

## Local and Other Matters.

FROM MONDAY'S DAILY, AUGUST 2.

**Two Days Meetings at Provo.**—Meetings were held, in the bowery, at Provo, morning and afternoon each day, on Saturday and Sunday last, at which were present Presidents Brigham Young and D. H. Wells, Elders John Taylor, Wilford Woodruff, George Q. Cannon, President Joseph Young, Bishop L. D. Young, and a number of Elders from this city, besides the bishops and thousands of the people of Utah County.

The meeting on Saturday morning was addressed by Elders G. Q. Cannon and L. D. Young, and in the afternoon by Presidents D. H. Wells and Brigham Young.

Sunday forenoon, the speakers were Elders John Taylor and Wilford Woodruff; and in the afternoon President Joseph Young, Elder George Q. Cannon and President Brigham Young.

The addresses throughout were remarkably spirited, the speakers enjoying largely the power of the Holy Spirit, the people being immensely edified and blessed under the instructions imparted.

At the close of the meeting on Sunday morning the following ordinations took place, President Brigham Young officiating—Leonard John Nuttall to be bishop of Kanab; George Holladay, bishop of Santaquin; Harvey Harris Cluff, bishop of the 4th Ward, Provo; and John B. Maiben, Bishop of Manti.

**The Lee Trial.**—The following was received on Saturday evening:

BEAVER, 31st.

Richard S. Robinson, sworn: This witness, formerly Indian overseer at Pinto Creek, is the man to whom Klingensmith and Joel White, as they testified when on the stand, carried a letter from Haight, instructing him to let the emigrants pass. Robinson testifies that he doesn't remember of receiving such a letter. He did, however, see a letter from Haight to John D. Lee. The defendant's counsel asked to prove by Lee what became of the letter, and thus lay the foundation for secondary evidence. They expected to show by Lee that the letter have been lost, and then prove its contents by Robinson, but the court refused to allow the prisoner to be sworn, and therefore excluded the testimony in regard to the contents of the letter from Haight to Lee.

Samuel Jackson, sworn: When Klingensmith was on the stand he testified that this witness sold wheat to the emigrants at Cedar City. Jackson swears that he doesn't remember having sold any wheat to the emigrants.

Bishop here stated that the defense expected some additional testimony to-night, and asked that the court would adjourn until Monday, when the defense would close its testimony in an hour. His request was granted and the court adjourned. It is probable that the case will be given to the jury early next week.

The following was received this afternoon:

BEAVER, Aug. 2.

Deseret News:

The defense, this morning, offered the depositions of Brigham Young and George A. Smith, but the prosecution objected and the objection was sustained.

John M. Macfarlane was recalled and questioned as to the residences of Curtis, Mangram, McMurdy, Harrison, Pearce, Richard Harrison and Carl Shirts; the witness gave what he believed were their residences yet in Utah. The defense rest. There was no rebuttal, and the testimony is closed. The attorneys wrote out their instructions to the Court.

**Normal Institute.**—The Territorial Teachers' Normal Institute commenced its session this morning at 9 o'clock. The call of Superintendent Riggs upon the teachers of the Territory met with a very liberal response, 82 students from eleven counties, whose names are attached below, being present. Exercises commenced by singing "America," the choir being led by Prof. F. M. Bishop.

Prayer was offered by Prof. K. G. Maeser.

O. H. Riggs, Ter. Supt. Common Schools then delivered a short address, laying before the teachers the object for which they were called together, and giving them a hearty

welcome to the Institute. He spoke of the necessity of teachers being qualified for their work, and of having uniformity in their plans, &c. He then placed the Institute in the hands of Dr. J. R. Park, under whose supervision it will be conducted through the session.

Dr. Park further explained the object of the Institute, and stated that he considered its prospects flattering and encouraging. He insisted on the members being punctual in attendance, as they would expect their pupils to be punctual.

Prof. K. G. Maeser was then called on to proceed with his lecture on the Theory and Practice of Teaching, but as most of his time was consumed by the opening exercises, he simply made a few introductory remarks, laying down the plan of the course he would pursue, which will doubtless be very interesting.

Prof. J. M. Coyner then delivered a very interesting lecture on the subject, "How shall we teach Children Arithmetic?" He said the first requisite was "Go slow" 2nd "One thing at a time." First teach the form of one, then its combinations.

The lecture on Oral Grammar by Miss Della Snow was delivered very fluently. She first took up *name words*, then *quality words*, first quality words of number, then those which point out. She will continue her subject to-morrow.

The lecture and exercises on object lessons by Miss M. R. Stultfuth, was intensely interesting. Professor W. H. Rager's lecture on reading, and Prof. F. M. Bishop's on penmanship, were excellent, but further notice cannot be given of them in consequence of present lack of time and space.

Here are the names:

**SALT LAKE COUNTY.**—Mary E. Taylor, Ellen Huey, Inez Earl, Dora Pratt, Lizzie Stevenson, Eloise Crismon, Annie Wells, Emma Wells, Mary Gylam, Professor F. S. Stein, Wm. A. Smith, John M. Coyner, Hyrum S. Standing, Wm. L. Ball, J. L. Heywood, Thomas Wilson, Thomas Alston, Thomas F. Howell, Orson F. Whitney, Joseph E. Wilson, Georgia Mather, Kate A. Miller, Martha A. Hollingworth, Clarissa Smith, Annie Doremus, Mary Price, Annie E. Musser, Ella Dallas, Sarah M. Davis, Elizabeth Parry, Caroline Parry, Nellie Culmer, Annie Mackay, Ada Druce, Rattie Young, Emeline Wells, Louisa A. Ashby, Roxie Tripp, Hortense Long, Abbie Lawrence, E. R. Shipp, Matilda Wilcox, M. A. E. Watmaugh, Annie Hoss, Eliza S. Angell, Emma Rumel, Reinhard Maeser, T. H. Heermaus, William Bradford, Rebecca E. Mantle, G. W. Brown, Charles C. Bartlett, Nathaniel Bawden, Lucy Stringham, Ella E. Despaine, H. Haines.

**SUMMIT COUNTY.**—Lucas W. Peck.

**WEBER COUNTY.**—Charles Wright.

**MILLARD COUNTY.**—A. W. Brown, Jean Hinkley, D. Olsen, Mary M. Callister, Milly Callister.

**UTAH COUNTY.**—Eugene A. Henriod, Delia J. Winters, Augusta Winters, Sarah M. Smith.

**DAVIS COUNTY.**—Leonidas H. Kennard, Lillie Williams.

**SAN PETE COUNTY.**—Mrs. Christenson, Andrew Leslie, Joel H. Child, William Willes.

**BOX ELDER COUNTY.**—Jas. J. Chandler, Elijah A. Box, Wm. Jones, B. F. Cummings.

**JUAB COUNTY.**—Daniel F. Tebbs, Lois Foote, H. Grover.

**CACHE COUNTY.**—Wm. A. Noble, Martha A. Baugh.

## By Telegraph.

## AMERICAN.

**OMAHA, 29.**—The Indian commissioners, while here, made several important discoveries as to the way supplies have been furnished the Indians. One Miller testifies to having put up eighty-seven pounds of flour in sacks that he knows were turned in at one hundred pounds. A beef contractor lost by freezing 700 head of cattle that the Indian agents gave receipts for. The people in this section back Professor Maeser up, many from personal knowledge.

**WASHINGTON, 29.**—The comptroller of the currency has advised the Secretary of the Treasury of the issue of \$1,270,590 additional

national bank circulation for the month ending July 28, 80 per cent. of which is to be retired in legal tender notes, making the whole amount of legal tender notes retired since the passage of the act of July 14, 1875, \$7,244,892. The amount of legal tender notes deposited since July first by the national banks, for retiring their circulation, is \$1,860,910. The whole amount of legal tender notes deposited since June 20, 1874, is \$27,389,967; the total additional national bank circulation issued since June 20, 1874, is \$12,871,482; since Jan. 14, 1875, \$9,056,115; the total national bank circulation outstanding Jan. 14, 1875, was \$351,861,450; on July 28, 1875, \$350,152,53.

Maj. E. Carford, in charge of the mining bureau of the General Land Office, will start on Friday for the Pacific coast, on a tour of general observation into mining matters in the mining districts; he will visit Utah, Nevada and California, and other mining States.

**LONG BRANCH, 29.**—The Board of Indian Commissioners called on President Grant this morning and remained with him till noon. The administration of Indian affairs was earnestly discussed. The President announced his unflinching confidence in the humane and Christian policy by him adopted. The subject of the charges made by Professor Marsh was discussed, and a most thorough investigation of them demanded. Prof. Geo. H. Atherton, and Senator Howe, of Wis., have already gone forward to the Red Cloud agency to serve on the commission of investigation. The President was earnest in pledging the full power of the executive in reforming any branch of the service, and pledged his hearty co-operation with the board, with whom he is in entire accord. Neither the Secretary of the Interior nor the Commissioner of Indian Affairs was present at the conference. The gradual removal of all the Indians in the country to the Indian territory south of Kansas was discussed, and measures were adopted looking to the carrying out of that plan.

The Board of Indian Commissioners have issued an address to the "Christian public" asking their support of a humane policy toward the Indians. They say that this policy, despite the assaults upon it, has been eminently successful, and that the Indians are taking on the manners and occupations of civilized life. In regard to the Indian agents, while they admit that perhaps a few may have become corrupt, they feel confident that the government was never so faithfully served in this respect as at the present time. Neither the board nor the government would be justified in accepting loudmouthed accusations as an evidence of guilt, as most of the charges come from disappointed contractors and traders, whose hope of gain under a more careful letting of contracts and a rigid inspection of supplies is gone; nor, on the other hand, would they be justified in withholding the most rigid investigation when, as in some cases, charges are made by respectable and responsible parties. They appeal to the missionary boards to nominate none but the best men for the position of agents, and state that in all measures of reform they have the cordial support of the government.

**ST. LOUIS, 29.**—A dispatch from a reliable source in the Indian territory says that the reports circulated yesterday that Chief Ross had been assassinated are untrue, he is at home well, and has been in no difficulty; his re-election next Monday is considered certain.

**HALIFAX, 29.**—Senator Kaulback's dwelling and outhouses, at Luneberg, were burned last night, and a servant man and woman were burned to death; the members of the family narrowly escaped.

**NEW YORK, 30.**—Mr. Duncan stated yesterday that at least five-sixths of the letters of credit held against the firm were secured by special deposits or by note drawn for this special purpose, and properly secured, in which the maker agrees to pay such an amount as he may draw against it, and in all such cases these letters formed no part of the assets of the firm. A director of the Mobile and Ohio railway says that the road was financially in a very low condition when Mr. Duncan was elected president, and when the interest on the second mortgage bonds was due, about April, the company was not in a condition to meet it, and an arrangement was made by which the bonds were taken up by Duncan, Sherman and

Co.; but he did not think the money was advanced by the firm, but by Alex. Duncan, who was in Scotland then. Duncan was appointed receiver of the road, the whole bonded debt of which amounts to over \$12,000,000, and he thinks that Mr. Duncan holds a large amount of these bonds, which he originally took as security. This alone, however, could not be the cause of the failure, as the bonds could not have cost, on an average, over 20 per cent. of their face value. In his opinion a very large amount was sunk in the New York and Montreal Railway scheme. It is said that Theodore Moss had sixty thousand with the firm, Henderson and Colville \$30,000, and Wm. Wheatley had a large sum. J. L. Toole holds their paper, which he bought a fortnight ago to the extent of \$30,000; H. S. Montague deposited with them his earnings, and John Brougham had his entire fortune in the house John T. Raymond and Wm. Florence both hold letters of credit of the firm, and many of their professional friends abroad.

On September 1st, Mr. Cleveland will become the publisher of the *Christian Union*, with Horatio C. King, the present business manager and publisher of the *Christian at Work*, as his assistant.

The office of M. Silverburgh, dealer in gold watches and chains and plated goods, 46 Broadway, has been seized by the sheriff, the reason being the alleged discovery that the firm is engaged in swindling operations, by which various merchants have suffered to the extent of forty thousand dollars. It is stated that Silverburgh is stationed in Mexico, where he sells goods shipped by his agent here.

A serious insult to the British flag has been perpetrated by Spanish officials at Puerto Rico: the English mail steamer *Elder*, touching at the port, was brought to by a Spanish gunboat, and the captain compelled to deliver up a passenger who was accused by them of having violated certain Spanish laws.

The liabilities of the Messrs. Mason, of Philadelphia, are now reported to be two millions.

The *World* says that Henry Ward Beecher has decided to give up his usual course of winter lectures, and that he will devote most of his spare time to the building up of the *Christian Union*, writing for it every week a series of articles; and that when not occupied on the paper and free from church duties he will spend his time in completing his life of Christ.

The *Post* says that affairs in Wall street have nearly, if not entirely, returned to the condition they were in before the suspension of Duncan, Sherman & Co., and the markets are now only subject to ordinary influences, and we have a firmer market for gold and foreign exchange, the explanation being, that the news in regard to crops is more favorable for Europe, so that the prospect of a continuance of large grain shipments is fading away.

The assets of J. B. Ford & Co. are stated at \$220,000, largely printing material, and stock and books; their assets, however, are estimated at cost value. Their liabilities are given at \$140,000.

**CINCINNATI, 30.**—The *Gazette's* Indianapolis special says that a cyclone passed through Harveysburg, Fountain Co., Indiana, last Sunday night, tearing houses to pieces, uprooting trees, and sweeping things generally before it. Five women were killed. Among the names of the killed thus far ascertained are Mrs. Sowers, Mrs. Savage, and Mrs. Patterson. A hired girl and a little child of Mrs. Sowers were also among the victims.

**PHILADELPHIA, 30.**—Wool is in moderate demand. Prices easier. Fine and medium 28 @ 32; Texas coarse 24 @ 25; California fine and medium 30 @ 35; Cala. coarse 27 @ 32.

**WASHINGTON, 30.**—The Secretary of the Treasury has directed the retirement of \$1,016,472 legal tenders, that amount being 80 per cent. of the additional national bank notes issued last month. Until further orders the outstanding legal tenders will be \$374,755,108.

Dispatches from Fort Barrancas report two new cases of yellow fever there yesterday, and two deaths, the laundress, and Mrs. Ingalls, wife of Lieut. Ingalls. No new cases are reported from Fort Pickens.

**NASHVILLE, 30.**—A special to the papers from Greenville, Tenn., reports that ex-Prest. Johnson was

stricken with paralysis on Wednesday evening, at the residence of his daughter in Carter Co.; he is lying in a very critical condition, and his recovery is extremely doubtful.

**CINCINNATI, 30.**—Reports from all portions of Southern Ohio, tonight give gloomy accounts of the crops, on account of the damage by rain. The Big Miami river at Cleves is rising at the rate of six inches per hour, and the bottoms are all under water. Three thousand acres of corn, between Cleves and Lawrenceburg, are flooded. At Morrow, Ohio, a terrible rainfall occurred this evening. The Little Miami river is reported to be flooding the town and vicinity. At Marietta the damage done by the storm on Wednesday night was immense. The wheat and oat crops are reported to be entirely washed away, and the Muskingum river is full of floating grain. Rain is reported to be still falling, and great damage is now apprehended from a further overflow of the rivers and smaller streams. The crops are considered lost.

**INDIANAPOLIS, IND., 30.**—Special telegrams from eighty out of ninety-two counties in Indiana and twenty-five of the eastern counties of Illinois, furnish an account of the condition of the crops. The details of damage are remarkably uniform, the best show for wheat being in the extreme northern tier of the Indiana counties; elsewhere but a small portion can be saved, it having sprouted in shock, and at least two-thirds is already ruined.

**SAN FRANCISCO, 30.**—The Democratic State Convention of Oregon nominated Lafayette Lane for Congress; he is a son of General Joseph Lane, is a young lawyer of some ability, and a Democratic politician of the most radical stripe.

A dispatch from Eureka, Nevada, reports a cave in the Eureka Consolidated mine, Ruby Hill; five miners were killed, two of whom had been recovered, and a search was being made for the others.

**NEW YORK, 31.**—The *Sun* says that Augustus Storrs, treasurer of Plymouth Church, has paid to Henry Ward Beecher \$30,000 as the first instalment of the \$100,000 salary.

The *Times* says it is somewhat authoritatively stated that the officials of Plymouth Church intend to raise the \$30,000 additional, to be voted to Beecher, by a mortgage on Bethel. A fund is now being raised by the members of Plymouth Church for the benefit of Bessie Turner.

The *Herald's* London special says the harvest prospects in England have improved owing to the prevalence of good weather. There is a good supply of foreign wheat at present and the continental reports are more favorable.

Judge Barratt, to-day, refused to vacate the order of arrest in the six million suit against Tweed, or to reduce his bail.

**NASHVILLE, 31.**—The following dispatch, addressed to the agent of the Associated Press, has just been received—

"Knoxville, July 31.—Senator Johnson died at half past two o'clock this a.m."

"(Signed) DUNCAN."

**AFTON, Ia., 31.**—On Thursday a.m., Alfred Vansickles, a young farmer, living in this county, while bringing a load of produce to the town, shot and killed his wife, who was accompanying him, and then shot himself; the wife died instantly, but Vansickles was alive at last accounts, but it was thought that death was inevitable. No cause is assigned for the deed.

**CHICAGO, 31.**—Reports from numerous points in Ohio, Indiana, Iowa, Missouri and Illinois, state that the frequent and heavy rains that have visited the northwest during the past week have done great injury to the growing crops, and in some sections whole farms are flooded. Wheat has suffered greatly, and it is feared that this crop will be almost a failure in some localities. In the low lands along the river the water is standing so deep as to prohibit harvesting or cultivation; the crops on high or rolling ground are in a better condition, but the average will probably be low even there.

**NEW YORK, 31.**—Roncetti, the Ablegate, and the Rev. Dr. Ubalde, secretary of the Papal Legation, sailed for Europe to-day; they were escorted down the bay by a steamer containing distinguished clergy and laity.

Soon after the announcement, to-day, of the death of ex-President