# DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

VOL. XIII. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY, TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 2, 1880. NO. 824



THE EVENING NEWS.

*Published every evening except Sunday.*

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| One copy, one year, with Postage | .... | $10.50 |
| " " six months, " | .... | 5.25 |
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THE DESERET NEWS: SEMI-WEEKLY.

*Published every Tuesday and Saturday.*

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STEAM AND GAS FITTER.

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(OFFICIAL.)

## ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES OF MAILS.

ARRIVALS.

| | |
|---|---|
| *East*—Through mail daily | 8 40 p.m. |
| Alta, daily | 5 50 p.m. |
| Parley's Park, Big Cottonwood, and Wanship, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays | 5 00 p.m. |
| Park City, daily except Sunday | 5 00 p.m. |
| Summit and Wasatch counties, Tuesdays and Thursdays | 8 40 p.m. |
| Rich county, Tuesday Thursday and Saturday | 8 40 p.m. |
| Morgan county, daily | 8 40 p.m. |
| *North*—Davis county, daily | 11 40 a.m. |
| Weber county, daily | 8 40 p.m. |
| Ogden, semi-daily, 11 40 a.m. and | 8 40 p.m. |
| Cache and Box Elder counties, daily | 8 40 p.m. |
| Corinne and Kelton, daily | 11 40 a.m. |
| Idaho and Montana, daily | 8 40 p.m. |
| Boise City and Idaho City, daily | 11 40 a.m. |
| *West*—Nevada, California, Oregon, etc | 11 40 a.m. |
| Ophir, Tooele, Stockton, Jacob City, &c | 2 20 p.m. |
| Bingham Canyon, daily | 6 30 p.m. |
| *South*—From Beaver and intermediate points, daily | 5 50 p.m. |
| Pioche, Star and San Francisco districts, daily | 5 50 p.m. |
| St. George and points south of Beaver, alternate days | 5 50 p.m. |
| Sanpete and Sevier counties, daily, except Monday | 5 50 p.m. |
| Cedar Valley, Fairfield and Tintic mining district, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays | 5 50 p.m. |

DEPARTURES.

| | |
|---|---|
| *East*—Through mail, daily | 6 30 a.m. |
| Alta, daily | 6 30 a.m. |
| Parley's Park, Big Cottonwood and Wanship, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays | 7 00 a.m. |
| Park City, daily, except Sunday | 7 00 a.m. |
| Summit and Wasatch counties, Mondays and Fridays | 6 30 a.m. |
| Rich county, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays | 6 30 a.m. |
| Morgan county, daily | 6 30 a.m. |
| *North*—Davis county, daily | 6 30 a.m. |
| Weber county, daily | 6 30 a.m. |
| Ogden, semi-daily 3 30 p.m. & | 6 30 a.m. |
| Cache and Box Elder counties, daily | 6 30 a.m. |
| Corinne and Kelton, daily | 3 30 p.m. |
| Idaho and Montana, daily | 6 30 a.m. |
| Boise City and Idaho City, daily | 3 30 p.m. |
| *West*—Nevada, California, Oregon, etc., daily | 3 30 p.m. |
| Ophir, Tooele, Stockton, Jacob City, etc., daily | 6 30 a.m. |
| Bingham Canyon, daily | 6 30 a.m. |
| *South*—Beaver and intermediate points, daily | 6 30 a.m. |
| Pioche, Star and San Francisco districts, daily | 6 30 am. |
| St. George and points south of Beaver on alternate days | 6 30 a.m. |
| Sanpete and Sevier counties, daily, except Saturdays | 6 30 a.m. |
| Cedar Valley, Fairfield and Tintic mining districts, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays | 6 30 a.m. |

OFFICE HOURS.

General Delivery open from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. Sunday—12.30 to 1.30 p.m.

Money Order and Register Department, from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Outside door open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m.


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Who want glossy, luxuriant and wavy tresses of abundant, beautiful Hair must use LYON'S KATHAIRON. This elegant, cheap article always makes the Hair grow freely and fast, keeps it from falling out, arrests and cures grayness, removes dandruff and itching, makes the Hair strong, giving it a curling tendency and keeping it in any desired position. Beautiful, healthy Hair is the sure result of using Kathairon.

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d62 1m

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Obtained for new inventions, or for improvements on old ones, for medical or other compounds, trade-marks and labels, Caveats, Assignments, Interferences, Appeals, Suits for Infringements, and all cases arising under the PATENT LAWS promptly attended to. ANY REJECTED claims that have been rejected by the Patent Office may still, in most cases, be patented by us. Being opposite the U. S. Patent Department, and engaged in Patent business exclusively, we can make close searches, and secure Patents more promptly, and with broader claims, than those who are remote from Washington.

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C. A. SNOW & CO.,

Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D. C.


WANTED.

A YOUNG WOMAN TO DO GENERAL house work, washing excepted. Apply at this office. d1f

NOTICE.

SALT LAKE CITY, Feb. 21st, 1880.

*To A. F. Weeden, E. C. Williamson and Titus Billings, your heirs and Assigns.*

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT I have expended for you in money the following sums, to wit:

A. F. Weeden, for years ending October 23, 1878-9, fourteen dollars and 7 2-3-100.

E. C. Williamson thirty-three dollars and 33 1-3-100. Titus Billings twenty-six and 66 2-3-100 on the Yellow Jacket No. 2 mine or lode situated in Day's Fork, Big Cottonwood mining district, Salt Lake County, Utah Territory; that being the amount of your respective assessments for the year ending October 23, A. D. 1879, and unless you pay the same within ninety days from date together with the cost of advertising, your interest in said mine or lode will be forfeited to me by operation of law.

S. C. EWING.


CAKES

BRIDES' CAKES AND BIRTHDAY CAKES

Of all kinds and at Prices to suit, at the

PHILADELPHIA COFFEE HOUSE

OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE TO PLEASE the PUBLIC AT THE PHILADELPHIA COFFEE HOUSE. WM. HILL, Proprietor.


## BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

### FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS

#### CONGRESSIONAL.

##### SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 1.—Several petitions were presented for the admission free of duty of substances used in making paper.

Allison, from the committee on appropriations reported favorably the house bill mading an appropriation for the deficiency for the support of certain Indian tribes and will ask its consideration to-morrow; placed on the calendar.

Beck submitted a resolution directing the Secretary of the Treasury to report the amount of appropriations for postal service for the fiscal year, July 1st, 1879 to March 1st, 1880, stating amount paid on each route, and what amount would be required to be paid for all such Star service at rates under contracts now existing for the remainder of the present fiscal year, stating the amount required for each route separately; adopted.

On motion of McDonald, the bill for the relief of John J. Kay and W. G. M. Davis, paying them for certain abandoned and captured property passed.

The bill for the relief of Fitzjohn Porter was temporarily laid aside to permit Hoar to deliver a speech on the bill to revive and continue the Court of Commissioners of Alabama Claims.

At the conclusion of Hoar's remarks Garland gave notice that when the subject comes up again he desires to speak.

Randolph then supported his proposed substitute for a committee bill for the relief of Fitzjohn Porter. The substitute authorizes the President to renominate Porter as Colonel of Infantry, his commission to date from January, 1863, and to retire him according to law.

Randolph reviewed the whole case in detail and said: "We shall show, if it becomes necessary, in this debate that not only did General Porter know the nature of the enemy from which he did not retreat, but that he was apprized thereof by General McDowell, who swore before the court martial that he did not know the nature of the enemy. There is in the War Department, or should be, sketches from McDowell dated before the court martial, giving a statement of such knowledge of the nature of the enemy before him.

At the conclusion of Randolph's speech Logan obtained the floor and stated he did not wish to speak until to-morrow, but in order that wrong impressions might not go out, he deemed it just to say now he thought Randolph's assertion regarding the disagreement between General McDowell's testimony and his report to the War Department would be found to be erroneous.

Randolph—If I find it so I shall make prompt and early reparation. I do not want to do any injustice to General McDowell, but I have had placed in my hands a report of such a date and I certainly have seen Gen. McDowell's testimony of a later date.

Logan—The debate will develop the facts. One other thing I desire to say in behalf of this man who is dead, Douglas Pope, that the Senator will search in vain to find anywhere in the evidence any admission by Douglas Pope that he had made any misstatement on a trial. He swears before the board that he never made such an admission, and the orderly that traveled with him swears positively to the time, route and the whole thing. Both witnesses stated exactly as he did before the court martial.

Randolph—Is it not true that two officers testified he did make just that admission?

Logan—It is true that two officers stated in a casual mess conversation that they understood him to say he had met some one on the road that had misguided him and delayed him. Pope comes forward and emphatically denies this, and so do his orderlies.

Randolph—I have made my statements with care. Facts will be developed in the course of debate.

Logan—Certainly. Of course I do not mean to insinuate the Senator made any misrepresentation. He and I understand the evidence differently. Adjourned.

##### HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 1.—Bills were referred as follows:

By Chittenden—Providing that after the 1st of July next the duties on carpeting and carpet rugs of every description shall be limited to 50 per cent. ad valorem in all cases where higher duties are now imposed.

By Aiken—To encourage the cultivation of tea plants.

By Muldrow—Appealing all acts granting lands in the Indian Territory to railroads, conditioned on the extinguishment of Indian titles.

By Ellis (by request)—Extending for 10 years the time for the completion of the Texas Pacific railroad.

By Converse—For the survey and disposal of public lands.

By Turner—A bill abolishing all tariff duties on printing types, trace chains and agricultural implements.

By Willis—To regulate commerce between States.

By Atkins—Placing wood and straw pulp and chemicals used in the manufacture of paper on the free list.

By Townsend, of Illinois—Placing printing type and paper on the free list.

By Springer—Calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for a statement of salaries, acts, emoluments and expenses of George F. Seward and O. H. Bradford from the date of the former's appointment as Minister to China up to the close of the last quarter.

By Morrison—Declaring it unlawful for the Secretary of the Treasury to withhold from immediate publication statistics relating to the importation or shipment of grain, provisions or other merchandise imported into or shipped from the United States.

By Clark—For the erection in Washington, of a monument to General Custer and officers and privates of the Seventh Cavalry who were killed in the battle of the Little Big Horn.

By Page—Admitting steam plow machinery duty free.

By Berry—Repealing the duty on grain bags and gunny cloth; to abolish the tax on apple and peach brandy, etc.

By Lowe—To refund the cotton tax; referred to the committee on ways and means.

The Speaker announced that unfinished business was not in order; overruled.

The Speaker said he must recognize the committees before Mr. Weaver.

Weaver said the unjust impression created by Mr. Nast's cartoon had gone abroad and that the Speaker was turning his back on him (Weaver.)

The Speaker said he diregarded such criticisms.

Weaver asked unanimous consent for a vote on his resolution.

McLane objected.

A night session was ordered for March 3d, and the 19th bill passed appropriating $550,000 for the post-office in Baltimore.

McLane moved to suspend the rules and consider the bill amending the Pacific Railroad sinking fund act approved May 7th, 1878. He explained the bill, but did not conclude, and the bill will come up next Monday. Adjourned.

### AMERICAN.

#### FROM THE CAPITAL.

##### Star Service Investigation.

WASHINGTON, 1.—Senators Wallace, Beck and Booth, as a sub-committee of the Senate committee on appropriations, last Saturday examined Generals Key and Brady of the Postoffice Department and Monroe Salisbury, of San Francisco, on the subject of the Star service deficiency, and a full stenographic report of the proceedings is given to the public to-day.

Mr. Salisbury in behalf of the firm of Gilmore, Salisbury & Co., obtained permission to be heard by this subcommittee on the strength of a letter which is incorporated in their report in which he stated he had been denied a hearing by the House committee, and that the provisions and the circumstances of the passage of the House bill were alike extraordinary and unjust. During his examination he informed the committee that his firm are contractors for the service on about 5,000 miles of mail routes, including the routes extending through Dakota from the Union Pacific railroad to the Black Hills, the trunk route running through Southern Utah and Nevada, the Kelton and Walla Walla route, and a number of long routes in California and Arizona. Referring to the oft repeated assertions as to the existence of a Contractors' Union, he pronounced them absolutely false, and declared that there was not, and so far as he knows never has been any combination among large contractors either for legitimate or illegitimate purposes. He said that men of means unquestionably get most of the laws passed by the Congress which deprive poor men and men of moderate means of the privilege of bidding. Under existing laws bidders are compelled to deposit five per cent. of the amount of their bids. When over $5,000 they have to give double sets of securities, and fine and imprisonment are the penalties for failing to perform the service. A single route at the last general letting required a certified check for $15,000 and double sets of securities in $6,000 each. When we came to the last quarterly letting I was fortunate enough to have a little means and I have some friends, so I bid on one very important route in the United States. I deposited in the postoffice, I think, from $100,000 to $200,000 in certified checks. I got my friends to assist me. I had some friends in California—Haggin, Tevis and other gentlemen—who have a large quantity of real estate, to go on my bonds to the amount of several millions of dollars. I bid on hundreds of routes in that way, while the unfortunate man could not bid on more than one or two routes, and when I bid on hundreds I was more likely to get more routes than the man who bid only on two, especially when I am familiar with the whole western country, and know precisely what I can do, and have the stock ready to put on the route. That explains it.

Was there no understanding or arrangement among the contractors on the subject.

I never so far have had any experience. We fight each other fiercely for the mail contracts. I have always fought my own battles alone without any help from any quarter.

Salisbury illustrated the rapid growth of the western country and the consequent necessity for increasing the service from time to time as follows: I ran my first stage line over the run from the Union Pacific Railroad to the Black Hills, a distance of about 300 miles. I started it about four years ago, I think. When I first commenced my mails, perhaps, would not amount to 100 pounds weight in a week. Now on the same line I am transporting daily from 1,000 pounds to a ton, and that increase operates very frequently through that western country on all our lines. With reference to the argument that the provisions of the House bill, requiring the annulment of contracts for increased service, are not unjust to contractors, because they took their contracts subject to annulment on one month's pay, he insisted that although this was true in the letter, it was false in fact, for the reason that the performance of such contracts for increased frequency expedited the speed and involved great additional expenditures on the part of contractors which they would not have entered into if they thought there was any possibility of the abrogation of the contracts except for such causes as the extension of railroads, and he also remarked concerning this provision of the House bill, that it not only curtails the expenditures, but takes away from us our pay after we have established ourselves on these routes. He paid for hundreds of stations, had bought thousands of heads of horses, but this provision reduces us back again to such a schedule and such a rate of speed that no business man will patronize us. Such men cannot afford the time nor endure the hardships it would take to go over a route of that kind. The merchants who patronize us to a great extent with heavy and bulky freight that cannot go through the mails, except when they can save six, eight or ten days by doing it, will patronize a freight company that makes almost the same time. We would carry it at a much less rate. It not only takes our mail away from us, but ruins our business after we have established it.

The indications at a meeting of the full Senate committee to-day were that the bill would be amended so as to provide for the continuance of all existing services without any detention whatever, but the committee will also recommend the adoption of a resolution censuring the Postoffice Department for extravagant and improper use of its discretionary power.

Postmaiter General Key and Assistant Postmaster General Brady informed the committee that according to their latest estimates, including an estimate of $209,000 for fines and deductions from contractors, a deficiency appropriation of $1,500,000 will be sufficient to meet the requirements of the existing service and probably allow something for an increase, although not nearly so much as they think the rapid development of the western country will demand. They have also informed the committee that out of the amount granted by the House bill, $1,070,000, not less than $300,000 would have to be given to contractors as one month extra pay without service, this being the penalty prescribed by law against the government in every case of abrogation of the mail contracts, whereas, an appropriation of $1,500,000 would enable the department to maintain all existing service.

##### Congressional News in Brief.

The United States Supreme Court convened to-day, after a recess of four weeks, and devoted the entire afternoon to the reading of opinions.

The Supreme Court has given a decision in the case of Taylor Strouder, plaintiff in error, vs. the State of West Virginia. The question involved was the constitutionality of an act of the West Virginia legislature, excluding colored citizens from jury service in the courts of that State. This Court holds that when a colored citizen is tried for his life by a jury from which citizens of his own race are excluded, he is denied equal protection of the law guaranteed by the third clause of the Constitution, and that a State statute denying him such right is repugnant to said constitutional provision. The judgment of the Supreme Court of Appeals of West Virginia is reversed. Justice Strong delivered the opinion, Justice Field dissenting.

The House committee on war claims has decided to report adversely on 25 claims, aggregating $500,000.

Arguments were begun before the House committee on private land claims to-day in the McGarrihan case.

At a meeting to-day of the House committee on coinage, weights and measures, Stephens obtained leave to report favorably a bill establishing an assay agency in Arizona. A favorable report was ordered to be made to the House on Vance's bill for the retirement of the trade dollar.

The total coinage of the various mints during February was $8,169,969, of which $3,300,400 were silver dollars.

Senator Randolph, in a speech supporting his substitute for the committee bill for the relief of Fitzjohn Porter, declared it was now proved by unquestionable testimony that the principal witness against Porter in the first trial deliberately perjured himself, and a supporting witness confessed to his false statement, and that he (Randolph) knew personally that President Lincoln intended to grant a rehearing of his case.

The public debt statement shows a decrease of the public debt during February to be $5,67,019; cash in the treasury, $196,351,653; gold certificates, $10,083,609; silver certificates, $9,369,920; certificates of deposit outstanding, $11,485,000; refunding certificates, $18,883,950; legal tenders outstanding, $346,681,016; fractional currency outstanding, $1,363,231,108.

From the present outlook it is difficult to see how Congress can possibly adjourn before the middle of June. The only effective impetus which may be given to an earlier adjournment is the fact that the members may want to get home to look after their chances for renomination, which are usually made late in May or early in June.

The Senate Committee on foreign relations has unanimously approved the terms of the proposed treaty with France for the settlement of claims of citizens of either country against the government of the other. It has been favorably reported to the Senate in executive session, and is on the calendar for action. It is now estimated that the valid claims be presented under it will amount to about $2,000,000 on each side.

General Howard has reached here from Oregon. He will be examined during the week by Senator Bruce's committee on the affairs of the Freedmen's Bank. It was deemed just by the committee that he should have an opportunity of explaining the transactions of the bank during the period when he held official relations to it.

##### Shipping Disasters.

NEW YORK, 1.—The steamer *Alexandria*, arrived to-day from Mediterranean ports, brings the intelligence that a Wilson line steamer, the *Hindoo*, bound from New York for Hull, was abandoned on February 22nd, in latitude 51.50 and longitude 41.09 on her beam ends, with funnel gone and decks swept. Her first and second officers and quartermaster had been washed overboard, the remainder of the crew and fifty-three passengers were taken on board the *Alexandria* and brought to this port. The *Alexandria* also on February 16th fell in with the brig *Julia* from Porto Cello for Swansea in a sinking condition and took off her crew, eight in number.

##### Sunday Performance Stopped.

The Sunday law was enforced again yesterday. The Thalia Theatre Company attempted to give "See Cadet," at the Central Park Garden, to-night. An immense audience had gathered, when the captain of police stopped the proceedings. The audience, which dispersed quietly, were given tickets for the next performance at the Thalia.

##### A Corner in Quinine.

The *Tribune* points out that although Congress repealed the duty on quinine many months ago, the price of that article is still as high as before. This only people who are profiting by the present state of affairs are foreign manufacturers, who undersell American makers enough to command the market, and who, while having a great advantage of free raw material, are getting high American prices.

##### Storms on the Sea.

Yesterday brought into port more than 50 vessels, and among them all those whose delay in arrival has caused anxiety. Some of these went through severe storms, and sustained considerable damage.

##### The Presidential Choice.

CHICAGO, 1.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says: Correspondents for country newspapers here have just received returns to letters sent to country papers in 13 States, largely in the West, but including Pennsylvania, New York and Massachusetts, showing the following footings as to preferences for President:

Republicans, first choice—Blaine, 216; Grant, 99; Sherman, 32; Washburne, 28; Edmunds, 15; Hayes, 6; Garfield, 2; Conkling, 95.

Second choice—Blaine, 115; Grant, 43; Sherman, 62, Washburne, 44; Edmunds, 11. This gives Blaine for the first choice a majority over all of 39.

Democrats, for the first choice—Thurman, 23; Seymour, 81; Hancock, 25; Bayard, 57; Tilden, 42; Hendricks, 29.

Second choice—Thurman, 28; Seymour, 50; Bayard, 21; Tilden, 21; Hancock, 83; Hendricks, 17; Palmer, 4. The value of this estimate lies in its impartiality.

##### Great Loss of Stock.

SAN FRANCISCO, 1.—A Silver City, Idaho dispatch says: The recent severe storm has resulted in great loss of stock in Malheur, Jordan, Reynold's Creek, and other winter ranges in Idaho and Eastern Oregon. It is estimated that the loss already in these and adjoining valleys reaches nearly 20,000 head and the losses will continue.

##### To Defend Indian Territory.

ST. LOUIS, 1.—Two companies of United States troops have been sent to Caldwell, in Sumner County, Kansas, to assist in preventing the contemplated invasion of the Indian Territory. These are additional to those sent to Coffeyville.


*45 Years before the Public.*

THE GENUINE DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS

are not recommended as a remedy "for all the ills that flesh is heir to," but in affections of the Liver, and in all Bilious Complaints, Dyspepsia, and Sick Headache, or diseases of that character, they stand without a rival.

ACUE AND FEVER.

No better cathartic can be used preparatory to, or after taking quinine. As a simple purgative they are unequaled.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

The genuine are never sugar-coated. Each box has a red-wax seal on the lid, with the impression, McLANE'S LIVER PILL. Each wrapper bears the signatures of C. McLANE and FLEMING BROS.

☞ Insist upon having the genuine Dr. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, prepared by

FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa., the market being full of imitations of the name *McLane*, spelled differently, but same pronunciation.


LAND CLAIMS.

PARTIES ABOUT TO MAKE FINAL proofs, or who have any kind of land business to attend to, will do well to call at the office of CHAS. W. STAYNER, south of Z. C. M. I., Salt Lake City, U. T., before going to the Land Office or elsewhere. He will give information how to proceed, FREE OF COST. d&ew

NOTICE.

THE SEMI-ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution, will be held in the Council House, in this City, on Monday, April 5th, 1880, at 2 o'clock p.m., for the transaction of such business as may be brought before the meeting.

Stock transfer books will be closed on the 1st of March and reopened on the 6th of April next. THOS. G. WEBBER, Secretary and Treasurer.

Salt Lake City, Feb. 18, 1880. td


MEAT! MEAT!!

J. WILLIAMSON,

Of the Cedar Valley Meat Market, has opened a branch market at

NO. 75 SECOND SOUTH STREET,

Just west of the Idaho Store, at the old

FAMILY MEAT MARKET

For the better accomodation of his friends in that part of the city. He will keep a

Choice Supply of Meats

In season, which he will deliver *free* to his patrons.

TO COUNTRY AND OTHER BUYERS.

Full Line Samples of

BOOTS & SHOES,

From Porter, Openheimer & Slessinger, 117 Battery Street, San Francisco. Same prices and terms as the largest buyers. Tannery, Santa Cruz.

STOVES direct from the Works. Agent for Mueleam & Retterer, Chicago.

The Largest and Most Varied Stock of STOVES west of New York.

Parties wanting a Stove either for public or private use can have one or more sent direct at WHOLESALE PRICE.

Buyers can see all the above firm's new designs at my office.

RICHARD GOODHIND, Agent.

1,000 tons Dry Milling Salt. Prices lower than the lowest.

1,000 tons Snow White Table Salt, all sized bags.

Burlap Hand-Sewed Ore Sacks, from 11½ cents.

Hand-sewn Home-made Burlap Duck Ore Sacks, from 13½ cents.

Agents for Eastern Brown Duck Ore Sacks for high grade Ores.

☞ Orders from the Interior promptly attended to.

RICHARD GOODHIND,

Office and Manufactory, 99 Kimball Block, First South Street.

Ho! for the Holidays!

STEARNS,

OF THE

NEW YORK CANDY STORE!

Has on hand AN IMMENSE STOCK of

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY

FOR THE

HOLIDAY TRADE.

*Christmas-Tree Ornaments, Sugar Toys, Cornucopias, and everything in the line for the stocking business.*

PILES AND PILES OF

HOME-MADE CANDIES

Made Fresh Every Day.

*Ornamented Cakes for Weddings and Parties, Suppers furnished, etc.*

H. O. STEARNS,

dtf MAIN STREET.

U. S. DEPOSITORY.

DESERET NATIONAL BANK,

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