DESERET EVENING NEWS: FRIDAY, MARCH 1, 1901.



Provision for Taxing Legacies Accepted by Upper House.

THREE SENATORS OPPOSE IT

German Against It-Bill Competling Judges to File Their Decisions in a Certain Time is Decapitated.

The State Senate has not been so moved for months as it was yesterday demoon, while considering Senator Allison's bill providing for the taxing of inheritances. The measure was passed however with three votes recorded against it. There was quite a spirited debate on the stock inspector bill but it was recommitted to the committee on live stock. The bill requiring the judges to file their decisions within a certain time, although reported upon favorably by the committee, was killed

favorably by the committee, was killed quietly, and without comment. When the inheritance tax bill came up as a special order at 4 o'clock, Sen-ator Allison spoke briefly upon it. He polited out the essential features of the measure and affirmed that the financial condition of the State de-manded an increase of revenue, and he thought that an increase through such a means would be just and equit-whe.

be thought that an intervent of equit-such a means would be just and equit-ble. The chief opposition to the bill came pom Senator Sherman, who opposed on World Sold throughout the world. The chief opposition to the bill came pom Senator Sherman, who opposed on World Sold throughout the world. The chief opposition to the same add that provision. He said that there as a House bill looking to the same add, which might be acceptable, but had not been reported upon yet. The hasis of the graduation was the amount of legacy and nearness of kinship and it ranged from one-half of 1 per cent. The thought and had concluded that it was wrong in principle and unjust in prac-ties. He said it might be unconstitu-tional as it imposed a tax on one class of citizens and exempted another. The principal argument in favor of the bill, he said, is that the State is hard up and to get out of the difficulty proposed to the goorthouse will resign his position, and that "Sandy" McFarland, of Mill Creak, has been engaged to fill the va-cancy, or at least until it is known whether or not his services will be sat-lift core in the said, a socialistic idea for holding up well-to-do citizens. Senator Sher-man inveighed against the clause in the bill permitting courts to interfere with the compensation of executors with the compens he bill permitting courts to interfere compensation of executors

with the compensation of executors when fixed by the will. He said that the insinuation that he was opposing the bill through selfish motives was untrue. He wanted to say that no will in which he was inter-ested was being probated in Utah, and the bill, if it were passed, would not effect bim during his lifetime. Senator Keisel also opposed the bill and moved to atthe out the enacting

Senator Keiser also opposed the sin and moved to strike out the enacting clause. The motion was opposed by Senator Lawrence. The bill was eluci-dated again by Senator Allison, who

CLEAR COMPLEXION SOFT WHITE HANDS LUXURIANT HAIR PRODUCED BY CUTICURA SOAP. MILLIONS OF WOMEN USE CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and healing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chaings, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery, in baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and excertations, or too free or offensive perspiration, in washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative antiseptic pur-poses which suggest themselves to women, especially mothers. No other medicated soap is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, viz. (25c.), the BEST skin and complexion soap, the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world. Sold throughout the world. fifty-five feet deep. Although the plans are not definite it is intended that the basement will include the gymnasium, reading rooms, steam-heating appara-tus, electric lighting plant, laundry, etc. The first floor will be class-rooms, mu-seum, library and administration offi-ces; on the second floor there will be classrooms, chemical laboratory and suits of rooms for the faculty. The dor-mitories will occupy the third floor. The campus will be large and beautiful with flowers, grass and trees. The total cost of the building is estimated at \$250,000, and will accommodate 300 stu-dents. The Cathelle authorities have

day afternoon, which were placed under quarantine. They are as follows: Olivia Olsen, aged 9, Anton Olson, Jr., aged 3, 1001 West Firth South street; James Cowan, aged 49, 641 South Third West street. Four new cases of smallpox were re-ported to the state board of health yes-

terday. FORESTRY MEETING.

The Utah Forestry association held upon Manager Mulvey to book the ounty build-Girl" in this city should be hunted ing yesterday afternoon, and discussed matter and things pertaining to fordown and photographed. He must have estry. Petitions were received from been a smooth Ephraim. What possiresidents of Payson and Spanish Fork, ble argument he could have used on signed in each case by about nine hun-dred names, asking that Congress set Mr. Mulvey is a mystery; for of all the plotless, featureless specialty skits that has been sidetracked in this city in recent times, "The Telephone Girl" apart the mountain areas forming the watershed of all the streams emptying into Utah lake, as forest reserves, that the water flowing in to the lake may be kept pure. The organization en-dorsed the petitions and will send them on to Senator Kearns, at Washington, is entitled to chief place. There were two pretty-very pretty girls in the cast. The remainder should be sent to a beauty parlor at once or retired permanently from the stage of public for presentation to Congress. It was also decided to hold the annual meettertainment. The vocal exercise that passed for singing was a wooden and ing of the association on April 7th, for the election of officers and other busibrass effort that rasped the sensibilities of the audience until a decided soreness was developed. Harry Hermsen, as Hans Nix inspector of telephones, was funny at times and worked hard to please, but he had to much of an under-SON SHOWS FIGHT. taking to carry through successfully. It was decidedly unfortunate for Mr. Young Boy Resents Insinuations Against His Mother. Mulvey that on the very first night after the Cummings company left the The disparaging reference to Mrs. boards that such an aggregation should have found lodgment in the house. One thing is certain though and that is that no one was more disappointed than Mulvey himself; another is, that Mr. he will never permit another booking of the piece at the Grand. It closes

SMITH'S BILLS PASS THE HOUSE

Giving Salt Lake City a New Judicial System.

LOCAL BILLS EXCLUSIVELY.

Bills Provide for Two City Judges and But One Justice of the Peace in the City.

Mr. Holmgren of Boxelder scents langer in the air in the three county annexation bills. They are House bills 115 and 116 by Redd and 72 by Anderson. Especially does he discern the sinister eye in No. 72, whose passage he believes would result in a large southern slice of Boxelder going into the varacious maw of Weber, and worse than that this grasping county would thereby

this grasping county would thereby steal the proposed Southern Pacific cut-off across the lake and the taxes therefrom would go to enrich Weber instead of Boxeider. No, no, this lamb-faced bill was really a very vi-clous one. It was, in fact, a wolf in sheep's clothing. "The Constitution," continued the in-censed Boxeiderite, "is much too gen-erous on the proposition of changing county lines. If this unscrupulous method was started all a strong county would have to do to swallow up a weak one would be to get a few votes from the weak one that it was willing to be annexed." be annexed."

The Speaker asked the member from Boxelder if he was aware that the dis-trict wishing to be attached must first vote on the matter, 'Exaactly," snapped Holmgren, "and

in this way perhaps fiften people could vote away a valuable gold mine or rali-road property. Take for instance Jesse Knight's straightening of Juab county bill and getting his sliver mine over in-to. Utab county, where he court into Utah county where he pays his taxes. You can't tell me that the cutoff from Lucei is not the incentive that the cut-is urging the people of Weber to get the consent of Boxelder to part with a slice of her territory."

Mr. Smith remarked that if this measure passed it would be a general law, and sarcastically moved the repeal of that section of the Constitution au-thorizing the changing of county lines. The member from Boxelder seemed to have the impression that Weber thought

it was smarter than Boxelder, "We're smart enough to see a \$4,000, 000 railway in sight," fired back Holm-gren and continued with his strictures on the proposed invidious legislation

Represent tives South, Harmon and D. H. Morris each took a hand in the debate. The last named denounced such a measure as one which would countenance grand larceny. Where the shoe pinched him was in the proposed encroachment of Iron upon Washing-ton county, and he scored it as one of the most wicked bills ever introduced in the House. Mr. Page was in arms against the measure as he thought it might afford entrance for a wedge which would enable Sevier to claim a rich gold mine just over the Piute line.

was adopted.

An

ex

They

Mr.

the substitute motion

they

poned

dissenting vote.

limited to \$10.

quoted Senator Arthur Brown as say

as inculcated in House bill No. 72 that

they could get at these two. Otherwise

opinion was read from the attorney

general to the effect that he believed

commenting thereon said that it seemed

the bills constitutional and the Speaker

that the attorney general sustained the chairman of the judiciary committee

(Van Horn) on every point except the validity of the bills.

planation of No. 116 to annex San Juan

to Grand county said that the total revenue from San Juan in 1889 had been \$1,334.47. He argued that it was impos-

sible to keep up a county on such star-vation rates. Mr. Smith asked if the

annexation would allow of only one

representative in the Legislature from

the combination county. He did not care, he added in explanation, if the

annexation got rid of one Democrat

years, so as to make their term of office co-incident with State offices. They

exist from their courts as from the ex-

isting justice courts, and a further right of appeal in actions involving over

Through the new courts criminal costs would be so apportioned that one-haif

would go to the city and one-half to

the county. The share which would have become fees for the fustices will thus be saved and the courts will be

self-supporting. Last year each justic made probably over \$1,000 in fees. Mr

Smith said that all cities of any im-portance had abolished the curse of the

justice fee system. There would be the same provision made for the practice

00 mights be had to the supreme court.

was voted down. Mr. Redd in

would be unconstitutional.



5

The Absolutely Pure BAKING POWDER

Made from pure grape cream of tartar, and free from lime, alum and ammonia.

ROYAL is the most economical baking powder, no matter how cheap others are sold, because being of greater leavening strength it goes further. Besides, it safeguards the food against alum, from which low-grade, low-priced powders are made.

> The low-grade, cheap powders contain alum and lime, and injuriously affect the stomach and kidneys

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.



The News That He Had Received With Remarkable Apathy in London-People Are Waiting for Official Confirmation.



The Rio Grande Western Rallway announces rate of \$15.00 to Denver and return on March 3rd and 4th, open to the public. Through trains leave at 8:30 a. n., 3:15 p. m. and 8:20 p. m. Through Sleepers and Dining Cars on oll tenter. all trains.

AMUSEMENTS.

The theatrical agent who prevailed



a interal translation of which is that as no justice was to be obtained in jus-tice courts the fact of their abolish-ment would make little difference to the city. After the bills had been passed Mr. Holzheimer moved that the enacting clause be stricken out of his bill No. 184, the substance of which was covered by the bills which had just been passed. This was done.

VARIOUS COURT CASES.

id that it was the best and most Democratic way of sustaining the government. The burden would fall upon those who could bear it, and it would not be a tax on thrift, because the one who amassed the wealth by thrift would be dead.

There was an effort to increase the minimum of estates subject to the tax, from \$15,000 to \$50,000. Allison opposed saying that the minimum in Iowa s \$1,000. Then there was an effort compromise on \$25,000, then \$25,000, WAS \$1,000. and then \$20,000, but they all were lost, the bill passing as it was originally drawn, by a vote of 13 to 3, those oposed being Sherman, Klesel and Mur-

Senate bill No. 71, compelling judges file their decisions on all cases before drawing their salaries, was be-headed on motion of Senator Allison, who expressed the conviction that the desired effect of the bill had already ensued

When the live stock inspector bill came up it entailed a long and interesting discussion. It provides that the county commissioners may appoint livestock inspectors on petition of fifty or more citizens, Murdock at once moved to strike out the enacting clause. He said that the bill would prevent a farmer from driving a couple of fat cows to market without having an inspector look them over first. Senator Largen, the author of the bill, replied that the law was intended only to apply to cattle loaded on cars for shipment out of the State.

Senator Whitmore, who is an extenfre stockman, was in favor of the bill. Allion , however, made a very vigor-cus speech opposing it. Senator How-ell then moved to refer the bill back to he live stock committee, and the mo-

Senate bill 31, which re-enacts what is known as the Carey land law, was known as the Carey land law, was passed. The law was inadvertently repealed by the last Legislature.

House bill 65, providing for the pay-Bate superintendent of public instruc-tion monthly instead of quarterly, was

The following bills were introduced: Senate bill No. 88, by the committee encounties and municipal corporations, the substitute for Senate bill 79. If a substitute for Senate bill 79. releves county auditors from the ne-ressity of publishing annual statements of frances, but may file them with the spective county clerks. Senate bill No, 89, by Howell, to ex-

sume from the statutes the provision fing the top cost of filing articles of notes the fees for requisition papers from \$10 to \$5, and increases the exon at \$25,000. tem ato to 45, and increases the ex-tense of filing any paper not specific-uly defined by the statutes with the menary of state from \$1 to \$5. State bill No. 9, by Johnson, by re-rus, To give the Supreme court au-bent to appoint an official stenogra-bert a salary of \$1,500 per year.

and to appoint an official storage form a salary of 31,500 per year. Site bill No. 91, by Larsen, by re-tan To do away with the section penter.

The statutes requiring that in order ensultities a fille by seven years' tene possession, the holder must as paid the taxes on the property Senate bill No. 92, by Larsen, by re-

These. To provide that the prevailing any shall be awarded the costs in all cases of appeal from justice courts. Senate bill No. 92, by Lawrence, by remeet. To appropriate \$20,000 for the suppose of paying jurors and witnesses for services rendered between 1874 and

Senate bill No. 94, by Allison, by re-To make it a misdemeanor for persons not legally voters to vote or attempt to use ally voters to vote or stempt to vote at party primaries, or itempt to vote at party primaries, or for any one to vote more than once at primaries. It also makes it a misde-meanor for judges or clerks at party "maries to accept illegal ballots or to tamper with the ballot box.

Lund, made by the defendant in the Vail divorce case, which has been on trial for the past week, culminated last night in arousing the ire of the young 15-year-old son of the lady mentioned. During the course of the trial, Mr. Vail testified on a number of occasions, that he had objected to Mrs. Vall going out with Mrs. Lund, and he somewhat blamed the latter woman for his wife's condition which led up to the present divorce proceedings. Counsel for the respective parties to the action met in E. B. Critchlow's office last night and made their arguments before Judge Hall, and upon leaving the building the son of Mrs. Lund made an attack upon bad

Mr. Vail, and called him some names. His mother seized him, how ever, and Mr. Vall walked away, thus averting further trouble.

DEMENTED MAN ARRESTED.

At the instance of Dr. McCoy, Sheriff Naylor yesterday placed in the county jail a man by the name of William Lynch, who, it is said, came here from Colorado Springs, about six months ago, with his family. The man is very melancholy and his mind has evidently become impaired, hence he was placed under restraint. Sheriff Naylor says he is in a very bad conditon. He stood in one position yesterday, in his cell, without moving a muscle or saying a word, for about six hours. His wife desires to return to the Centennial State, but the sheriff thinks Mr. Lynch is in no condition to travel, and will therefore keep him in the county jail to see if he will not recover from his present condition. If he does not improve as anticipated, an endeavor will be made to have the man committed to the insane asylum for treatment. The unfortunate man is by trade a car-

ALL HALLOWS COLLEGE. Magnificent New Structure to be Erect-

ed on the East Bench.

Architect C. M. Neuhausen has completed a draft of the perspective of the new All Hallows college that is to be erected on Thirteenth East and Ninth South streets. The style of the structure is Italian renaissance, which is known to be very beautiful. The building includes a central body, with dome And wings, an expansive porch and a northern side extension. The entire frontage will be 360 feet, the main building being about 275 feet, with high be too from a langement. The outer finish of the building will be of store. The dimensions of the wings will be 50x100 feet each, there will be a middle extension at the rear of the central part, and the main body of the college will be and wings, an expansive porch and a northern side extension. The entire

its engagement Saturday night. "Way Down East" played to stand-ing room only at the Theater last night. the audience being largely augmented by the excursion from Juab and Utah counties. Another big house for to-night is assured. Many Ogden and some Davis county people are expected to be present. . . .

The advance sale for the Grau Opera company commenced this morning at the Grand box office.

Every woman in the country ought to know about

Mother's Friend Those who do know about it wonder how they ever got along without it. It has robbed child-birth of its terrors for many a young wife. It has preserved her girlish figure and saved her much suffering. It is an external lini-ment and carries with it therefore, absolutely no danger of upsetting the system as drugs taken intern-ally are apt to do. It is to be rubbed into the abdomen to soften

and strengthen the muscles which are to bear the strain. This means much less pain. It also prevents morning sickness and all of the other discomforts of pregnancy. A druggist of Macon, Ga., says: "I have sold a large quantity of Mother's Friend and have never known an instance where it

known an instance where it has failed to produce the good results claimed for it."

A prominent lady of Lam-berton, Ark., writes: "With my forst six children 1 was in labor from 24 to 30 hours. After using Mother's Friend, my seventh was born in 4 hours."

Get Mother's Friend at the drug store, \$1.00 per bottle. THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.

Tits for our free Illustrated book, "BEFORE BABY

He thought that a two-third majority of the vote of both counties should be W. J. Robinson, of Grantsville, has obtained before any annexing could be ed suit against John Beck and Wilson, trustee of the bank-The trouble was temporarily settled ruptcy estate of Mr. Beck, to quiet his title to 40,000 shares of the Alberta by Mr. Axton, who moved as a substitute to Mr. Holmgren's motion to strike Land & Stock company, formerly owned by John Beck, but which the Stock company, formerly out the enacting clause of No. 72 that the bill be made a special order of busiplaintiff now claims. ness for 2:30 G'clock Tuesday afternoon

as it was too big a matter to handle at Judge Hall yesterday afternoon conso late an hour in the day. Members were glad of the temporary relief and cluded the trial of the case of George Boyer vs the Badger Mining company et al, and rendered judgment in behalf of the defendant. The contention was over the possession of the Badger min-It was then that Mr.Redd moved that his bills No. 115 and 116 have consideration under suspension of the rules. They were on the same subject as the ing claim, out at Bingham. The plain-tiff claimed the defendant company, bill which had been the last subject of debate. Mr. Van Horn objected. He who has owned the claim for some time has failed to do the assessment work. and the plaintiff relocated it. The court was satisfied that the defendant had done sufficient work to fulfill the law, ing that if the general law was passed and consequently awarded the possession of the disputed property to it.

A petition was yesterday afternoon filed in the probate division of the district court by Poolina Musso Marafflo, in the estate of Antonio Musso, de-ceased, asking that D. Rocco be appointed administrator. The petition sets up that the decedent left an estate An effort was made to postpone fur-ther action on the bills. A motion to make them a special order for Tuesday consisting of \$725.50 cash. in McCornick's bank, and the heirs are given as being the widow and four children, all of whom reside in Italy, except the petitioner. March 12th was set for the hearing.



All Officers Ordered to Wear Their Uniforms in Public.

New York, March 1 .- A dispatch to the Herald from London says

Society parade grounds in London will be much brightened soon by reason vote was then taken on No. 115 which of the forthcoming army order that all officers shall dress in uniform instead was passed by 24 ayes to 14 nays. Further consideration of No. 116 was postponed. The House adjourned till 2 o'clock Saturday. of muftl in public, just like privates. This is the great topic of conversa-tion in smart society at present. The What are called Smith's city court bills, Nos. 157, 158, 159 and 160, were order comes into force on April 2. It ordains that all arms on April 2. It ordains that all army officers ns well.

Effect All Over Country.

New York, March 1.-Bishop Potter, who has returned from a visit to would be elected next fall for a term of three years and thereafter every four Jeckyl Island, Ga., discussed briefly the most recent developments in the anticrusade inaugurated by him. vice H said that the awakening of public senwould have a jurisdiction in civil cases of \$500, but they would have no equity jurisdiction. The right of appeal would timent in New York had produced a stimulating effect all over the country, and that good people everywhere had been aroused to a sense of their responsibility.

This movement differs from any othor that we have seen," said the bishop, "The institutions of religion, of education and of social reform are all united in the work. One of the most hopeful signs is that the men of the labor unions are interested and have their representatives on the committee of fifteen

"Every previous effort at reform has been attempted by a minority-not a political but a social minority. Social tines have been broken in the present instance and among all classes there is a growing desire for better things.

of attorneys in the new court as in the district court. Mr. Glasmann asked if the object of establishing the new court was not to defeat the objectionable sys-tem of collecting accounts which was practiced in the justice courts. Mr. There can be no doubt of thestrength of the sentiment that has been created in favor of radical reforms in our city. What is needed now for the coming practiced in the justice courts. Mr. Smith replied that while it would do away with this "no pay no fee" system that its prime object was to have a court where justice could be obtained. Mr. Stuart drew a vivid picture of the evils of the collection system as prac-ticed in the justice courts. Mr. Page eaid he had no idea things were as bad as that, and people were better off in the country after all. Mr. Van Horne, in advocating the creation of the new campaign is the unification of all the forces that are in favor of good government. Everybody opposed to the pres-ent system should labor to that end and then there can be no failure."

Persons who can not take ordinary

New York, March 1 .- A dispatch to ment. But although the event caused the Herald from London says:

with remarkable apathy in London.

For several days past the newspapers

have been full of discussion whether the

opportunity for such surrender was not

thrown away after the fall of Pretoria.

but the public care little or nothing

about that controversy. Everybody is

sick of the war and especially of the

rehashing of ancient history. Even

Gen, Dewet's puzzling movements are

scarcely interesting while the state-ment for the hundredth time that he has been cornered excites little more

than derision.

a semblance of a rush on the stock ex-change to buy Kaffirs this quickly sub-The reports of Gen. Botha's surrensided when it was seen that the public was holding aloof for official confirmader, which should mean the virtual close of the Boer war, were received tion.

At Pall Mall and in the vicinity of the war office there was plenty of evi-dence of interest, however. In fact the number of callers for news recalled the old days when the war was young and Ladysmith, Kimberley and Mafeking were still besieged.

The first replies far from dispelled the belief that the news was true. Inquirers recalled the fact that important news frequently arrived long before the war office was willing to confirm it. But another consideration qualified this belief, namely, the fact that official reticence in the past has always referred to bad news, and that if Botha had really surrendered no doubt the war office would be eager to proclaim it

The announcement of Botha's surrender caused just a ripple of excite- instanter.







If they desire to reach the people of the Western States and Territories in the their homes.

pills find it a pleasure to take DeWitt's Little Early Risers. They are the best Little Hver pills ever made. F. C. CIRCULATION BCOKS OPEN TO ADVERTISERS.

passed in the House yesterday without shall In answer to calls wear their uniforms in public and in for some elucidation on his bills Mr. Smith explained that the bills would theaters and in places of entertainmen This applies to all household only affect Salt Lake City, and that their aim was to do away with justice regiments, footguards and cavalry. It cannot be said that this order is at courts, and the office of police justice, all popular, leaving only one justice of the peace and one constable. This justice would BP. POTTER ON VICE CRUSADE. have no jurisdiction in criminal cases and their civil jurisdiction would be Movement Started by Him Has Had The evils of the justice fee system would thus be abolished. In the new city courts there would be two judges at a salary of \$2,500 a year. They

