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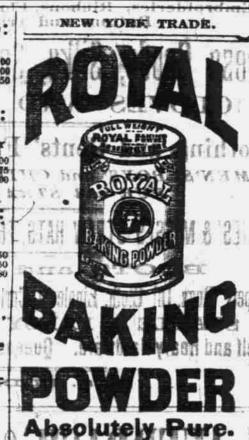
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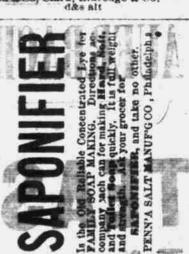
oustantly on hand a complete stock of the GUNEOWDER!
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BRUSHES A MYELT DESCRIPTION, A. W.

PITTSBURGH, PA. Sepresented by JOHN RAB. Barnes & Davis, Messrs. Allen & Co., Cun nington & Co., Clark, Eldredge & Co. d&s alt



UNION HORSE NAIL CO. 1 15



Utah Cracker Factory SALT LAKE CITY.

OUTEN NAME AND PANCO

Territory in Northern Montana. The message was read.

The message was read.

The message was read.

The message was read.

The message to the committee on Indian affairs, and he desired to go with this remarkable message the section of the treaty which had affected the President so sensibly. The committee which had reported the bill had, he said, thought it was regarding the sid, thought it was regarding the sid, thought it was regarding the sid, thought it was regarding the sid establishing thoroughfares through this country and the better to enable the President to execute provisions of this treaty aforesaid, the autions and tribes do hereby consent and agree that the United States may, in the countries respectively occupied and claimed aby them, construct reads of every description, establish lines of telegraph and military posts, use materials of every kind found in the Indian deuntry, build houses for agencie—

Bissions, shools, farms, shops, mills, stations, and for every other purpose for which they may be required, and permanently occupy as much land as may be necessary for the various purpose for which they may be required, and permanently occupy as much land as may be necessary for the various purpose for which they may be required, and permanently occupy as much land as may be necessary for the various purpose for which they may be required, and permanently occupy as much land as may be necessary for the various purpose for which they may be required, and permanently occupy as much land as may be necessary for the various purpose for which they may be required, and permanently occupy as much land as may be necessary for the various purpose for which they may be required, and permanently occupy as much land as may be necessary for the various purpose for which they may be required, and permanently occupy as much land as may be necessary for the various purpose for which they may be required.

Washington, 7.—The President to the committee of purpose of pointing of the republican had disputed by the rep Territory in Northern Montana. The message was read.

may be necessary for the various purposes above enumerated, including the use of wood for fuel and land for grazing, and that the navigation of all the lakes and streams shall be forever free to the citizens of the United States."

The motion was agreed to, and the bill and the message were referred.

The Senate resumed consideration of the amendments to the river and harbor bill.

Harris and Whitthorne argued against the amenement reducing the appropriation for the Cumberland liver above Nashville from \$100,000 to \$50,000. McMillan defended and explained the ction of the committee

mays 23.
Harris argued against the amendment striking out the item of \$2,500 for the Hilwissee River, Tennessee. McMillan defended it, remaking that the Senate was taking on itself the re-sponsibility for appropriations not re-commended by the committee of com-merce nor asked by the board of engi-The amendment was agreed to-year 25, pays 15. Adjourned.

Washington, 7.—The Speaker laid pefore the House the 21 veto messages ransmitted by the President vester-

day, The first message was read and with The first message was read and without comment referred to the committee
on invalid pensions, but the disposition
of the next message vetoing the bill
granting a pension to Erwin L. Harrington consumed more time.

hiatson, of Indiana, moved its reference, pending which Holmes, of Iowa, stated that the reference of the hill would be the end of it. He moved that its consideration be postponed until Friday next—yeas 98, nays 121.

Burrows of Michigan, moved to shend Matson's motion by adding instructions requesting the committee on invalid pensions to report the bill and the message on Friday.

Jackson of Pennsylvania, attacked

Jackson of Pennsylvania, attacked the yeto policy of the President, who, he declared was not actuated by any regard for the worth and merit of the private pension bills. His reason for private pension bills. His reason for vetoing the bills was not that they were unworthy. His reason was apparent on the face of his messages. He was in sympathy with the party opposed to pensioning Union soldiers, and he did not propose that any Union soldiers should be pensioned if he could avoid it. It was said that the President meant right. He did mean right to please a certain element in the country, but not right to please honest and loyal people.

people.

McMillan of Tennessee, said the present President has signed more private pension bills than any other President in the same space of time.

Jackson and he vetoed ten times more

Perkins of Kansas, addressed him-self to the consideration of the pending message and criticised the position taken by the President that soldiers against quarrelsome propensities or unprovoked assaults.

Matson thought that the messages should be considered carefully. The gentlemen on the other side seemed determined the President should have fair play and they would stand by that costilon. It was not fair play to the

President to undertake upon a hasty consideration to pass the bill over his Bragg of Wisconsin, said that there seemed to be an idea in the House that seemed to be an idea in the House that it was the duty of the Presidient to abdicate his office in favor of the majority of the Committee on Invalid Pensions, whenever in the exercise of the constitutional prerogatives given him, he examined legislation to see whether or not it was provident and wise. It was charged that he had perpetrated an outrage on the American people. He (Bracg) maintained that the President was honestly discharging his daty when, in the exercise of his judgment, he sent legislation back to the riouse with his reasons for withholding his

Mation moved its reference to the committee on invalid pensions, and Mr. Browne moved instructions requiring the committee to report it back on or before Monday next.

Browne criticised the action of the President and invoked God's mercy on the man who had the heart to veto the bill for the relief of the widow of a man who died in the line of duty to his country. He sarcastically reflected upon the manner in which the experienced soldier and commander inchief of the army treated his contades. His Excellency belonged to that class of men who during the war were afraid of nothing but danger, but now he stood valorously armed cap a pie with vetoes in his hand between the unfortunate soldiers and the Treasury of the United States. President Cleveland would go down to posterity as the great American objector.

Conger, of lows, resented the language assed by the President as throwing siars on the motives of Congress, and as insulting to the Union soldiers.

Bayne, of Pennsylvania, took the

There is estood looking through a gintheir applause, as they cast the solid wotes in the nominating conventions.

There is estood looking through a gintet of lumber and 3,000,000 of shingles to wote in the nominating conventions.

There is estood looking through a gintet of lumber and 3,000,000 of shingles to wote the hurse to-day. The loss will be the loss and health in the service of their connerty. That was statesmanship! [Applause on the republican side, which was received with answering applause and language or the republican side, and for the next six of some are also fire and it before November. [Renewed applause on the there was received with answering applause and language on the democratic side.] The sentence in the first case there are the self for and disposition of resolutions, the time remaining undersolutions, the time remaining undersolutions, the time remaining undersolutions, the time remaining undersolutions are the self-self-trained and the chair laid be limited to five minutes.

The Senate then resumed consideration of the amendments to the river and harbor bill, but it was temporarily laid aside and the Chair laid before the self-self-trained and with public of the minutes.

The Senate the message of the President vetoing the bill authorizing the construction of railroads through Indian Territory in Northern Mogtams. The message was read.

The TELEGRAPH

The nominating conventions the solid of the feet of lumber and spinous described were hursed to-day. The loss will this of succession that the sense of the received with a sate same shall the success and healthed Cannon.

The sense there are successed to have caught from a reach \$10,000. Insurance, \$1000. Sixty men are thrown out of employs the sense of their proposed to have caught from the feet of their succession. The woods south of Romeo are slightly and sense to shall be successed to have caught from the feet of their proposed to have caught from the feet of their proposed to have caught from the feet of their succession. The wo

Matson drew a comparison between

Washington, 7.—The President to-day sent to the Senate without his approval, a bill granting to railroads the right of way through the Indian reservation in Northern Montana "The reservation referred to," the President says, "stretches across the extreme northern part of Montana with British America for its northern boun-dary. It contains an avec of over 30. dary. It contains an area of over 30,-000 square miles. It is dedicated to Indian occupancy by the treaty of Oct. 17, 1855, and the Act of Congress of April 16, 1864. No railroads are within the immediate approach of its boun-daries, and only one as shown in the recent maps is under construction in recent maps is under construction in the neighborhood leading is its direction. The surrounding country is sparsely settled, and I have been unable to assertain that the necessities of commerce or any public exigences demand this legislation which would affect so seriously the rights and interests of the Indians occupying the reservation. The bill is in the nature reservation. The bill is in the nature of a general right of way for railways through this reservation. The Indian occupants have not given their consent; neither have they been consulted regarding it, nor is there any provision in it for securing their consent or agreement to a location or construction of the railroad. If the United States must exercise its rights of eminent domain over the Indian Territories for the general welfare of

the whole country, it should be done cantlonaly with the request to a the interests of the indians and to no greater effect than the exigencies of the public service requires." service requires. The President then states that bills tending somewhat in the direction of this general character of legislation affecting the rights of Indians, recerv-ed to them by treaty stipulation, have been presented to him during the present session of Congress which have received his reinctant approval though he is by no means certain that a mishe is by so means certain that a mistake has not been made in passing such laws without providing for consent to such grants by the Indian occupants, and etherwise more closely guarding their rights and interests. "I hope," the President says, "that each of the bills as it received my approval would be the last of the kind presented." He says in conclusion: "The bill now before me is much more general in its terms than those which have preceded it. It ignores the right of the Indians to be consulted as to

of the indians to be consulted as to the disposition of their lands. It in-vites a general invasion of the indian country. I am impressed with the be-ilef that the bill does not sufficiently guard against an invasion of the rights and the disturbance of the peace and quiet of the Indians on the reservation mentioned, nor an I satisfied that the legislation is demanded by any exig-ency of public welfare."

NOMINATIONS VIAI The following nominations were Postmasters Jeremish J. Hennessy, White Sulphur Springs, Montana; R. K. Van Vandever, Raton, N. M.; John A. Harris, Chemy, W. T.; J. J. Muller, Ellensburg, W. T.; J. J. Muller,

THE WELL-LA ABRA CLAIM.

The report upon the La Abra Mexi can, was reported to the Senate to-day. It says the country will be satis-ded that its honor has been vindicated by the mere rejection of the convention no substantial foundation. Senator verse to the bill.

St. Paul, 7.—A Bozeman, Montana,

And the proper was a second to the second to int authentic record of a person buing inred by a stroke of lightning at a stroke of the lightning at a stroke of over 10,500 feet and where person was affected internally.

Mr. Edwards was, and not instantly purely and the lightning at the lig

HWAUKEE, Wis.,

LA ITS SEARCHES

great Tory victory in Leominster put the Liberals in gloom. The Pall Mall Gazette commenting in an early edition on the returns says: ing into route. Yesterday's defeats assumed the proportions of a catastro-

at Clackmannau.
The Gladstonihns have gained Carion of Armagh, have been elected with-

mainon instrained were drawned. The name of only one unfortunate could be learned, viz.: V. G. Steaff. Four men were seen engulfed in the breakers directly beneath the lighthouse on Cape Hancock, which is precipitous, being 200 feet high. The storm was so violent as to make it impossible to render aid. Fishing boats were smashed against the rocks. clared informal. creased Tory votes. Three Brothers Killed.

Henrietta, Texas, I.—Lewis, Elmeriand James Smith, brothers, were
killed this morning in Clay county.
They tried; to stop the erection of a
fence on a property claimed by them. A
fight ensued between them and the
builders of the fence, in which the
three brothers were shot to death.
The party of fence builders surrendered. Earthquake in Spain. Barning in Brussels.

Forw.Wonre, 7.—The suffering from the long drought in Western Texas is unprecedented, rain to any extent not having fallen for 14 months. Cattle are starving. In many localities the settlers are selling their farms for mere trifles and leaving for the East in able to be settlers.

The Drought.

It is entire right wing of the University of Brussels was burned to-day. A portion of the library was saved. Loss, \$200,000.

Submarine Cables.

London, 7.—The British Chambers of Commence have agreed to favor the neutralization of all submarine telements. ject poverty

Fatally Injured.

DENVER, Col., 7.—A Breckenridge special to the Republican says: Edward Welch, a so i of Judge Welch, of Brooklyn, New York, was thrown from his norse here yesterday while riding a race, and received internal injuries from which he is not expected to re-

Another Swindler. Savannah, 7.—Wm, Tilghman Owen, superintendent of the Planters' rice pillaged several Montenegrin villages, killing some of the inhabitants and capturing advances on bogus warehouse receipts, he swindled four of the city canks out of \$25,000.

Alt Mands Lost. KEY WEST, Fla., 7.—Two seamen who arrived here to-day from Havana report the loss of the schooner Sea Gull of Key West and all hands, on the north side of Cuba, on June 28th.

Eondon, Ont., 7.—A great sensation was caused here to-day by the announcement of the flight to the United States of Edward Harris, member of a prominent firm of solicitors. Besides taking \$20,000 in cash and various funds belonging to wealthy clients, he leaves his business in a serious state of entanglement. The total loss is not known, but it is supposed to be about \$40,000. It is believed Harris is temporarily lasane.

ris is temporarily insane. St. Louis, 7.—Judge Van Wagner of the Criminal Court to-day overruled the Criminal Court to-day overruled the Criminal Court to-day overruled attorneys for a new trial. As soon as the prisoner shall have been sentenced, an appeal will be taken to the Supreme Court. If this shall prove unsuccessful the case will be taken to the United States Court on the ground that the State law which allows a prosecution more challenges of unors than the demore challenges of jurors than the de-fense is unconstitutional.

New York, 7.—John Warren, a mid-dleaged Canadian, who, with his son has been living in a flat on Ninth street for a few mouths, this morning shot his son dead and then killed himself. No cause for the crime is known. Propeller Sunk.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., T.—The propellbe a total less. She is insured for \$15, 6000. The cargo consisted of silks, cottou, boots, shoes, wire and iron to the value of \$500,000. The less on cargo will be at least \$300,000. The resured. Base Ball. Detroit,7.—Philadelphia 6, Detroit 2,

FOREIGNA

THE POLITICAL OUTLOOK. The Last Hope of the Home Rulers Fasting. nors of War Between Russia and Apetrie.

Lexbon, 7.—Special dispatches agree in describing the outlook in the East as gloomy. The massing of British troops in Bessarabia has caused great anxiety.

The Daily Chronicle's correspondent at Constantinople says there is a gen-eral belief that war between Russia and Austria will not be long delayed. The Russian government is pressing the Porte to pay the indemnity due A dispatch to the News from Salonica

says the Russian agents are swarming all over Macedonia. The Russian

all over Macedonia. The Russian newspapers urge Russia to intervene in Bulkaria unless Frince Alexander be apeculiy deposed by his own subjects.

The European newspapers recard Russia's action at Batoungus a reply to England's sympathy with Bulgaria. The English Government will take no isolated action with regard to the closing of the port of Batoun by Russia, but will merely join the other powers in sending a diplomatic protest.

INCREASED TORY VOTES. Gladstonian bas been re-elected marthen, the member representing the district in the late Parliament having voted against the Home Kule bill.

Mr. T. L. Carew (Parnellite) in the north division of Kildare, and Mr. A.

Blaine (Parnellite) in the south division of the south division d

out opposition.

McCartney (Conservative) has been elected in Antrim, the Nationalist candidate's nomination having been de-The Tories gained the north and south divisions of Westhamm and Acrington, and the southport divisions of Lancashire. Every poll shows in-

Madrid, 7.-A severe shock of earth-

The heat in this city was so overcompelled to autourn before reaching a vote on the budget estimates. BRUSSELS, 7.-The Great Hall and the entire right wing of the University

graphic cables. The Cholera. Rome, 7 .- The cholera returns today are as follows: Venice, 2 new cases, 1 death; Brindisi, 189 new cases, 71 deaths; Latiano, 70 new cases, 26

deaths; Sanvito, 32 new cases, 4 deaths; Tortana, 76 new cases, 34 deaths. Pillaged Villages. LONDON, 7 .- Advices received here say that on the 2d instant a body of Albanian Mussulmans attacked and

Albanians, capturing and killing a number of them. Anti-Somitte Blot. BRUSSELS, 7.--An anti-Semitic riot is reported in Dolginoff in the government of Minska, Russia. The gover-nor, at the head of a military force finally succeeded in restoring order. During the disturbance 23 persons

were injured, 9 of which are in a criti-Blazing Fire. Paris, 7.—Marsh & Bro.'s oil factory at Dunkerque has been burned. The loss is 2,000,000 trancs. Five hundred

IN NEW QUARTERS.

Messrs. Lord & Thomas, in Chicago the well-known and popular Advertis ing Agents, are about to move into new their appointments, that they deserve more than a passing notice. The building, Nos. 45, 47 and 49 Ran-The building, Nos. 45, 47 and 49 Ran-dolph Street, between State and Wa-bash Avence, is at once the most strik ing in appearance and the most elegant in Chicago; built of sandstone, it is 70 by 174 feet, practically fireproof, and lighted on four sides. Three large ele-vators and two spacious stairways give abundant facilities for passengers and

Messrs. Lord & Thomas will occup the entire third floor, giving them a superficial area of nearly 12,000 square nnbrokes by partitions, save a private office in one corner, thus bringing the entire working force of about sixty clerks into one spacious room, certainly the largest office of any advertising agency in the country, if not the largest business office of any kind on

largest business office of any kind on the continent.

The various departments are so arranged, that the work passes along with almost mechanical regularity.

While the entire appointments are elegant, the filing department is arranged on an entirely new principle, which amounts to an important invention. Heretofore advertising agents have filed their newspapers in wooden tion. Heretofore advertising agents have filed their newspapers in wooden pigeon holes, which not only excluded the light, but eaught and retained the dust, and thus proved a nuisance. The new filing department of Messrs. Lord & Thomas is made entirely of wire work; a separate compartment is made for each newspaper, magazine and periodical in the U. S. and Canada, about 14,000 in all. The various sections are suspended from the ceiling, and hang clear of the floor, leaving a space under each one so that the entire floor can be swept.

Space will not permit us to describe this important improvement in detail. The principle upon which it is constructed will be covered by letters patent.

The Chicago Safe and Lock Conseconstructing for the firm one of the largest sates ever built in Chicago.

Our friends who wish to see a copy of our panes when in Chicago, can slower panes when in the canal can be considered by the canal can be can be considered by the canal can be considered by the canal can be can be considered by the canal can be can of our paper when in Chicago, can si-mays find it on file at the Agency of Mesers Lord a Thomas. dswa

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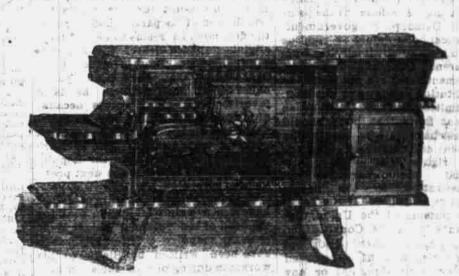
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