

to be covering and the bull feeling was helped by the strong cables and the expectation of a two million bushel decrease in the visible supply.

OMAHA, April 22.—Two hundred and ten Thurston county settlers were summoned to appear in the federal court at Omaha today, in the case wherein the Flournoy Land company asks a permanent injunction restraining Captain Beck, agent of the Winnebago Indians, from ejecting the settlers on the reservation who sub-leased the Indian lands from that company. The case has been a feature of disturbance on the reservation for months. The case will be tried on its merits tomorrow. United States District Attorney Sawyer, who has charge of the case for the government, today asserted that there was danger of trouble from the Indians unless the litigation is adjusted one way or the other at an early date. He returned from the reservation yesterday and is inclined to think that danger is imminent.

Mr. Sawyer says it was just such a case as the present one that precipitated the outbreak among the Winnebagoes in 1862, when they were on their reservation, which was at that time located in Minnesota. He talked with one survivor of the famous fight the other day, and the aged warrior frankly told him that history was likely to repeat itself, and that, with 5,000 fighting men available, they were able to clean out Thurston county some morning, if the question was not soon settled.

Captain Beck is in Omaha and also expresses the belief that trouble will result in this is not settled. He believed that an uprising would be averted unless the Flournoy Land company aggravates the Indians into violent deportment. In the meantime he hoped and believed the Winnebagoes and Omahas would calmly await developments and peacefully abide by his wishes for peace. He said the Indians had good cause for grievance. Even the money collected for Indian children has not been paid. It was a clear violation of guardianship confidence, and when an Indian's child is wronged it generally found resentment in the hearts of the tribe.

The Indians, he said, were now developing a keen interest in the case. They have lately established a relay of couriers, and as soon as information is obtained it is transmitted quickly, and in a few hours all the Indians are posted on current events. When asked why the two Indian policemen now in jail were not released on bail, Captain Beck said he wanted them to remain in jail in order to elude a suit for false imprisonment which he will bring against Sheriff Mullis and others. An example of the temper of the reservation subject, the captain said that one chief volunteered 100 men to prevent the arrest of the two Indian police.

NEW YORK, April 22.—The family of Frederick Baker, after suffering the shock thrown on the dead man's name and reputation through the robbery of the National Shoe & Leather Bank by Samuel C. Seeley have come forward to claim a hearing. On the advice of friends they have chosen this time as the one favorable to their purpose. The public mind has been again directed to the affairs of the National Shoe & Leather Bank by

reason of the discovery that Seeley's brother-in-law, Samuel E. Ayma, a clerk in the bank, is also a defaulter.

Mrs. Baker called on Vice President Hittner at the bank and asked him to refrain from dragging Baker's name into the present affairs. He promised he would refrain. Mrs. Baker then called on Mayor Strong and asked what she should do to bring her late husband's case before the New York police authorities. The mayor referred her to Police Commissioner Andrews. She declared to Mayor Strong she was anxious for a full investigation, satisfied that it would take the blame from the shoulders of the late Mr. Baker and put it where it belonged.

Mrs. Baker talked to reporters for the first time, giving a full history of Mr. Baker's movements for the period immediately prior to her death. She talked frankly of her father's financial affairs. Important disclosures are held in reserve, it is said, by the Baker family. When these facts are ultimately produced they hope to be able to demonstrate the innocence of Mr. Baker.

POMEROY, Ohio, April 23.—A messenger in a buggy dashed into town from Mifflinville at 1 a. m. and stated the village was about to be burned by riotous strikers. Sheriff Hittus went to the place single-handed to reconnoiter. Strikers evidently notified the sheriff of his approach, as they disappeared from the streets before his approach. Last night's outbreak was caused by the report that eighteen non-union miners would go into the mine this morning. The strikers had a secret meeting and resolved to harass the non-union men until they were forced to retreat.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 23.—The United States Supreme Court today through Chief Justice Fuller made the following order regarding the petition for the rehearing of the income tax question: "Too consideration of the two petitions for rehearing is reserved until Monday, May 6th, when the full bench is expected and in the event two counsel on each side will be heard at that time."

Although the order does not explicitly so state, it means the argument will be heard, not on the merits of the income tax question itself, but on the question of whether or not there will be a rehearing of the suits heretofore decided.

Justice Jackson is expected to return by the date named.

Gentlemen familiar with the procedure of the court for many years can recollect but one instance in which like action has been taken. That was in the seventies. No authoritative statement could be secured of the reasons for the order, but the theory is advanced that the court again is evenly divided and that Justice Jackson has been virtually made the umpire of the question of the opening of the case.

COLON, Col., April 23.—The official twenty-four hours' trial for speed of the U. S. cruiser Minneapolis, just completed, was satisfactory to officers. It is reported she earned the bonus depending upon the successful accomplishment of this trial. The cable censorship has been removed.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—An explosion of photographic material today caused a slight fire in the basement of

the patent office. A. G. Flint, an employe was quite severely burned and had to be taken to the hospital. A number of spare copies of specifications and original drawings in patent cases were destroyed. Watchman Perkins was slightly burned.

## NEWS NOTES.

San Luis Obispo, Cal., has raised \$5,000 to erect in the Grand Parlor, Native Sons of the Golden West, in 1896.

The Grangeville (Idaho) *Free Press*, says that a large force of men are at work grading, hauling lumber and framing timbers for the packhouse. Over 100,000 feet of timber will be used in its construction.

Robert M. Beatty, attorney general of Nevada, was attacked by vertigo on Saturday while walking along the street in Carson City and in falling on the sidewalk received a severe scalp wound besides having his face badly lacerated.

Reliable advices from Marysville state, says the Iron county *Record*, that at the Dalton mine a large body of ore has been uncovered. Three men are now at work and this force will undoubtedly be increased to fifteen as soon as the snow goes off so that the ore can be handled.

Beaver Mountain: Between 5,000 and 6,000 acres of land below Milford have been put into grain this fall this spring. The grain is looking fine, it being up from two to five inches above the ground. Some heavy crops are looked for from this section next fall. Plenty of water now for all purposes.

Colonel Thomas P. Robb, who has just returned at his country residence near Glenwood, Cal., gave general Grant his first commission during the civil war. Colonel Robb had charge of the department in Illinois under Governor Yates when Grant acted for a position and Colonel Robb assigned him to a clerkship.

The Blackfoot cattle company (remarks the Iron county *Record*) has sold to B. F. Saunders its entire herd of stock cattle, now ranging in the mountainous parts of Kanab, Kane county. The price agreed upon was \$9 per head, which is considered a low figure for such a class of stock. It is estimated that there are 2,500 head and probably more.

Andrew Ehrick, who has been on trial for three weeks at Butte, Mont., for the murder of Michael Gilmore, an Irishman, a year ago, has been found guilty of manslaughter, and his punishment fixed at one year in the penitentiary. The state, it is said, made out a cold-blooded murder, against which there is almost no defense, and the verdict is received with general disapproval.

The Murray *American* says Mr. Frank Atwood met with a very painful accident the other evening while out bicycling with a lady. The latter, riding ahead, was thrown from her wheel by striking a rock, and in turning to avoid a collision, Mr. Atwood was thrown violently to the ground, striking his left eye on some sharp, loose rock. The lady escaped with a few very slight bruises.