THE EVENING NEWS.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED, AT FOUR O'CLOCK.

Saturday, - - Nov. 7, 1874.

DAVID O. CALDER,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

—A fire at Peoria, Ill., last night, burned a large amount of property, including seventy head of horses, the total loss reaching $57,000. A fire at Cincinnati last evening, did damage to the amount of nearly $150,000.

—The Missouri democrats claim a majority in the Senate of twenty-five, in the House of Representatives fifty-eight.

—It is now claimed that Hurlburt and Farwell, reps., are elected in Illinois.

—The Louisiana democrats talk about observing, throughout the State, the 19th of the present month as a day of thanksgiving to God for their deliverance from political bondage.

—The Franklin Telegraph Company has voted to lease its line to the A. & P. Company for ninety-nine years.

—The Alabama democrats have a majority of 29 in the State legislature.

—The board of bishops of the Protestant Episcopal Church are in session at Baltimore.

—The case of Tilton *vs.* Beecher will be called up in the city court, Brooklyn, on Monday; Moulton has been summoned to appear on the same day, to plead to the indictments for libelling Mr. Beecher and Miss Proctor.

—A dispatch from the *Faraday*, yesterday, stated that 1,119 knots of the direct cable had been paid out.

—Representatives from Alsace and Lorraine have taken their seats in the Prussian parliament.

—It is said that the Italian government is about to issue a note to the European powers, calling their attention to the dangers of Italy through cabals at the Vatican and asking them to discontinue sending Ambassadors to the Holy See.

—The Carlists report that they have repelled two sorties from Irun.

—There will be a grand illumination at New Orleans to-night, in honor of the democratic victories in the north.

—The chances of various gentlemen for the Speakership of the next House of Representatives are being canvassed in the east, the opinion being in favor of General Banks.

—Fifteen hundred Carlists are besieging Irun.

—A dispatch says that the Pope fainted on entering the audience chamber of the Vatican yesterday morning.

—The French minister of foreign affairs has prepared an elaborate reply to the Spanish note, which is to be sent to Madrid on Monday next.

—The supposed Nana Sahib, recently captured in India, has been sent to Cawnpore for further examination as to his identity.

—Two Montreal clerks have decamped, taking with them $37,000 belonging to others.

—A Florida despatch says the democrats have a majority of twenty in the State legislature.

—Several merchants were arrested by the U. S. marshal, at Memphis, last night, charged with the violation of the Enforcement Act, in discharging from their employ colored men who refused to vote the democratic ticket.

—A report comes from Philadelphia, that Father Gordeman, rector of the St. Boniface cathedral, has absconded, taking with him the lady organist and the church funds.

—The case for the prosecution in the safe burglary trial, at Washington, D.C., was closed this morning.

—A veneering factory was burned in New York, this morning; loss $25,000

—A negro prisoner was riddled with bullets by a crowd, in Memphis, last night, while on the way to prison. For particulars see telegrams of to-day's date.

PARTIZAN THREATS.

THE other day our dispatches stated that measures were in contemplation to push stringent legislation through Congress the ensuing session, and to adopt other means to secure continuance of power to the present dominant party and prevent democratic legislation in the next Congress if possible.

Power is very sweet to the ambitious, and a hold on the public treasury is still sweeter to many people, especially politicians and prominent office-holders. But it will not do, in a republic like this, for any party to attempt to hold on to office in opposition to the voice of the majority. It is not congenial to the genius of American government, nor to the political instincts of the American people.

The late elections indicate plainly enough that the country is getting sick of radical republican rule and of the corruption and official arrogance and usurpation which appear to be its characteristics. The popular rebuke should teach the party in power a little more wisdom, for if the power to rule is sweet, so also are the uses of adversity, if properly improved.

The hints above referred to, thrown out as from the republican party, and as indicative of the spirit in which it receives the action of the people at the polls, may be merely the rash, impulsive expressions of the moment, in chagrin on learning the election news, and may not be sustained by sober second thought and general after consideration. If such be the case, all well. But if it be not, and all sorts of means should be adopted, in Congress and out, to defeat the will of the people and retain in power the party now in power, at all hazards, against the expressed wish of the people, then the resulting issue will be serious, one of the most serious in the history of the Union. Such an extreme radical republican course would utterly kill the republican party in the popular estimation, and the active members of it would be considered worse enemies of their country than the extreme radical democrats or the fire-eating Southern slave-holders who inaugurated the late war. The determined pushing of such a policy could hardly fail of embroiling the country in another civil war, and if such a conflict should come, it would not be like the last, it would be much worse and more general. It would not be merely sectional, as between the North and the South, but it would be almost if not quite universal throughout the States of the Union, republicans against democrats, neighbor against neighbor, father against son, and brother against brother, and the end of such a life and death struggle [who could tell? It is to be hoped, however, that even the most radical of the republican party will have more sense than to adopt and persevere in a course that could hardly have any other issue than such a ruinous conflict.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF THE TERRITORY OF UTAH.

Hon. P. H. Emerson, Judge Presiding.

PROVO CITY,
November 4, 1874.

Court convened at 10 a.m.

No particular cases were before the court, and after a few cases of law motions, the grand jury appeared, and by their foreman, presented the following reports of the prisons in this district:

Gentlemen of the Grand Jury:—We the undersigned committee, having been appointed to visit the county jail, at Provo City, Utah Territory, and find it in the following condition: There is one passage-way running east and west six feet wide by fifteen long, with iron grating door, and an outside heavy batten door on the east, and window for ventilation about three feet high and one foot wide with shutter to close against storm; and one stove in poor condition; with rock floor. On the north is one room for the use of prisoners through the day, it is fifteen by twelve, with three ventilators three feet by one, with iron grating about six and a half feet above the floor, said floor is all rock flag, about the level of the outside ground, which is a very good room. On the south is three cells, one seven and eight-twelfths feet long by four and five-twelfths, with no ventilation, only one four inch square hole, and no light comes in said cells, with solid rock walls about two feet in thickness between each cell, and open iron grating doors, a little or no ventilation in them, and no bunks, the bedding is laid on a rock floor and said floor will not add any to the comfort of the prisoners; we do believe these cells are kept free from all body-lice, but mice, we are informed, are by the hundreds.

Treatment of the prisoners is as follows: They have bread, butter, meat and tea and potatoes, and all they want as far as necessary can be obtained by the sheriff; and we do think that the said sheriff treats the prisoners in a gentlemanly way, said Mr. Rogers, sheriff, says that he has not a complement of irons, that is necessary for his use, that is furnished by the county officials.

And we do hereby certify that the cells are in a very unhealthy condition, and no ventilation whatever, and not fit up with bunks, etc., for the use of prisoners.

HENRY H. BOLEY,
JOHN W. DEAL,
PAUL JONES, } Grand Jurors.

Report accepted and adopted by the Grand Jury, October 3rd, 1874.

STEPHEN B. MOORE,
Foreman.

Gentlemen of the Grand Jury: We the undersigned committee appointed by your honorable body to visit the county jails of Sanpete, Millard and Juab counties, having given the jails a thorough inspection, and inquired into the treatment of prisoners when in custody.

Manti, jail, Sanpete county, was visited by Henry N. Larter, Saul Norman and Harrison Edwards, on October 14, 1874. Found the present jail filled almost with building material, lime, etc. Front room is 16 by 21 feet, well ventilated by two twenty light windows; walls are 2½ thick, of rock, iron bars across the windows, plank floor, this is for the use of the prisoners through the day, and at night they are put into cells; these cells, three in number, are six feet wide, 12 feet long, 9 feet high with 3 inch plank thoroughly doweled together and fastened strongly to the rock work; good solid doors of the same material three feet above the level of the ground, and the prisoners are kept from all damp, and good bunks with good bedding worth $40; the present fare is good and all prisoners are treated well, furnished with writing materials and books to read.

The new jail is of the same size, built of red rock block work, with two large windows fronting east, four feet from the ground; the large room is 16 by 21 and 10 feet high; the cells are 6 by 12 and 10 feet high, with a good ventilation running through north and south with small spouts running through the walls of the cells to urinate in, by this method will keep said cells from so much stench; these cells are to be lined with 3 inch red pine wood strongly doweled together, the sleepers for floor are one foot above the level with rock, laid in a compact way and grouted with cement, then a floor of 3 inch red pine, with bunks, a yard 24 feet square 12 feet high, of rock block work, will be built for the benefit of the prisoners, so they can have the benefit of the sun; the doors of the cells are to be iron grating made in Chicago; also a room is in progression for the jailor; when completed we think it will be a very good, strong and healthy jail and will pass inspection. The sheriff has got a good complement of irons and fastenings of all description that is necessary; splendid record books, so it can be seen when a prisoner is brought there, when away, or set at liberty, the crime, etc., etc.

Visited Fillmore jail on the 17, 1874; the jail for present use is under the State House, four feet below the surface, with a four foot window with iron grating of ⅞ round iron, no glass or shutter; the cell is all rock, about twelve feet square, rock floor and liable to be very damp, no bunk, and not very safe, in fact it is like the State House, getting dilapidated and not fit nor safe for prisoners.

The new jail is under the Court House, there is three cells 6 by 9 and seven feet high, rock sides and floor with sheet iron over head, iron grating doors are to be used, no large room, and three feet below the surface looks quite damp, and in fact, in our opinion, we think it is not a fit place to put prisoners in on account of too much dampness and too much confinement, in fact we, the Committee, have condemned the said jail. The sheriff is much of a gentleman and does all he can for the benefit of those who have charge over them; and bad ventilation. This jail is in an unfinished condition.

Visiting Nephi jail on the 20th day of October, we found it situated under the Court House that is in erection, they have one large room 33 by 21 with two windows for ventilation, 9 feet from ground, 2½ feet long by 1½ with grating in front; the cells are three in number, 7 by 9 feet, with arching roof, all rock, about eight feet high in the centre and near six feet at the sides, there is a small hole in the centre of the arch for ventilation, but when the floor is laid all ventilation is stopped; iron grating doors. Prisoners fare is good; no bunks; walls are two feet thick, all rock and rock floor, and six or seven feet below the surface, it is a very unhealthy place, in fact we, the undersigned, consider it no jail, but a thorough dungeon, and not a fit place to put men in and we condemned the same. When the covering or floor is over the large room it will cut off more light and less ventilation. The cells are entirely without fresh air.

Very respectfully,

HENRY N. LARTER,
SAUL NORMAN,
HARRISON EDWARDS
EDWIN HORLEY. } Grand Jurors

Report accepted and adopted by the Grand Jury, Oct. 2nd, 1874.

S. B. MOORE, Foreman.

After presenting the above report the grand jury were discharged from further service.

Court adjourned till 2 p.m.

2 p. m.

Court resumed its session, and after disposing of some law motions adjourned *sine die*.

—*Utah County Times, Nov. 5.*

By Telegraph.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

Last Night's Dispatches.

EASTERN.

$57,000 Fire.

PEORIA, 6.—A fire this evening destroyed Parmlees livery stable, seventy head of horses, seventy-five tons of hay and a large number of carriages, etc.; loss $50,000, entirely uninsured. A number of buildings adjoining were also burned; loss about $7,000, small insurance.

Latest from Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, 6.—The reported majorities from sixty-three counties, embracing the most populous and heaviest democratic counties, give Hardin 32,000 majority. The democrats claim a majority in the State Senate of twenty-five, in the House of Representatives 58.

Republicans Returned.

CHICAGO, 6.—Hurlbut, rep., is elected to Congress in the 4th district by 992 majority; Farwell's rep., majority in the third district is now stated to be 100.

$150,000 Fire.

CINCINNATI, 6.—M. Nerk & Co's candle and soap factory, on Poplar Street, was burned to-night, with the stock and machinery; loss from a hundred and twenty to a hundred and fifty thousand dollars; insurance $60,000.

Democratic Celebration—Thanksgiving Day.

NEW ORLEANS, 6.—The democrats will celebrate their victories in the north by a grand illumination, &c., to-morrow night.

The committee of seventy have resolved, that this committee invite the people of Louisiana to meet at their respective places of worship, on Thursday, the nineteenth of November, to return thanks to Almighty God for their deliverance from political bondage.

Telegraph Lines to be Leased.

BOSTON, 6.—The Franklin Telegraph Company's directors, to-day, voted to lease their line to the Atlantic & Pacific company for 99 years, at a rental not exceeding $25,000 annually.

A Large Majority.

PHILADELPHIA, 6.—Official returns from all but four counties, make Lotta's majority 13,018.

The Democratic Majority.

MONTGOMERY, ALA, 6.—The democratic state majority is not less that 12,000; the democrats in the state legislature have a majority of 29.

Bishops in Session.

BALTIMORE, 6.—The Board of Bishops of the Protestant Episcopal Church convened here yesterday; among those present is Bishop Peck, of California. The sessions are to be strictly private.

The Great Scandal Trial.

NEW YORK, 6.—The case of Tilton *vs.* Beecher will be called up on Monday next in the city court, Brooklyn. Beecher's counsel have appealed from the decision of the court denying the motion for a bill of specifications. Moulton has been summoned to appear on Monday to plead to the indictments for libel on Mr. Beecher and Miss Proctor.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The "Faraday"—The Turkish Dispatch.

LONDON, 6.—A dispatch from the steamer *Faraday*, dated one o'clock this p.m., reports the steamer in lat. 4.91 and long. 37.47, and announces that 1,197 knots of cable have been paid out.

The text of the Turkish despatch to Germany, Russia and Austria, on the Roumania question is published, and fully confirms the brief report of it on the 2nd inst. The Porte is compelled to ask whether, through this fresh blow to the treaty of Paris, the day may not come when human efforts will be powerless to stop the torrent let loose by the successive violation of treaties.

PRUSSIA.

Taken Their Seats.

BERLIN, 6.—Delegates Schoneberg, Wintiner, and Guerber, from Alsace and Lorraine, took their seats in the Reichstag to-day.

BELGIUM.

Notified Austria.

BRUSSELS, 6.—A special from Vienna to the *Independence Belge* says that the Duke de Cases has notified Austria that the French government is convinced that Germany did not inspire the recent Spanish note, and that the German Cabinet, on the contrary, approves the recent policy of France with regard to the enforcement of neutrality on the Spanish frontier.

FRANCE.

Another Blow at the Pope.

PARIS, 6.—*L'Univers* says it is reported that Italy is about to issue a memorandum to the European powers, calling attention to the dangers to Italy from the intrigues of the Vatican, declaring that the government can no longer tolerate the permanent residence of the Pope in its own capital, and asking the powers to discountenance the practice of maintaining ambassadors at the Holy See.

Sorties Repelled.

HENDAYE, 6.—The Carlists report that they have repelled two sorties of the garrison of Irun, and are taking measures to intercept the forces coming to the relief of the town.

TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES.

EASTERN.

The Next Speaker.

WASHINGTON, D. C., 7.—A special says the chances of various prominent gentlemen for the Speakership of the next house are already being canvassed. General Banks, Fernando Wood, S. S. Cox, and ex-Governor Walker are the persons most prominently mentioned, and although it is conceded that the democratic majority will prefer a straight-out party man, it is argued that some compromise may be made or understanding arrived at by which General Banks could be united upon by the democrats and conservative republicans. The republicans now concede the democrats a majority of 73 in the next house.

Adjourned—The Safe Burglary Case.

The court of commissioners for the *Alabama* claims has adjourned till Dec. 3rd.

In the safe burglary trial, to-day, Riddle announced that he was through for the prosecution except one witness, who had not arrived, who would give evidence against Whitely; the Hon. N. B. Smithers then addressed the jury for the defence.

Elected.

WILKESBARRE, 7.—Ketchum, republican, is elected in the 12th district.

$25,000 Fire.

NEW YORK, 7.—Thurber's veneering factory, in Centre St., was burned this a. m., loss $25,000.

The Election in Georgia.

AUGUSTA, GA., 7.—A Key West despatch says the Cubans voted for the republican candidate, thus defeating Henderson, dem., for Congress in the first district. Wall colored, rep., has been elected over Finley, dem., in the second district. The democrats have a majority of twenty in the legislature.

Arrested—Riddled with Bullets.

MEMPHIS, 8.—W. O. Harvey, of the firm of Ely, Harvey & Richardson, Frank R. White, of White & Co., and several other merchants were arrested last evening by U. S. marshal L. R. Eaton, on warrants charging them with a violation of the Enforcement Act, in discharging colored men from their employment for refusing to vote the democratic ticket in August; they appeared before a U. S. commissioner this a. m., and gave bonds of $2,000 each for their appearance at the next term of the U.S. Circuit Court. It is said that five hundred similar warrants have been issued.

Jack Phillips, a negro, who outraged the wife of White, the planter, so brutally that she will probably die, was last night committed to jail, and while on the way, in charge of an officer, becoming alarmed at the crowd, he attempted to escape by running, when he was fired on by the crowd, and literally riddled. The woman outraged was the principal witness in the case.

Another Reverend Falls From Grace.

PHILADELPHIA, 7.—It is reported that Father Gordeman, pastor of the St. Boniface cathedral, has absconded with the lady organist and the church funds; an investigation will be held.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Pope Ill Again—France and Spain.

LONDON, 7.—A despatch from Rome says the Pope intended to receive a deputation yesterday morning, but fainted on entering the hall; the physicians declared that his indisposition was slight.

The *Times'* Paris correspondent telegraphs that there is good reason to believe that the Duke De Cases' answer to Spain's last note, will not be presented on Monday next; a very exhaustive reply is preparing, which is calculated to put an end to the discussion by its completeness, and to give proof of the good will of France.

EAST INDIES.

Sent to Cawnpore.

CALCUTTA, 7.—The native in custody, suspected to be Nana Sahib, has been delivered to the authorities at Cawnpore, for further examination as to his identity.

SPAIN.

The Siege of Irun.

MADRID, 7.—The force engaged in the siege of Irun numbers fifteen hundred; the fire is irregular and ineffectual. The steady advance of the republican army from Vittoria is announced.

FRANCE.

A Reply to Spain.

PARIS, 7.—The Duke de Cases has prepared a specific refutation of all the points in the Spanish memorandum, which he will forward to Madrid on Monday next; he declines to discuss the question of surveillance being exercised by the French authorities on the frontier, because the matter is purely one of an international character. He declines to communicate his reply to other powers, as he disapproves of the course which Spain adopted when sending her memorandum.

CANADA.

In Favor of Church Re-union.

TORONTO, 6.—The synod of the Church of Scotland, in session here, has adopted a motion in favor of re-union, by a vote of 68 to 17.

Clerical Thieves.

MONTREAL, 7.—A clerk in the Savings Department of the Bank of Montreal has decamped with $22,000; and a clerk in the office of William B. Simpson, stockholder, has fled with $15,000.

Fatal Boiler Explosion.

The Eureka, Nev., *Sentinel* of Oct. 22, gives the following particulars of a terrible boiler explosion in that city, through which Edward W. Perrin, recently of Salt Lake, was torn to pieces—

"At about nine o'clock yesterday morning our citizens were startled by a dull, heavy report, the hissing of steam and the crash of a falling building, all combined in one, the denotation of an explosion. The cause of the occurrence yesterday was the explosion of a boiler in the rear of Zottman's blacksmith shop on Main street, and used by Edward W. Perrin in his wood-sawing establishment and barley mill. Fire was started under the boiler at the usual hour, and at the time of the accident, the steam guage indicated a pressure of 120 pounds. The proprietor, Mr. Perrin, was standing with his hand on the throttle, as is thought, turning water into the boiler from the pump. The explosion was a terrible one, shaking the ground for a considerable distance. Perrin was thrown a distance of fifty feet, over the wood-pile in the rear of the building, and fell in the ditch a mangled, broken mass of humanity. The boiler struck a block firmly imbedded in the ground, and careening, assumed a vertical position for an instant, when the fire-box flew off, and flying through the roof, was hurled over the town to a distance of half a mile, near the head of Poverty Gulch. The flying missile weighed over eight hundred pounds, from which fact the force of the explosion can be imagined.

"Mr. Perrin was taken from the ditch where he had fallen, and conveyed to his residence on Buel street, where after four hours of the most agonizing suffering he expired. The boiler was formerly in use at the Phœnix furnace, of locomotive pattern, and thought to be a safe one. The exact cause of the explosion has not been fully determined, but will doubtless be so to-day, at the Coroner's inquest. Mr. Zottman, C. C. Wells and Fred Cldas, who were working in the building at the time of the explosion, narrowly escaped being killed."

The school for girls, lately established by the third wife of the Khedive of Egypt, and which is one of the greatest innovations the country of the Pharaohs has ever seen, is turning out a great success: The lady bought a large house in a thickly peopled locality near the dancing dervishes, erected around it a quadrangle of spacious buildings, handed them over to the Educational Department, but herself defrays the whole cost of maintenance. The school is free to all, and when it had been open only about four months there were 206 boarders and 100 day scholars, all Arabs or slaves. They discard the Oriental vail, and are dressed in frocks, pinafores and shoes, in the English fashion; and they sit, not squatting on the ground, but at desks.

ARRIVALS.

TAYLOR'S HOTEL, Nov. 7.

Mrs W B Pace, Provo; Geo Frandson, O Jensen, Mount Pleasant; Mrs Wm Douglas, Payson; P S Simmons, Bingham; E W Cummings, Sandy; F King, George S Rust, E O Larra, B Smith, R L Pettibone, Payson; E T Baker, J McMahon, Evanston, U P R R; W O Jackson and Friend, A D McDonald, Bingham; R Heppenusk, American Fork; J Dunder; J H Adams, Evanston, U P R R.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in WELLS, FARGO & CO'S Office, Nov. 7th, 1874.

Edmunds W	Kaller J
Frazier R M	Mayor L
Farnham Mrs H	McGlashan C F
Grant Mrs A M	Phelps A S
Gorlinski Maj J	Rodges Miss A
Harrison H	Stephens Jo
Hall M S	Simons H
Hall E J	Whitney J N
Holly Miss M	Wheelock R R

H. WADSWORTH, Agent.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SALT LAKE THEATRE.

Salt Lake Theatre Corporation, Proprietors.
Clawson & Caine, ... Managers.

LAST EXHIBITION.

REDUCTION OF PRICES!

☞ Mr. RISLEY begs to inform the Public that to afford an opportunity to a much greater number to witness his Panorama, he has determined to Reduce the Price of Admission to the following scale:

Parquette, Parquette Circle and First Circle, ... 50c.
Second and Third Circles, ... 25c.

SATURDAY, NOV. 7th, 1874.

Mirror of England;
OR
RISLEY'S RIVER THAMES
AND THE
CITY OF LONDON.

The Picture embraces all the Scenery on the Banks of the Classic Stream, beginning at the source of the River, passing through the City of Oxford, and giving all the Towns, Villages, Castles, Villas, Abbeys, and all places of historic interest on its banks, till it reaches the vast City of London, with its population of Four Million inhabitants. There are represented the Seven Beautiful Bridges; the

Parliament House,

Unexcelled in art and in scenic grandeur; and closing with a splendid Moonlight View of

The Pool of London.

In addition to the Thames, which occupies two hours in passing before the audience, two beautiful views, one the

Town of Cowes

In the Isle of Wight, and the

Clipper Yacht, America,

Winning the Royal Yacht Squadron Cup, will close the performance.

Painted in London by Mr. Phillip Phillips, R.A.A., assisted by Messrs. Haghe, Knell, and Tolbin, R.A.A.

Doors open at 7½ o'clock; commence at 8.

TOWNSEND HOUSE

SALT LAKE CITY

The LEADING HOTEL
OF
UTAH.

JAMES TOWNSEND, Proprietor
d179 tf

JUST ISSUED!
In Pamphlet Form.

UTAH AFFAIRS.

Congress and Polygamy,
Including the
POLAND BILL.

THE ABOVE IS A SERIES OF LETTERS by "VERITAS," intended to give the reader some acquaintance with affairs in Utah, political, religious and otherwise; and to show, in some degree, the real objects certain men have in view, in urging upon Congress special and proscriptive legislation for Utah.

The writer has used, very generally, the language of prominent and disinterested parties, knowing that such matter has the greater weight.

PRICE 25 CENTS.

DON'T BUY

Until you have
CAREFULLY EXAMINED
OUR NEW
TRADE MARK
CRAIGER
AND
LOW RESERVOIR
CHARTER OAK STOVES

As we have 12 Good Reasons why they will do your work

Quick and Easy, Cheap and Clean,

12 CAUSES
They are cheapest to buy.
They are best to use.
They bake evenly and quickly.
Their operation is perfect.
They have always a good draft.
They are made of the best materials.
They roast perfectly.
They require but little fuel.
They are very low priced.
They are easily managed.
They are suited to all localities.
Every stove guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Sold by Excelsior Man'f'g Co., ST. LOUIS, MO.

☞ These celebrated Stoves are kept by Z. C. M. I. and its Branch Stores, also by all the Co-operative Stores in the Territory.
d231 5m eol

FALL AND WINTER TRADE OF 1874-5.

THE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

OF

Z. C. M. I.

Is receiving and opening

A NEW STOCK OF READY-MADE CLOTHING

FOR

Men, Youths and Boys.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS

IN

NEW AND ENDLESS VARIETY.

All the Later Styles of

Cassimeres and Other Piece Goods

FOR MERCHANT TAILORING.

☞ *This Stock was selected from the best Eastern Markets with special reference to the wants of all classes, and will be closed out on the lowest margin.*

MERCHANT TAILORING.

This, as heretofore, will be made

A Specialty in all its Branches,

And remain under the immediate supervision of Mr. McFARLANE, whose experience in this line is a guarantee of satisfaction.

d280 W. H. HOOPER, Supt.

TAYLOR & CUTLER

Would inform their Customers and the Public generally that they have

ENLARGED THEIR STORE

AND MADE IT

Convenient to do a much more extensive business.

They have purchased an

IMMENSE STOCK

OF GOODS,

Consisting of

Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps,
Crockery, &c.,

Which they have marked down

VERY LOW!

☞ *Give them a call before buying elsewhere.*

Immense Bargains!

RELIABLE TESTIMONY.

CARL C. ASMUSSEN,

BEING very desirous to dispose of all his fine Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Field and Opera Glasses, Spectacles, etc., etc., offers a rare chance to the public for investment.

The JEWELRY is selected with the utmost care, both for beauty and excellence. The WATCHES are unexceptionable both for strength and good going.

☞ All goods are warranted.

Appended are testimonials from most reliable gentlemen well known in the Territory:

"The Watch I bought of you in 1873 goes most excellently; never varies a minute; has never had any repairs to it since I got it, although it has been exposed to very hard usage.

A. C. BROWN,
Brakeman U. S. R. R."

"The Watch I bought of you last year has proved to be the best article I ever had, having lost it twice in the water, once at the depth of six feet, besides a great many other hardships, and still goes all with perfect ease, being always right to time.

JOHN SANDS, Camp Douglas."

"The Watch I bought from you is all that can be desired. As a timekeeper it beats anything I ever had, and stands the jilting and rough usage without the least variation.

DANIEL G. BRIAN,
Paper Mill, Salt Lake Co."

And the like high recommends from Messrs. E. W. Chesley, Salt Lake City; C. J. Lambert, Paper Mill, Salt Lake Co; G. C. Lambert, Juvenile Instructor Office; T. C. Angell, Church Architect, Salt Lake City; Cyrus Bates, Tooele City; Bishop R. F. Sheets, City; Bishop S. A. Woolley, City; Archibald Gardner, West Jordan; L. R. Stewart, South Willow Creek, and many hundred others.

☞ *Mark the address and call early.*

CARL C. ASMUSSEN,
Opposite Post Office,
d259 1y SALT LAKE CITY.

S. J. Cornell,

WHOLESALE
AND
RETAIL DEALER
IN

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