

THE DESERET NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 28. SALT LAKE CITY, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 18, 1869. VOL. XVIII.

ESTABLISHED 1850.

THE DESERET NEWS, WEEKLY

ONE COPY, ONE YEAR, \$5.00.

THE DESERET NEWS, SEMI-WEEKLY

ONE COPY, ONE YEAR, \$8.00.

THE DESERET EVENING NEWS

ONE COPY, ONE YEAR, \$10.00.

GEO. Q. CANNON,

Editor and Publisher,

Salt Lake City, Utah Territory.

Bishop WILLIAM BUDGE, is authorized to act as GENERAL AGENT for the DESERET NEWS throughout Cache County.

*Elder GEORGE FARNWORTH of Mount Pleasant, is appointed GENERAL AGENT for the DESERET NEWS and JUVENILE INSTRUCTOR for Sanpete County.

Special Notices.

Statement Blanks for sale at this Office. See advertisement in another column. s&wtf

Having lately received extensive additions to our already large and varied stock, in the shape of type, presses, &c., &c., our facilities for executing all kinds of Job Work in the best and most improved styles have been greatly increased. Co-operative and other establishments can be supplied with plain or tinted Order and Receipt Books, Certificates of Stock, and every kind of work. Orders from the city and the country settlements are respectfully solicited.

We have received one of the latest improved ruling machines, and are, therefore, prepared to do all kinds of ruling according to order, on the shortest notice. s&wtf

WARRANTEE DEEDS for sale.—The citizens of this Territory are now in possession of all the rights and privileges accruing from the enjoyment of the Pre-emption and Homestead Laws, and hereafter all transfers of titles to land will have to be effected by means of Warrantee Deeds, instead of the Quit Claim Transfer Deeds heretofore used. In view of the demand for such documents, we wish to inform the public that we have them on hand, at this office, in legal form, and are prepared to sell them singly, or otherwise, at very low rates, to suit purchasers. d&w

"Why No?" Why should not Burnett's Cocaine for the Hair be superior to the best French oils?

"Burnett's Florinel is a Perfume remarkable for delicacy, freshness and purity."—*Christian Guardian*, Toronto.

Grocers, Spice Dealers, and Druggists, all sell Burnett's Flavoring Extracts.

Burnett's Kalliston is a Beautifier of the Complexion and a refreshing Toilet Water finely perfumed.—*Providence Press*.

Asthma. No established remedy for this disease has withstood critical tests so well as Whitcomb's Asthma Remedy. w28:1

Correspondence.

ST. THOMAS, ARIZONA,
July 21st, 1869.

Editor *Deseret News*.—While our northern brethren live in the midst of the busy scenes of a railroad-traversed country and enjoying the progress consequent upon the recent great change, we, here in the valley of the Muddy, are going along at the common pace of newly-formed places which struggle for the chances of subsistence and toil to subjugate the desolation of a barren wilderness to the use of civilized man. Our spirits harmonize with the great progressive movements of the age; but our physical powers are engaged in battling with the difficulties of the desert, and our labors are devoted to the preparation of homes which we expect to be enlivened at some future time by the commerce of the great Colorado and the

extension of the Utah Central to the navigable waters of this great Western affluent.

Our wheat crops were harvested some weeks ago, and were below the average, caused by scarcity of water, which we have been compelled to remedy by wresting another stream of water from a swamp which it was heretofore lost. Our settlements are as healthy as can be found in similar climes in any country; the work known here is a periodical migratory fever which causes the people annually to travel north about as soon as the summer commences, or as soon as they get their wheat stacked up, to return (some few) late in the fall. This malady is our greatest trouble; as every man has enough work to do, it is very plain that twenty-five men cannot do what was planned for seventy-five, and the progress of the whole is seriously impeded. It is thought here that some of the pa's and ma's of the sick might apply a healing balm and help a little in turning back the tide of the desert-ers. It is very true that there are discouragements presented here that require faithful spirits to face, especially the locality of St. Joseph, where a dry bench of driftsand has been attempted to be made into a town, and to which the people have to draw the water with teams, as it refuses to run there in a ditch on account of the porousness of the bottom and the perpetual traveling of the banks of the ditch before every breeze. The people who have stayed there have manifested a persevering obstinacy worthy of a better chance, and it is hoped that ere long the difficulty will be overcome in one way or other, either by locating on more favorable ground or by controlling the present one, which seems very difficult.

This valley has produced since its first settlement four years ago, its own bread. Wheat yields more to the acre here than the average of the fertile States of the northwest can show; fruits will thrive luxuriantly with reasonable care, sweet potatoes, melons, squashes, beets, carrots and many other vegetables prosper as well as they do in any country; all they need is the labor and care which is bestowed upon them in Mississippi or Georgia (irrigation extra); but men cannot spend three or four months out of the growing season in the north and produce these things here at the same time. Where the thermometer rises to 110° in the shade for a month each day as it does here, sometimes to 115°, a patch of vegetables or a lot of vines and trees will not live unattended, and bring profit or satisfaction to the owner four hundred and eighty miles off.

This district of country possesses greater facilities than did the region around St. George, settled eight years ago, and has far greater chances of becoming self-supporting; having tried both I can speak advisedly on the subject. There is no great likelihood of Gentiles desiring this country any more than they desired Salt Lake Valley twenty years ago; but there can be homes made here by industrious Saints that will yield a greater amount and a wider range of comforts than any north of the rim of the basin, and where a greater number of people can subsist on a given space than in any northern clime. The first pioneering is over, there is a commencement made which will ease future operations and assist the beginners considerably. The Indians have been somewhat tiresome this season in pilfering wheat, etc., but the hand of the Lord is attending to their case, deaths have been very frequent among them for some weeks and we expect from it salutary effects on the rest, and are certain of a good effect on those who went to the better hunting grounds.

Yours respectfully, etc.,
D. BONELLI.

COALVILLE, August 7, 1869.

Editor *Deseret News*.—Dear Bro.,—In the last issue of the Weekly DESERET NEWS appears an editorial headed "Sickness at Coalville" which contains some items that your informant was in error in, and should be corrected.

The young man who is supposed to have introduced the small pox into this

vicinity has never been to Corinne. The young woman who is reported to have "visited" the family afflicted with that dreadful disorder, was there several days before she was taken sick, and before the nature of the disease was known, waiting and attending upon them. The author of the story about a certain person being in a store shaking hands with his acquaintances and at the same time informing them that he was going to have the small pox, drew largely from his imagination. Correctly given the story is this: Bro. S. Taylor had been to Echo city, on duties pertaining to his office as Sheriff; on his return home he felt unwell. When passing through Coalville, Bro. Brigham Young, jr. and myself were standing opposite the store, and we started to go to him, he motioned us back, and told us not to come near him as he thought he had symptoms of the small pox, he also refused an invitation to supper, from another party for the same reasons he withdrew from us; he went towards home, and the next day was taken sick.

The introduction and spread of this fearful contagion in this city, as near as can be ascertained, is as follows: The Dep. Sheriff, in connection with others have been on police duty at Echo city since early last winter. About six weeks since he was taken sick while on duty there; he came from Echo city to the house of his sister in this city, where he usually made his home. He was sick for several days; a few eruptions appeared on his face, which soon died away, and he recovered. Directly afterwards two of his sister's children were taken sick and in a few days small pustules broke out over their bodies, supposed to be the measles. Men who had had the small pox were sent to see the children and they reported it to be the black measles, and not the small pox as had been reported. The children were waited upon by a young woman, who went with her father to attend the general muster of the military forces of this county, commencing on the 14th day of July last; she was taken sick and brought home by Judge Hinkley. The following day she broke out and the symptoms were those known as peculiar to the small pox.

As soon as the nature and character of the disease were known, the City Council met and adopted measures to try to prevent its further spread; they had an hospital prepared in a suitable place about two miles up Chalk Creek, and had the street where the disease was, strictly guarded to prevent travel until the preparations were completed for the removal of the afflicted. Judge Hinkley was next taken with the disease, he was removed to the hospital. Others were soon taken down, most of whom had slept with the Dep. Sheriff at the general muster.

Every precaution has been taken both by the city and county authorities. When any persons are taken sick with the disease they are immediately removed to the hospital, and are attended upon by persons who do not come into the city; provisions, medicines, etc., are regularly sent to them. The County Court has placed the city under quarantine. Persons who have been exposed to the contagion are not allowed to leave the city, and all citizens are prohibited from leaving unless they have a pass.

There have been thirteen cases up to this date, two of which have proved fatal, the rest are progressing favorably.

We sincerely regret that the brethren who were sent to examine the first cases were mistaken in the disease; twelve of the thirteen cases were exposed before the nature of the disease was known.

By the blessings of the Almighty we hope to bring this fearful disease to a favorable termination.

Yours respectfully, etc.,
WM. W. CLUFF.

Bipeds are not the only creatures who are slaves of habit. A writer for the *Boston Cultivator* states that, having moved his barn some distance from the trough where the animals had formerly drank, a considerable stream of water during a freshet flowed between the barn and the old watering place. On

turning the cattle out the first morning after the freshet several of the larger ones passed over the stream to drink, though the water was so deep that they had to swim.

NOTICE!

In the Supreme Court for the District of Utah.

In the matter of HENRY W. NAISBITT and JOHN HINDLEY, Partners, under the firm name of NAISBITT & HINDLEY, Bankrupts.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That a Warrant in Bankruptcy has been issued by said Court against the Estate of Henry W. Naisbitt and John Hindley, firm of Naisbitt & Hindley, in the County of Salt Lake and Territory of Utah, in said District, who have been adjudged Bankrupts upon the Petition of N. Kountz, creditor of said Bankrupts; and that the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said Bankrupts, to them, or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupts, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of their Estates, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at Salt Lake City, in said District, on the 4th day of September, A.D. 1869, at 10 o'clock, a.m., at the office of R. H. Robertson, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy of said Court.

JOSIAH HOSMER,
U.S. Marshal and Messenger in Bankruptcy.
By Wm. F. APPLEBY, Deputy.
Salt Lake City, August 2, 1869.

NOTICE.

In the Supreme Court for the District of Utah.

In the matter of D. R. FIRMAN, Bankrupt.

NOTICE is hereby given, that, pursuant to an Order made by said Court, in the matter of D. R. FIRMAN, a Bankrupt, on the 22nd day of July, A.D. 1869, a hearing will be had upon the Petition of said Bankrupt, heretofore filed in said Court, praying for his discharge from all his debts and liabilities, provable under the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to establish a uniform system of Bankruptcy throughout the United States," approved March 2nd, 1867, and for a certificate thereof, before said Court, on the 23rd day of August, A.D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A.M., at the United States Court Rooms in Salt Lake City, in said District, at which time and place any creditor of said Bankrupt, or any other person in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted. Notice is further given, that the 2nd and 3rd meeting of creditors of said Bankrupt will be held before R. H. Robertson, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said District, at his office in Salt Lake City, on the said 28th day of August, A.D. 1869, at 9 o'clock A.M., and at the time and place last aforesaid, H. W. Isaacson, Assignee of said Bankrupt's estate, will apply to said Register for a discharge from all liability as such Assignee.

W. I. APPLEBY,
Clerk of said Supreme Court.
Salt Lake City, July 26th, 1869. w26:4

T. PIERPONT,
Engineer and Machinist,

1st South Street, 15th Ward, Salt Lake City,
Steam Engines, Boilers, Pumps, Agricultural
Machines, Mill Work, Molasses Mills, and
all kinds of Machinery erected and
d210:1m repaired. w27:3m

CATTLE! CATTLE!

WANTED to purchase YOUNG STOCK, CATTLE and COWS, over six years old, not wanted. Apply to B. F. KNOWLTON, 19th Ward. w48:1f

ESTRAYS!

I HAVE in my possession the following described animals: One Sorrel HORSE, 6 or 7 years old, small star in the forehead; branded OO on the left shoulder.
One Brown MARE, six years old, small scar in the forehead; branded on the left thigh with J and O joined on the bottom.
The above animals, if not claimed within 30 days, will be sold at public auction to pay expenses and damages.

WILLIAM MARROTT,
Poundkeeper.
w26:3 Pleasant Grove, July 24, 1869.

I am Going to Dixie!

FOR SALE AT NEPHI, a good House, containing three Rooms and Cellar, Orchard, Granary, Yard, &c.; also, thirty-three acres of cultivated and nine acres of meadow land—all CHOICE and CHEAP. For particulars inquire of Mr. Job Smith, Main Street, Salt Lake City, or of the proprietor. w:8:2

SAMUEL CLARIDGE, Nephi.

FOUND

SPAN OF MULES, one a Bay Mare Mule, branded U S on left thigh, also other brands which are illegible; the other is also a Mare Mule, mouse-colored, branded U S on left shoulder. The owner is requested to pay damages and take them away.

RICHARD BARNACLE,
Near Neff's Mill, Mill Creek Ward. d221e55w2:1ea