

UTAH RIFLE TEAM HAS GOOD CHANCE

General Wedgwood Believes This Year's Showing Will Be Credit to State.

NEW RULES ARE ANNOUNCED.

Increased Congressional Appropriations Make Possible Different Manner of Conducting Big Shoot.

The Utah rifle team to be sent to the national matches at Camp Perry, Ohio, probably in August, will not have to face the men who for years have shot in these matches, winning prizes year after year. This year, for the benefit of teams younger in the competition, three classes have been arranged, to be known as classes A, B and C. In class C Utah will have to team from 20 other states. In this classification, Gen. Wedgwood, who has been team captain last year, and the present adjutant-general of the state troops, is confident that Utah will rank high. Prizes are to be offered in various classes. The men of the team will be the best of the state, and the team will be the best of the state, and the team will be the best of the state.

Changes in the kind and order of fire, in the elimination clause, and in many minor particulars were made from year to year in the rules to govern these great contests. The most radical departure in rules which has ever been made in the history of the national match was that authorized by the national board for the promotion of rifle practice at its last meeting in Washington D. C., during January last. A full report of that meeting, with all the changes in the rules agreed to by the board, appeared in the Deseret Evening News of January 21. There also was presented the plan for shooting the match at one and the same time as a single contest and yet with a series of three winning teams.

Our readers will remember that a plan to accomplish this subdivided but centrally conducted contest was submitted by General Thrift of Iowa, as the joint product of the labors of Captain Romney, Lieutenant Mumford of the cavalry, and himself. Because it had not been submitted to the committee on rules, as had other suggestions for changes in regulations governing the board, after approval of the general plan embodied in the memorandum of General Thrift, referred the whole matter to the committee on rules.

As the suggested change involved the payment of an increased prize list it was necessary to secure additional appropriations from Congress before it could be put into effect. These, largely through the efforts of the Honorable J. A. T. Hull, chairman of the military committee, were secured. As soon as the appropriation was made, the plan of the board had been passed by Congress and signed by the president, the committee on rules was called together by its chairman, Gen. Bird W. Spencer, and the action was had to complete the rules for the matches of this year. The committee has met and adjourned and its report has been approved by the president of the board, Gen. Bird W. Spencer.

Having published the changes agreed to by the board our issue of Jan. 21, it seems unnecessary at this time to do more than to refer to the changes subsequently made. In the first place we wish to call particular attention to the action of Congress in leaving out the obnoxious provision of last year which excluded from the national rifle match the prize of the national pistol match. This will be good news to many enthusiastic rifle men and pistol shots who were, by the terms of the law last year, debarred from participation in the matches.

Turning now to a discussion of the rules for the division of the team shooting in the national team match into three divisions for the purpose of prize winning, we may say briefly that an impression which has seemed to prevail that the match will be separated into three parts, is quite an erroneous one. There will be just one national team match as heretofore, but the first 15 teams will be shooting for one set of prizes, the second 15 teams for another set, and all of the rest of the teams for a third set. The teams will be placed in these three divisions according to their standing in the national individual rifle match. A team which has not previously competed in the national matches will be placed in the last, or C division. A team which has previously competed and been eliminated for any reason will be returned to the division in which it would have been had the match been divided into divisions the year it last shot.

No team is a higher division can win a prize in a lower, but a team in B or C division might win the first prize if it made a score sufficiently high to exceed that of all the other teams contesting. No team can win more than one prize, but every team shooting in the match has a chance to win the national trophy by piling up three more prizes than any other team. The elimination clause of last year, under which one-third of the members of the winning teams became ineligible to compete in the succeeding team, and so forth, was changed to read:

"Six members of the team winning first prize.

"Five members of the team winning second prize.

"Four members of the team winning third prize.

"Three members of the team winning fourth prize.

"Two members of the team winning fifth prize.

"One member of the team winning sixth prize, actually firing, shall be eliminated."

"Elimination under the new rule will apply only to teams of Division A."

"The separation of the team into divisions according to their standing of last year will place them for the 1909 matches as follows:

Division A—Utah, Infantry, 2; U. S. Navy, 3; U. S. Cavalry, 4; U. S. Marines, 5; Wisconsin, 6; Massachusetts, 7; New Hampshire, 8; Delaware, 9; Pennsylvania, 10; Illinois, 11; Ohio, 12; Iowa, 13; Oregon, 14; Maine, 15; Ohio, 16; Division B—16, Oklahoma; 17, New Hampshire; 18, Colorado; 19, California; 20, New York; 21, Maryland; 22, New Jersey; 23, Minnesota; 24,

Kansas, 25; Missouri, 26; Hawaii, 27; Indiana, 28; Michigan, 29; West Virginia, 30; Kentucky, 31; Connecticut, 32; Georgia, 33; Rhode Island, 34; Arizona, 35; Alabama, 36; South Carolina, 37; Nebraska, 38; Tennessee, 39; Delaware, 40; North Dakota, 41; Texas, 42; Vermont, 43; Virginia, 44; Arkansas, 45; New Mexico, 46; Utah, 47; Mississippi, 48; Louisiana, 49; North Carolina, 50.

"Thus the Infantry team will be compelled to eliminate six members, the Navy five, Cavalry four, Marines three, Wisconsin two, and Massachusetts one.

"It will be seen that an opportunity is given for three times as much interest in the competition as in other previous events. The matches of the Ohio State Rifle Association will precede the national matches and the matches of the National Rifle Association of America, on the new basis, under which practically all of the money paid in for entry fees will go back to the contestants, will immediately follow the national matches.

"The committee on rules changed the order of fire for the national team match from that announced in our issue of Jan. 21. The order will be:

"1, 200 yards slow fire; 2, 500 yards slow fire; 3, 800 yards slow fire; 4, 1,000 yards slow fire; 5, 200 yards rapid fire; 6, 1 skirmish run.

"It will be noted that the change made is the substitution of the 1,000 yards slow fire for the 200 yards rapid fire, thus placing all slow fire together and rapid fire and skirmish last.

"Ammunition for the national matches of this year will be selected by the method previously described in our columns, and but one kind will be used. The ordinance department has placed orders with the three cartridge companies bidding to furnish ammunition for this purpose and their deliveries will be made not later than April 13. Shortly after that date a board appointed by the secretary of war will make a test of the various kinds of commercial ammunition and of ordnance ammunition and decide which shall be used for the contests of this year.

"A war department order covering the rules for the national matches will be issued as soon as the material can be prepared for the purpose. In the meantime Arms and the Man is in possession of the rules and will be glad to furnish information to any captain or other person interested, upon application."

BIG BEQUEST FOR GORDON ACADEMY

Eighteen Thousand Dollars Will Be Received by Local Educational Institution.

The following is an Associated dispatch of interest to local educational circles:

Boston, Mass., March 18.—By the decree of Judge Lowell in the United States circuit court today, in the matter of the will of Nathaniel Gordon, who died in Exeter, N. H., in 1895, the estate of \$350,000 is divided among the four children, Mrs. Frances E. Kittredge, wife of Prof. Kittredge of Harvard; Moses A. Gordon of Texas; Nathaniel Gordon of New York; and Mrs. Mary A. B. Foster of Concord, N. H. The Gordon academy of Salt Lake City and the Gordon Theological school of Boston will receive about \$18,000 each.

The trustees of Gordon Academy say the sum stated is approximately double what was expected, and would be an immense lift in the institution. The personnel of the board of trustees is as follows: Emeritus I. Goshen, president; J. E. Evans, secretary; Edward Merrill, treasurer. Those with L. E. Hall, Clarence E. Allen, the first principal of Hammond Hall, Rev. P. A. Simpkins, F. A. Timby, A. H. Boxer, H. C. Smith, Frank Stephens, James Scofield, President Slocum of the Colorado college, is an honorary member of the board.

The trustees will as soon as possible formulate plans for the enlargement of the academy, for which the legacy allows considerable latitude. Gordon academy was established as Hammond hall in 1878, by Mr. Gordon who in 1892 built the dormitory and living apartments for the faculty and girl students. The boys occupy a dormitory on another part of the grounds. There are now 25 boarding pupils, with a total enrollment of 104. Four grammar and the high school grades are taught.

The present faculty is as follows: A. O. Goodale, principal and instructor in the sciences; Florence E. Bishop, preceptors and instructor in art; Ada E. Bentley, English; Minerva A. Thornton, mathematics; Olive C. Cooper, grade teacher; Anna Y. Decker, assistant grade teacher; Franklin Boettcher, French; Esther Allen, violin; Mattie Hall, piano; Mrs. Byron W. King, elocution, oratory and physical culture.

UNIVERSITY NEWS

The two lower classes are taking the lead in preparation for the spring athletics. Yesterday the freshmen elected C. F. Hanning captain of track team and A. Mevers, manager. C. Guttus, captain of baseball, and H. Cole, manager. The sophomores elected H. Richardson manager and Art Nielsen captain.

Elmer Brown, United States commissioner of education, has been secured to address the teachers during summer school. It is probable that many other prominent educators of the country will be secured during the summer school term, as it will be convenient for them to come over from the national convention at Denver.

Prof. H. L. Clarke of Chicago addressed a large body of students today at chapel. A great interest in Prof. Clarke's readings has been taken by the students of elocution and literature.

A short time ago the Women's league started a movement to increase an interest and closer feeling between the wives of the faculty and the students. It was agreed that each week one of the classes should entertain, Monday from 2 to 5, the young ladies of the junior class will entertain in the reception room of the library.

The sophomores met yesterday and discussed plans for the "Usonian" for 1910. A meeting will probably be held within the next two or three weeks for the election of an editor and manager, so as to start in good time to collect material.

Prof. R. R. Lyman is to talk in Richfield tonight and in Salina tomorrow night under the direction of the superintendent of school in Sevier county.

Prof. Levi Edgar Young left today for Sanpete county, where he will deliver several lectures to teachers.

BARLOW STOPS BONES.

After stopping the whirl of the slot machines, Chief of Police Barlow has turned his attention to the dice games which have been going on in saloons and cigar stores where the game of "21" is played and where money has been changed hands. He ordered a stop to these games on pain of arrest for gambling. The bartender may shake the dice for a drink or a cigar but not for money. The saloonkeepers and cigar store proprietors were notified last evening that the games must stop.

PLAYERS ARE ENTERTAINED.

Those who participated in the recent production of "The Elks Tooth" at the Salt Lake theater under the auspices of the Salt Lake lodge of Elks, were royally entertained last night at the clubhouse. The entire cast of 125 persons, including the children, were on hand and danced and partook of refreshments. During the evening H. L. Brown, who staged the production so successfully, warmly congratulated the members of the cast and thanked them for the warm support they accorded him. Exalted Ruler A. J. Davis also spoke to those present and expressed his thanks for the work accomplished. Next Thursday there will be a "rude dance" in honor of the retiring officers.

BUS PASSENGERS

E. W. Keith is at the Knutsford. Mr. Keith is from Denver and is much interested in the mines of Utah and elsewhere.

W. A. Woods and P. G. Bowen are at the Knutsford from Ely, Nevada. They are connected with the smelter in that locality.

Fred M. Coleman from Halley, Ida.,

PIONEER BALL.

Social Hall the Scene of Reunion of Some Kirtland Survivors.

Last night at the Social Hall the first of a series of historical events was given, commemorative of early day pioneers of the L. D. S. Church, the event being in the nature of a reunion of Kirtland pioneers. In the hall were many relics of Kirtland and a program was given including a sketch of the city of Kirtland.

KEITH-O'BRIEN'S

Complete Showing of Coats and Jackets for Girls and Misses.

Our spring coats for little girls and misses are nearly all in, every one of them is new, not an old garment in the line. We are the sole distributors in this city of the celebrated "Piccadilly" garments—coats that are "tailored" to fit and to hold their shape. We are now showing a wide range in colors. The red with black trimmings, the black and white check and the tans being favorites for this season. 1 to 6 years \$1.50 and up. 6 to 10 years, \$5.00 and up.

by Miss Ida Smith, a solo by George D. Fryer, and a recitation of "Money Musk" by Mrs. Whitford Brown to musical accompaniment. A number of Kirtland survivors were present and occupied places of honor on the platform. Among these were Mrs. E. B. Wallis, wife of the late William Payson, 85 years of age; Mrs. Winters and Elizabeth John Smith. Many letters were received from absent Kirtland pioneers, expressing regret at being unable to attend.

The affair was given by the Genealogical society, with a social committee consisting of Mrs. W. C. Fryer, Lyman Martin, William Smith, Lou G. McCune, Ida Smith and Florence Lewis.

The members of the auxiliary committee were: Miss Alice Kimball Smith, Ann D. Greenback, Annie Lynch, Flora E. Hume, Edna L. Smith, Annie B. Wallis, Edna A. Lund, Zina Y. Carl, Eleanor E. McCune, Augusta V. Grant, Rebecca N. Sibbey, Elizabeth Moe, Helen E. Whittier, Maud May Babcock, Isabel Whittier, Seay and Malvina Peters.

Of the pioneers of Kirtland, there were several representatives. Patriarch John Smith brought a cane that belonged to his father, Patriarch Hyrum Smith, while another pioneer of Kirtland, W. C. Whitman, presented to the historical division a rare relic of Kirtland, a cane, beautifully carved by his nephew, from a new post of Kirtland temple. These with many other relics and souvenirs formed an interesting collection.

Mattha Simons came from Payson, and spoke interestingly of Kirtland days. Mrs. Simons, although 82 years old, joined in the old-fashioned reels, and was as spry as the youngest.

Much enthusiasm was shown in this reunion by the letters received from all over the state, from Mexico, Nevada and Wyoming.

LAETARE MEDALIST FOR 1909.

Notre Dame, Ind., March 18.—The Laetare medalist for 1909 will be announced by the faculty of Notre Dame university Sunday morning.

The university faculty established the custom of giving a medal in 1883, terminating to those who show each year from the ranks of the Catholic laity of the United States, a man or a woman conspicuous for furthering the interests of morality, education and citizenship, and to confer on that person a special mark of honor.

MISS JANE ADDAMS ON AMERICAN WOMEN

Chicago, March 18.—The popular opinion seems to be that our American women are getting too advanced. As a matter of fact they are the slowest of all the English-speaking women on the face of the globe.

So declares Jane Addams in a communication to women on suffrage for her sex in Illinois.

"In England and all her colonies," she declared, "the women have municipal suffrage, while in America women are best advised to wait until they have rights and responsibilities which without the ballot, cannot be properly had."

"In Italy they have public houses for the management of cleanliness among the people, while in the United States we have none. Why is it that in Russia they have public covered markets, to protect the food of the people from the filth of the city, while in this country we have practically none?"

"There are plenty of things we need in this country for the protection of the health and the morals of our people. We would have them if we would ask for them, but the men won't ask for them, and the women cannot."

MISS JANE ADDAMS ON AMERICAN WOMEN

Chicago, March 18.—The popular opinion seems to be that our American women are getting too advanced. As a matter of fact they are the slowest of all the English-speaking women on the face of the globe.

So declares Jane Addams in a communication to women on suffrage for her sex in Illinois.

"In England and all her colonies," she declared, "the women have municipal suffrage, while in America women are best advised to wait until they have rights and responsibilities which without the ballot, cannot be properly had."

"In Italy they have public houses for the management of cleanliness among the people, while in the United States we have none. Why is it that in Russia they have public covered markets, to protect the food of the people from the filth of the city, while in this country we have practically none?"

"There are plenty of things we need in this country for the protection of the health and the morals of our people. We would have them if we would ask for them, but the men won't ask for them, and the women cannot."

MISS JANE ADDAMS ON AMERICAN WOMEN

Chicago, March 18.—The popular opinion seems to be that our American women are getting too advanced. As a matter of fact they are the slowest of all the English-speaking women on the face of the globe.

So declares Jane Addams in a communication to women on suffrage for her sex in Illinois.

"In England and all her colonies," she declared, "the women have municipal suffrage, while in America women are best advised to wait until they have rights and responsibilities which without the ballot, cannot be properly had."

"In Italy they have public houses for the management of cleanliness among the people, while in the United States we have none. Why is it that in Russia they have public covered markets, to protect the food of the people from the filth of the city, while in this country we have practically none?"

"There are plenty of things we need in this country for the protection of the health and the morals of our people. We would have them if we would ask for them, but the men won't ask for them, and the women cannot."

MISS JANE ADDAMS ON AMERICAN WOMEN

Chicago, March 18.—The popular opinion seems to be that our American women are getting too advanced. As a matter of fact they are the slowest of all the English-speaking women on the face of the globe.

So declares Jane Addams in a communication to women on suffrage for her sex in Illinois.

"In England and all her colonies," she declared, "the women have municipal suffrage, while in America women are best advised to wait until they have rights and responsibilities which without the ballot, cannot be properly had."

"In Italy they have public houses for the management of cleanliness among the people, while in the United States we have none. Why is it that in Russia they have public covered markets, to protect the food of the people from the filth of the city, while in this country we have practically none?"

"There are plenty of things we need in this country for the protection of the health and the morals of our people. We would have them if we would ask for them, but the men won't ask for them, and the women cannot."

MISS JANE ADDAMS ON AMERICAN WOMEN

Chicago, March 18.—The popular opinion seems to be that our American women are getting too advanced. As a matter of fact they are the slowest of all the English-speaking women on the face of the globe.

So declares Jane Addams in a communication to women on suffrage for her sex in Illinois.

"In England and all her colonies," she declared, "the women have municipal suffrage, while in America women are best advised to wait until they have rights and responsibilities which without the ballot, cannot be properly had."

"In Italy they have public houses for the management of cleanliness among the people, while in the United States we have none. Why is it that in Russia they have public covered markets, to protect the food of the people from the filth of the city, while in this country we have practically none?"

"There are plenty of things we need in this country for the protection of the health and the morals of our people. We would have them if we would ask for them, but the men won't ask for them, and the women cannot."

MISS JANE ADDAMS ON AMERICAN WOMEN

Chicago, March 18.—The popular opinion seems to be that our American women are getting too advanced. As a matter of fact they are the slowest of all the English-speaking women on the face of the globe.

So declares Jane Addams in a communication to women on suffrage for her sex in Illinois.

"In England and all her colonies," she declared, "the women have municipal suffrage, while in America women are best advised to wait until they have rights and responsibilities which without the ballot, cannot be properly had."

"In Italy they have public houses for the management of cleanliness among the people, while in the United States we have none. Why is it that in Russia they have public covered markets, to protect the food of the people from the filth of the city, while in this country we have practically none?"

"There are plenty of things we need in this country for the protection of the health and the morals of our people. We would have them if we would ask for them, but the men won't ask for them, and the women cannot."

and James M. Rhodes of Missouri, Mont. are among today's arrivals at the Wilson.

Dr. W. H. Baugh of Shoshone, Ida., is at the Wilson.

O. J. Boardley is at the Culien. Mr. Boardley is from Chicago where he is in the real estate business.

Erwin Tears of Denver, the well known railroad man, is at the Culien.

Mrs. H. Pares, a milliner of Park City, is at the New Windsor in company with Mrs. J. Hollenweger of the same place.

D. C. Baker of St. Charles, Idaho, and M. C. Rathbun of Evanston, Wyoming, are at the Kenyon.

Herman S. Hering and Mrs. Hering of Concord, N. H., are at the Knutsford. Mr. Hering who is prominently associated with Christian science work in Concord, is now traveling and delivering lectures for the furtherance of that faith.

Major H. D. Thomason is visiting Salt Lake City with Mrs. Thomason and daughter, on business connected with Fort Douglas. Major Thomason is connected with the department of the Colorado.

Charles P. Cote is at the Culien. Mr. Cote is a manufacturer of vinegar in St. Louis and is now on his way to Los Angeles to visit his brother, who is in the real estate business there.

Ex-Governor Gooding of Idaho and Mrs. Gooding are at the Knutsford.

Leopold Stern and wife from New York, who is in the real estate business in New York, has been spending the winter in California in the attempt to recover his health.

J. W. Bryant is at the Knutsford from Victoria, B. C. Mr. Bryant went out to the smelters at Garfield today.

Leopold Kahn of New York, a very prominent real estate man of that city, is at the Knutsford on his way home from a visit to the coast.

R. Stock of Sugar City, Idaho, is at the Knutsford. Mr. Stock is connected with the sugar factory as chemist.

A. D. Griffin of Park City and the members of his school who are going to debate in the city tonight, are at the New Windsor. They are: Ira E. Shuman, Fraser Buck, Ira J. Dism, O. E. Weeter and Roger McDonough.

C. H. Griggs, H. R. Kelly and James Crooks of Park City are at the New Windsor today, having paid a visit to some mining property in Bingham in which they are interested.

Sheriff P. H. Hurley and Attorney L. B. Wright of Park City are at the New Windsor.

Mrs. N. L. Hawthorn and Mrs. E. H. Galey of Weiler, Idaho, are at the Kenyon.

D. Forbes, who is connected with the Turfide Power company, is at the Wilson.

LAETARE MEDALIST FOR 1909.

Notre Dame, Ind., March 18.—The Laetare medalist for 1909 will be announced by the faculty of Notre Dame university Sunday morning.

The university faculty established the custom of giving a medal in 1883, terminating to those who show each year from the ranks of the Catholic laity of the United States, a man or a woman conspicuous for furthering the interests of morality, education and citizenship, and to confer on that person a special mark of honor.

MISS JANE ADDAMS ON AMERICAN WOMEN

Chicago, March 18.—The popular opinion seems to be that our American women are getting too advanced. As a matter of fact they are the slowest of all the English-speaking women on the face of the globe.

So declares Jane Addams in a communication to women on suffrage for her sex in Illinois.

"In England and all her colonies," she declared, "the women have municipal suffrage, while in America women are best advised to wait until they have rights and responsibilities which without the ballot, cannot be properly had."

"In Italy they have public houses for the management of cleanliness among the people, while in the United States we have none. Why is it that in Russia they have public covered markets, to protect the food of the people from the filth of the city, while in this country we have practically none?"

"There are plenty of things we need in this country for the protection of the health and the morals of our people. We would have them if we would ask for them, but the men won't ask for them, and the women cannot."

MISS JANE ADDAMS ON AMERICAN WOMEN

Chicago, March 18.—The popular opinion seems to be that our American women are getting too advanced. As a matter of fact they are the slowest of all the English-speaking women on the face of the globe.

So declares Jane Addams in a communication to women on suffrage for her sex in Illinois.

"In England and all her colonies," she declared, "the women have municipal suffrage, while in America women are best advised to wait until they have rights and responsibilities which without the ballot, cannot be properly had."

"In Italy they have public houses for the management of cleanliness among the people, while in the United States we have none. Why is it that in Russia they have public covered markets, to protect the food of the people from the filth of the city, while in this country we have practically none?"

"There are plenty of things we need in this country for the protection of the health and the morals of our people. We would have them if we would ask for them, but the men won't ask for them, and the women cannot."

MISS JANE ADDAMS ON AMERICAN WOMEN

Chicago, March 18.—The popular opinion seems to be that our American women are getting too advanced. As a matter of fact they are the slowest of all the English-speaking women on the face of the globe.

So declares Jane Addams in a communication to women on suffrage for her sex in Illinois.

"In England and all her colonies," she declared, "the women have municipal suffrage, while in America women are best advised to wait until they have rights and responsibilities which without the ballot, cannot be properly had."

"In Italy they have public houses for the management of cleanliness among the people, while in the United States we have none. Why is it that in Russia they have public covered markets, to protect the food of the people from the filth of the city, while in this country we have practically none?"

"There are plenty of things we need in this country for the protection of the health and the morals of our people. We would have them if we would ask for them, but the men won't ask for them, and the women cannot."

MISS JANE ADDAMS ON AMERICAN WOMEN

Chicago, March 18.—The popular opinion seems to be that our American women are getting too advanced. As a matter of fact they are the slowest of all the English-speaking women on the face of the globe.

So declares Jane Addams in a communication to women on suffrage for her sex in Illinois.

"In England and all her colonies," she declared, "the women have municipal suffrage, while in America women are best advised to wait until they have rights and responsibilities which without the ballot, cannot be properly had."

"In Italy they have public houses for the management of cleanliness among the people, while in the United States we have none. Why is it that in Russia they have public covered markets, to protect the food of the people from the filth of the city, while in this country we have practically none?"

"There are plenty of things we need in this country for the protection of the health and the morals of our people. We would have them if we would ask for them, but the men won't ask for them, and the women cannot."

MISS JANE ADDAMS ON AMERICAN WOMEN

Chicago, March 18.—The popular opinion seems to be that our American women are getting too advanced. As a matter of fact they are the slowest of all the English-speaking women on the face of the globe.

So declares Jane Addams in a communication to women on suffrage for her sex in Illinois.

"In England and all her colonies," she declared, "the women have municipal suffrage, while in America women are best advised to wait until they have rights and responsibilities which without the ballot, cannot be properly had."

"In Italy they have public houses for the management of cleanliness among the people, while in the United States we have none. Why is it that in Russia they have public covered markets, to protect the food of the people from the filth of the city, while in this country we have practically none?"

"There are plenty of things we need in this country for the protection of the health and the morals of our people. We would have them if we would ask for them, but the men won't ask for them, and the women cannot."

MISS JANE ADDAMS ON AMERICAN WOMEN

Chicago, March 18.—The popular opinion seems to be that our American women are getting too advanced. As a matter of fact they are the slowest of all the English-speaking women on the face of the globe.

So declares Jane Addams in a communication to women on suffrage for her sex in Illinois.

"In England and all her colonies," she declared, "the women have municipal suffrage, while in America women are best advised to wait until they have rights and responsibilities which without the ballot, cannot be properly had."

"In Italy they have public houses for the management of cleanliness among the people, while in the United States we have none. Why is it that in Russia they have public covered markets, to protect the food of the people from the filth of the city, while in this country we have practically none?"

"There are plenty of things we need in this country for the protection of the health and the morals of our people. We would have them if we would ask for them, but the men won't ask for them, and the women cannot."

MISS JANE ADDAMS ON AMERICAN WOMEN

Chicago, March 18.—The popular opinion seems to be that our American women are getting too advanced. As a matter of fact they are the slowest of all the English-speaking women on the face of the globe.

So declares Jane Addams in a communication to women on suffrage for her sex in Illinois.

"In England and all her colonies," she declared, "the women have municipal suffrage, while in America women are best advised to wait until they have rights and responsibilities which without the ballot, cannot be properly had."

"In Italy they have public houses for the management of cleanliness among the people, while in the United States we have none. Why is it that in Russia they have public covered markets, to protect the food of the people from the filth of the city, while in this country we have practically none?"

"There are plenty of things we need in this country for the protection of the health and the morals of our people. We would have them if we would ask for them, but the men won't ask for them, and the women cannot."

MISS JANE ADDAMS ON AMERICAN WOMEN

Chicago, March 18.—The popular opinion seems to be that our American women are getting too advanced. As a matter of fact they are the slowest of all the English-speaking women on the face of the globe.

So declares Jane Addams in a communication to women on suffrage for her sex in Illinois.

"In England and all her colonies," she declared, "the women have municipal suffrage, while in America women are best advised to wait until they have rights and responsibilities which without the ballot, cannot be properly had."

"In Italy they have public houses for the management of cleanliness among the people, while in the United States we have none. Why is it that in Russia they have public covered markets, to protect the food of the people from the filth of the city, while in this country we have practically none?"

"There are plenty of things we need in this country for the protection of the health and the morals of our people. We would have them if we would ask for them, but the men won't ask for them, and the women cannot."

MISS JANE ADDAMS ON AMERICAN WOMEN

Chicago, March 18.—The popular opinion seems to be that our American women are getting too advanced. As a matter of fact they are the slowest of all the English-speaking women on the face of the globe.

So declares Jane Addams in a communication to women on suffrage for her sex in Illinois.

"In England and all her colonies," she declared, "the women have municipal suffrage, while in America women are best advised to wait until they have rights and responsibilities which without the ballot, cannot be properly had."

"In Italy they have public houses for the management of cleanliness among the people, while in the United States we have none. Why is it that in Russia they have public covered markets, to protect the food of the people from the filth of the city, while in this country we have practically none?"

"There are plenty of things we need in this country for the protection of the health and the morals of our people. We would have them if we would ask for them, but the men won't ask for them, and the women cannot."

MISS JANE ADDAMS ON AMERICAN WOMEN

Chicago, March 18.—The popular opinion seems to be that our American women are getting too advanced. As a matter of fact they are the slowest of all the English-speaking women on the face of the globe.

So declares Jane Addams in a communication to women on suffrage for her sex in Illinois.

"In England and all her colonies," she declared, "the women have municipal suffrage, while in America women are best advised to wait until they have rights and responsibilities which without the ballot, cannot be properly had."

"In Italy they have public houses for the management of cleanliness among the people, while in the United States we have none. Why is it that in Russia they have public covered markets, to protect the food of the people from the filth of the city, while in this country we have practically none?"

"There are plenty of things we need in this country for the protection of the health and the morals of our people. We would have them if we would ask for them, but the men won't ask for them, and the women cannot."

MISS JANE ADDAMS ON AMERICAN WOMEN

Chicago, March 18.—The popular opinion seems to be that our American women are getting too advanced. As a matter of fact they are the slowest of all the English-speaking women on the face of the globe.

So declares Jane Addams in a communication to women on suffrage for her sex in Illinois.

"In England and all her colonies," she declared, "the women have municipal suffrage, while in America women are best advised to wait until they have rights and responsibilities which without the ballot, cannot be properly had."

"In Italy they have public houses for the management of cleanliness among the people, while in the United States we have none. Why is it that in Russia they have public covered markets, to protect the food of the people from the filth of the city, while in this country we have practically none?"

"There are plenty of things we need in this country for the protection of the health and the morals of our people. We would have them if we would ask for them, but the men won't ask for them, and the women cannot."

KEITH-O'BRIEN Co

The Big Event of Next Week will be Our Anniversary Sale and Opening, on Monday. Opening Monday of Popular Priced Millinery, on Third Floor. Quite an innovation which our Customers will Appreciate. Fine Concert Saturday Evening.

Saturday Exceptional Suit Sale

Attractive street suits of self-striped panama, serge, venetian and novelty materials, in tan, Copenhagen, Reseda, Navy, Gray, Rose and mixtures. Smart semi-fitted tailored Coats, with gored skirts: jaunty cut-away styles, trimmed with persian braid-gored skirts, special. \$18.50

Splendid assortment of suits, in serges, panamas, English worsteds, and novelties—swagger hipless effects; semi-fitted cut-away styles, gored skirts. Come in all the desirable shades of tan, green, gray, blue, brown, rose, black and white checks, and black. Saturday special. \$25.00

Handsome street suits of prunella cloth, English worsteds, serges, chifon, panamas, and novelties—distinctive styles in every popular color. Stunning cut-away and hipless models, in black, and white, or gray and white striped serge; 3/4 length, semi-fitted coats, trimmed with buttons or braid—gored skirts—3 piece suits made with princess dress, lace yoke, gored skirt and semi-fitted cut-away coat to match—shown in Copenhagen, navy and gray, chifon panama; another striking model in black and white checked serge—princess dress. Dutch necks—with 3 button cut-away coat to match. Also a number of novelty styles in hipless, semi-fitted and cut-away styles in rose, blonde, pearl gray, reseda, navy and black. Saturday special—\$35.00

Alterations extra.

Saturday Specials in wash Goods Department.

- 27 inch Madras shirt waistings and dimities in stripes, checks and figures. Values up to 35c a yard for yard 19c
- Half linen waistings, 27 and 36 inches wide in stripes and checks. Values up 50c yard, Saturday yard 33c
- 36 inch crash suiting, pure linen, in white only; sells regular for 65c yard, Special yard 49c
- 36 inch Madras shirtings and waistings—white back grounds, with dainty stripes and figures. Saturday special yard 19c
- 27 inch cotton Repp—all the new desirable colors. Regular price 25c yard, special yard 19c

Boys Suits and Topcoats

The Spring and Summer Models as now shown by this department are a pleasing surprise to all lovers of good style in Boys' apparel. They please the boys by their attractive features and no parent who has the appearance of their boy at heart but will enthusiastically approve the models and fabric we have selected for this present season. The approval of those who have seen them has been an inspiration to ourselves and any of our salespeople will take pleasure in showing them to those interested.

The above cuts represent two of the most approved models and we show each in a wide range of the newest fabrics.

Hand tailored \$5.00 and up. Factory made \$3.00 and up. Hats and Furnishings.

NEW GOODS ARE ARRIVING DAILY IN THE HOUSE FURNISHING DEPARTMENT, ON THE FLOOR BELOW

1 car of Glassware has just been received. A new shipment of Wood, Wall and Floor Brushes. Cut showing of Baskets in large and complete. Cooking utensils of all kinds, Brooms, Mops, Granite and Enamel Ware, Tubs, Buckets, etc., China, Glassware, Iron-a-brac and Handpainted China, Cut Glass, etc.

THE DOVER MFG. CO. WILL PLACE A DEMONSTRATOR IN OUR STORE FOR A WEEK, COMMENCING MONDAY THE LADY IN CHARGE WILL EXPLAIN WHY IT IS BEST TO USE ASBESTOS IRONS, ETC.

Handsomer Easter Ribbons a Feature at 19c

Taffeta bows are increasing in favor. Five inch hair bow taffeta ribbon, including all of the latest shades special a yard