TELEGRAPHIC.

HILL AND BRYAN.

People Wonder Why They Are Going to Lunch Together.

AN EPOCH IN THE CAMPAIGN.

Only a Matter of Courtesy to the Distinguished Visitor in Albany.

UPPER RED HOOK, N. Y., Aug. 23.—The fact that William J. Bryan, Democratic candidate for the Presidency, will lunch with Senator Hill, the leader of the party organization in this state, became known today to the little party at the Red Hook hotel, and inspired more discussion than any other incident of the candidates entire trip. Every one assumes that Senator Hill has received to support the nominee of the party, else, they argue, he would hardly invite him to sit at his table. And the lunch is taken as a practical announcement of Hill's determination, which is expected to be followed by a more formal declaration of the senator's attitude. Mr. Bryan will arrive in Albany Tuesday afternoon, and will have two hours for refreshments before the speech which he is billed to make. He will spend two hours, according to the program, which has been arranged for him, at Wolfert's Roost, the handsome residence which Senator Hill bought of Fred Emmett, the actor. This visit having been arranged, that the Democratic candidate and the Senator may come to an understanding, if they have not already done so, will mark a distinct epoch in the campaign.

The invitation from Senator Hill, which came, it is understood, through Chairman Hinckley of the state committee, is taken by the politicians here as an answer to the question which has stirred the state since the day of the Chicago convention, whether Senator Hill will support its ticket.

Tomorrow Mr. Bryan will go to Wiuimunk Lodge, in the Catskills, to pass the night with State Chairman Hinckley and other party managers of the state organization, and to discuss with them the plans of the campaign.

BENEFIT A MATTER OF COURTESY.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 23.—Former Senator Norton Chase, the chairman of the Democratic city committee, was asked today whether he knew anything about the story that Mr. Bryan was to be entertained by Senator Hill at Wolfert's Roost while at Albany, Mr. Chase said: "Yes, as a matter of personal courtesy to the distinguished visitor is Albany, Senator Hill, through the committee, has invited Mr. Bryan and his wife and a few personal friends to dine with him at Wolfert's Roost on Tuesday afternoon, and Mr. Bryan has accepted the invitation."

Asked whether Senator Hill would preside at the meeting to be held in City Hall Square when Mr. Bryan makes a speech, Mr. Chase said: "The question is to be very simple in character and of brief duration. Mr. Bryan will not speak for more than half an hour, and possibly not longer than twenty minutes. Almost immediately after he finishes it will be necessary for Mr. Bryan to start for the station. The people will be anxious only to hear the Democratic candidate for President. No one could address a large a multitude in advance of Mr. Bryan with advantage, and after he concludes his address it is hoped that every one will wish to shake Mr. Bryan's hand. So there will be no much confusion, and we think it impossible to have a speaker follow him. While the citizens of Albany are always delighted to hear the distinguished fellow townsman, Senator Hill, the committee of arrangements does not think it best to ask Senator Hill to preside at this time."

A Question of Treaty Rights.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—On the suggestion of the governments of Sweden and Norway the state department is looking into the treaty rights of foreign nations to have their merchant ships enjoy certain privileges which the American laws give to American ships. The matter is one of most also to interested in the question, and its determination would apply to the extensive merchant marine service of Great Britain and the navy with the United States. The question has arisen in connection with a comparatively minor law passed by the last Congress, which provided that small packages imported into this country by vessels of the United States should be exported to their ultimate destination in the country by not having to go into bonded warehouses at the port of arrival. It applies to presents and small personal packages sent from abroad, and not to the bulk of merchandise.

Secretary Carlisle has proceeded to execute the law, although the fulminations has been that he would suspend the law because it was in conflict with treaty rights. Treasury officials take the ground, however, that the question of treaties is not for them to decide, and their only duty is to enforce the law as they find it. They received a letter from the state department calling attention to the desire of the foreign governments to be included in the privileges of the law, to which the treasury department replies that the law gives no authority to extend the privileges beyond the ships of the United States. This leaves the question to be determined by the state department, where the navigation and shipping providers of various treaties with foreign countries are being looked into.

SMITH'S RESIGNATION.

Difference of Opinion Between Hill and the President.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—The news that Secretary Hoke Smith had resigned and that his resignation had been accepted by the President, which was exclusively announced by the Associated Press yesterday afternoon, created a considerable stir in political circles here today, although the probability of Mr. Smith's retirement had been in a measure, anticipated ever since his paper, the Atlanta Journal, declared that it would support Bryan and Sewall. Mr. Smith will continue to discuss the subject today, but it is known that the personal relations between the President and Mr. Smith have in no way been disturbed. Mr. Smith's resignation, he intends say, grew out of his differences with his chief on the question of party policy and his desire not to embarrass the President at such a time. Beyond the question of his exemption of party loyalty in acquiescing in the will of the majority, Mr. Smith during his campaign for the gold standard in Georgia against ex-Speaker Crisp had made a pronouncement that he would if elected support the nomination of the convention. As an honorable man, his friends say, he felt it his duty to redeem that pledge.

THE CUBAN INSURRECTION.

Gomez Promises to Sweep the Island from End to End.

HAVANA, Aug. 23.—Col. Tort, learning that the insurgents were encamping in the vicinity of Gomez, in the province of Matanzas, ordered a cavalry charge on that part of the Spanish forces. The result, according to the official advices, was a decisive victory over the insurgents. The Cubans were compelled to fly for their lives. They left nineteen dead on the field, including Dr. Bacalao and Lawyer Gaitin. Two prisoners and a large quantity of ammunition were captured.

According to official advices received here, 130 insurgents were wounded at the recent engagement at Bayamo.

Capt. Gen. Weyler is about to issue a decree placing certain institution and prohibitions upon the next sugar and coffee crops. By this plan he hopes to deprive the insurgents of their resources and bring the planters to the support of Spain. Capt. Gen. Weyler also announced his intention, as soon as reinforcements arrive from Spain, to organize a big force and sweep the island from end to end. By this means he hopes to speedily put an end to the present insurrection.

Reports have been received to the effect that the band of the Cuban leader Zarraga had attacked an exploring train in the province of Pinar del Rio. Twelve soldiers were wounded.

A NOW IN THE REBEL GOVERNMENT.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—The World this morning publishes the following special correspondence, dated Havana, Cuba, August 19:

Courriers have just arrived with news of a crisis in the provincial government of the Republic of Cuba.

There has been much friction for months between several high officers. The climax came July 25th, when the town quartermaster became rather jealous of the president. Col. Manuloy, acting secretary of war, resented this and drew his revolver supposedly to avenge the insult to his chief. The quartermaster also had supporters, and for an hour an armed scene prevailed inside. But the venerable president, aided by the cooler heads present, quickly restored a semblance of peace. The affair created much feeling, however, and were deeply wounded, and immediately announced his resignation.

All that night the provincial government was in great danger of tumultuous dissolution, but the next morning all complaints were heard. Differences were adjusted and President Cisneros withdrew his resignation. Trouble is over, for the present at least, and the wheels of the government are running smoothly.

Stoneham for a Race.

BANGOR, Me., Aug. 23.—Charles Potter, stable at Stoneham, was accidentally killed Saturday at Deer Island by C. T. Raines, of Boston, a boy of fifteen years. Raines, a nephew of the late statesman James G. Blaine, Potter was mistaken for a bear. He was guiding the party of which young Blaine was a member.

THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

American Exhibitors of a Disagreeable Point of Location.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 23.—The French government is reported perfecting details for the international exposition to be held in Paris in 1900, commemorating the birth of the century, and in this connection has asked the state department for the name of the commissioner general who will represent the United States and for other information as to the participation of this country. To this Acting Secretary Rockhill has replied that the commissioner general has not been issued, as the American Congress took no steps at its recent session to provide for American representation at the exposition. He expressed the belief, however, that the approaching session of Congress will bring about an acceptance of the invitation of the French republic.

President Cleveland called the attention of Congress to the invitation in his annual message last December, and expressed the most earnest hope that steps would be taken for an adequate representation by the United States. But Congress acts slowly on these affairs, and no specific action was enacted, the idea being that it would be time enough to consider the matter at a period of time before 1900. It appears, however, that Great Britain, Germany and other leading powers have been quick to act, and the French government is alluding space to these countries. American exhibitors are beginning to make inquiries as to where their goods will go, but as no space has been given to them. The prospect is that the best space will be taken before the United States accepts the invitation and makes application for space. This was the case at the last exposition, when American exhibitors were at much disadvantage to point of location.

FARMERS FIGHT.

Smashed on Trestles Engines Their Rush at Each Other.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 23.—A special to the Times from Leavenworth, Kan., says:

Six miles west of Tonganoxie, in Jefferson county, two farmers engaged in battle Saturday afternoon, mounted on traction engines. Ava result one man was mortally injured and both engines were wrecked. The threshers, one named Peet and the other named Stevens, agreed to do a job of threshing for John Earhart, who, through a misunderstanding, had engaged both men to do the work. It happened that both of the threshers arrived at the farm at the same time, approaching the main gate from opposite directions. At the gateway they stopped their traction engines and a quarrel ensued. Then both started to clamor through the gate at the same moment. A collision resulted. Then both engines backed all again and began jockeying for positions. Another rush for the gate followed, with throttles wide open. The result was a terrific collision. One engine was thrown into the air and fell back upon the other. Stevens was caught between his engine and the water-tank and so badly crushed that he cannot live. The other engineer escaped. There have been no arrests.

Questions Put to Aligold.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—Ex-Congressman William S. Forman has written Gov. A. P. Aligold a sensational open letter, in which he makes various charges of recklessness in the handling of state money and declares that he as a Democrat cannot support the governor for re-election. Among other questions, Mr. Forman asks the governor:

"Why did you place the price of the nomination of state treasurer at the Peoria convention at $10,000, the money to be used to help your re-election?"

"Why did you borrow $50,000 to $60,000 of Reuben Ramsey, state treasurer, now deceased, without paying interest?"

"What became of your bills, if there were any, between the time of official sealing of the state treasury vaults after Ramsey's death, and his opening of the same when a successor was chosen?"

Mr. Forman cites instances in which Aligold has borrowed hundreds of thousands of dollars to run the state institutions, paying as high as 7 per cent interest, and asks: "Did of what appropriation have you paid the thousands of dollars of interest, or to be more explicit, under what appropriation do you propose to cover up?"

The letter declares that the governor had practically wrecked the Democratic party in Illinois.

Took Her Husband's Money.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 23.—Family trouble caused William Hagan, expressman of Denver, Colo., to separate from his wife two months ago. Mrs. Hagan came to Kansas City with her two children and went to live with her mother, Mrs. Anna Hart, at 224 West Fifth street. Friday Mrs. Hagan arrived in town. He brought $1,000 with him and Mrs. Hagan seemed pleased to see him. But the family was not reunited long. Yesterday Hagan swore about $—— over his money, his wife was gone with $400 of the money. Hagan supposes the case to the police, but their investigation proved that Mrs. Hagan had been taken across the river to the Kansas side in a hack, and from there she and her brother's Santa Fe train for Denver.

Shafter's Successful Mission.

FILLMORE, Aug. 23.—The mission of Gen. Cecil Rhodes to the Matabeles is reported to be a pronounced success. The natives have yielded, and the war is considered at an end. Cecil has also inspired the confidence of the Matabele chiefs by going among them unarmed. The chiefs complained that all wrongs by the entire police privileges in the territory, and Rhodes promised them redress in this respect would be inaugurated at once. Earl Grey, who was appointed to administer the affairs of the new province under the British South African company, believes that the surrender of the natives was practically unconditional.

Nansen's Next Expedition.

CHRISTIANIA, Aug. 23.—It is reported that Dr. Nansen intends to undertake an expedition to the north coast of Siberia, in search of the south pole before returning to the Arctic regions.

DISORDERS IN SPAIN.

Revolutionary Placards Cause Conflicts Between the Troops and Peasants.

BARCELONA, Aug. 22.—After a serious and troubled day, during which many minor conflicts between the police and the populace occurred, the troops occupied the suburbs of the Spanish army in Cuba embarked on board the boats in the harbor. The police finally succeeded in scraping the placards which had been posted calling upon the people and soldiers to revolt. A large number of women, incited to disorder by the supporters of the Cuban insurgents, made a pronounced demonstration against the departure of the troops for Cuba. These demonstrations by the female portion of the people were with difficulty suppressed.

BARCELONA, Aug. 22.—A manifesto has been scattered broadcast urging the troops now under orders to reinforce the Spanish army in Cuba to refuse to embark, and telling them to resist all attempts to compel them to leave Spain. The people are also urged to rebel against the government, thus preventing the departure of the soldiers. Several arrests have already been made, and the government has taken extra precautions to insure the departure of the troops as planned and to suppress the threatened disorder.

The Premier, Senor Canovas del Castillo, in an interview today, is quoted as saying that the government had instructed the governor of the Philippine islands, Capt. General R. Blanco, to act energetically in the matter of the intrigues and to watch the movements. If necessary, the premier added, the garrisons of the island will be reinforced.

Campaign of Destruction.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—The World tomorrow morning will say: A campaign of total destruction to property will shortly be inaugurated in Cuba by the Cubans. The provisional government of the Republic has so ordained in a proclamation dated in the province of Santiago, July 15th. Its object is to deprive a hostile object is to be gained. The loss of an immense cash income is expected to abridge Spain's resources, and to so embarrass the island with a wilderness to compel her to withdraw her armies.

All classes of property, whether belonging to natives or to Spaniards alike, as all pay tribute to Spain. The destruction is laid entirely on the head of the further and complete ruin for Spain of the prominent power of Cuba.

The proclamation further prohibits preparation for the coming sugar season, either in planting, cultivation or in the sugar mills, or further than grinding during the coming season, and holds all planters who disobey all or any part of the provisions of the instructions subject to the penalty of death.

The property of all dissenters is to be confiscated and sold at the close of the war to satisfy the indemnities of the Spanish. Confiscation may, by this proclamation, be applied to the house and lands of those who merely have the "infatuation" to violate its provisions.

Gen. Gomez is commanded to notify all the military commanders to begin at once the rigid enforcement of these provisions.

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STANDARD GUAGE.
CURRENT TIME TABLE Effective June 1, 1896.
Leave Salt Lake City
No. 1—For Ogden, Provo, Grand Junction and all points west ... 7:00 a. m.
No. 4—For Provo, Grand Junction and points west ... 7:40 a. m.
No. 5—For Ogden and intermediate points ... 4:30 p. m.
No. 6—For Ogden, St. Thomas, Moab, Salina, Richfield and points south ... 1:30 p. m.
No. 8—For Ogden, Provo, Provo Junction and intermediate points ... 5:00 p. m.
No. 2—For Ogden and the West ... 11:45 p. m.
No. 3—For Ogden and the East ... 12:30 p. m.
Arrive Salt Lake City
No. 1—From Ogden, Provo, Grand Junction and points west ... 10:05 a. m.
No. 4—From Provo, Grand Junction and points west ... 11:40 a. m.
No. 5—From Ogden and intermediate points ... 1:05 p. m.
No. 6—From Ogden, St. Thomas, Moab, Salina, Richfield and points south ... 3:05 p. m.
No. 8—From Ogden, Provo, Provo Junction and intermediate points ... 10:15 a. m.
No. 2—From Ogden and the West ... 6:00 p. m.
No. 3—From Ogden and the East ... 6:45 p. m.
Through sleeper on Denver Express leaving Salt Lake City to San Francisco and Salt Lake City to Kansas City and Colorado points.
Through sleeper or family sleeper without change, to Kansas City, Chicago and Boston.
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Time table in effect August 2, 1896.
Trains leave Salt Lake City as follows:
Trains leave Hot Springs as follows:
Connections made at Garfield with Rio Grande Western.
Connections made at Hot Springs with Salt Lake City and Ogden trains.
Hot Springs is the Sunset Route to Lagoon (including admission fee).
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7:00 a.m. Overland Express for Chicago, Omaha, Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis, Ogden and Pacific points.
4:00 p.m. Pacific Express for San Francisco, Ogden, Denver, Omaha, Chicago and points east.
4:00 p.m. Local express for Ogden and intermediate points.
7:00 p.m. Night express for Chicago, Omaha, Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis, Ogden, Portland, San Francisco.
7:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m. for Provo, Nephi, Milford, Frisco and points south.
11:45 a.m. Mixed train to Garfield Beach, Tooele and intermediate points.
ARRIVE
8:00 a.m. Overland Express from Chicago, Omaha, Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis, Ogden and Pacific points.
4:00 p.m. Pacific Express from San Francisco, Ogden, Denver, Omaha, Chicago and points east.
6:45 a.m. Local express from Ogden and intermediate points.
8:00 p.m. Night express from Portland, San Francisco, Ogden, Denver, Omaha, Chicago and intermediate points.
10:30 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. for Provo, Nephi, Milford, Frisco and points south.
11:45 a.m. Mixed train from Garfield Beach, Tooele and intermediate points.
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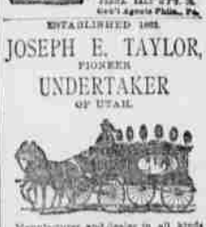
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Is now open. All our new goods are in, and this season's creations surpass all I ever years—nothing like them have ever been seen in this city. New goods from all over the world are here.

THE BLACK DRESS STUFFS INCLUDE JACQUARD, BOLIVIAS, NIGGER HEADS, CREPONS, MOHAIRS, MOHAIR WEAVES, LIZARD CLOTHS, ETAMINES, ETC.

THE COLORED DRESS STUFFS INCLUDE FANCY NOVELTIES IN ROUGH EFFECTS, SCOTCH MIXTURES, BUTTON CHECKS, MOHAIR TOPS, ZIBELINES, MIXED AND PLAIN ETAMINES, MOHAIR PUFFS, CHEVIOTS, ETC.

$25,000 worth of new silks alone, in all the latest effects—Cameleons, Sunstone effects, Roman stripes, Taffetas—25 different colors and blendes.

New Trimmings. New Garnitures.

COME AND SEE THEM.

Walker Brothers Dry Goods Co.