CONFERENCE GETTING TO WORK

Marques Visconti Makes Significant Reference to International Chamber of Agreement.

CONTRABAND ARMS REPORT.

Five of 16 Articles Adopted—Remainder to be Discussed Wednesday—Adjourns for Alfonso's Feat Day.

Algeciras, Jan. 22.—The international conference on Moroccan reforms assembled at the town hall this morning. The presiding officer, the Duke of Almodovar, read messages from the Spanish senate and chamber of deputies expressing hope for a successful issue of the conference. The Marquis Visconti, head of the Italian mission, replying in the name of the delegates made a significent reference to the international character of the agreement to be concluded here. This was interpreted as referring to the Franco-German difficulty over the question of the international control of Morocco.

The conference adopted 5 of the 16 articles contained in the report on contraband arms. Then, as the sitting had lasted two and a half hours, discussion of the remaining articles went over until Wednesday, tomorrow being reserved for the ceremonies attending the feast day of King Alfonso.

The discussion brought out a lengthy discourse from Sidi Mohammed el Mokhri, the second of the Moroccan delegates, concerning Morocco's general attitude toward the conference. As he spoke in Arabic, the delegates listened silently, not comprehending a word. Later they decided to have a translation distributed to the members of the conference.

The next incident occurred when M. Reval, head of the French mission, answering the Moors' request for time to refer certain features of their report to the sultan, remarked that the Moors appeared desirous to refer some portions of it and not to refer others. Thereupon Sidi Mohammed declared that they were obliged to refer everything, without exception, to the sultan.

This brought on a discussion among the delegates showing that they are all similarly obliged to refer important points to their respective governments.

The draft of the report under discussion, besides providing repressive laws by the powers, charges the Moroccan customs authorities with the repression of contraband along the coast. Before seizing a foreign ship they must notify the legation of the country to which the ship belongs and, pending action on the part of the legation at Tangier, the Moroccan authorities shall install a guardian on board the ship.

Upon the legation's approval of the seizure the contraband cargo will be condemned, the proceeds going to Morocco's treasury, while the fines will be distributed between the informers and the Moroccan treasury.

The draft gives France exclusive control over contraband on the Algerian frontier and gives Spain exclusive control along the frontiers of Spain's possessions in Morocco.

The general principle of the plan is to leave the coast surveillance with the Moroccan customs, but as the question of France's administering the customs comes up later the Franco-German contention remains open.

The plenipotentiaries were entertained at today's sitting of the Moroccan conference by an almost continuous skirmish between M. Revoil, head of the French delegation, and Count von Tattenbach, the second of Germany's delegates. While the amenities were carefully observed, the other delegates were conscious that today was the beginning of fresh controversies between France and Germany which are likely to be long protracted and of increasing earnestness.

The efforts displayed by the two plenipotentiaries suggested their differences of race. M. Revoil was keen, analytical of mind, skillful in fine diplomatic phrasings and with a grace of expression and a winning personality. Count von Tattenbach was downright of speech and soldierly in manner, trusting to the solidity of his ideas and to his facts.

The two plenipotentiaries are not in sympathy and draw apart outside the council room. Both are of high ambition, and it will be difficult for either to yield to the other.

ANNIVERSARY OF "RED SUNDAY" VERY UNEVENTFUL

St. Petersburg, Jan. 22, 11:05 a. m.—The frequent patrols in all the streets this morning are marched at wide intervals in "bomb formation." This is almost the only indication that today is the anniversary of "Red Sunday." The stores are all open and the ordinary life of the city is proceeding as usual. Up to 11 o'clock no trouble of any kind had been reported.

The streets were crowded with people, many of them wearing bands of crepe on their arms.

IN WARSAW.

Warsaw, Jan. 22.—The anniversary of "Red Sunday" in St. Petersburg is being observed here today by a strike of the employes of the factories which has already been marked by Bloodshed. A detachment of infantry fired on a number of Socialists who were compelling shop keepers of the Withoski market to close their establishments.

SKIN ECZEMA IN WORST FORM

Black Splotches All Over Face—Produced Severe Itching—Year's Treatment by Physicians Did No Good and Became Despondent—Affected Parts Now Clear as Ever—Alabama Lady's

CURE BY THE CUTICURA REMEDIES

"About four years ago I was afflicted with black splotches all over my face and a few covering my body, which produced a severe itching irritation, and which caused me a great deal of annoyance and suffering, to such an extent that I was forced to call in two of the leading physicians of my town. After a thorough examination of the dreaded complaint they announced it to be skin eczema in its worst form. They treated me for the same for the length of one year, but the treatment did me no good.

"Finally I became despondent and decided to discontinue their services. Shortly afterwards, my husband in reading a copy of a weekly New York paper saw an advertisement of the Cuticura Remedies. He purchased the entire outfit, and after using the contents of the first bottle of Cuticura Resolvent in connection with the Cuticura Soap and Ointment, the breaking out entirely stopped. I continued the use of the Cuticura Remedies for six months, and after that every splotch was entirely gone and the affected parts were left as clear as ever. I have not felt a symptom of the eczema since, which was three years ago.

"The Cuticura Remedies not only cured me of that dreadful disease, eczema, but other complicated troubles as well; and I have been the means of others being cured of the same disease by the Cuticura Remedies, and I don't hesitate in saying that the Resolvent is the best blood medicine that the world has ever known." Lizzie E. Sledge, 540 Jones Ave., Selma, Ala.

Oct. 28, 1905.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Soap, 25c., Ointment, 50c., Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60), may be had of all druggists. Potter Drug and Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, Mass. ☞ Mailed Free, "The Cuticura Skin Book," and "How to Cure Disfiguring Humors."

VENEZUELA TREATS TAIGNY CASE LIGHTLY.

Willemstad, Jan. 22.—Advices received here today say that the dean of the diplomatic corps at Caracas, the Belgian charge d'affaires, has conferred with Senor Ybarra, the Venezuelan foreign minister, on the incident attending the embarkation of the former French charge d'affaires, M. Taigny, on board the French steamer Martinique off La Gayra Jan. 14.

The Belgian official pointed out that the diplomatic corps considered M. Taigny to be a member of the corps until removed by his government and asked the foreign minister for an explanation of the position of the Venezuelan government to the members of the corps.

Senor Ybarra evaded the request of the Belgian representative and treated the Taigny incident lightly remarking that M. Taigny had "allowed himself to be caught like a rat in a trap."

There is a great lack of news at Caracas. The people of Venezuela are entirely ignorant of the situation.

PUBLIC HEALTH MENACED BY DISEASED ALIENS.

Boston, Jan. 23.—In the course of an official inspection here today United States Commissioner of Immigration F. P. Sargent expressed the opinion that the public health was menaced by the existing condition of immigration due to the exposure of healthy aliens to aliens that are diseased. Mr. Sargent said that the only adequate method of dealing with the problem is for the United States to place competent medical inspectors at the port of embarkation, whose duty it would be to ascertain first of all the physical fitness of the emigrant for entrance into this country. Such a method not only would protect in great measure the American public from contact with aliens exposed on shipboard to a contagious disease, but it would protect the healthy aliens from contact with such disease. Instead of spending his time and his money on the long voyage across the Atlantic only to have all his hopes dashed by the deportation order of the United States officials, Mr. Sargent pointed out that the immigrant would be made to realize that he could not enter this country.

COL. W. D. MANN AS A BORROWER.

Editor of Town Topics Tells of Transactions With the Great Rich.

HE GOT NEARLY $200,000.

J. P. Morgan, J. R. Keene, W. K. Vanderbilt, W. C. Whitney and Other Prominent Financiers.

New York, Jan. 22.—Col. W. D. Mann, editor of Town Topics, testified at the Hapgood criminal libel trial today that he had borrowed nearly $200,000 from J. P. Morgan, James R. Keene, W. K. Vanderbilt, William C. Whitney and other prominent financiers. Many of these loans never were repaid, so far as Col. Mann could recall, and others were paid in stock of Town Topics at $1,000 a share.

The largest single loan was obtained from James R. Keene, who loaned the Town Topics editor $90,000. From W. K. Vanderbilt Col. Mann obtained $25,000; from J. P. Morgan, $2,500; from W. C. Whitney, $10,000; from Collis P. Huntington, $5,000; from John W. Gates, $20,000; Charles M. Schwab, $10,000; Thomas F. Ryan, $10,000.

When Col. Mann testified that many of these loans were paid in Town Topics stock at $1,000 a share, James W. Osborne, counsel for Mr. Hapgood, asked if the par value of the stock is not $10 a share. Col. Mann replied that it was.

A contract was produced showing that $2,500 was paid by William J. White of Cleveland for a subscription to "Fads and Fancies," the book which was issued under Col. Mann's direction.

Mr. White's name was not in this book and Col. Mann was asked why Mr. White paid the money. He replied that he did not know, and that, learning that Mr. White was a prominent Cleveland man, he had approved his subscription. The price of a subscription to "Fads and Fancies" was $1,500, and Col. Mann was asked what Mr. White paid the extra $1,000 for.

He wanted four pages instead of two, Col. Mann replied.

Col. Mann's dealings with United States Senator W. A. Clark of Montana were taken up by Mr. Osborne. The witness said he never received any money from the senator.

"There was a series of articles about members of his family?" Mr. Osborne asked.

"I am not aware of it," said Col. Mann.

"That series was stopped and you became friends with Senator Clark?"

"Yes."

"How did you become friendly with him without money?"

"There was some correspondence with him," said the defendant. "The senator came to my office and talked for an hour or two. He said he was building a railroad. He said he was going to issue bonds only when the road was completed and that I could have some of the bonds then. From that day to this I have not seen Senator Clark."

"Did you ever borrow from Charles Schwab?" asked Mr. Osborne.

"I applied for a loan of $10,000 from him on stock of the Alger-Sullivan Lumber company, and he agreed to take the stock and give me the $10,000."

"Did you get it?"

"Some one brought the money in the office and it was left there, but I did not handle it."

"And you don't know who it was that brought the money?"

"No."

Taking up the loan from W. K. Vanderbilt, which Col. Mann said might have been $25,000, Mr. Osborne asked:

"It is not agreed that his name is never to be printed in Town Topics?

"No."

"Did you not tell Mr. Wayne, your managing editor, that if he said anything about W. K. Vanderbilt in your paper or even mentioned his name at all it would be taking money out of your mouth?"

"I did not," answered Col. Mann.

The relations of the Equitable Life Assurance society to Town Topics was then taken up. Col. Mann testifying that the paper printed advertisements in several languages for the Equitable.

"Did you not have the story of the row in the Equitable long before it became public, and did you not suppress that story because of your friendly relations with Mr. Hyde or for other reasons?" he was asked.

"No."

"Did not a woman bring you the story of the quarrel in the Equitable?"

Col. Mann answered: "I now have a faint recollection that a woman who said she was a stenographer or clerk in the Equitable office came to my office and said she knew the facts about a fight inside the company, but I paid no attention to her. A day or two later the whole thing about the Equitable came out in the papers."

From R. P. Fowler the witness said he had borrowed $2,000 or $300.

Mr. Osborne read a clipping from Town Topics about a member of the family of J. B. Baker of Baltimore, which, he said, had been sent to Mr. Baker from the Town Topics office.

Col. Mann denied that it was a practise to send such clippings to those whom the Town Topics wished to subscribe for the paper. He said he did not know Mr. Baker or any member of his family, but that Mr. Baker had called at his office to complain about the manner in which the paper had treated his family.

Col. Mann said that there were perhaps three or four persons who paid $1,500 apiece for the book called "Fads and Fancies" whose names did not appear therein. They did not care to be mentioned in the book, he said.

The witness said that for $10,000 he gave Mrs. Collis P. Huntington two copies of the book "Fads and Fancies." Here Mr. Osborne rested the defense of Mr. Hapgood's case.

After recess Dist. Atty. Jerome recalled Col. Mann to the witness stand. Col. Mann told of a transaction which he said he had with Perry Belmont. Mr. Osborne had asked him whether he sold Mr. Belmont Town Topics stock and whether the lawyer, Abraham Hummel did not come to him, representing Mr. Belmont, concerning a story in Town Topics. Col. Mann replied that Mr. Hummel may have come to him concerning a story, and that he sold Mr. Belmont stock many years ago.

"I frankly told Mr. Belmont," said the witness to Mr. Jerome, "that I was in straightened circumstances and wanted him to subscribe to some stock in Town Topics. He left my office saying he would see me again, but that was the last I saw of him."

Col. Mann testified, however, that many years ago he sold Mr. Belmont some stock. Of the $90,000 which he borrowed from James R. Keene, Col. Mann said that he had paid back all except $46,000 and that for this amount he gave Mr. Keene a second mortgage on property worth $108,000.

The stockholders of Town Topics, Col. Mann testified, are W. R. Vanderbilt, 25 shares; John W. Gates, 20 shares; Howard Gould, 20 shares; Dr. Seward Webb, 20 and the balance of the shares are owned by Justice Joseph M. Deuel, Col. Mann and his wife and daughter. Col. Mann said that he, himself, owned but one share of the stock. In accounting for Justice Deuel's connection with Town Topics he said:

"He has been kind to us, my daughter and myself, and we felt that when we could repay him we should and we did by giving him some of our own shares."

Just before leaving the stand Col. Mann said: "I forgot to say that W. K. Vanderbilt sent me back my notes and later returned me the stock." The witness had previously testified that he repaid a $25,000 loan from W. K. Vanderbilt by giving him 25 shares in the Town Topics stock.

Here the prosecution announced that it rested its case, and Mr. Osborne began summing up for the defense, on the evidence of the prosecution. The defense has several witnesses who will probably be called tomorrow.

Mr. Osborne, in summing up, compared the Town Topics publication to the story of the Three Fates painted on the wall of the courtroom. In this comparison the agent of the paper was the spinner, Judge Deuel was the measurer and the old man whom Mr. Osborne called the king of assassins of reputation was Col. Mann.

"We claim it was disgraceful," Mr. Osborne continued, 'for a judge to be connected with such a paper. We claim that Judge Deuel, a judge of a children's court, read the proofs of this vile Town Topics.

"We claim it was disgraceful for a judge to be connected with a paper that aimed at the destruction of the purity of the youth of the country. We claim Town Topics produces scandal. Judge Deuel and Col. Mann know they were building a power of terror that was felt all over the land.

"Col. Mann went to Oliver Belmont, a man he did not know, and boldly asked him for money. But Belmont would not give up, and he was bad Oliver in Town Topics ever after. But Perry Belmont gave up, and he was the good Perry.

"Judge Deuel, our trustee by law, sits in judgment on our libel suits and goes down and reads proofs for Town Topics.

"Col. Mann demanded money and did is so boldly that one millionaire gave him the money and told him for 'God's sake take back your notes and your stock.'

"Judge Deuel was connected with a paper that was a venomous swamp of libels. They were like the poisoned arrows of the Bushman. They were sent from ambush. A verdict against Hapgood is a verdict against decency and a love of virtue in this community."

Here adjournment was taken until tomorrow morning.

A CHINESE MINOR.

He Must Have a Certificate as Well as An Adult.

El Paso, Tex., Jan. 22.—United States Commissioner Howe today decided that a minor son of a Chinese merchant residing in the United States is not entitled to admission to this country without a proper certificate. Wah Chin, in whose case the decision was rendered, was ordered deported.

At his trial it was brought out that there are schools in Mexico that give instructions to Chinamen how they may answer the questions of immigration officials when arrested in the United States.

CONDITION OF TRUST COMPANIES

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 23.—Supt. Kilburn of the state banking department yesterday issued a statement showing the condition of the 82 trust companies in this state on Jan. 1, 1906. This statement is based on the extra report called for by the state banking department in order to afford comparison with the January report in previous years. The total resources are $1,312,799,130, a decrease of $51,216,885 as compared with Jan. 1, 1905, when the total resources were $1,364,016,015. The aggregate of the loans on collateral is $858,945,362, a decrease of $24,504,352, as compared with the aggregate on Jan. 1, 1905, when it was $881,449,735. The surplus, however, has increased $55,022,453. It is now $159,487,998, while one year ago it was but $104,465,045.

PILES CURED QUICKLY AT HOME

Why Suffer Agony Any Longer When You Can Get a Quick, Sure Cure For Your Piles by Simply Sending Your Name And Address.

Trial Package Is Sent Absolutely Free, In Plain Wrapper, to Everyone Who Writes.

Surgeons themselves consider a permanent cure of piles by a surgical operation as very doubtful, and resort to it only when the patient has become desperate from long continued pain and agony. But the operation itself is every bit as excruciating and nerve-racking as the disease. Besides, it is humiliating and expensive, and rarely a success.

The wonderful Pyramid Pile Cure makes an operation unnecessary. You cure yourself with perfect ease, in your own home, and for little expense.

Pyramid Pile Cure gives you instant relief. It immediately heals all sores and ulcers, reduces congestion and inflammation, and takes away all pain, itching and irritation. Just a little of the treatment is usually sufficient to give a permanent cure.

Pyramid Pile Cure is prepared in the form of suppositories so they can be applied directly to the parts without inconvenience, or interrupting your work in any way.

We are sending a trial treatment free of charge, to every one who sends name and address. We do this to prove what we say about this wonderful remedy is true.

After you have tried the sample treatment, and you are satisfied, you can get a full regular-sized treatment of Pyramid Pile Cure at your druggist's for 50 cents. If he hasn't it, send us the money and we will send you the treatment at once, by mail, in plain sealed package.

Send your name and address at once for a trial of this marvelous quick, sure cure. Address Pyramid Drug Co., 1183 Pyramid Building, Marshall, Mich.

W. S. HUDSON,

DENTIST
107 South Main St.

The very first requisite for beauty, health, strength, economy, pleasant smiles, and pretty teeth is the services of an artistic, scientific experienced Dentist

WANT AND NEED.

There's a big difference between what a baby wants and what he needs. Deny him the one, give him the other. Most babies need Scott's Emulsion—it's the right thing for a baby. It contains a lot of strength-building qualities that their food may not contain. After a while they get to want it. Why? Because it makes them comfortable. Those dimples and round cheeks mean health and ease. Scott's Emulsion makes children easy; keeps them so, too.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York.

WOMAN KILLS A MAN.

Mrs. E. B. Whiten Puts Five Bullets Into W. B. Fairless.

Memphis, Tenn., Jan. 23.—A special to the Commercial Appeal from Marks, Miss., says:

W. B. Fairless was shot and killed today by Mrs. E. B. Whiten, the widow of a man whom Fairless killed several months ago at Essex, this county. Mrs. Whiten entered a store as Fairless was leaving. Seeing Fairless she emptied her revolver at him, five of the bullets taking effect. He died almost instantly.

DENVER & RETURN $20

Via D. & R. G., Jan. 27, 28.

Tickets limited to Feb. 10th. Three fast trains daily. See any D. & R. G. Agents for particulars.

MANUFACTURERS & MERCHANTS'

Excursion to Logan

January 24th, via O. S. L. Round trip only $2.50, tickets good for return to January 25th. Special train leaves Salt Lake 8:00 a. m., returning reaches this city at 11:30 p. m. See agents.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

Cures Colds, Croup and Whooping Cough.

The Lester

Grand and Upright

PIANOS

Are As Near Perfection As They Can Be. The most remarkable piano ever built. Take One Home For

$10.00

Daynes & Romney Piano Company,

25-27 E. FIRST SOUTH.

CALL FOR, GET.

Use and Take No Other.

Social Bread and Cakes

DR. WEST

DENTIST.
261 Main. Sign Didn't Hurt a Bit Boy.

"THE LAGOON ROAD."

Salt Lake & Ogden Railway.
SIMON BAMBERGER,
President and General Manager.

Time Table in Effect Nov. 26, 1905.
LEAVE SALT LAKE.
6, 8:30, 11 a. m.; 2, 4:30, 6:30 p. m.
LEAVE LAGOON.
7, 9:30, 12 m.; 3, 5:30, 7:30 p. m.

STOCKMEN

BUY UNION PACIFIC R. R. COMPANY LANDS

Large *and* Small Tracts *of* Good Range Lands in

UTAH AND WYOMING

This Will Be Your Last Chance to Purchase GOOD RANGE on Such LIBERAL TERMS *and* LOW PRICES. Full Particulars *of*

E. J. WILLS, Agent

U. P. R. R. Co. Lands,
15 W. 2nd South St., Salt Lake City, Utah.

4 = TRAINS DAILY = 4

EAST

VIA

UNION PACIFIC OVERLAND

This includes the famous

OVERLAND LIMITED

and the new

LOS ANGELES—CHICAGO LIMITED

Strictly Twentieth Century, Vestibuled, Electric Lighted—Steam Heated Trains—operating Pullman Palace Sleepers; incomparable Observation—Library and Dining Cars of the very latest manufacture.

ONLY 42 HOURS, SALT LAKE TO CHICAGO.

City Ticket Office, 201 Main St.

COLORADO-UTAH

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY

SHORT LINE.

TO ST. LOUIS.

Through car Salt Lake City to St. Louis and Kansas City. Only one change to New York, Buffalo and principal points east—low rates for summer travel.

Especial attention to ladies and children.

Tourist sleepers through to Chicago, Boston and other points, without change.

TWO TRAINS DAILY.

Inquire at ticket office, 108 Dooly Block, Salt Lake City. Any information cheerfully given.

H. C. TOWNSEND,
G. P. & T. A. Missouri Pacific Ry., St. Louis, Mo.

SALT LAKE ROUTE

Utah's Most Popular Railroad.

CURRENT TIME TABLE

DEPART.

No. 7	Los Angeles Limited	4:15 p.m.
No. 1	Los Angeles Express	12:01 a.m.
No. 51	For Stockton and Tintic	7:45 a.m.
No. 63	For Nephi & Sanpete Valley	8:00 a.m.
No. 53	For Garfield	11:30 a.m.
No. 65	For Nephi	4:45 p.m.
No. 61	For Nephi and Lynn	9:30 p.m.

ARRIVE DAILY.

No. 8	Los Angeles Limited	8:45 p.m.
No. 2	Los Angeles Express	6:30 a.m.
No. 62	From Lyan & Nephi	9:50 a.m.
No. 54	From Garfield	1:20 p.m.
No. 66	From Nephi & Sanpete Valley	1:30 p.m.
No. 64	From Nephi	5:35 p.m.
No. 52	From Tintic & Stockton	6:00 p.m.

Finest Dining Car Service in the West. Only direct line to Los Angeles. Stage connections for Nevada Mining Camps. City Ticket Office, 17 W. Second South. 'Phones 1066.

J. L. MOORE, Dist. Pass. Agt.

OREGON SHORT LINE RAILROAD

Time Table

IN EFFECT Jan. 1, 1906

ARRIVE:

No. 4	From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City and Denver	5:15 a.m.
No. 8	From Ogden, Portland, Butte and San Francisco	8:30 a.m.
No. 6	From Ogden and Intermediate Points	9:30 a.m.
No. 12	From Ogden Cache Valley and Intermediate Points	11:45 a.m.
No. 18	From Chicago, Omaha, Ogden and Intermediate Points	4:05 p.m.
No. 2	From Ogden, Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha, Denver and San Francisco	5:15 p.m.
No. 10	From Ogden, Cache Valley, Butte, Portland and San Francisco	7:35 p.m.

DEPART:

No. 5	For Ogden, Omaha, Chicago, Denver, Kansas City and St. Louis	7:10 a.m.
No. 7	For Ogden Portland, Butte, San Francisco and Immediate Points	10:30 a.m.
No. 1	For Ogden, Omaha, Chicago, Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis and San Francisco	1:30 p.m.
No. 11	For Ogden, Cache Valley and Intermediate Points	4:10 p.m.
No. 17	For Ogden, Omaha, Chicago and Intermediate Points	5:55 p.m.
No. 3	For Ogden, Denver, Kansas City, Omaha, St. Louis and Chicago	6:05 p.m.
No. 9	For Ogden, Cache Valley, Butte Helena, Portland, San Francisco and Intermediate Points	11:45 p.m.

D. E. BURLEY G. P. A.
D. S. SPENCER, A. G. P. A.
City Ticket Office, 201 Main Street, Telephone 250.

Note:—Train numbers shown above are Oregon Short Line train numbers and do not apply to the Southern Pacific west of Ogden or the Union Pacific east thereof.

The DENVER & RIO GRANDE RAILROAD

CURRENT TIME TABLE.

In Effect Dec. 10th, 1905.

LEAVE SALT LAKE CITY:

No. 10	For Heber, Provo and Marysvale	8:00 a.m.
No. 102	For Park City	8:15 a.m.
No. 6	For Denver and East	8:50 a.m.
No. 11	For Ogden and Local Points	10:25 a.m.
No. 5	For Ogden and West	10:35 a.m.
No. 1	For Ogden and West	1:45 p.m.
No. 2	For Denver and East	3:50 p.m.
No. 8	For Provo and Eureka	5:00 p.m.
No. 112	For Bingham	5:10 a.m.
No. 114	For Bingham	3:00 p.m.
No. 13	For Ogden and Local Points	6:05 p.m.
No. 4	For Denver and East	8:00 p.m.
No. 3	For Ogden and West	11:10 p.m.

ARRIVE SALT LAKE CITY.

No. 6	From Ogden and the West	3:40 a.m.
No. 12	From Ogden and Local Points	9:50 a.m.
No. 7	From Eureka and Provo	10:00 a.m.
No. 5	From Denver and East	10:25 a.m.
No. 1	From Denver and East	1:35 p.m.
No. 14	From Ogden	2:25 p.m.
No. 2	From Ogden and the West	3:40 p.m.
No. 101	From Park City	5:15 p.m.
No. 9	From Heber, Provo and Marysvale	6:09 p.m.
No. 113	From Bingham	10:50 a.m.
No. 115	From Bingham	5:40 p.m.
No. 4	From Ogden and the West	7:50 p.m.
No. 3	From Denver and East	11:00 p.m.

All trains except Nos. 1 to 6 inclusive stop at intermediate points.

Ticket Office, Dooly Block. 'Phone 205.

I. A. BENTON, Gen. Agt. Pass. Dept.

Santa Fe

THE Long Distance Record. The "Scotty" Special, 2265 Miles Over Mountain and Plain in less than 45 hours Demonstrating That "Santa Fe" track, equipment and employees are of the Dependable kind. Probably YOU wouldn't care to ride so fast. You prefer the luxury of 3 Regular Trains From Utah and Colorado to everywhere East and Southwest. Ask me for Ticket Rates and Literature.

C. F. Warren, G. A., A. T. & S. F. Ry., 411 Dooly Block, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Try This Route East

On your next trip East ask to have your ticket read via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

Two trains daily to Chicago—Ogden to Chicago or Denver to Chicago. Another good route to the East is via Kansas City and the famous Southwest Limited. No excess fare.

Tickets of all agents, or of

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106 West Second South Street,
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THE NORTH WESTERN LINE TO CHICAGO AND THE EAST

Fast through trains daily to Chicago via the

CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY

the double-track line between the Missouri River and Chicago. Direct connection with all lines to the East. Two trains daily Omaha to St. Paul and Minneapolis; excellent service to Duluth and Superior.

The Best of Everything.

Pullman drawing-room sleeping cars, buffet smoking and library cars, Booklovers library, dining cars, a la carte service, free reclining chair cars and standard coaches.

For further information apply to C. A. WALKER, Gen'l Agt. C. & N.-W. Ry. 38 and 40 West Second South St. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

NW457

EST. 1847. Allcock's PLASTERS

A universal remedy for pains in the back (so frequent in the case of women). They give instantaneous relief.

For pains in the region of the Kidneys, or for a Weak Back, the Plaster should be applied as shown above. Wherever there is pain apply Allcock's Plaster.

Wherever there is a pain a Plaster should be applied.

Rheumatism, Colds, Coughs, Weak Chest, Weak Back, Lumbago, Sciatica, &C., &C.

insist Upon Having Allcock's

For Rheumatism or Pains in Shoulders, Elbows or elsewhere, or for Sprains, Stiffness, etc., and for Aching Feet. Plaster should be cut to size and shape required and applied to part affected as shown above

Brandreth's Pills

The Great Blood Purifier and Tonic. For Constipation, Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, Indigestion, etc.

Established 1752