

AT HOME AND ABROAD.

DEMING, N. M., Sept. 14.—Fifty Tomochic Indians surrounded the customs house at Palomas, Mexico, thirty miles south of this city, today. The officers repulsed them. Three of the Indians started for this town, two of whom were wounded. One was caught just south of town and is now under arrest in this place. It is said there are 300 Tomochic Indians in the Florida mountains, fifteen miles south of here. The town is greatly excited.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Sept. 14.—Li Hung Chang arose at 5 o'clock this morning and was kept busy until the departure of the steamer for Hongkong receiving deputations of his countrymen and the civic and provisional officials. He discussed railway construction with the members of the board of trade, stating that much material would be brought to China from Canada for railroads about to be constructed in China. Li thanked the mayor for the protection extended to Chinese, remarking that as he understood Canada wanted population, the Canadian government should welcome Chinese.

As the steamer left the wharf the Chinese started a fusillade of fire-crackers, which was kept up for over an hour.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 15.—(Copyrighted, 1896, by the Associated Press.)—The ambassadors of the powers held a meeting today to lay out a plan for measures of protection of the different embassies and the foreign population generally in the event of the renewal of disturbances here. The plan is understood to include united action of the warships of all the powers, each ship being assigned to a certain position and men to be landed at a given signal to protect the threatened points. The defense of the embassies will also, it is rumored, be considerably strengthened by the increase in the number of men now guarding them and by other precautions which will tend to make them capable of resisting an attack for a considerable time. It is also reported that in possible contingencies the number of additional warships of the powers will reinforce the guardships now doing duty in these waters.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 15.—Two men and twenty-five horses lost their lives this morning in a fire which partially destroyed Albert Mangers livery stable. The fire was discovered shortly after one o'clock. The flames spread so rapidly that only three men and a few horses were able to get out of the building. Fifteen minutes after the firemen reached the scene an unknown man, burned so badly that he cannot recover, was taken out.

At 2 a. m. the body of a man was taken from the ruins. His name and that of the man who was fatally burned are not known, as they were employed but a few days ago. It is reported that still other employees have lost their lives in the fire.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—A representative of the Associated Press was informed today that none of the men arrested on the charge of taking part in the dynamite conspiracy have applied to the United States embassy for

protection, as might be expected were they naturalized Americans. Among the articles found in the pockets of the Rotterdam prisoner was a bill from a chemist at Antwerp (where a complete laboratory for the manufacture of bombs was discovered) for a large quantity, and a letter dated Boulogne-Sur-Mer, Sept. 12th, addressed J. Wallace, in which are the following passages: "If you dare not go to Scotland, come to Boulogne where cowardice can not be tolerated among our brothers."

A dispatch from Glasgow says the police have obtained additional evidence against Edward Bell.

The Exchange Telegraph company this afternoon announces that Sir Matthew White Ridley, secretary of state for home affairs, has ordered the release of Joseph Bell, one of the Carlist dynamiters, from Portland prison.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—The following statement is printed here today:

The Irish National Alliance, which has headquarters in the Potter building, held a secret meeting at the home of one of its members last night and arrangements were made to provide counsel to defend Tynan and Kearney, the dynamite suspects, and prevent them being taken to England for trial. It is said that \$2,000 were subscribed and the fund will be increased to \$50,000 today.

Later an investigation of the statements made proves them without foundation in fact.

LEADVILLE, Colo., Sept. 15.—The Miners' union publishes the following: "The business men have expressed a desire to see the strike settled, and to see it settled amicably. They have also expressed themselves as in favor of the \$2 scale of wages. The Miners' union is ready and willing to assist in bringing about a settlement so that the mines may open up and prosperity once more reign in the camp. In order to do this, to bring the city back to its old position, the Miners' union will agree to lease all of the down-town mines, paying to the owners thereof 25 per cent royalty. The union will drain these mines, operate them and pay the standard scale of \$3. For the faithful performance of this the union agrees to sign a bond in the sum of \$100,000.

CHICAGO, Sept. 15.—A special to the Tribune from Jacksonville, Fla., says: Spanish Consul Sails, who says he represents Minister De Lome, has told J. A. Huan, representative of the Cuban junta here, that if the insurgents would lay down their arms by November 1, Spain would grant complete home rule to the island. Sails said amnesty would be granted to every man who had been in the rebellion, and that Spain would recall General Weyler and name a representative of the crown in Cuba who would be acceptable to the insurgent leaders. Mr. Huan agreed to lay the proposition before the junta, but told Sails it would hardly be accepted, as nothing short of absolute independence would satisfy the Cubans now.

VICTOR, Colo., Sept. 15.—One of the principal owners in one of the greatest

gold-producing mines in the Cripple Creek district of the United States made the following statement today:

"On account of the continued statements of the eastern press, that Colorado is a silver-producing state, and for that reason is for Bryan and Sewall, the owners of gold mines in the state who produce annually more than twenty millions of gold are forming a close corporation for the purpose of demanding of the smelters that they receive payment for their product either in gold coin or gold bullion. In a few days the owners of gold mines will meet at Victor, Colo., to perfect the organization and sign contracts. Fifteen mine owners, representing several of the biggest gold mines in Colorado with an annual production of \$5,000,000, are heading the movement. The gold will be used in paying off employees, and will thus go into circulation instead of into the banks."

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.—The New York produce exchange has filed an important complaint against the railroads comprising the joint traffic association, which carry produce to the seaboard, charging them with making rates and regulations and giving terminal privilege for the purpose of diverting the traffic which should naturally go to New York to other seaboard cities, including Philadelphia, Baltimore, Norfolk, Newport News and Boston. The complaint argues for investigation and the establishment by a commission of just rates, charges, etc., for interstate transportation from Chicago, Buffalo and the West to seaboard cities and markets.

HAVANA, Sept. 16.—The band of Juan Goldado is reported to have burned the farms of Gatera, Chical and Tiraboque, on the canal and seven settlements near Santiago de los Vigos. The insurgents burned several farms in Havana province because the owners refused to pay the taxes levied by the insurgents. Near Palos in Matanzas, the insurgents have burned the tobacco plantations of Herculan and Esperanza, causing a loss of \$400,000. In the last few days they have also burned a large amount of property near Puerto Principe.

Several soldiers of the battalion of Los Navas guarding the trocha at Jucaro, have died from sunstroke. The first 1,000 soldiers of the reinforcements recently arrived from Spain have arrived at Jucaro.

It is reported from Palos, Matanzas, that in consequence of his ungovernable temper, and his immoderate drinking, Insurgent Leader Cadoret was abandoned by Roloff several days ago.

The steamer Santo Domingo arrived here last night having on board twenty officers and 750 soldiers of the reinforcements from Spain.

VIENNA, Sept. 16.—A scientific party from the warship Albatross, it is announced, was attacked on August 10th by natives of Guadalupe, Solomon Islands. A geologist named Fulton, a midshipman and two seamen were killed.

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—A dispatch to the Herald from London says:

The Standard publishes a dispatch from Constantinople saying that the young Turk party is covering the city with placards inciting the people to