

[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

By Telegraph.

GENERAL.

San Francisco, 26.—The damage done to the Pacific Railroad by fire is greater than at first supposed. Trains will probably not pass the burnt district before Saturday. The fire is undoubtedly the work of an incendiary.

A train was also delayed last night this side of Cisco by a boulder, weighing at least ten tons, which rolled down the side of the mountain and lodged on the track. It was removed by blasting.

From the heavy rain storms which have recently prevailed in Oregon it is feared the wheat crop is seriously injured.

New York.—The general coal agent of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Co. has telegraphed that the men have decided to go to work at Scranton at once. The same company will sell eighty thousand tons of coal at auction on the 1st of September.

Another cable, to unite the United States with Prussia, is projected. The terms of concession from the Prussian Government are published. It is to be begun by September and must be finished within two years.

San Francisco, 26.—The *Alta's* special from Victoria says the eclipse expedition of the U. S. Coast survey left Sitka on July 15 in an open boat for Chelkahl River. On account of heavy weather it was eleven days reaching a proper position in latitude fifty-nine twenty-three, longitude one hundred and thirty-five fifty-eight, only twenty miles from the central patch of the totality. It was impracticable to carry instruments and provisions over the Iron mountain range. The determination of the latitude and longitude and magnetic variation were made before the eclipse. The seventh was the cloudiest day experienced, but breaks in the clouds enabled the different phases to be watched and the beginning of the totality to be accurately noted. Instantly after the obscuration rose colored flames were visible to the unassisted eye, and their extent position and elevation were approximately measured on the South east and southwest parts of the sun's limb. Corona was visible over a part of the limb only. The whole picture was magnificent. The end of the eclipse was not seen. The phenomena of coming darkness and growing light were very marked along the course of the valley. Governor Seward and party visited Professor Davidson's camp and watched the phases of the eclipse, and saw all the phenomena of the rose colored flames, and corona. The party in the steamer *Active* at the mouth of the river had the best view of the totality. The clouds broke and large clear spaces enabled them to see the flames and corona, also the planet Mercury and stars of the fourth magnitude.

At Sitka the eclipse was not quite total and was watched through broken clouds.

At Fort Wrangel the weather was densely cloudy, and at Fort Tongass the weather was favorable and the officers observed the time of beginning and ending. The Indians were fearfully alarmed and hid in their houses or took to the bush.

Boston.—The State Labor Reform Convention to-day adopted resolutions declaring the claims of labor superior to those of any party or issue now before the people, and will be the paramount consideration in the bestowal of votes at the coming State election; that only by thorough organization can labor protect itself against the continually increasing encroachments of capital; asking for labor the same chartered rights and privileges granted to associations of capitalists; demanding the enactment of a statute making ten hours a legal day's work in all the factories of Mass., also the rigid enforcement of laws against employing children under ten years in cotton or woollen factories; of reaffirming the declaration of the national Labor Union in favor of temperance, education and morality as necessary to success; recommending the immediate formation of a workingmen's political party for the purpose of having thorough action in the protection of the rights and interests of workingmen and working women; announcing that their motto is equal rights and privileges for all in every field of industry, irrespective of color, sex or birth-place; declaring co-operation, industry and exchange to be the final and permanent solution of the long conflict between capital and labor, and urging the working classes throughout the country to

take wise and careful measures for its early adoption.

Washington.—Secretary Rawlings is prostrated with a severe attack of hemorrhage of the lungs.

St. Louis, 27.—Wm. Lake, proprietor of Lake's circus, was shot at Granby, Newton county, Mo., on the 21st inst., by a man whom he had ejected from the circus for refusing to pay; he died in a few minutes. The murderer escaped, but a thousand dollars' reward has been offered for his arrest.

Louisville.—One of the canal spans for the bridge over the Ohio, 370 feet long, was completed yesterday. This is the longest span of truss bridge erected in this country. The bridge will be finished in the early part of November.

Chicago, 27.—The *Republican's* Washington special says a British dispatch announces the rejection of the Burlingame treaty; it is not believed by the authorities, and is evidently made up in the interest of the English merchants at the treaty ports, who all along have been bitterly hostile to the new policy, represented by the Burlingame Embassy. Every English paper printed at Shanghai, Hong Kong and other ports has been systematic in its denunciation of it and the whole dispatch is regarded as a weak invention of the enemies of China and the United States. The charge that Burlingame was accredited to the tributary nations is undoubtedly a false translation from the original Chinese. His instructions were made by the ripest Chinese scholars, and both Burlingame's secretaries are accomplished Chinese scholars. Browne was a member of the English embassy and would not have allowed himself to be sent to his own government as a tributary nation.

Washington.—Secretary Rawlings was sufficiently recovered to visit the War Department this morning.

It is thought that the forthcoming monthly statement of the public debt will show a reduction of about \$2,000,000, notwithstanding the heavy payments of the Government during the current month.

Providence.—Miss Emma Gardner, daughter of Col. Harry W. Gardner, was horribly burned last night, at Natan, her ball dress taking fire from a lamp on the floor of her dressing room; her recovery is doubtful.

New York.—The result of the boat race was received by the English cable, at the Associated Press Office, in this city, at four minutes past one, just 23 minutes and 13 seconds, after the Oxford boat had arrived at Mortlake, which was at 36 minutes and 47 seconds past five, the messenger being obliged to carry the dispatch three-fourths of a mile on horseback, part of the way through dense crowds, to the nearest telegraph station.

Memphis, Tenn., 27.—John Durivage, an old actor and journalist, and one of the founders of the *Alta California*, died here to-day. The city is remarkably healthy for the season, several sudden deaths from heat embrace nearly all the complaints.

Louisville.—A party of three men, were engaged in a quarrel at a picnic in Clark Co., Ind., yesterday, when Mike Cuddy, an Irishman, stepped up to one named John Heldig, a German, and stabbed him in the right side, inflicting, probably, a fatal wound. Cuddy escaped. A man named Stout killed one named Crowfoot, with an ice pick, at Clooming, Ind., on Tuesday last; a disagreement about cards was the cause.

Boston.—The citizens generally believe, that had the international race taken place on our own waters the result would have been different. The excitement was intense until it became known that the Oxfords had only won by three lengths, when everybody acquiesced in the result.

Erie.—In the suits of the *Republican* office against the Typographical Union for conspiracy and libel, the Grand Jury returned "no true bill" in both cases.

St. Louis.—A new and costly Jewish synagogue, one of the finest in the country, was dedicated here to-night, with imposing ceremonies.

The society to which it belongs have adopted all the latest innovations in forms of worship. When a family of Jews are introduced, the men sit with their heads uncovered.

San Francisco, 27.—Professor Davidson, of the United States Coast Survey, reports the discovery, during his recent eclipse expedition in Alaska, of a mountain range of iron ore, extending from the mouth of the Chilkahl river to far beyond his astronomical station. The range has an elevation of two thousand feet, and causes a local deviation in the compass of ten degrees. The Professor also determined the geo-

graphical position of numerous points on the line of exploration. He found Chilkahl Valley to possess soil, climate and productions far more favorable than those of the Alexander archipelago.

The Supreme Court of the State of Nevada has decided that telegraphy is a branch of commerce, and is therefore under the control of Congress, in the same manner as other kinds of commercial intercourse, among the several States.

Legal tenders 75.

Nashville.—Horace Maynard, H. Hamilton and other leading Radicals, arrived this morning and had a meeting this afternoon, the object of which has not transpired. Various surmises are afloat, one of which is that they are taking steps for a thorough reorganization of their party, and, as a preliminary, demand the removal of all the Senter office holders in the State. Another is, that they contemplate, during Senter's absence, seizing the State government, but this is hardly probable. The majority of those present were members of the late legislature.

San Francisco, 28.—J. Ross Browne contradicts the statement, via London, that the Chinese Government has rejected the Burlingame treaty; he says its ratification was only deferred until the return of the Embassy.

Mr. Houghton an attache of the *Enquirer*, got into the car of a hot air balloon yesterday to ascend with the aeronauts. The balloon, by mistake, was let go, Houghton being alone in it. When about a thousand feet high it collapsed and descended among the houses, landing Houghton uninjured, in an alley.

San Francisco, 29.—The political campaign in the State is exciting. The passage of or defeat of the Fifteenth Amendment by the next legislature is the great object of the contest. United States Senators Yates and Kellogg, Republicans; and Hendricks and Thurman, Democrats, and several members of the House are taking part in it.

Choy Chew and Sing Man have returned; they express their gratification at their reception in the Eastern cities.

Colfax was detained at Yosemite in consequence of the indisposition of Mrs. Colfax.

A hundred and sixty pioneers have signified their intention to join in the proposed excursion East; invitations from Omaha, Chicago, Pittsburg, Philadelphia and New York to entertain them, have been accepted.

A whirlwind, at Hamilton, White Pine, yesterday, destroyed two buildings and seriously injured several persons.

Correspondence from Tahiti gives an account of the splendid reception of the Duke of Edinburgh, and his uncourtous behavior towards the French authorities and the officers of the United States steamer *Kearsage*, also of the indignation of the English residents.

The Government has not relaxed its surveillance over the Spanish gunboats, building in this city. Marshal Barlow has informed the builders that no attempt will be allowed to send them to sea.

Junction City, Ks., 29.—An excursion was made yesterday to the end of the ballasted track of the southern branch of the Pacific railroad; this track is laid about sixteen miles, and is being pushed vigorously.

The weather changed suddenly this morning, a violent wind and rain storm set in, cooling the atmosphere most gratefully; the heated term is believed to be broken at last, and some little pleasure in living may be realized the balance of the summer.

St. Louis.—Captain Shaw, Chief of the London Fire Brigade, made a hasty visit to the city to-day. He was shown all the notable places. At five o'clock an alarm was struck to show the working of the fire department; three minutes from the time of the alarm three engines were on the spot and streams playing; he took and ladder trucks were also present. Captain Shaw expressed his surprise at the rapidity of the movement and at the general efficiency of the department, and said he had seen nothing like it.

The city marshal of St. Charles, Mo., arrived here yesterday, with a man answering the description of the murderer of Wm. Lake, the circus proprietor; he will be taken to Granby for identification.

Boston.—A fire broke out this morning in a building, at 57 Chatham street, occupied by the National Chemical Company and the proprietors of the *Boston Shipping List*, as a composing and press room, and several others; the fire was supposed to be caused by the spontaneous combustion of some chemicals. The stock of the chemical company and the press and printing materi-

al of the *Shipping List* were destroyed; aggregate loss twenty thousand dollars.

New York.—Col. S. Ryan and Currier, leaders of the late Cuban expedition, have been held to bail, having returned from Canada.

The Fenian Congress continued in session to-day. Two delegates from Ireland were introduced and made favorable reports.

The *Republican's* Washington special says the Cabinet meeting on Tuesday, will consider the conduct of Minister Browne and the Chinese treaty. The President is known to be much displeased with the conduct of Minister Browne and there is considerable speculation with regard to who will fill the vacancy, the post being regarded as too important to remain long unfilled. Among the names mentioned are General G. M. Dodge, of the Union Pacific Railroad, who is known to have planned an extended visit to China, following Burlingame's return. General Logan is also mentioned. Hon. W. B. Mann, of Philadelphia, is urged by parties interested in the East India Telegraph Company, of which Governor Curtin is President. Other names are mentioned, among which are John D. Baldwin, Editor of the *Worcester Spy*, and John Russel Young, late of the *New York Tribune*.

The *Sun* has a Havana letter dated the 21st, which says that Derodas has left, secretly, for Matanzas, accompanied by his personal guard. It is rumored that he intended to pardon the prisoner accused of putting poison in the bread of the soldiers; the volunteers threatened to kill him if he did so.

The report of the rising in the Veulta Abajo district is confirmed; the number of insurgents is said to be six thousand. This rising is said to be the most significant event that has occurred in Cuba for several months. One of the Havana journals says it has put the torch in the hands of two thousand slaves, and the whole district will soon become a desert. It is feared that the torch will soon be applied to the plantations in that part of the island, and that the insurrection will extend through the whole of Cuba.

Charlottetown.—Prince Arthur arrived to-night and was accorded a splendid and enthusiastic welcome.

The *Tribune's* London special, speaking of the international regatta, says the Harvards were beaten for many good reasons, among which were their style, form and knowledge of rowing; their diet, method of training and mode of instruction. The Harvards were utterly inferior to the Oxfords, and had the race been won by them the credit would have belonged to Loring, the captain and despot of the crew; and being lost, he must equally bear the blame. He is a man of extreme self-reliance, which partially neutralized his high qualities, intelligence, generous devotion and real capacity. To have taken Blaker or any other good coach during the last three weeks would have added twenty per cent. to the Harvard's chances.

The Harvards, upon their arrival, had nearly every fault a young crew could have, and retained many, at the last moment. Good coaching would, in three weeks, have eradicated most of them. Loring, to the last, believed that rowing could be taught inside the boat. The Harvards' stroke was fatally quick and fatally irregular during the race, and ranged from forty-six to thirty-eight and varied twice in sixty seconds. With their coxswain, no living crew could have pulled a different stroke than that with which Loring led off, through four miles; in fact the crew was rowed to stand still in less than two miles, and their power gone. After that it was only heroic courage and resolution that carried them through, and a system that exhausts a crew at the end of two miles in a four mile race cannot be sound.

FOREIGN.

Paris.—A mixed commission of Greeks and Turks has decided that the Greek steamer *Erosis*, claimed by the Porte as a prize for the violation of neutrality during the late trouble in Candia, be delivered to the Greek government. The Porte has accepted the decision.

London.—The *Times*, referring to the condition of the British colonies, says, Canada is in all respects independent and is fitted to become so. She has institutions of great power, and it is a fair subject of inquiry whether she might not assume her appropriate position.

Halifax.—Thousands of people were present to-day to witness the review of the troops by Prince Arthur. Great enthusiasm was exhibited.

Paris.—The *Journal Officiel* to-day states that the recent amnesty granted