever feeling that love for the Constitution of the United States, which was framed by the patriotic fathers of '76 through inspiration of the Almighty; and being desirous of being admitted a State into the Federal Union, deem it necessary that a Convention be held in Great Salt Lake City on January 20th, for the purpose of adopting a constitution preparatory to the admission of Utah into the family of Federal States and to memorialize Congress thereon. Therefore, resolved that Congress be petitioned for the admittance of Utah into the Federal Union as one of the stars of the great constellation, with all the rights and privileges of other States. Resolved, that we will by our fidelity support the Constitution of the United States, and not be behind any of our sister States, in our devotion to the cause of patriotism and liberty. Resolved, that we will protect and defend the Constitution of the United States inviolate, with our lives, fortunes and sacred honor.

After which the meeting was addressed by Isaac C. Haight, Henry Lunt, Philip K. Smith, Jas. Whittaker, Esqs., and others, in a most eloquent and patriotic manner, expressive of the loyalty and fidelity of the people to the Constitution of the United States.

Great enthusiasm prevailed throughout the meeting.

C. JONES ARTHUR.

FROM MILLARD COUNTY.

CORN CREEK, Jan. 7, 1862.

EDITOR DESERET NEWS:

SIR:—I thought it would not be amiss to tell you of a mass meeting that was held at our new hall on Monday last. The citizens came out en masse, and at 10 o'clock the house was called to order, and Peter Robinson was elected chairman, and Charles Hopkins secretary. We had several able political speeches from some of our leading men of the town, on the necessity of the Convention at Great Salt Lake City on the third Monday of this month, that the people of this Territory may show the Government our ardent desire of being numbered with our sister States, and that we may show our loyalty and patriotism in maintaining the Constitution of the United States, that our forefathers framed, and our fathers fought and bled for. The sentiments expressed by the speakers were the sentiments of the whole. We have the honor to send as our delegates to the Convention from this county, Messrs. Thomas Callister, Thos. R. King and Levi Savage.

PETER ROBINSON.

Some Work on hand.

The committee of the Evangelical Alliance have issued a circular, suggesting a week of prayer for 1862; and, among other topics for the exercise of faith, are the following—enough for one week at least—they have a hard row to hoe:

"Humiliation and confession of sins as individuals, as families, as churches and as a nation. . . . The conversion of the ungodly, the cessation of intemperance and immorality, and the spread of vital religion in our families and households, and among our rulers. . . . The revival of pure Christianity and the extension of religious liberty in Europe and the lands of the East; the overthrow of every form of unchristian error; the conversion of the house of Israel; the prevalence of peace among all, especially in America. . . . A higher standard of piety and power among christian ministers and all their fellow laborers."

If the alliance only accomplish a little of what they ask for, there will be a terrible shaking of dry bones. Nothing like trying hard, especially in cold weather.

The Mails East and West.

We learn by telegraph that Green River and Black's Fork have swollen so much from recent rains and snows in the mountains, that no mail from the eastern States had crossed over for three or four days.

Worse reports come from the west: Carson valley is said to be completely submerged—the water from four to six feet deep. The mails, in consequence, are not likely to pass through that country without interruption. Two white men and one Indian are said to have been drowned. This terrible deluge uprooted the telegraph poles in considerable numbers which leaves us also without news from either east or west for the present.

LATER.—At the moment of 'locking up', we have news by telegraph from the east, the wires that were down yesterday having been put up.

Money Stolen.

On Thursday evening last a box belonging to a young man, in the employ of the Overland Mail Company, named Giles Mottin, containing his clothing and eight hundred dollars in gold, the savings of several years' industry, was abstracted from the ostler's room, in Townsend's stable in this city, occupied by Mottin, who was serving the company at the time in that capacity, and all efforts to discover the thief or thieves has thus far been unavailing; several individuals with loafing propensities are suspected but no evidence sufficient to convict them has as yet been obtained.

ROWDYISM PUNISHED.—There has been more rowdyism in this city within the last few weeks than for months previous. On the 10th inst. Alderman Clinton fined Jason Luce twenty-five dollars and costs, and Wilford Luce fifty dollars and costs for gratifying their riotous proclivities.

GONE AND TO GO.—Martin, the superseded Superintendent of Indian Affairs, left last week for the States and overtook Governor Dawson. Crosby has not yet been able to get away; his prospects are brightening.

Election of Territorial Officers.

The Legislative Assembly met in joint session in the Representative's Hall, at 1 p.m., on the 14th inst., yesterday, for the purpose of electing the officers made elective by the joint vote of the Council and House of Representatives.

The following is the result of the election, viz:

Albert Carrington, Chancellor of the University.

George W. Mousley, John V. Long, T. B. H. Stenhouse, Karl G. Maeser, Joseph A. Young, Robert L. Campbell, Gilbert Clements, Henry I. Doremus, William Eddington, Thomas Bullock, Samuel W. Richards and Isaac Groo, Regents of the University.

Thomas W. Ellerbeck, Treasurer of the University.

David O. Calder, Territorial Treasurer.

William Clayton, Auditor of Public accounts.

Theodore McKean, Territorial Road Commissioner.

Henry W. Lawrence, Territorial Marshal.

Seth M. Blair, Attorney General.

William Snow, District Attorney for the First Judicial district.

Hosea Stout, District Attorney for the Second Judicial district.

Jesse W. Fox, Territorial Surveyor General.

John Lyon, Librarian.

William Clayton, Recorder of Marks and Brands.

Frederick Kesler, Feramorz Little and Ebenezer R. Young, Directors of the Penitentiary.

Albert P. Rockwood, Warden of the Penitentiary.

Nathan Davis, Sealer of Weights and Measures.

James D. McCullough, Probate Judge of, and James G. Bleak, Notary Public for Washington county.

Silas S. Smith, Probate Judge of, and Calvin C. Pendleton, Notary Public for Iron county.

Daniel M. Thomas, Probate Judge of, and Washington H. Carlow, Notary Public for Beaver county.

Thomas R. King, Probate Judge of, and Joseph W. Robinson, Notary Public, for Millard county.

R. Wilson Glenn, Probate Judge of, and John Eager, Notary Public for Sanpete county.

Andrew Love, Probate Judge of, and Samuel Pitchforth, Notary Public for Juab county.

Aaron Johnston, Probate Judge of, and Albert K. Thurber, Notary Public for Utah county.

Elias Smith, Probate Judge of, and John T. Caine and W. W. Phelps, Notaries Public for Great Salt Lake county.

Thomas Grover, Probate Judge of, and Samuel Leithead, Notary Public for Davis county.

Francis A. Brown, Probate Judge of, and William Critchlow, Notary Public for Weber county.

Jonathan C. Wright, Probate Judge of, and Samuel Smith, Notary Public for Box Elder county.

Peter Maughan, Probate Judge of, and James H. Martineau, Notary Public for Cache county.

Win. A. Carter, Probate Judge of, and Notary Public for Green River county.

Thomas Rhoads, Probate Judge of, and Samuel P. Hoyt, Notary Public for Summit county.

Evan M. Greene, Probate Judge of, and Lysander Gee, Notary Public for Tooele county.

Drawing to a Close.

The eleventh annual session of the Legislative Assembly will terminate by limitation of statute, on Friday next, as the "forty days" will then have expired. For several weeks after the commencement of the session, it was averred by several of the members, that there was not much legislating required to be done, but latterly, business seems to be 'looming up' and, if all matters in which the people are interested receive proper attention, before the time for adjournment shall arrive, there will be more accomplished than is now anticipated.

ARRESTS.—Yesterday, on warrant issued by the Probate Judge of Great Salt Lake county, upon the affidavit of an individual who witnessed the occurrence, Isaac Neibaur, Wood Reynolds, Jason, John M. and Wilford Luce were arrested for the assault committed on Governor Dawson on the 31st ult. The examination of the prisoners is expected to take place this afternoon, at the Court House.

IMPORTANT.—It is now understood in the city that Governor Dawson protests against the plea of insanity, offered by his friends for certain recent adventures, and has discharged his traveling physician, Chambers.

Married:

In this city, Jan. 5, by Bishop L. D. Young, Mr. GEORGE EDWIN LITTLE and Miss MARTHA TAYLOR. * * * Mill. Star please copy.

At Fort Gunnison, Sanpete county, June 9, 1861, by Elder O. Hyde, Mr. J. F. HUTCHINSON and Miss ALICE P. WARDEN.

In Parowan, Iron county, Nov. 10, 1861, by Bishop W. S. Warren, Mr. SEYMOUR JOHNSON and Miss LYDIA ANN SMITH, formerly of Norwich, England.

In Parowan, Iron county, Jan. 5, 1862, by Bishop W. S. Warren, Mr. GABRIEL DANE and Miss SUSANNA SMITH, formerly of Norwich, England.

Died:

In this city, Dec. 19, 1861, of ulcerated sore throat, SARAH IDA, daughter of Joseph L. and Sarepta M. Heywood, aged 10 years, 5 months and 3 days.

At Nephi city, Juab county, Dec. 29, 1861, of consumption, JAMES RANDALL, aged 64 years, 6 months and 6 days.

In this city, Jan. 3, 1862, ROYAL WILLIAM, son of Royal and Elizabeth Barney, aged 17 days.

At South Cottonwood, Jan. 3, 1862, JANE, wife of Matthew Rowan, aged 34 years, 11 months and 8 days.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

I WILL sell pure FLAX SEED OIL for five dollars in Cash, per gallon, or will take Grain at Cash price; and will pay two dollars and fifty cents, or give one half gallon of OIL for sixty pounds of good Flax Seed.

Persons wishing to buy, sell or exchange, as aforesaid, can be accommodated by calling upon Archibald N. Hill, at the General Tithing Office in Great Salt Lake City. 61f JEBBER O. KIMBALL.

SALT SALT!!

FINE boiled Salt may be had at M. J. Snedaker's, 9th Ward, G. S. L. City, also Saleratus. For which all kinds of Grain will be taken in exchange. 29-3m

PHONOGRAPHY.

OR PHONETIC SHORT HAND will be taught by Henry A. Hager, at his residence in the 10th Ward, commencing on Monday evening, January 20th. Those wishing to engage in the Study will please call upon him at their earliest convenience. 29-2*

NOTICE TO JURORS OF U. S. 3D JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT.

NOTICE is hereby given that the United States Grand and Petit Jurors will not be required to attend the United States 3d Judicial District Court adjourned to meet in Salt Lake City, 4th Monday of January, as the Court will then be again adjourned and notice given through the paper of the time the Jurors will be required to meet in attendance upon said court.

By order of Hon. J. F. KINNEY, Judge U. S. 3d Jud. Dis. Court. Dated at my office in Great Salt Lake City this 14th day of January, A.D. 1862.

29-1 PATRICK LYNCH, Clerk 3d Dist. Court.

AN ORDINANCE For the Prevention of Fires.

Sec. 1. Be it ordained by the City Council of Great Salt Lake City, that no person shall set off any fire works, set up any stove, furnace, or other apparatus in which fire is to be kept, or carry fire in the streets, without observing the following regulations, under penalty of not less than one nor more than one hundred dollars for each offense.

Sec. 1. No person shall be allowed within the limits of the city, to discharge or set off any rocket, squib, cracker or other fire works, without the consent of the Mayor, specifying the time when and the place where the same may be done.

Sec. 3. No stove or other apparatus in which fire is to be kept shall be set nearer than eight inches from the floor, except such as have no fire place on the lower plate, such can be set within four inches of the floor on which they stand; and the top and side plates thereof shall not be set nearer than twelve inches of any wood partition or other wood work, without protecting the same effectually from taking fire, by a metallic or other covering; and no pipe belonging thereto shall be put up, unless it be conducted into a chimney made of brick, stone or other incumbrable material, or, if passing through the wood work or roof of a building, there shall be a space of not less than four inches between the pipe and the wood, and the pipe shall be kept from nearer contact with the wood, by some safe material; and shall project four feet above or beyond the roof or wood work. Provided, the Mayor or any Alderman shall deem a deviation from the above to be equally safe; then to be certified under his hand.

Sec. 4. No person shall be allowed to carry or cause to be carried in any street, thoroughfare or lot of this city, any burning coals or brand of fire, unless the same be in a covered vessel.

Sec. 5. All forge and furnace chimneys or flues shall be raised, at least, four feet above the roof by or through which they pass, and shall have a deadening flue or fire-spark arrester of wire placed on the top or within such chimney or flue.

Sec. 6. The owner or occupant of any house, shop or other building, shall cause the flues or chimneys thereof to be swept or burnt out as often as may be required to keep the same cleaned. In case of burning out flues, it shall be done in the day time, and only when the roof and other surrounding combustibles are wet. Any person suffering the flues of any house occupied by him or her to become foul and take fire, or be fined at any other time than herein specified, shall be liable to the penalties prescribed in the first section of this ordinance.

Sec. 7. It shall be the duty of the Inspector of buildings to examine carefully, under the direction of the City Council, any cause from which immediate danger of fire may be apprehended, and remove or abate, with the consent of the Mayor or any Alderman, (in case of neglect or refusal of the owner or occupant), any cause from which danger may be apprehended, and to cause all buildings, chimneys, stoves, pipes, hearths, ovens, boilers, ash-houses, and other apparatus used in any building which shall be found in such condition as to be considered unsafe, to be, without delay, at the expense of the owner or occupant thereof, put in such condition as not to be dangerous in causing or promoting fires.

Sec. 8. If any person shall obstruct or hinder any person under the direction of the Inspector of Buildings aforesaid in the performance of his duty under the preceding sections, such person, for every such offense, shall forfeit and pay the penalty of twenty-five dollars. Passed, Jan. 7, 1862.

A. O. SMOOT, Mayor. ROBERT CAMPBELL, City Recorder.