THE KEELY TREATMENT.

Lecture by Dr. Arthur I. Crane Last Night, at Phillips' Church.

HOW HE REGARDS INEBRIETY.

Mr. Keely's Both a Boon and Work in Detail—How the Patient is to Be Watched.

Last evening, at Phillips' Congregational Church, by the special request of Rev. Dr. Bartlett, Dr. Arthur I. Crane, who has charge of the Keely Institute in this city, gave an interesting lecture on the subject of the Keely cure, showing the result of the treatment of patients. The lecture attracted a numerous audience.

He Crane spoke as follows:

It is said that a man sometimes gets a little out of his line of work. I feel very much that it is so with me in addressing you. I am anything else than a lecturer and I am afraid if any of you come here to hear such you will be very disappointed.

At the request of Brother Bartlett, for whom I had the pleasure of meeting well at my office some time ago, I am here to tell you what I know in regard to the Keely cure and what I feel to be my duty to do. I would also have been actively interested in this work which is now nearly ten years, had the greater portion of that time at the head institution in Dwight, Ill. You know that my career which has made it many miles and so much notice the nature of a good name that go down and years to come, I shall always feel proud of the building, staff, if so, you will understand one reason why I take an interest in the matter and devote my time to the work. Many of you doubtless have seen the advertisements and circulars of Dr. Leslie E. Keeley's Inebriate or Dwight and passed them by as a great deal of good by placing the bill in the hands of those who needed help, provided that it happened to have spoken of such a remarkably large percentage of cures, but I wanted to know of this before joining my name with it in the work, and I have taken the time I made my studies carefully and by other in every direction, and the more I investigated the more enthusiastic I became.

I have known Dr. Keeley for the last ten years. He is a regular graduate physician with every legal qualification. He was an army surgeon during the late war and is now surgeon to the Chicago and Alton railway. Mr. Keely's treatment for the cure of alcoholism is a specialty. The fact that its force generally implies, that in the hands of long years of honest study and scientific research, failing to be a success experience. He has all the regular physician's prejudice with because he anything which is the producer of the proposed, is called "quackery," and for year after it was introduced to speak a name that has pressed of the alcohol and opium habit, he was called a quack, and in profession, a quite common one it was made. In determining the information that been given, I spent a day at the Keely Institute in Dwight, Ill., and Dr. Keely's institute was a great help and attention was given to all parts of the United States. About twenty patients for personal reasons or age and the extreme nature of society we have loved to get into print. Now the property has become so great, he has found it necessary to establish branch institutes in several States and other physicians in charge, who (the chief), have received thorough instruction in the office at Dwight.

The people of the Keely cure are not interested in their treatment. The patient is placed in the sanatorium for the treatment, which is a small one, the average stay is for two years during the time he is awake. Four times a day he receives a hypodermic injection which is given by an expert nurse, who is not interested from claimants of any kind, with the sole exception of the patient's welfare, and the attendant physician. The Dr. Keely's institute is quarantined against the outside world. On the contrary, the patient's appetite invariably increases after the first few days and his general health is better in every respect.

To convey a general idea of what the society have done I would state that there has been already over forty thousand cures in the Keely cure, treatment for the cure of the liquor and opium habits as to this date at Dwight and the institutions, and of this number more than a per cent have returned to their former ways. I would also like to state here that over 90 per cent of this lost are now living in strict sobriety, so some of Dr. Keely to make known his secret, and he accomplish this purpose they are meeting with a wonderful success in health and are producing lasting effects. It is a singular circumstance that of the whole number that has been treated at Dwight there has not been a single death, and of the whole number for who have taken the treatment and without institutions there is a death rate of less than in the same number of people who never took the treatment. I would go I think, to show to any thinking person how absurd such statements are. Dr. Keely's remedies are not making known to the public his secret is that he feels he is doing more good for the cause of humanity by so being so, as it would no doubt fall into the hands of some men who would abuse it and thereby cause you all to doubt its real worth.

I find that been to Salt Lake where the facts are, and so certainly was known as to the Keely institute, and so to house the first patient to come for treatment. Also who have the alcohol habit are invariably sensitive and have a morbid fear of something they do not know just what, and they make excuse for delay. They are afraid their acquaintances will make sickening remarks, and so I have found that to the Keely system alone success is regarded as simply a physical cure alone.

Drunkenness is a disease, and that it should be so made universal to the extent that it be a punishment for a physical lesser. They have heard of the delirium anything where patients are placed in a condemned, and every attempt of law is exhausted while they, Fortunate to them, have still not when mainly arrangement to build the terrible cravings, and they feel they will be forced to go through it again.

The fear and moment nothing to the direct suggestion the result of the use of alcohol and the patients that I have already met in the high or not talk about their former condition but their cure so freely as they had been asked for a long, long time. They say that when nothing to their condition before the cure it all seems like a terrible nightmare. No one should have any shaking nerves, when a patient goes out cured from the Salt Lake Keely Institute. Everyone should be ready to shake him by the hand and congratulate a fellow man as they would if they had undergone a dangerous surgical operation.

The Salt Lake Institute is not an asylum nor a prison, and there is no confinement joined between stone walls and iron doors. I myself am a member of the profession, doubtless office practice, and all other, but I have never received the same kind of attention and attention. My patients go to their business, they go into the homes there, and report to me for there only if my general office for the auxiliary treatment, when is the case yesterday. I show all my patients the greatest liberty during their stay, and in their rooms some have, so far, not had a single to cry concerning the care and kindness they have received. I do not ask my patient off from the use of whisky, I simply have him take the key and if sure whisky to keep them from being restless and nervous. After the patient has been treated and had both the morphine and the alcohol taken out of his system, I then give him a tonic which is a great help to him in his weakness